

State of Alaska
Department of Corrections Recruitment \& Retention February 7, 2019

## Mission

The Alaska Department of Corrections provides secure confinement, reformative programs, and a process of supervised community reintegration to enhance the safety of our communities


## Current Data FY2018

- 12 facilities across the State of Alaska
- 887 Correctional Officers
- 967 available PCN's
- 9.3\% Vacancy Rate of CO positions
- Roughly 4,500 inmates


## Correctional Offitcers versus State Troopers

In 2018 the State declared the Troopers in a state of "emergency" when the Troopers were $13.37 \%$ understaffed

## Identified Need

The State of Alaska defines a "retention crisis" as $13.37 \%$ staffing deficiency
> In order to meet recommended staffing goals, ADOC would require:

139 additional officers
114 additional positions (PCN's)

## Impacts of Minimal Staffing

- Critical posts left vacant
- Delays in required in-service trainings
- Reliance on overtime
- Higher risk of staff assaults and potential increase of inmate altercations


## Retention Issues:

ADOC loses an average of 120 officers per year due to :

- Burnout
- Dismissals
- Retirements
- Low Morale

In-State Law Enforcement Salary Comparators


## Wage

Comparison

- Correction Officers earn approximately $60 \%$ of a Trooper's salary
- A CO with 20 years of service makes as much money as a $2^{\text {nd }}$ year trooper



## Disparity in Registered Nurse Salaries

- A DOC nurse with 10 years of experience makes only $\$ 2.00$ more than a new graduate
- DOC is working with DOA to put retention incentives in place


## Cost of Overtime

Total annual DOC overtime cost for FY2018
$\$ 6,981,712.87$

## Proper Staffing <br> Long Term Cost Savings

Safer Environment for both employees and inmates

FY2018
Recruitment Data:

- The DOC Training Academy provided training to 416 officers/employees totaling 34,226.50 training hours to include
- 58 new Correctional Officers
- 30 new Probation Officers
- 16 new Prison Transportation


## Recruitment Issues

- Minimal number of qualified applicants
- Lengthy recruiting process
- Limited recruiting efforts
- Competitive wages


## Questions?

