

Fiscal Note

State of Alaska
2014 Legislative Session

Bill Version: SB 28
Fiscal Note Number: _____
() Publish Date: _____

Identifier: SB028CS(RES)-DNR-DOF-3-24-14
Title: SUSITNA STATE FOREST; SALE OF TIMBER
Sponsor: RLS BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR
Requester: Senate Finance

Department: Department of Natural Resources
Appropriation: Land & Water Resources
Allocation: Forest Management & Development
OMB Component Number: 435

Expenditures/Revenues

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

(Thousands of Dollars)

	FY2015 Appropriation Requested	Included in Governor's FY2015 Request	Out-Year Cost Estimates				
OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020
Personal Services							
Travel							
Services							
Commodities							
Capital Outlay							
Grants & Benefits							
Miscellaneous							
Total Operating	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Fund Source (Operating Only)

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Positions

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

Change in Revenues							
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Estimated SUPPLEMENTAL (FY2014) cost: 0.0 (separate supplemental appropriation required)
(discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

Estimated CAPITAL (FY2015) cost: 0.0 (separate capital appropriation required)
(discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS

Does the bill direct, or will the bill result in, regulation changes adopted by your agency? No
If yes, by what date are the regulations to be adopted, amended or repealed? N/A

Why this fiscal note differs from previous version:

Updated the bill analysis section to reflect changes in the committee substitute.

Prepared By: John 'Chris' Maisch, Director
Division: Division of Forestry
Approved By: Joe Balash, Commissioner
Agency: Department of Natural Resources

Phone: (907)451-2660
Date: 03/24/2014 12:00 PM
Date: 03/24/14

FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

STATE OF ALASKA
2014 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. CSSB 28(RES)

Analysis

This bill would establish a new State Forest and broaden the options for negotiated timber sales on state land. Implementation of this bill will not require new positions or funding. The Division of Forestry currently already manages land classified for forestry use by regional area plans and the division has an active timber management program in place.

The bill will have no short-term impact to the revenue stream, but will provide for long-term increases in forest productivity and subsequent increased timber revenues.

I. Susitna State Forest

This bill would establish the Susitna State Forest in the Matanuska and Susitna Valleys from state land presently classified for forestry management by the two area plans for the region. These lands are currently managed by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) for timber harvest and other multiple uses. Legislative designation of these lands as a State Forest will ensure the long-term availability of a timber supply for local commercial and personal use, support economic opportunities for the region's communities, improve access to the parcels, and retain the land in state ownership for multiple uses. The State Forest will also support the growing interest in wood energy projects in local communities. These projects require a long-term, sustainable wood supply.

The proposed State Forest includes 20 parcels totalling approximately 686,600 acres in 10 large management blocks. The Susitna State Forest would become part of the State Forest system managed under AS 41.17.200-.230 and the Alaska Forest Resources and Practices Act (FRPA, AS 41.17) which is designed to protect fish habitat and water quality, and ensure reforestation. A state forest management plan would be prepared and adopted through a public process as required by AS 41.17.230.

II. Negotiated timber sales

This bill would expand the conditions under which the state could offer negotiated timber sales under AS 38.05.110 and .118. Under the existing statutes, DNR may not offer negotiated timber greater than 500 thousand board feet unless the sale area has high unemployment, underutilized manufacturing capacity, and an underutilized timber supply that will lose value due to insects, disease, fire, or conversion to nonforest uses. These criteria prohibit larger negotiated timber sales in many areas of the state that are actively managed for forestry, and where there is high demand for wood for timber products and biomass energy. This bill would allow DNR to offer negotiated sales statewide within the limits of the sustained yield supply, and subject to a best interest finding under AS 38.05.035.

While it is anticipated that for most timber sales, a competitive bid process will continue to be in the best interest of the state, this bill would enable DNR to better respond to the economic realities and variability in the forest sector.