

Fiscal Note

State of Alaska
2021 Legislative Session

Bill Version: HB 29
Fiscal Note Number: _____
() Publish Date: _____

Identifier: HB029-LAW-CIV-RAP-3-12-21
Title: ELECTRIC UTILITY LIABILITY
Sponsor: RAUSCHER
Requester: (H) Judiciary

Department: Department of Law
Appropriation: Civil Division
Allocation: Regulatory Affairs Public Advocacy
OMB Component Number: 2764

Expenditures/Revenues

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

(Thousands of Dollars)

	FY2022 Appropriation Requested	Included in Governor's FY2022 Request	Out-Year Cost Estimates				
OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2022	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
Personal Services							
Travel							
Services							
Commodities							
Capital Outlay							
Grants & Benefits							
Miscellaneous							
Total Operating	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Fund Source (Operating Only)

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Positions

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

Change in Revenues

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimated SUPPLEMENTAL (FY2021) cost: 0.0 (separate supplemental appropriation required)

Estimated CAPITAL (FY2022) cost: 0.0 (separate capital appropriation required)

Does the bill create or modify a new fund or account? No
(Supplemental/Capital/New Fund - discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS

Does the bill direct, or will the bill result in, regulation changes adopted by your agency? No
If yes, by what date are the regulations to be adopted, amended or repealed?

Why this fiscal note differs from previous version/comments:

Not applicable, initial version.

Prepared By: Valerie Rose, Budget Analyst
Division: Administrative Services Division
Approved By: Amber LeBlanc, Administrative Services Director
Agency: Office of Management and Budget

Phone: (907)465-3674
Date: 03/12/2021
Date: 03/12/21

FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

STATE OF ALASKA
2021 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. HB 29

Analysis

HB 29 would provide complete immunity from civil liability for certain electrical utilities in the event of property damage, death, or personal injury resulting from contact between the utility's facilities and off-property vegetation. The utilities covered by this provision are those offering electric service to the public for compensation under a certificate of public convenience and necessity, issued under AS 42.05.221.

The immunity provision would not apply if the vegetation at issue is entirely within the bounds of property under the control of the utility, including easements or rights-of-way, and one of two additional conditions is met. The immunity provision would not apply if the utility either does not have a written vegetation management plan or policy or fails to substantially comply with the utility's written vegetation management plan or policy.

This bill would define "written vegetation management plan or policy" for the purpose of this section as a document that establishes a procedure for managing vegetation to protect reliability and safety of its electrical facilities.

The immunity provision would apply to civil lawsuits filed on or after the effective date of the bill, regardless of the date of injury.

To the extent that HB 29 would give rise to civil liability, a regulated utility that is held liable could seek to recover damages through rates charged to customers by seeking a rate increase with the Regulatory Commission of Alaska. The Regulatory Affairs & Public Advocacy Section (RAPA) at the Department of Law could be involved in a resulting investigation of a rate increase. Addressing similar types of cost recovery is part of the standard work RAPA performs when investigating a proposed rate increase. RAPA would respond to the implementation of this legislation with existing resources.

The Department of Law does not anticipate any fiscal impact if this bill becomes law.