

State of Alaska Update on Investment Funds and Cash Flows

January 31, 2022 House Finance presentation

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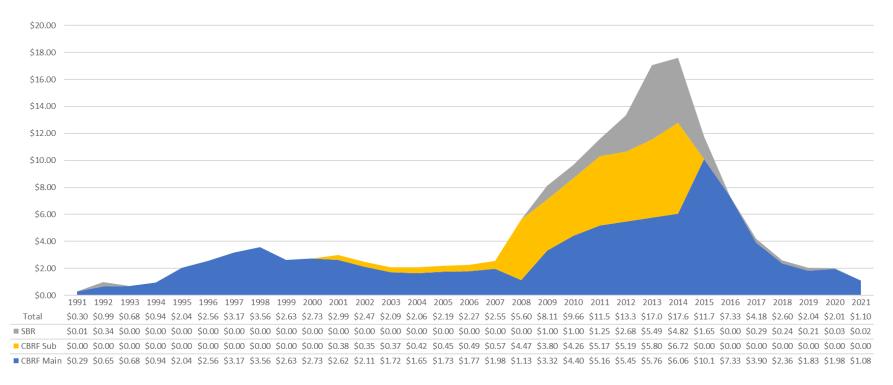
Agenda

- 1. Update on State Investment Funds
- 2. State Cash Flows
- 3. Revenue Volatility Management

Update on State Investment Funds

Constitutional Budget Reserve Fund (CBRF) Historical Invested Assets (in billions)

- In 1990, voters of Alaska adopted an amendment to the constitution creating the CBRF.
- ➤ CBRF is used to fund temporary cash flow expense/revenue mismatches.
- CBRF is used to appropriate/cover budget revenue shortfalls.
- Appropriations from the CBRF must be repaid.



^{*}The Statutory Budget Reserve Fund (AS 37.05.540) was part of the GeFONSI before and after being managed as a separate fund from July 2013-October 2015.

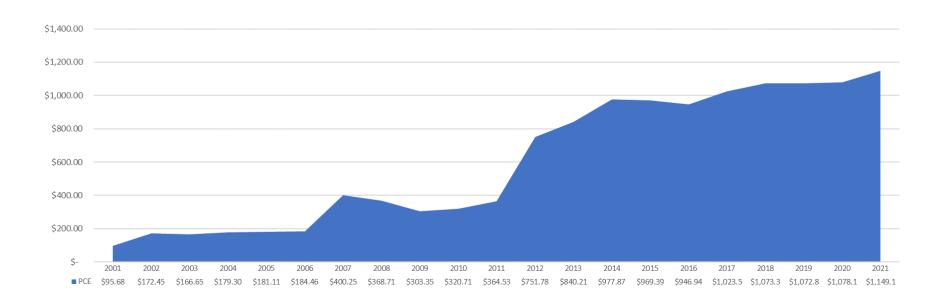
Constitutional Budget Reserve Fund Fiduciary oversight: Commissioner of Revenue

		Constitutional	Budget Reserve
Investment (Ohiostivo	Lov	w Risk
Investment Objective		Short Investment Horizon	
Target Asset A	Allocation	<i>y</i>	quivalents, 100%
		Ad	ctuals
	12/31/2017		ctuals 987,000
Market Value	12/31/2017 12/31/2018	\$3,0	
Market Value (\$thousands)		\$3,0 \$1,7	87,000
	12/31/2018	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1	987,000 210,500
	12/31/2018 12/31/2019	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1 \$1,0	987,000 /10,500 .62,400
	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1 \$1,0	987,000 10,500 .62,400 970,900
	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1 \$1,0 \$1,0	987,000 (10,500 (.62,400 (70,900 (89,000
(\$thousands)	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1 \$1,0 \$1,0 Actuals	87,000 (10,500 .62,400 (70,900 (89,000 Benchmark ¹
(\$thousands)	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021 3 Month	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1 \$1,0 \$1,0 Actuals	87,000 (10,500 .62,400 970,900 89,000 Benchmark ¹ 0.01%
(\$thousands) Returns 12/31/2021	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021 3 Month 6 Month	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1 \$1,0 \$1,0 Actuals 0.00% 0.02%	887,000 (10,500 .62,400 (170,900 (189,000 (199,000) (199
(\$thousands) Returns 12/31/2021	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021 3 Month 6 Month 1 Year	\$3,0 \$1,7 \$2,1 \$1,0 \$1,0 Actuals 0.00% 0.02% 0.09%	887,000 10,500 .62,400 170,900 89,000 Benchmark ¹ 0.01% 0.02% 0.05%

¹ Cash Equivalents: 3-month U.S. Treasury Bill

Power Cost Equalization (PCE) Historical Invested Assets (in millions)

- The purpose of the PCE Endowment fund is to provide for a long-term stable financing source that provides affordable levels of electric utility costs in otherwise high-cost service areas of the state.
- > 5% of the monthly average market value of the fund for the previous 3 fiscal years may be appropriated. If prior years earnings exceed this amount, 70% (not to exceed \$55M) of the difference can be spent on related identified programs.



Data is at fiscal year end of June 30.

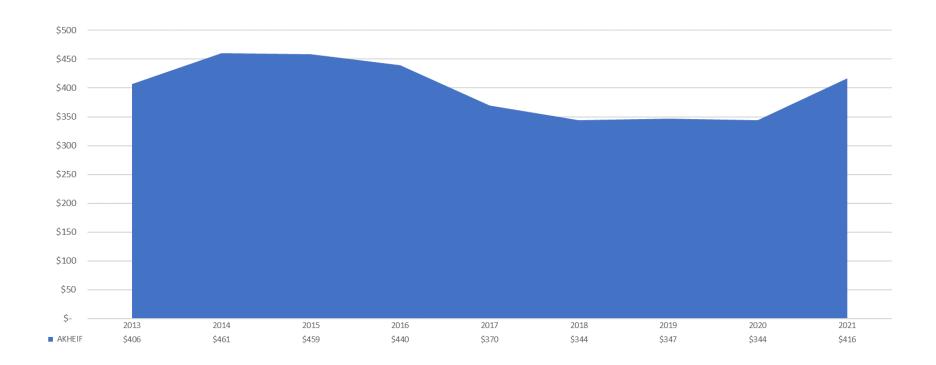
Power Cost Equalization Fund Fiduciary oversight: Commissioner of Revenue

		Power Cost Ed	qualization Fund	
lavostasant	Ohioativa	Hig	th Risk	
Investment Objective		Intermediate In	vestment Horizon	
Target Asset	Allocation		International Equity, 20% REITS, 4% Cash Equivalents, 1%	
		Ac	tuals	
	12/31/2017	\$1,0	88,800	
Market Value	12/31/2018	\$959,800		
(\$thousands)	12/31/2019		32,800	
	12/31/2020	\$1,142,300		
	12/31/2021	\$1,163,900		
		Actuals	Benchmark ¹	
	3 Month	3.91%	3.98%	
Returns 12/31/2021	6 Month	3.20%	3.36%	
(Rolling)	1 Year	7.12%	7.35%	
	3 Year	11.99%	12.09%	
	5 Year	8.99%	9.09%	
Projected 10-Yea	r Return: 5.00%			

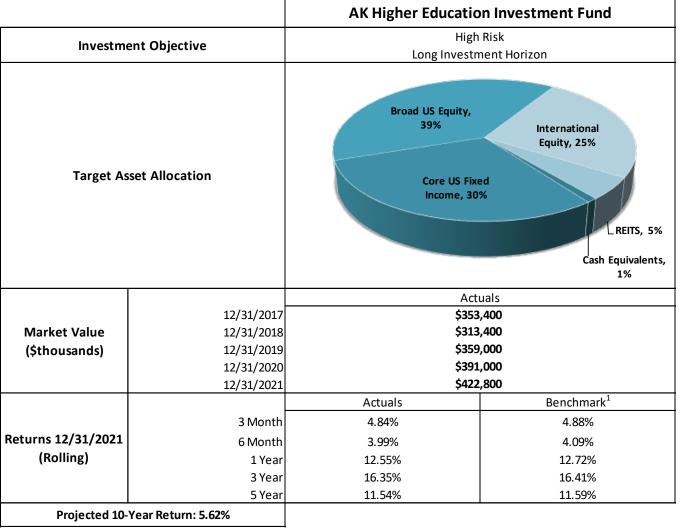
¹ Broad US Equity: Russell 3000 Index; Cash Equivalents: 3-month U.S. Treasury Bill; Core US Fixed Income: BB U.S. Aggregate Index; International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index; REITs: REIT Index

Alaska Higher Education Investment Fund (AHEIF) Historical Invested Assets (in millions)

- On September 1, 2012, the AHEIF was capitalized with a \$400 million deposit from receipts of the Alaska Housing Capital Corporation for use in paying Alaska Performance Scholarship Awards and AlaskAdvantage Education Grants.
- \triangleright The fund is to be swept to the CBRF effective 6/30/2021.



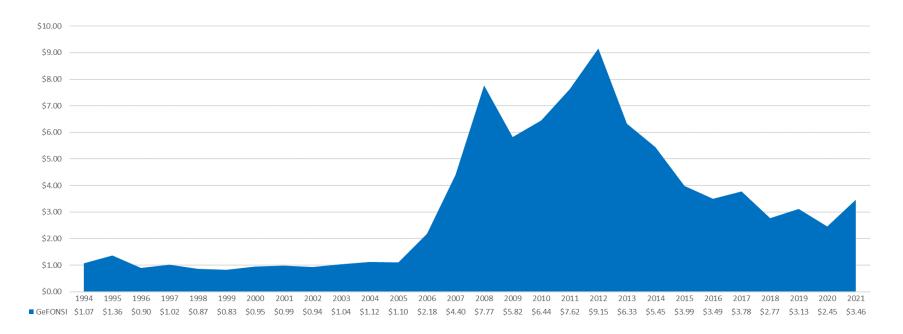
Alaska Higher Education Investment Fund Fiduciary oversight: Commissioner of Revenue



¹ Broad US Equity: Russell 3000 Index; Cash Equivalents: 3-month U.S. Treasury Bill; Core US Fixed Income: BB U.S. Aggregate Index; International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index; REITs: REIT Index

General Fund and Other Non-Segregated Investments (GeFONSI) Historical Invested Assets (in billions)*

- ➤ GeFONSI includes the General Fund and Other Non segregated funds invested in a pooled environment (GF proper= \$400 million).
- ➤ GeFONSI II was created in 2018 to target a higher risk return profile for a subset of funds.



^{*} This graph does not include the SBR balance.

General Fund and other non-segregated investments (GeFONSI I & II) Fiduciary oversight: Commissioner of Revenue

		GeFC	ONSI I	GeFO	NSI II	
Investr	mont Objective	Moder	ate Risk	Moderate -	- High Risk	
Investment Objective		Short - Interm. Investment Horizon		Intermediate Investment Horizon		
Target /	Asset Allocation	Cash Equivale 85%	Core US Fixed Income, 15%	Cash Equivale	Broad US Equity, 4% International Equity, 2%	
		Act	uals ¹	Actu	als*	
	12/31/2017	\$3,34	10,000	N/	'A	
Market Value	12/31/2018	\$1,822,900		\$1,429,900		
(\$thousands)	12/31/2019	\$1,389,000 \$1,223,600		3,600		
(\$tilousullus)	12/31/2020			\$1,176,300		
	12/31/2021			5,600		
	Combined @ 12/31/2021			2,831,200		
		Actuals	Benchmark ²	Actuals	Benchmark ³	
Returns	3 Month	-0.03%	0.01%	0.34%	0.42%	
12/31/2021	6 Month	-0.02%	0.03%	0.30%	0.38%	
(Rolling)	1 Year	-0.35%	-0.32%	0.85%	0.95%	
(1.011119)	3 Year	1.34%	1.23%	3.56%	3.51%	
	5 Year	1.36%	1.23%	N/A	N/A	
		Projected R	leturn: 0.27%	Projected Re	turn: 0.91%	

¹ Includes SBR balances

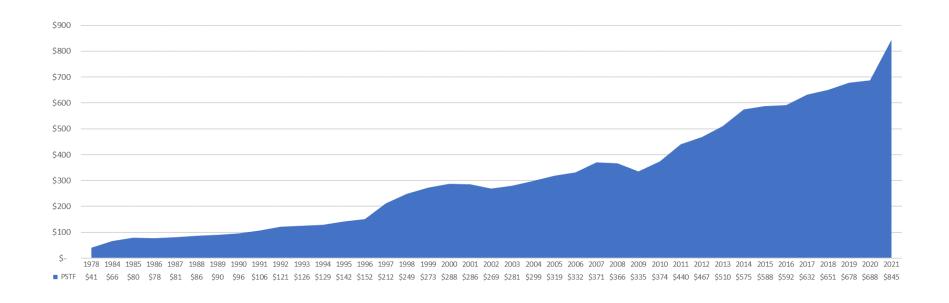
² Cash Equivalents: 3-month U.S. Treasury Bill; Core US Fixed Income: BB U.S. Aggregate Index

³ Broad US Equity: Russell 3000 Index; Cash Equivalents: 3-month U.S. Treasury Bill; Core US Fixed Income: BB U.S. Aggregate Index; International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index

^{*}A portion of the GeFONSI was transferred to the GeFONSI II during Fiscal Year 2018 (January 2018)

Public School Trust Fund (PSTF) Historical Invested Assets (in millions)

- The PSTF was established in 1978, replacing the territorial era public school land grant originally created by congress in 1915, by a transfer of the balance from the permanent school trust.
- Following passage of HB 213 in 2018, the fund is now managed as one fund, under a percentage of market value method (5% of the average market value for the 5 years preceding the last previous fiscal year).



Data is at fiscal year end of June 30.

Public School Trust Fund

Fiduciary oversight: Commissioner of Revenue

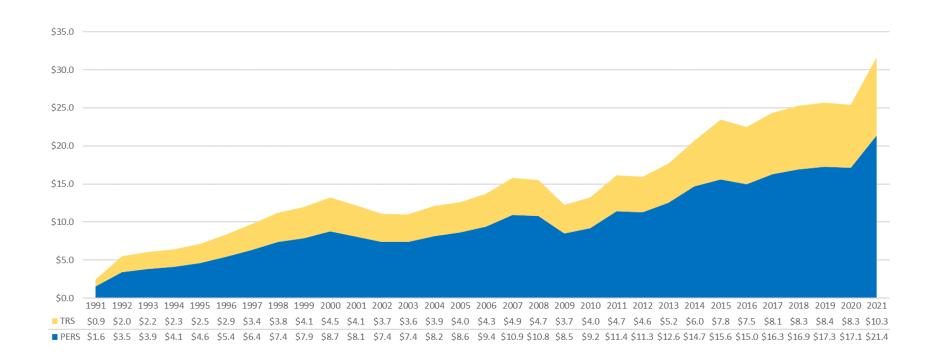
		Public Sch	ool Trust Fund	
Investment	Ohiective	Hig	gh Risk	
Investment Objective		Long Investment Horizon		
Target Asset	: Allocation	Broad US Equity, 39% Core US Fixed Income, 30%	International Equity, 25% REITS, 5% Cash Equivalents, 1%	
		A	ctuals	
	12/31/2017	\$6	71,900	
Market Value	12/31/2018		19,600	
(\$thousands)	12/31/2019		27,100	
	12/31/2020	\$777,900		
	12/31/2021		50,700	
		Actuals	Benchmark ²	
	3 Month	4.84%	4.88%	
Returns 12/31/2021	6 Month	4.01%	4.09%	
(Rolling)	1 Year	12.56%	12.72%	
	3 Year	16.34%	16.36%	
	5 Year	11.07%	11.14%	
Projected 10-Yea	D			

¹ HB213, effective November 2018, revised the calculation for determining the amount appropriatable for future fiscal years' support of the state public school system.

² Broad US Equity: Russell 3000 Index; Cash Equivalents: 3-month U.S. Treasury Bill; Core US Fixed Income: BB U.S. Aggregate Index; International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index; REITs: REIT Index

Public Employees Retirement System & Teachers Retirement System (PERS and TRS) – Pension and Health Defined Benefit Plans Historical Invested Assets (in billions)

- The Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARMB) is a 9-person board that is the fiduciary of the state's pension and health systems.
- The defined benefit plans currently experiences net outflows from the funds.
- The 37-year return Average for PRS/TRS was 9.22%.



Public Employees Retirement System & Teachers Retirement System Fiduciary oversight: Alaska Retirement Management Board

		PERS Retirement Defined	Benefit Pension & Health	TRS Retirement Defined B	enefit Pension & Health
Investmen	t Objective	High Risk		High Risk	
vestinent Objective		Long Investment Horizon		Long Investment Horizon	
Target Asse	et Allocation	Opportunisti	Fixed Income, 21%	Private Equity, 14% Broad Domestic Equity, 27%	
		Actu		Actu	
	12/31/2017	\$17,09	7,800	\$8,477	,000
	12/31/2018	\$17,09 \$16,07	7,800 6,200	\$8,477 \$7,917	,000 ,500
Market Value (\$thousands)	12/31/2018 12/31/2019	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97	7,800 6,200 4,600	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786	,000 ,500 ,500
	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97 \$19,57	7,800 6,200 4,600 3,300	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786 \$9,478	,000 ,500 ,500 ,500
	12/31/2018 12/31/2019	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97 \$19,57 \$22,48	7,800 6,200 4,600 3,300 0,300	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786 \$9,478 \$10,836	,000 ,500 ,500 ,500 5,300
	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97 \$19,57 \$22,48 Actuals	7,800 6,200 4,600 3,300 0,300 Benchmark ¹	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786 \$9,478 \$10,836 Actuals	,000 ,500 ,500 ,500 5,300 Benchmark ¹
	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021 3 Month	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97 \$19,57 \$22,48 Actuals 1.62%	7,800 6,200 4,600 3,300 0,300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92%	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786 \$9,478 \$10,836 Actuals	,000 ,500 ,500 ,500 ,5300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92%
(\$thousands)	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021 3 Month 1 Year	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97 \$19,57 \$22,48 Actuals 1.62% 24.64%	7,800 6,200 4,600 3,300 0,300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92% 20.96%	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786 \$9,478 \$10,836 Actuals 1.62% 24.66%	,000 ,500 ,500 ,500 5,300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92% 20.96%
(\$thousands) Returns as of	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021 3 Month 1 Year 3 Year	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97 \$19,57 \$22,48 Actuals 1.62% 24.64% 11.59%	7,800 6,200 4,600 3,300 0,300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92% 20.96% 10.69%	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786 \$9,478 \$10,836 Actuals 1.62% 24.66% 11.59%	,000 ,500 ,500 ,500 5,300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92% 20.96% 10.69%
(\$thousands) Returns as of 09/30/2021	12/31/2018 12/31/2019 12/31/2020 12/31/2021 3 Month 1 Year 3 Year 5 Year	\$17,09 \$16,07 \$17,97 \$19,57 \$22,48 Actuals 1.62% 24.64% 11.59% 11.40%	7,800 6,200 4,600 3,300 0,300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92% 20.96% 10.69% 10.48%	\$8,477 \$7,917 \$8,786 \$9,478 \$10,836 Actuals 1.62% 24.66%	,000 ,500 ,500 ,500 5,300 Benchmark ¹ 0.92% 20.96% 10.69% 10.48%

^{1 27.0%} Russell 3000, 21.6% MSCI ACWI ex-US IMI Net, 22.4% BB US Aggregate, 1.1% 3-month T-bill, 4.9% NCREIF NFI-ODCE, 3.5% NCREIF Farmland, 1.4% NCREIF Timber, 2.1% CPI = 4%, 2.1% FTSE NAREIT All Equity, 4.7% S&P 500, 4.7% Russell 2000, and 4.7% MSCI EAFE Net

State Cash Flows

Cash vs. Accrual balances

- Cash balance is what you have in the bank at a given point in time.
- Accrual balance is what you have earned and what liabilities have been incurred at a particular point in time. It is what you should have at a particular point in time after all expected receipts and expenditures come in and out.

Treasury fund balances are cash balances, not what is available to spend.

SOA Treasury Cash Flow

Cash Inflows

- Tax Revenues
 - Oil & Gas, Excise, Other
- Federal Dollars
 - Grants, Medicaid, FHWA, Education, Other
- Earnings Reserve Funds
- Agency Receipts
 - Fees, Licenses, Permits, Fines, Other



State of Alaska
Division of Treasury
Cash Management

Cash Outflows

- School Education Payments
- Payroll & Pension Payments
- Vendor Payments
- Medicaid Payments
- External Program Grant Payments
- Debt Service Payments

Cash Flow Deficiencies

- ➤ Prior to 1985, most unrestricted revenues flowed into and stayed in the General Fund for expenditure.
- ➤ Over time, the legislature established many subfunds to segregate cash for budgeting purposes, resulting in less cash available to pay day-to-day operating costs.
- Expenditures can occur prior to receipt of revenue, resulting in cash flow timing mismatches:
 - > Federal programs require expenditures before reimbursement.
 - i.e. Medicaid, Transportation, etc.
 - Beginning of year appropriation transfers do not match incoming revenue.
 - i.e. State pension payments, transfers to subfunds.
 - Seasonal Cash Flow needs.
 - i.e. Summer is the peak season for construction projects and seasonal workers.

Cash Deficiency Memorandum of Understanding

- Developed in 1994 between DOR, DOA, OMB & LAW.
- Updated as needed.
- Targets \$400m minimum cash threshold in the General Fund proper.
- Outlines procedures for addressing cash flow timing mismatches:
 - Develop monthly cash projections.
 - Monitor daily general fund cash balances.
 - Perform <u>temporary</u> interfund borrowing.
 - Transfer from SBR, CBR & ERA or sub funds.
 - In the event of revenue shortfall:
 - Seek legislative action through the Governor to access additional funds through appropriation from other Cash Reserve Funds discussed above.
 - Prioritize disbursements, restrict expenditures.

Cash Flow Deficiencies

- Use of budget reserve funds has been the solution of cash flow timing mismatches and revenue shortfalls.
- Appropriations From Reserve funds
 - The Legislature includes language annually in the operating budget appropriating budget reserve funds for revenue shortfalls.
 - Treasury has relied on this appropriation to authorize use of budget reserve funds to address timing cashflow mismatches as well.
 - The CBRF was fully repaid by FY10.
 - Borrowing from the CBRF recommenced in FY14.
 - ➤ Per FY20 ACFR \$12.8B is owed to CBRF.

Revenue Volatility Management

Revenue Volatility

- Commodity Volatility
 - ➤ Petroleum revenues are 25% of FY22 projected unrestricted general fund revenues.
 - Uncertainty exists "in-year" for FY22 and beyond.
 - Will always have in-year uncertainty because we base budget on in-year oil collections.
- ➤ Investment Return Volatility
 - ➤ Investment earnings are 65% of FY22 projected unrestricted general fund revenues.
 - Certainty exists today for FY23 (due to a lagging POMV formula).
 - Uncertainty exists today for FY24 and beyond.

Volatility Management Techniques

- Access Cash Reserve and Other Funds (CBR and other fund balances).
- Modernize fiscal tools to include lines of credit in addition to revenue anticipation notes. (HB92/SB73)
- Manage timing of Earnings Reserve Account transfers to the General Fund.
- Manage timing of expenditures.

Take Aways

- Even with balanced budgets and if all revenue is received, cash flow timing mismatches will occur.
- Cash flow forecasting is always wrong.
- Revenue shortfalls may occur if forecasted assumptions are wrong.
- Higher revenue volatility requires greater cash reserves until volatility decreases.
- Volatility management techniques are available.

THANK YOU

Please find our contact information below:

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