

State of Alaska Department of Administration

State of Alaska Cyber Security
Presentation to (S) Finance Committee
Bill Smith, Office of Information Technology
4/26/2022



Agenda

Cyber Threat Landscape

Cyber Security Incident Cost

FY23 Cyber Security Requests

Cyber Security Ecosystem

- People
- Technology
- Processes

Questions



(NIST, 2018)

Cyber Threat Landscape

Threat activity drivers:

- Cybercrime is a \$6 trillion annual industry (Security Magazine, 2021)
- Industrialization and automation of cyberattack capabilities
- Nation state threats
- Supply chain activity
- Pre-existing vulnerabilities

Breaches are no longer just a technical problem...threat awareness is the responsibility of the whole organization.(Gartner, 2021)

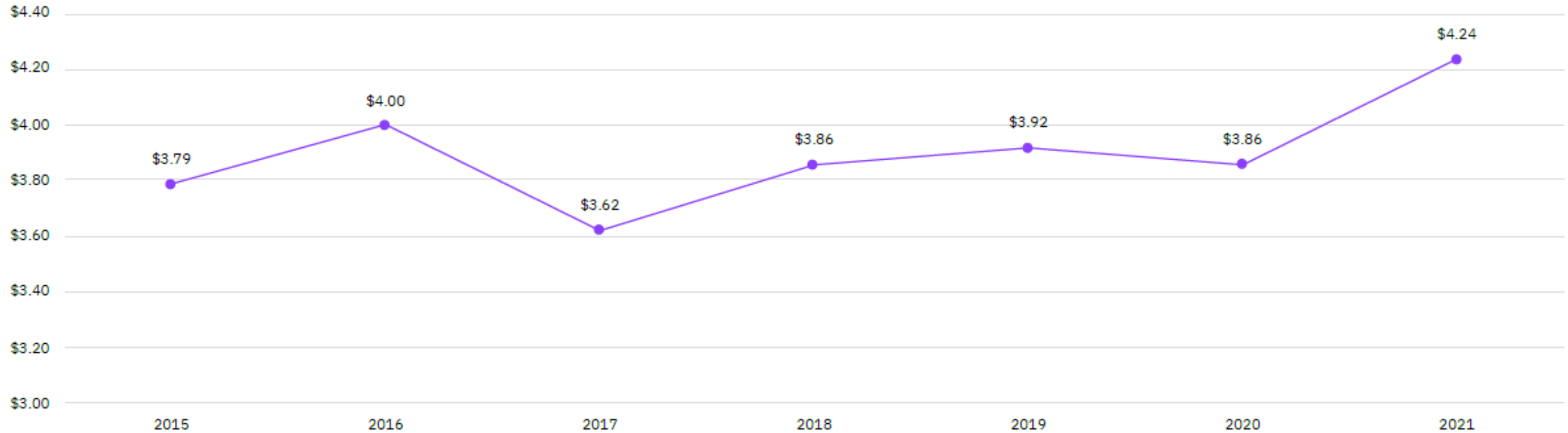


(ENISA, 2021)

Cyber Security Incident Cost

Average total cost of a data breach

Measured in US\$ millions



The average total cost of a data breach increased by the largest margin in seven years.

Data breach costs increased significantly year-over-year from the 2020 report to the 2021 report, increasing from \$3.86 million in 2020 to \$4.24 million in 2021.

The increase of \$0.38 million (\$380,000) represents a 9.8% increase. This compares to a decrease of 1.5% from the 2019 to 2020 report year. The cost of a data breach has increased by 11.9% since 2015.

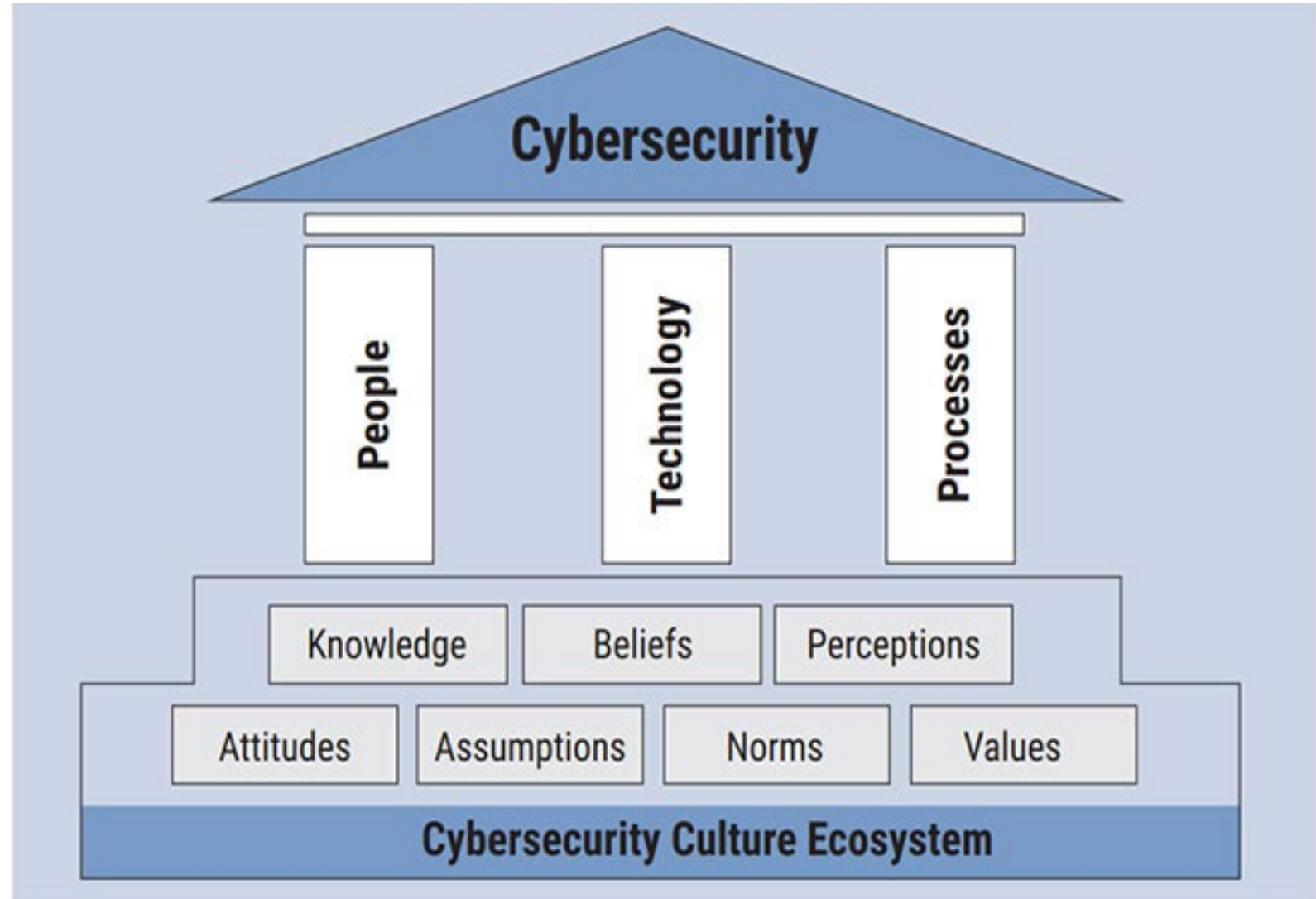
FY23 Budget Cyber Security Requests

- **DOA Azure Adoption to Assist with Cloud Migration – \$23,116.0** – Obtain professional assistance with State of Alaska migration to the Cloud.
- **DOA Microsoft Security Upgrade – \$1,149.0** – Complete implementation of upgraded State Microsoft licensing to better protect employee accounts and data, reduce security expenditures, and allow the State of Alaska to meet common compliance standards.
- **DOA Initiate a 24/7 Security Monitoring Center and Improve Threat Hunting Capabilities – \$1,700.0** – Obtain managed 24/7 Security Operations Center (SOC) coverage for a period of 24 months, evaluate SOC requirements for the State to determine enduring requirements and best path forward, and implement internal and/or external capabilities to meet documented cybersecurity requirements.
- **DMVA Homeland Security State and Local Cybersecurity Grant Program - IIJA Division J, Title VI - \$2,404.4**
- **DOH Information Technology Security Program Assessment - \$1,900.0**

Cyber Security Ecosystem

Cyber security throughout the Information Technology environment:

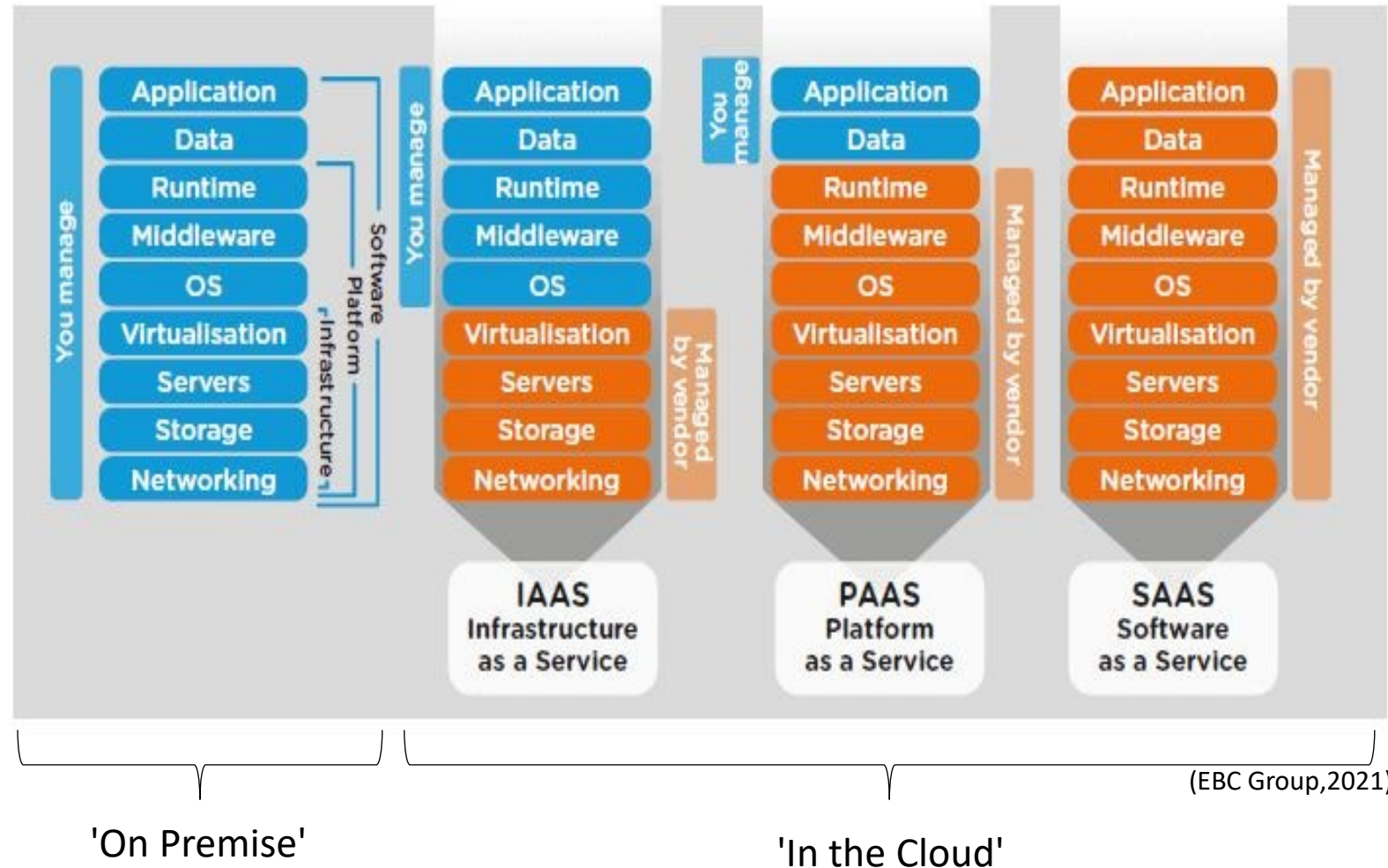
- **People** - Staff training that creates a culture of security awareness (Annual cyber training)
- **Technology**
 - Network architecture (Cloud Migration)
 - Constantly evolving systems (Security Projects)
- **Processes** - Organization to support compliance and incident response (IT Consolidation)



Technology - Cloud Migration

Cyber security benefits of cloud migration:

- **Shared Security**
 - Provider secures infrastructure
 - We focus on account and access security
- **Secure Foundation**
 - Modern, continuously updated infrastructure
 - Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) resistant
- **Built-in security controls**
 - Managed identity and access
 - Always on encryption (data at rest/in transit)
- **Global threat intelligence**



Technology - Cloud Migration

Capital Supplemental Request - \$23,116.0 (HB284/SB165)

Project scope

Assess and migrate ~3000 executive branch servers located throughout the state.

- Discovery, development of SOW/timeline, migration services
- Phased large-scale lift-and-shift approach to achieve significant cloud benefit in shortest amount of time
- Complex modernizations deferred until after migration
- Disaster Recovery, Cloud Storage and Operational costs
- Network costs specific to cloud operations

ROI Implications

- **Experience to date:** 93 servers in SOA Azure, with an average cost per server of \$1,812/year (25% less than current chargeback rates to departments).
- Industry trends indicate total cost of ownership ROI in 4 to 5 years with an average 21% savings (Gartner, 2021)
- Complexity (1,800+ applications across 60+ locations) and cloud-based options adds significant variability

On Premise alternative

~\$39 M over 5 years + Migration Services

- Consolidate remaining servers (~50%) into primary datacenters
- Update aged infrastructure (expand primary datacenters)
- Procure security systems similar to those offered in cloud environment
- **Does not provide all cloud-based security benefits (DDoS, shared responsibility, etc.)**

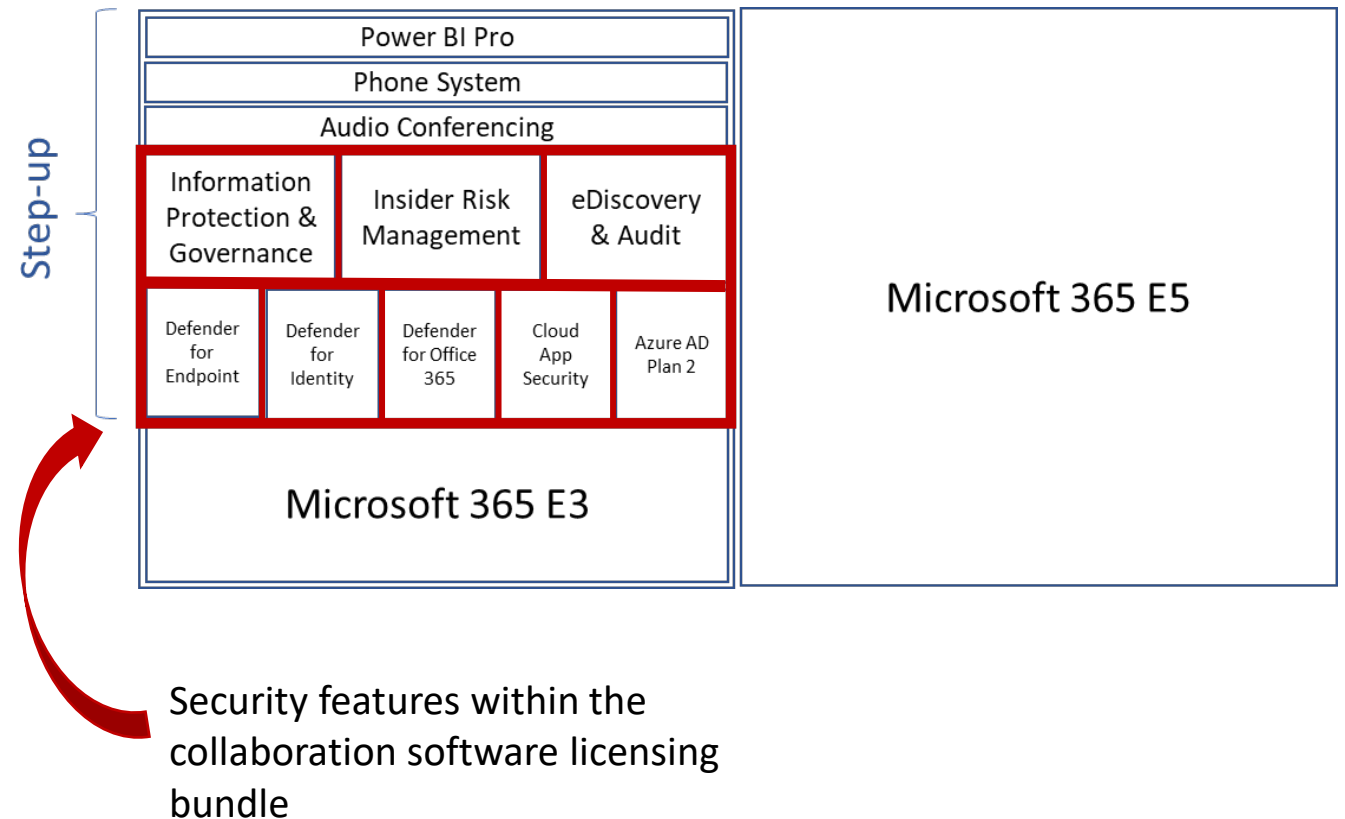
Technology – Enterprise Systems

Cyber security benefits of enterprise systems:

- **Microsoft Licensing**
 - Multi-factor Authentication & Conditional Access
 - Endpoint/Mobile Device Management and patching
 - Defender Suite (desktop, email, identity)
 - Identity management
- **Managed Security Operations integration**
 - Common system avoids one off solutions
 - Fully integrated suite of products informed by worldwide intelligence
 - Creates capacity within SOA security professionals

Infrastructure Bill Requests:

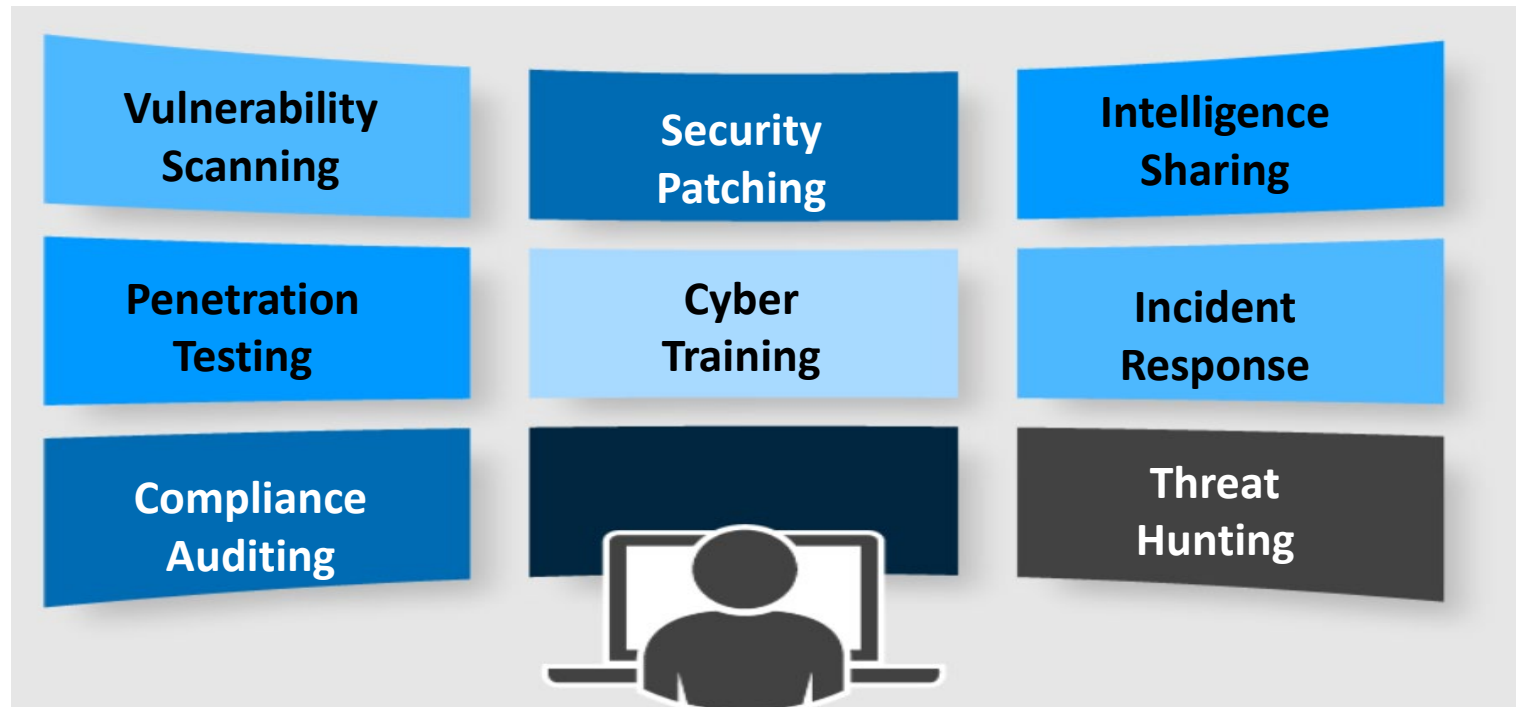
- Security tool implementation - \$1,149.0
- Managed Security Operation Center - \$1,700.0



Processes – IT Consolidation

Single, focused approach to cyber security

- **Execute basic protocols well**
 - Practice good cyber hygiene
 - Ensure Compliance
 - Enhance response capabilities
 - Immediate threat hunting against security threats
- **Simplify the enterprise security environment**
 - Speed and efficiency of incident response
 - Integrated systems avoid gaps in coverage
- **Continue the path to Zero Trust**
 - Assume breach
 - Verify explicitly
 - Least privileged access



(EfficientIP,2020)

Most states indicate that a **centralized** operating model can best reduce cybersecurity risk (Deloitte & NASCIO,2020)

Questions

Department of Administration

Championing improvement in the State's performance and results.



For more information, please contact Ken Truitt at ken.truitt@alaska.gov

Background Slides



References

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