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WHY YOUR STATE SHOULD ADOPT THE REVISED UNIFORM FIDUCIARY ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS ACT (2015)

The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act (Revised UFADAA) modernizes fiduciary law for the internet age. Fiduciaries are the people appointed to manage our property when we die or lose the capacity to manage it ourselves. Nearly everyone today has digital assets, such as documents, photographs, email, and social media accounts, and fiduciaries are often prevented from accessing those accounts by password protection or restrictive terms of service. Digital assets may have real value, both monetary and sentimental, but they also present novel privacy concerns. UFADAA provides legal authority for fiduciaries to manage digital assets in accordance with the user's estate plan, while protecting a user's private communications from unwarranted disclosure.

- *Revised UFADAA gives internet users control.* Revised UFADAA allows users to specify whether their digital assets should be preserved, distributed to heirs, or destroyed.
- Revised UFADAA provides efficient uniformity for all concerned. Digital assets travel across state lines nearly instantaneously. In our modern mobile society, people relocate more often than ever. Because state law governs fiduciaries, a uniform law ensures that fiduciaries in every state will have equal access to digital assets and custodians will have a single legal standard with which to comply.
- Revised UFADAA respects privacy interests. Private communications like email and social media conversations are protected by federal privacy law. Revised UFADAA prevents the companies that store our communications from releasing them to fiduciaries unless the user consented to disclosure.
- Revised UFADAA addresses four common types of fiduciaries. Revised UFADAA provides appropriate default rules governing access to digital assets for executors of a decedent's estate, agents under a power of attorney, conservators, and trustees.
- Revised UFADAA works hand-in-hand with federal and state law. Under Revised UFADAA, fiduciaries must provide proof of their authority in the form of a certified document. Custodians of digital assets that comply with a fiduciary's apparently authorized request for access are immune from any liability under statutes that prohibit unauthorized access. A fiduciary's authority over digital assets is limited by federal law, including the Copyright Act and the Electronic Communications Privacy Act.

For further information about Revised UFADAA, please contact ULC Chief Counsel Benjamin Orzeske at (312) 450-6621 or borzeske@uniformlaws.org.