# HB 365 Individual Income Tax &

# Permanent Fund Refundable Tax Payment

House Finance – April 7, 2016

Presentation prepared by the Office of Rep. Paul Seaton

Not paying for what we spend this year means that <u>our children</u> will pay for what we spend this year.

-Gunnar Knapp

# Sensible Spending Cuts

### **The Plan**

Addressing the budget deficit through a diversified approach will provide a smoother economic transition for all Alaskans.

**PFD** 

New \
Revenue

# Sensible Spending Cuts

**The Plan** 

Addressing the budget deficit through a diversified approach will provide a smoother economic transition for all Alaskans.

The Legislature controls the budget cuts and will continue reducing.

**PFD** 

New Revenue

# Sensible Spending Cuts

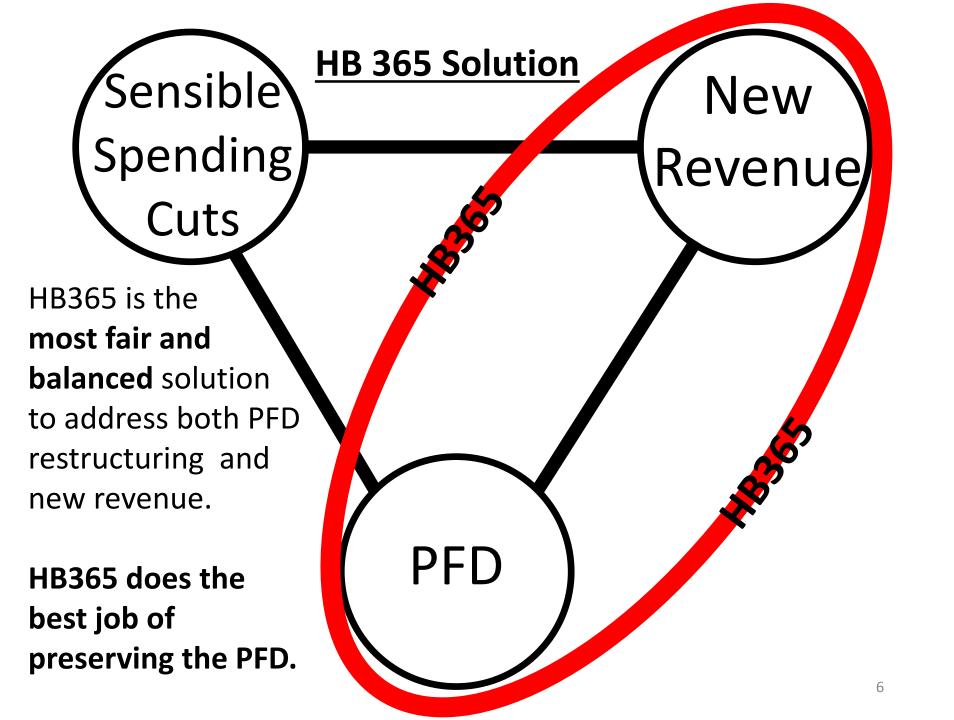
## **The Plan**

Addressing the budget deficit through a diversified approach will provide a smoother economic transition for all Alaskans.

The other
Permanent Fund
bills only address
one part of the plan.







## **INCOME TAX:**

- 15% Federal Liability
- 10% Long Term Capital Gains
- Nonresidents
- Total estimated revenue

## Revenue\*

\$500 million

\$ 85 million

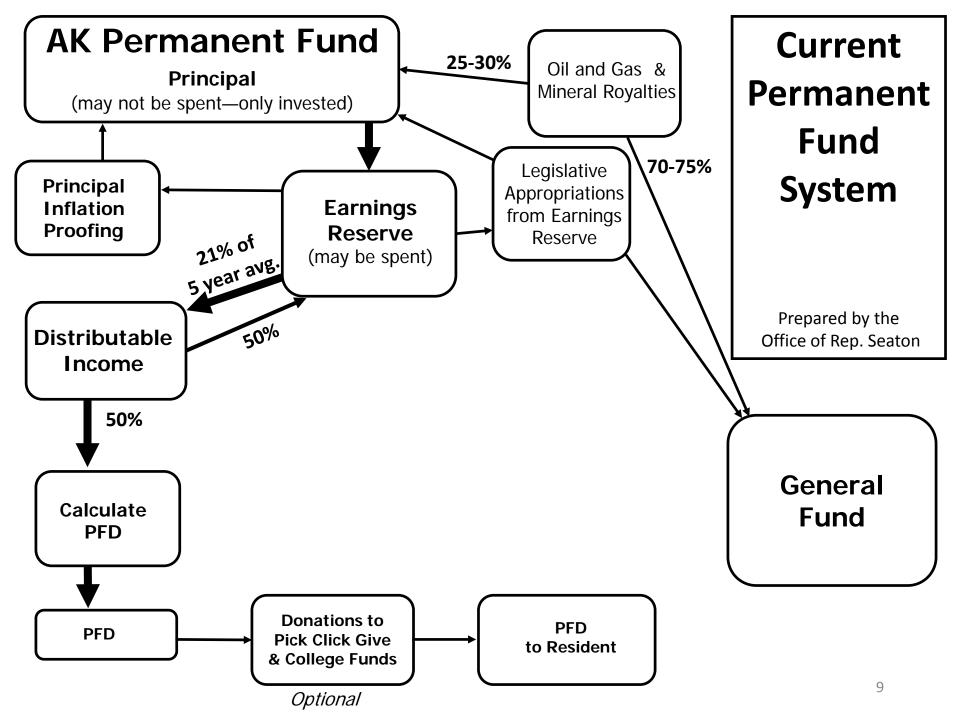
\$ 70 million

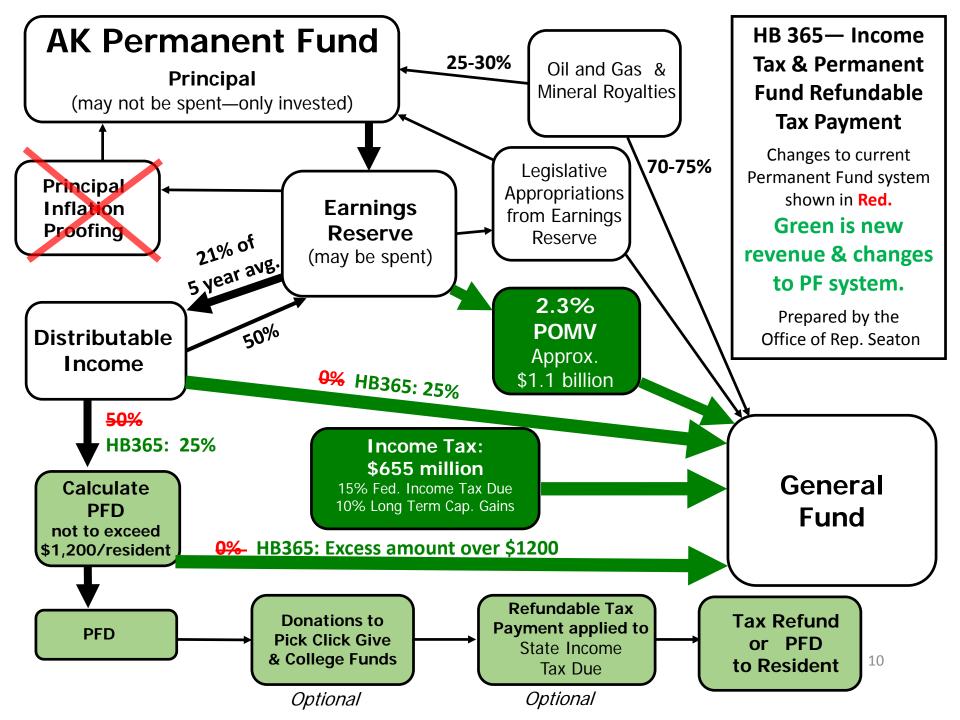
\$655 million

<sup>\*</sup>Dept. of Revenue fiscal note estimates 4/15/15 from HB182 which is similar to the income tax portion of HB365.

## Changes with the PFD

- Distributable Income: currently 50% of the income available for distribution goes to PFDs and 50% stays in the Earnings Reserve. **HB365: 25% goes to PFDs, 25% goes to the general fund,** 50% still stays in the Earnings Reserve.
- A PFD will not exceed \$1,200. If the amount calculated for the PFD is over \$1,200, the amount in excess of \$1,200 shall be appropriated to the general fund.
- Residents may apply their PFD to their upcoming state income tax due as a Refundable Tax Payment. Any amount left over after paying taxes will be refunded by the Tax Division.
- 2.3% Permanent Fund POMV directed to the General Fund and delete inflation proofing.





#### **HB 365: Total Estimated Revenue to General Fund**

Income Tax Revenue\* \$655,000,000

25% PF Distributable Income\*\* \$686,542,500

2.3% POMV Draw \$1,100,000,000 & Delete Inflation Proofing \*\*\*

Total Revenue to General Fund \$2,441,542,500

<sup>\*</sup>Based on 2015 Fiscal Note for HB 182 which mirrors the income tax portion of HB365

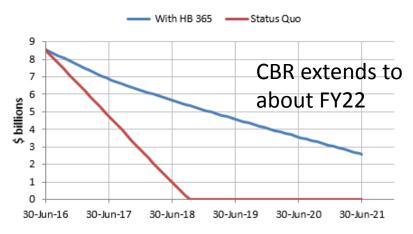
<sup>\*\*</sup>HB 365 will provide money to the general fund from two sources: 1) it will limit the PFD to \$1200; any excess over \$1200 will go to the General Fund. 2) distributable income from the Earnings Reserve: 25% goes to pay PFDs, 25% goes to the General Fund, & remaining 50% still stays in Earnings Reserve. This amount is based on the 2015 PFD calculation.

<sup>\*\*\* 2.3%</sup> POMV Draw & delete inflation proofing amount based on Alaska Futures model 5 year average projection FY17-FY21.

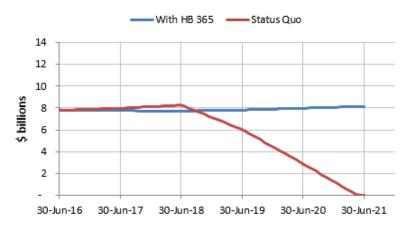
#### Alaska Futures – CS HB 365 ver. P

These charts were created using the Alaska Futures model program developed by economist Alan Mitchell.

#### Constitutional Budget Reserve + Misc Funds



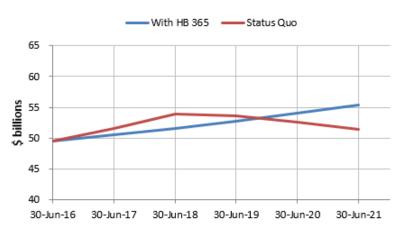
#### **Permanent Fund Earnings Reserve**



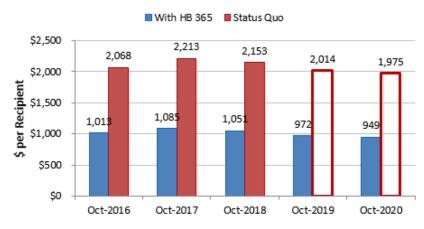
Assumption:	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 20	FY 21
Oil Price						
Forecast, \$/bbl:	\$40	\$39	\$44	\$49	\$54	\$60

Permanent Fund Total Return Rate, FY17 & beyond 6.90% /year

#### **Total Permanent Fund**



#### **Dividend Check Forecast**



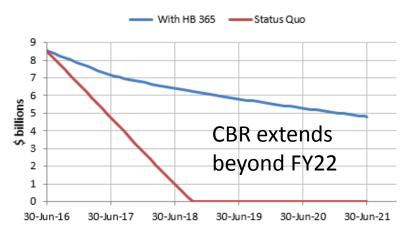
Average Dividend Check for the last five years (2011 - 2015) was \$1,382.

2019 & 2020 - Empty Red bars indicate PFD could be gone if status quo

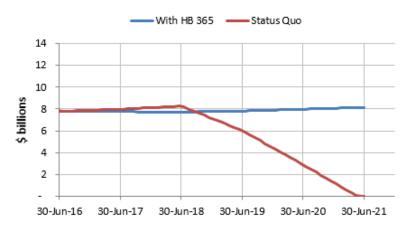
#### Alaska Futures – CS HB 365 ver. P – with Additional Budget Reductions & Revenues

These charts were created using the Alaska Futures model program developed by economist Alan Mitchell.

#### Constitutional Budget Reserve + Misc Funds

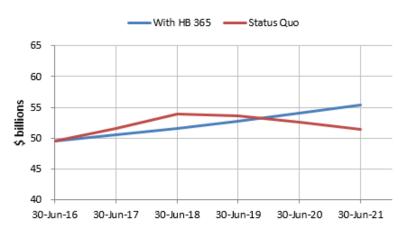


#### **Permanent Fund Earnings Reserve**

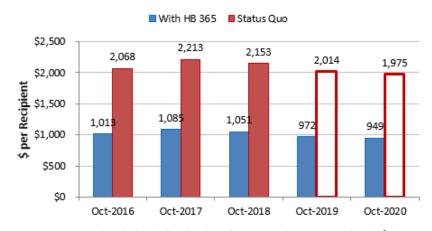


Same assumptions as slide 12 with the following included:

#### **Total Permanent Fund**



#### **Dividend Check Forecast**



Average Dividend Check for the last five years (2011 - 2015) was \$1,382.

Transportation Fuel Tax Increase: \$49 million (M) each year FY 17-FY21
Fisheries Tax Increase: \$18M FY17, \$19M FY18-FY19, \$20M FY20-FY21
Cook Inlet Tax Credit WLE expire 7-1-16, QCE expire 1-1-17: \$150M FY17, \$300M FY18-FY21
North Slope NOL Tax Credit reduce 35% to 25% 1-1-17: \$50M FY17, \$100M FY19-21