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SENATE CS FOR CS FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 62(HSS)

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

THIRTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY THE SENATE HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE

Offered:

Referred:

Sponsor(s): REPRESENTATIVES CLAMAN, Fields, Kreiss-Tomkins, Schrage, Drummond, Ortiz, Josephson
SENATORS Kiehl, Gray-Jackson, Begich

A BILL**FOR AN ACT ENTITLED**

"An Act relating to the Legislative Ethics Act; relating to solemnization of marriage;
and relating to consent to marriage."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

* **Section 1.** AS 24.60.030(a) is amended to read:

(a) A legislator or legislative employee may not

(1) solicit, agree to accept, or accept a benefit other than official
compensation for the performance of public duties; this paragraph may not be
construed to prohibit

(A) lawful solicitation for and acceptance of campaign
contributions;

(B) [,] solicitation or acceptance of contributions for a charity
event, as defined in AS 24.60.080(a)(2)(B);

(C) [, OR] the acceptance of a gift under AS 24.60.075 or
24.60.080; or

1 **(D) a legislator from accepting travel and hospitality**
2 **primarily for the purpose of solemnizing a marriage under**
3 **AS 25.05.261(a)(4);**

4 (2) use public funds, facilities, equipment, services, or another
5 government asset or resource for a nonlegislative purpose, for involvement in or
6 support of or opposition to partisan political activity, or for the private benefit of the
7 legislator, legislative employee, or another person; this paragraph does not prohibit

8 (A) limited use of state property and resources for personal
9 purposes if the use does not interfere with the performance of public duties and
10 either the cost or value related to the use is nominal or the legislator or
11 legislative employee reimburses the state for the cost of the use;

12 (B) the use of mailing lists, computer data, or other information
13 lawfully obtained from a government agency and available to the general
14 public for nonlegislative purposes;

15 (C) the legislative council, notwithstanding AS 24.05.190, from
16 designating a public facility for use by legislators and legislative employees for
17 health or fitness purposes; when the council designates a facility to be used by
18 legislators and legislative employees for health or fitness purposes, it shall
19 adopt guidelines governing access to and use of the facility; the guidelines may
20 establish times in which use of the facility is limited to specific groups;

21 (D) a legislator from using the legislator's private office in the
22 capital city during a legislative session, and for the 10 days immediately before
23 and the 10 days immediately after a legislative session, for nonlegislative
24 purposes if the use does not interfere with the performance of public duties and
25 if there is no cost to the state for the use of the space and equipment, other than
26 utility costs and minimal wear and tear, or the legislator promptly reimburses
27 the state for the cost; an office is considered a legislator's private office under
28 this subparagraph if it is the primary space in the capital city reserved for use
29 by the legislator, whether or not it is shared with others;

30 (E) a legislator from use of legislative employees to prepare
31 and send out seasonal greeting cards;

1 (F) a legislator from using state resources to transport
2 computers or other office equipment owned by the legislator but primarily used
3 for a state function;

4 (G) use by a legislator of photographs of that legislator;

5 (H) reasonable use of the Internet by a legislator or a legislative
6 employee except if the use is for election campaign purposes;

7 (I) a legislator or legislative employee from soliciting,
8 accepting, or receiving a gift on behalf of a recognized, nonpolitical charitable
9 organization in a state facility;

10 (J) a legislator from sending any communication in the form of
11 a newsletter to the legislator's constituents, except a communication expressly
12 advocating the election or defeat of a candidate or a newsletter or material in a
13 newsletter that is clearly only for the private benefit of a legislator or a
14 legislative employee; or

15 (K) full participation in a charity event approved in advance by
16 the Alaska Legislative Council;

17 (3) knowingly seek, accept, use, allocate, grant, or award public funds
18 for a purpose other than that approved by law, or make a false statement in connection
19 with a claim, request, or application for compensation, reimbursement, or travel
20 allowances from public funds;

21 (4) require a legislative employee to perform services for the private
22 benefit of the legislator or employee at any time, or allow a legislative employee to
23 perform services for the private benefit of a legislator or employee on government
24 time; it is not a violation of this paragraph if the services were performed in an
25 unusual or infrequent situation and the person's services were reasonably necessary to
26 permit the legislator or legislative employee to perform official duties;

27 (5) use or authorize the use of state funds, facilities, equipment,
28 services, or another government asset or resource for the purpose of political fund
29 raising or campaigning; this paragraph does not prohibit

30 (A) limited use of state property and resources for personal
31 purposes if the use does not interfere with the performance of public duties and

either the cost or value related to the use is nominal or the legislator or legislative employee reimburses the state for the cost of the use;

(B) the use of mailing lists, computer data, or other information lawfully obtained from a government agency and available to the general public for nonlegislative purposes;

(C) storing or maintaining, consistent with (b) of this section, election campaign records in a legislator's office;

(D) a legislator from using the legislator's private office in the capital city during a legislative session, and for the 10 days immediately before and the 10 days immediately after a legislative session, for nonlegislative purposes if the use does not interfere with the performance of public duties and if there is no cost to the state for the use of the space and equipment, other than utility costs and minimal wear and tear, or the legislator promptly reimburses the state for the cost; an office is considered a legislator's private office under this subparagraph if it is the primary space in the capital city reserved for use by the legislator, whether or not it is shared with others; or

(E) use by a legislator of photographs of that legislator.

* **Sec. 2.** AS 25.05.171(b) is amended to read:

(b) A superior court judge may grant permission for a person who has reached the age of 16 [14] but is under the age of 18 to marry and may order the licensing officer to issue the license if the judge finds, following a hearing at which the parents and minor are given the opportunity to appear and be heard, that the marriage is in the best interest of the minor, **that the other party to the marriage is not more than three years older,** and that either

(1) the parents have given their consent; or

(2) the parents are

(A) arbitrarily and capriciously withholding consent;

(B) absent or otherwise unaccountable;

(C) in disagreement among themselves on the question; or

(D) unfit to decide the matter.

* **Sec. 3.** AS 25.05.301 is amended to read:

1 **Sec. 25.05.301. Form of solemnization.** In the solemnization of marriage, no
2 particular form is required except that the parties shall assent or declare in the
3 presence of each other and the person solemnizing the marriage [AND IN THE
4 PRESENCE OF AT LEAST TWO COMPETENT WITNESSES] that they take each
5 other to be husband and wife. The person solemnizing the marriage must be [A
6 COMPETENT WITNESS FOR THIS PURPOSE IS] a person of sound mind capable
7 of understanding the seriousness of the ceremony. At the time of the ceremony, the
8 person solemnizing the marriage shall complete the certification on the original
9 marriage certificate. The person solemnizing the marriage and the person verifying
10 the marriage [TWO ATTENDING WITNESSES] shall sign the original marriage
11 certificate and the necessary copies. The person verifying the marriage must be 18
12 years of age or older. The person verifying the marriage shall communicate with
13 both parties before or after the ceremony, but before signing the original
14 marriage certificate and the necessary copies, and confirm that each party
15 intends to marry the other party. The person verifying the marriage is not
16 required to witness the ceremony.

17 * **Sec. 4.** AS 25.05.321 is amended to read:

18 **Sec. 25.05.321. Certificates.** The person solemnizing the marriage shall, on
19 the forms provided by the bureau, complete two short-form certificates [,] and, after
20 that person and the person verifying the marriage [TWO WITNESSES] have signed
21 them, give one to each of the parties to the marriage. A church or congregation may
22 design and furnish its own form for this purpose, containing as a minimum the items
23 contained in the form furnished by the bureau. The original marriage certificate shall
24 be filed as required by AS 18.50 (Vital Statistics Act) and regulations adopted under
25 it. The person solemnizing the marriage shall complete the certificate as required and
26 submit it to the local registrar within seven days after [OF] the date the marriage is
27 solemnized.

28 * **Sec. 5.** AS 25.05.321 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

29 (b) The person solemnizing the marriage and the person verifying the
30 marriage shall provide their printed names, mailing and electronic mail addresses, and
31 telephone numbers on the forms provided by the bureau or by a church or

1 congregation.

2 * **Sec. 6.** AS 25.05.361 is amended to read:

3 **Sec. 25.05.361. Unlawful solemnization of marriage.** A person who
4 solemnizes a marriage without first receiving a proper marriage license from the
5 parties as provided in this chapter or without the parties declaring to take each other as
6 husband and wife [, OR WITHOUT REQUIRING THE PRESENCE OF TWO
7 COMPETENT WITNESSES]; or who solemnizes a marriage involving a person
8 under the legal age of marriage without the consent of (1) the licensing official when
9 authorized, or (2) the parents or guardian of the underaged person, being stated in the
10 license; or who solemnizes a marriage knowing of any legal impediment thereto, or
11 who solemnizes a marriage after the expiration of the license, or who falsely certifies
12 to the date of a marriage solemnized by that person is guilty of a misdemeanor, and
13 upon conviction is punishable by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by a
14 fine of not more than \$500, or by both.

15 * **Sec. 7.** AS 25.20.020 is amended to read:

16 **Sec. 25.20.020. Arrival at majority upon marriage.** A person arrives at the
17 age of majority upon being married according to law [, UNLESS THE PERSON IS
18 UNDER THE MARRIAGEABLE AGE OF CONSENT AS DEFINED IN
19 AS 25.05.171(a), IN WHICH CASE THE PERSON REACHES MAJORITY UPON
20 REACHING THE MARRIAGEABLE AGE OF CONSENT].

21 * **Sec. 8.** AS 25.05.041(a)(3), 25.05.041(a)(5), and 25.05.171(a) are repealed.