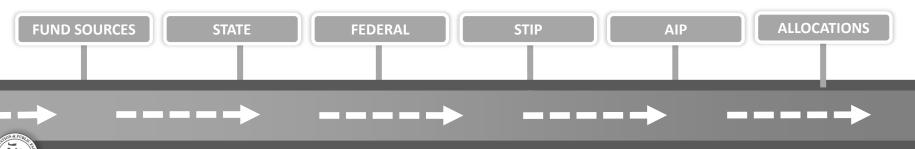


Presentation Outline

- I. Funding Sources
- **II.** State Funded Capital Projects
- **III.** Federal Programs
 - STIP Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan
 - **II.** ACIP Aviation Capital Improvement Plan
- **IV.** Federal Program Project Allocations

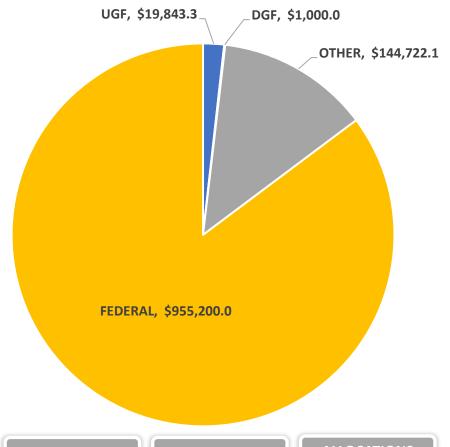




Funding Summary

(thousands)

Designated General Funds	
1005 GF/Prgm	\$ 1,000.0
Designated General Funds Total	\$ 1,000.0
Federal Funds	
1002 Fed Rcpts	\$ 955,200.0
Federal Funds Total	\$ 955,200.0
Other Funds	
1026 Hwy Capitl	\$ 22,000.0
1027 Int Airprt	\$ 25,800.0
1092 MHTAAR	\$ 300.0
1108 Stat Desig	\$ 10,000.0
1112 IntAptCons	\$ 722.1
1113 AHFC Bonds	\$ 85,900.0
Other Funds Total	\$ 144,722.1
Unrestricted General Funds	
1003 G/F Match	\$ 1,300.0
1004 Gen Fund	\$ 17,543.4
1037 GF/MH	\$ 1,000.0
Unrestricted General Funds Total	\$ 19,843.4
Grand Total	\$ 1,120,765.5



FUND SOURCES

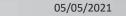
STATE

FEDERAL

STIP

AIP

ALLOCATIONS



State Capital Appropriations

Programmatic / Recurring Requested Annually

Mental Health Coordinated Transportation and Vehicles (UGF), \$1.3M

AMHS Vessel Overhaul (UGF), \$15M

State Equipment Fleet, \$22M

Federal-Aid Highway Match Credits, \$1M

Federal Program Match, \$87M

Single / One Time Requested as needs arise

Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) Year 3, \$1.5M

Weigh Station Scale Repairs, \$1M

FUND SOURCES STATE FEDERAL STIP AIP ALLOCATIONS



Federal Programs & State Match

Federal / Recurring

Requested Annually

Surface Transportation Program - \$680M Federal Receipts

Funding Source: Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)

- •Guided by the STIP (Surface Transportation Improvement Plan)
- •State Match approximately 10% \$71.2M

Airport Improvement Program - \$269M Federal Receipts

Funding Source: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

- Guided by the ACIP (Airport Capital Improvement Plan)
- •State Match 6.25% \$14.7M

FUND SOURCES

STATE

FEDERAL

STIP

AIP

ALLOCATIONS



Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan (STIP)

- The STIP is a 4-year plan that is required by federal regulations (23 USC 135 & 23 CFR 450) that lists out all the federally funded, and regionally significant surface transportation projects within the state
- Must be fiscally constrained
- Required to be developed with a public process
- Approved by Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) or the Federal Transit Administration (FTA)
- Failure to comply with federal regulations and requirements will jeopardize federal funding for transportation infrastructure in Alaska





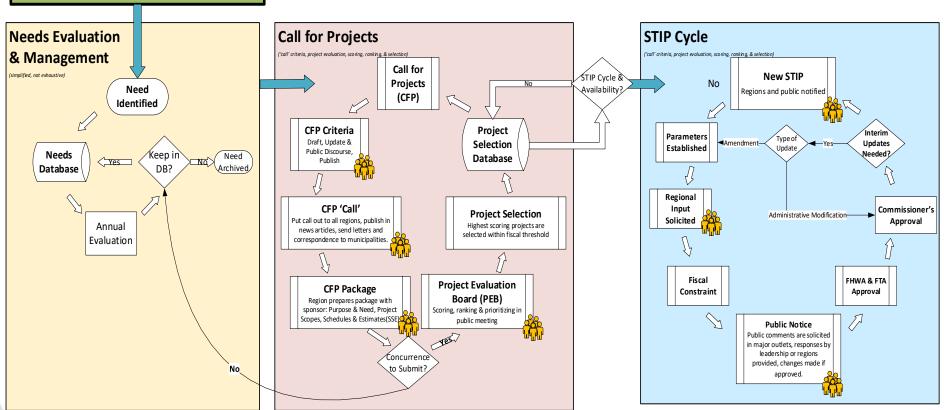
The STIP Process



The simplified, but not exhaustive steps in project development

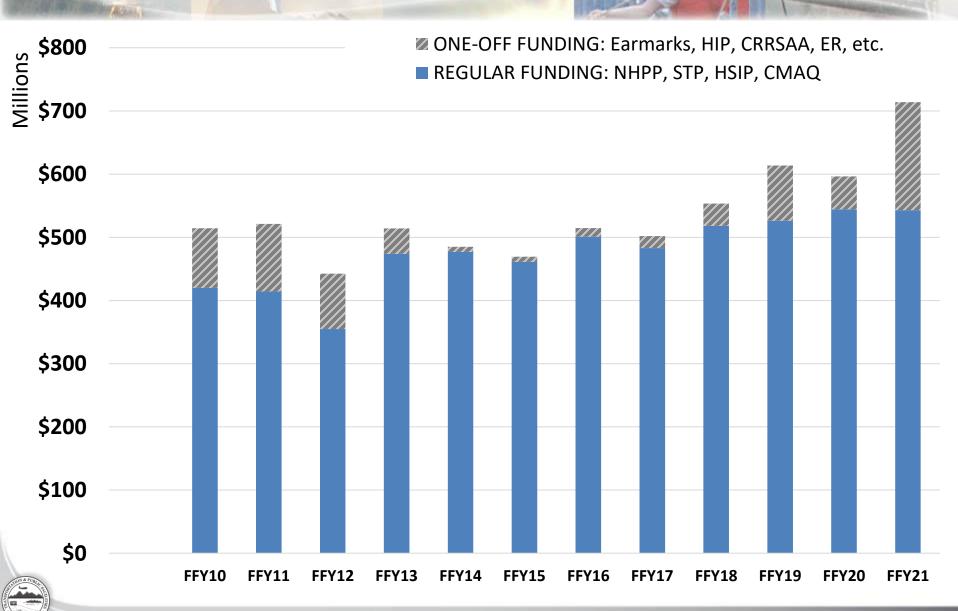


Represents times when the public is notified, solicited, or otherwise involved in the development process

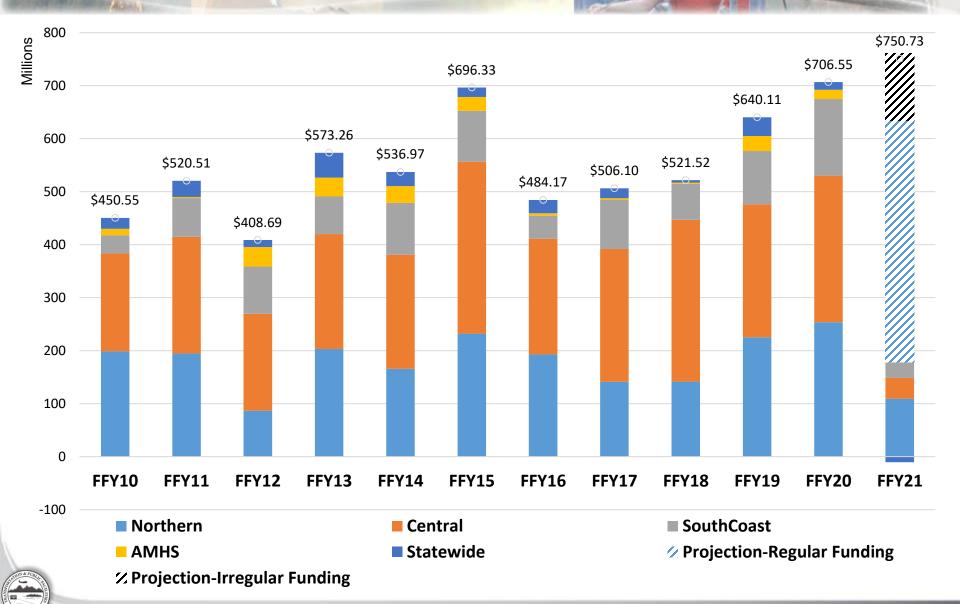




STIP: Federal Limitation Over Time



STIP: Federal Obligations by Year



Airport Project Evaluation Board (APEB)

Board Members

Deputy Commissioner, Regional Planning Chiefs, SWA Division Manager,
 AIP Program Manager

Project Evaluation Board Process

- Needs list development conducted by regional planners
- Project nominations to the board
- Project scoring criterion for airports (16) / buildings (8)
- Regular review

Airport Capital Improvement Plan (ACIP) Development

5-year rolling plan



Airport Improvement Program (AIP) for DOT&PF Airports in FFY 2020

FAA AIP airport capital improvement project funding for DOT&PF programs (~\$225.1 M)

- Cargo Entitlements (\$11.9M)
 - Earned by airports with more than 100 million pounds landed weight
- Primary Passenger Entitlement (\$37.2M)
 - Earned by airports with more than 10,000 enplaned passengers and scheduled commercial service
- Non-Primary Passenger Entitlement (\$12.4M)
 - Earned by airports with fewer than 10,000 enplaned passengers annually
- State Apportionment (\$20.2M total less Muni Sponsors = \$19.9M)
 - An area/pop. formula used after cargo/passenger entitlements calculated
- Alaska Supplemental (\$21.3M total less Muni Sponsors = \$19.8M)
 - Congressional amount based on 1980 amounts
- Discretionary (\$104.7M less Muni Sponsors = \$93.5M)
 - What remains divided among 50 states
- Supplemental Discretionary grants (\$30.5M)
 - Special additional federal GF appropriation Projects Selected by FAA



AIAS Capital Funding

Airport Improvement Program (AIP)

FFY2020

	Discretionary	Entitlements	CARES Act	<u>Total</u>
ANC	\$0.4M	\$15.0M	\$2.2M	\$17.6M
FAI	\$3.7M	\$ 7.1M	\$0.7M	\$11.5M

Anticipated FFY2021

	Discretionary	Entitlements	<u>Supplemental</u>	<u>Total</u>
ANC	\$31.7M	\$16.4M	\$10.0M	\$37.9M
FAI	\$ 0.3M	\$ 1.0M	n/a	\$ 1.3M

FUND SOURCES STATE FEDERAL STIP AIP ALLOCATIONS



Rural System Capital Funding FFY 2016 through FFY 2020

Federal Capital Funding

- Rural System AIP annual average FFY 2016 2019 = \$132.9M
- FFY 2020 AIP = $^{198.9}$ M

Rural Airport System State Match Required

- Generally, 6.25% of project eligible costs
- A few Essential Air Service airports in designated economically distressed communities qualify for a 5% match of project eligible costs
- FFY 2020 and 2021 project matches are 100% federal share through CARES and ARPA





Major Rural System AIP Construction Projects Expected to be Funded in FFY 2021 & 2022

Pavement Rehab

- Bethel
- Homer
- Unalaska

Rural Access

- Angoon
- Bettles
- Brevig Mission

Rural Access

- Chevak
- Ekwok
- Kaltag
- Kongiganak
- Metlakatla
- New Stuyahok
- Newtok
- Noorvik
- Saint Mary's

Rural Access

- Seward
- Togiak

Buildings

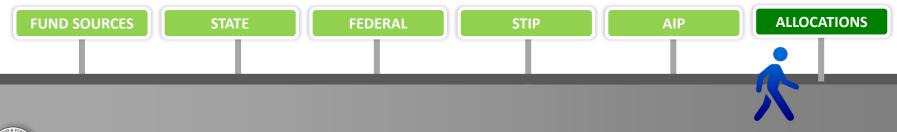
- Cold Bay
- Cordova
- McGrath
- Napaskiak

Alaska Airport Needs Directory: dot.alaska.gov/airport-portal-newsres.shtml



Federal Program Project Allocations

- Prior to FY18 the two major federal programs were broken out into individual project allocations
- Pros:
 - Provided Legislature with additional clarity
 - Allowed for Legislative Finance House District Reporting
- Cons:
 - Difficult to manage
 - Required considerable overprogramming
 - Project Cost Increases
 - Project Slippage
 - Created expectations





Potential Solution

- Working with the other body to address the two primary challenges of:
 - Project Cost Increases
 - Project Slippage
- Solution Create Additional Allocations:
 - Project Contingency
 - Project Acceleration





New Allocations

- Project Contingency Allocation:
 - Provides a federal authority "pot" when projects incur cost overruns.
- Project Acceleration Allocation:
 - Provides a federal authority "pot" for when projects are delayed
 - Allows for the advancement of a project in the STIP that is ready that may not be listed in the appropriation bill





