



Overview of DOR's Indirect Expenditure Report, Preliminary Report for FY 2009-FY 2013

Presentation to House Finance Committee

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Note

This presentation focuses on report methodology and substance, not policy issues regarding specific indirect expenditures.

Overview

Indirect Expenditure Report Legislation Overview

- Bill provisions, DOR requirements, Legislative Finance Division requirements
- Process and methodology for producing the DOR Indirect Expenditure Report
- Overview of the DOR Indirect Expenditure Report

Future Plans

Indirect Expenditure Report Legislation Overview



Indirect Expenditure Report Legislation Overview

- Passed in 2014 and signed on July 7, 2014
- The first DOR Indirect Expenditure Report was released the day after the bill was signed, July 8, 2014
- Requires DOR to submit a report to the Legislature biennially on July 1 detailing indirect expenditures of all agencies in the State (AS 43.05.095)
- Requires the Legislative Finance Division to provide a report to the Legislature on the indirect expenditures of certain agencies before the start of Legislative Session following the release of DOR's biennial report
- Modifies or implements sunset dates on certain non-oil and gas tax credits

Indirect expenditure: Any foregone revenue by the state designed to encourage an activity to benefit the public in the form of a credit, exemption, deduction, deferral, discount, exclusion, or other differential allowance.

As defined by AS 43.05.095(d):

- A tax credit or other credit
- An exemption, but does not include federal tax exemptions adopted by reference in AS 43.20.021
- > A discount
- A deduction, but does not include costs incurred in the ordinary course of business that are deducted in the calculation of a tax under this title or in the calculation of a royalty or net profit share payment for a lease issued under AS 38
- A differential allowance

DOR Indirect Expenditure Report

- Released July 8, 2014 by DOR
- Based in part on the 2013 Legislative Research report, Indirect Expenditures, Provisions in Alaska Law
- Provides details on 251 indirect expenditures across 11 departments and agencies, including 78 provisions administered by DOR
- A cooperative effort between the 10 other participating agencies, coordinated by DOR

Credit Sunset Dates

The Indirect Expenditure Report legislation modified sunset dates on certain credits:

- December 31, 2016 for the Winn Brindle Scholarship tax credit and the salmon utilization tax credit
- December 31, 2018 for the film production credit and the education credit
- December 31, 2020 for the salmon product development credit and the Community Development Quote (CDQ) credit

Process and Methodology for DOR's *Indirect Expenditure Report*



Methodology- Internally

Internally:

- Work began in April 2014 with a dedicated economist and dedicated time from others, including:
 - Audit supervisors and staff
 - Accounting supervisors and staff
 - DOR IT
 - Other Economic Research Group Staff
 - Department of Law

Methodology- Externally

Externally:

- DOR met with other departments and agencies and sent out a survey for the report
- Each agency examined their operations to identify indirect expenditures and report the required information
- Many departments identified additional indirect expenditures that needed to be added
 - Submissions from other departments and agencies are not independently verified

Reported Information

Each department was required to report the following information:

- The name of the indirect expenditure
- A brief description
- The statutory authority
- > The repeal date, if applicable
- The intent of the legislature in enacting the statute authorizing the indirect expenditure

- The public purpose served by the indirect expenditure
- The estimated revenue impact of the indirect expenditure for the previous five fiscal years (excluding the fiscal year immediately preceding the date the report is due)
- The estimated cost to administer the indirect expenditure, if applicable
- The number of beneficiaries of the indirect expenditure

Review and Coordination

- Before release, DOR methodology and report drafts were reviewed by:
 - Contributing agencies and departments
 - Legislative Finance Division
 - The Office of Management and Budget
 - The Bill Sponsor's staff
- Feedback was incorporated into the report to the extent possible given the compressed time frame

Overview of DOR's Indirect Expenditure



Overview of DOR's Indirect Expenditure Report

Introduction, discussing the purpose of the report, what is included in the report, and an explanation of the limitations of the report

> The indirect expenditures are organized by:

- > Departments, alphabetically
 - Divisions, alphabetically
 - Grouped by Program Name (if applicable)

Limitations of DOR's Indirect Expenditure Report

Due to the short time constraints:

- > There is some missing or unverified information
 - "Cost to Administer" is limited
 - The "Legislative Intent" section of many indirect expenditures was incomplete
 - In some cases "Number of Beneficiaries" required additional work to ascertain the impact of the indirect expenditure
- More time was needed to carry out in-depth analysis

Future Plans



Future Plans

- Reaching out to the University of Alaska and the Alaska Railroad for inclusion in future reports
- Reaching out to the Office of Management and Budget, the Legislative Finance Division, and the Bill Sponsor concerning the next *Indirect Expenditure Report* in 2016
- Refining definitions of "Cost of Administration" and "Legislative Intent" by working with stakeholders
- Integrating DOR Indirect Expenditure Report reporting with the new Tax Revenue Management System
- Compiling feedback and suggestions which may be incorporated into the next report in Summer 2016