

STATE CAPITOL  
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Governor Mike Dunleavy  
STATE OF ALASKA

August 25, 2021

The Honorable Louise Stutes  
Speaker of the House  
Alaska State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 208  
Juneau, AK 99801-1182

Dear Speaker Stutes:

Today, I have directed the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the Division of Finance to effectuate expenditure of appropriations made in the general appropriations bill which was enacted on June 30, 2021.

These appropriations were enacted prior to the sweeping of funds into the Constitutional Budget Reserve, which occurs at the end of every fiscal year. As such, the funds for these appropriations are not subject to the sweep. Furthermore, this decision does not question the Superior Court's recent decision regarding Power Cost Equalization (PCE) or the sweepability of the PCE endowment.

This letter focuses on the enacted appropriations signed into law by me prior to July 1, 2021. I have directed OMB to begin the process of implementing those appropriations.

Accordingly, the appropriations made through House Bill 69 (Chapter 1, SSSLA 21) are effectuated immediately. The Office of Management and Budget and the Division of Finance have been directed to provide a status update to the Legislature's Finance Division on those appropriations.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Mike Dunleavy".

Mike Dunleavy  
Governor

cc: The Honorable Cathy Tilton, House Minority Leader

Attachments



**STATE OF ALASKA  
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR**

**MEMORANDUM**

DATE: August 25, 2021

TO: Neil Steininger, Director  
Office of Management and Budget

FROM: Mike Dunleavy *MD*  
Governor

SUBJECT: Appropriations Enacted on June 30, 2021

I am directing the Office of Management and Budget, (OMB) and the Division of Finance (DOF), to immediately effectuate appropriations approved by the Legislature and signed into law by me, from fund sources that were eventually swept into the Constitutional Budget Reserve Fund, as of June 30, 2021. This decision is made after a review of all appropriations in light of the Superior Court's recent ruling on Power Cost Equalization. Part of that review included an analysis from the Department of Law. That analysis, a memorandum from Attorney General Taylor, is attached.

Effective immediately, I direct you to take the necessary actions to ensure these expenditures occur for Fiscal Year 2022 according to the enacted appropriations in House Bill 69 (Chapter 1, SSSLA 21). Furthermore, I direct OMB and DOF to provide a status update to the Legislature's Finance Division on these appropriations.

cc: Hans Zigmund, Director of Finance

*Alaska State Legislature*  
REPRESENTATIVE LOUISE STUTES



SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE

Date: August 15<sup>th</sup>, 2021

To: The Honorable Michael J. Dunleavy  
Governor, State of Alaska

RE: CBR Sweep and FY22 Appropriations

Dear Governor Dunleavy,

Your unprecedented position on the number and nature of the funds susceptible to being swept into the Constitutional Budget Reserve (CBR) is holding critical programs that Alaskans depend on hostage. I respectfully request that you revert to the list of "sweepable" funds used by prior administrations, as well as faithfully execute all FY22 appropriations immediately.

Last week, plaintiffs succeeded in litigation against your administration, permanently enjoining the Power Cost Equalization endowment fund from being swept into the CBR. I hope that you take this as an opportunity to reflect on your interpretation of Article 9, Section 17(d) of the Alaska Constitution.

Moreover and notwithstanding any change in your position, this year's appropriations must still be honored. Valid FY22 appropriations for Alaska Performance Scholarships, WWAMI, community residential centers, substance abuse, sex offender management, and domestic violence programs, road and airport maintenance, and much more should be carried out. A court would likely find that failure to do so on your part constitutes a violation of the separation of powers doctrine.

It lies within your authority, and indeed your duty to Alaskans, to honor these appropriations as required by the constitution. Aside from the obvious legal concerns, the beneficiaries of the associated programs, your constituents, deserve nothing less.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Louise Stutes".

Representative Louise Stutes, Speaker of the House

State Capitol Building  
120 East 4th Street, Juneau, AK 99801  
Phone: 907-465-2487  
Rep.Louise.Stutes@akleg.gov

# MEMORANDUM

State of Alaska  
Department of Law

TO: Honorable Mike Dunleavy  
Governor

DATE: August 25, 2021

TEL. NO.: 269-5100

FROM: Treg Taylor  
Attorney General

SUBJECT: Appropriations from funds  
swept June 30, 2021 into the  
CBR

You requested a memorandum that could be publicly disseminated addressing the following question: “Whether appropriations validly enacted prior to July 1, 2021, but with a July 1 effective date that have a funding source that was otherwise swept into the constitutional budget reserve as of June 30, 2021, can be expended without a reverse sweep?”

There is a reasonable argument these monies can be expended, but it would be an issue of first impression for the courts. Ultimately, we cannot say with certainty what the courts would decide, especially in light of the recent superior court decision regarding the Power Cost Equalization Fund.

For background, article 9, section 17 of the Alaska Constitution establishes the constitutional budget reserve fund. Subsection (d) of section 17 requires that any money taken from the fund under subsections (b) and (c) must be repaid through what has become known as the “sweep.” Subsection (d) states:

If an appropriation is made from the budget reserve fund, until the amount appropriated is repaid, the amount of money in the general fund available for appropriation at the end of each succeeding fiscal year shall be deposited in the budget reserve fund. The legislature shall implement this subsection by law.

The question presented involves an interpretation of the phrase “available for appropriation at the end of each succeeding fiscal year.” This is not an issue of whether the fund exists in the general fund or not; that was the question addressed by the superior court in the recent Power Cost Equalization Fund decision. Rather, the question is, for those funds in the general fund and otherwise swept as of June 30, should the amount that is needed to pay validly enacted appropriations that have a July 1st effective date be retained in the funds for expenditure in FY’22? In other words, are the amounts needed for the validly enacted appropriations considered “not available for appropriation” under

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Re: *Appropriations from funds swept June 30, 2021 into the CBR*

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subsection (d) because they have already been obligated to be expended for a purpose in the next fiscal year?

The Alaska Supreme Court has addressed how to interpret “available for appropriation” in one prior decision: *Hickel v. Cowper*, 847 P.2d 922 (Alaska 1994). Although this decision mainly addressed this phrase as it is used in subsection (b), the court said that its interpretation of “available for appropriation” for purposes of (b) also applies to (d). The court described its ruling as follows:

Instead, we consider it appropriate, as well as consistent with both the language of the amendment and the intent of the framers, to focus on the legal status of the various funds implicated in relationship to the legislative power of appropriation. The “amount available for appropriation” must include all funds over which the legislature has retained the power to appropriate and which are not available to pay expenditures without further legislative appropriation.<sup>1</sup>

The court also explained:

It is far more reasonable to interpret “amount available for appropriation” in light of the relative consequences of and circumstances attendant in making appropriations from different sources. In this light, **monies which already have been validly committed by the legislature to some purpose should not be counted as available.**<sup>2</sup>

In the scenario presented, there is a reasonable argument that appropriations validly enacted prior to July 1, 2021, but with a July effective date, are already “validly committed by the legislature to some purpose.”<sup>3</sup> According to *Hickel v. Cowper*, this would remove these amounts from being available for appropriation.

The countervailing argument—and practical concern—is whether an appropriation having an effective date after the sweep has already occurred means the money in the fund has already been swept, and therefore there are no actual funds to

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<sup>1</sup> *Id.* at 927.

<sup>2</sup> *Id.* at 930-931 (emphasis added).

<sup>3</sup> *Id.*

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support what is otherwise a valid appropriation.<sup>4</sup> It is unclear where the court would come down on this issue. If the monies cannot be considered validly committed until the appropriation is effective, then there would be no money available in the fund to carry out the appropriation. If, on the other hand, the monies can be considered validly committed before their effective date, then the money needed to pay those appropriations should not be swept and would be available for expenditure in FY'22 to carry out the appropriation. In light of the reasonable arguments on both sides, I believe it is legally defensible to release the funds and pay out the validly enacted appropriations for FY'22.

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<sup>4</sup> By operation of law, the sweep occurs at 11:59 pm on June 30th of any given fiscal year. Consequently, an appropriation that is effective July 1st may be valid, but the underlying account has no funds to support the appropriation.