State of Alaska Office of Management and Budget

FY2020 Operating Budget Overview
Department of Environmental Conservation
Presentation to the House Finance Subcommittee
March 14, 2019
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DEC FY2020 Operating Budget: Significant Changes

<u>Cease Economic Analysis of New Regulations</u>

- HB140 (SLA 2014) requires economic analysis of new regulations
- Associated position previously defunded by legislature
- Governor will propose repeal of AS 44.62.190(d)(3)
- Regulations promulgated by the department are already subject to public review and comment
- Deletes one Economist III position
- Reduction of \$124,300 of General Funds



DEC FY2020 Operating Budget: Significant Changes

Executive Branch 50% Travel Reduction

- Spill Prevention and Response was not subject to the reduction
- Department will create a Travel Plan for FY2020 that maximizes performance results with appropriated funds
- Strategies for constraining travel costs
 - Increased video-conferencing
 - Prioritization of highest-risk inspections and compliance activities
 - Efficient regional organization (field offices may be considered)
- Reduction of \$375,900 across all funds
 - \$176,400 federal funds
 - \$77,500 undesignated general funds
 - \$90,000 designated general funds
 - \$32,000 other funds



Community Air Quality Concerns



Community Air Quality Concerns

- Dust
- Wood smoke
- Open Burning
- Diesel Emissions









- Widespread impacts throughout state make it difficult to effectively respond to communities
- Outreach and education to help residents and communities:
 - burn wood efficiently, with less smoke
 - reduce unpaved road dust impacts
 - reduce landfill burning
 - understand impacts from industrial activities
- Partnerships with communities, tribes, agencies

Fairbanks North Star Borough Fine Particulate Matter (PM2.5)

- Fairbanks/North Pole area exceeds the 24-hour PM2.5 ambient air quality standard
- EPA classified area as "Serious" in 2017
- New classification results in additional requirements
- Efforts are underway on a new air quality plan
- Since last October, DEC is implementing the regulatory programs from the initial plan





Juneau Air Quality Cruise Ship Monitoring Project

- DEC Cruise Ship Program saw an increase in air quality related complaints in 2017 and 2018
 - Regulatory opacity monitoring conducted every season
- Last ambient air study in Juneau occurred in 2000
 - No air standards exceeded
- 2019 Ambient Air Study Objectives
 - Address air quality complaints related to cruise ship emissions
 - Determine which areas of downtown Juneau are most affected
 - Assess frequency, duration, spatial variability and severity of impacts and the potential to significantly affect public health and/or violate Clean Air Act air quality standards.
- Saturation study approach using non-regulatory monitors to screen for air pollution impacts.
- Funded by Commercial Passenger Vessel Fees









Rural Water and Sanitation



Village Safe Water Program





Rural Water and Wastewater Infrastructure Projects

- First Time Service
- Expansion, Upgrade, and Replacement of Existing Service
- \$64,830.0 Capital Request
 - \$52,250.0 Fed
 - \$12,080.0 GF Match
 - \$500.0 SDPR

Village Safe Water Funding





Access to in-home water and sewer service: Important for health

- Water quality
 - Prevents infections illness from drinking water
 - Water-borne diseases
 - Cholera, Typhoid, toxin-mediated
- Adequate water quantity
 - Drink, cook, wash: hands, body, clothes
 - Prevents infections spread person-to-person
 - Water-washed diseases
 - Influenza, Staph infections, pneumonia





Hospitalization Rates for "High" and "Low" Water Service Regions Alaska, 2000-2004



Citation: CDC and ANTHC Hennessy et al; AJPH November 2008



Progress in Alaska Village Sanitation





- For half a century, we've focused on getting rid of the honey bucket.
- Much progress has been made:
 - 30 years ago, fewer than 25% of rural Alaska households had running water & flush toilets.
 - In 1996, 55% of rural homes had piped or covered haul service.
 - Today, approximately 86% of rural homes have indoor plumbing (over 90% if regional hubs are included in the calculation).

Alaska Water & Sewer Challenge

- Conventional, community-wide piped systems and truck haul systems are expensive to construct, maintain and replace.
- Many communities cannot afford the high operation and maintenance costs associated with piped or haul systems.
- Available funding is not adequate to serve remaining homes and make needed improvements.
- Innovative approaches are needed to address health problems associated with water and sewer system deficiencies.







Water & Sewer System Types in Rural Alaska by number of communities - March 2019







Unserved Homes in Rural Alaska

Total Unserved Homes	= 2	2,610
Targeted for future service	= :	<u>1,960</u>
Homes in 24 unserved communities	5	
(eligible for VSW funding)	= <u>_</u>	L,460
Homes in 8 unserved subdivisions		
(in 8 "served" communities)	=	200
Individual homes in		
33 served communities	=	300
Not targeted for future service	=	650
Currently funded for service		
in 6 communities	=	200
Ineligible or no historical interest in services		
(31 communities)	=	450



Rural Alaska Sanitation Funding Need = \$1,420,503,024



Updated March 11, 2019



Sustainable, Predictable, Affordable

