

LAWS OF ALASKA

2006

Source CCS HB 149 Chapter No.

AN ACT

Relating to controlled substances; relating to the crimes of manslaughter, endangering the welfare of a child, and misconduct involving a controlled substance; relating to the manufacture of methamphetamine and to the sale, possession, and delivery of certain substances and precursors used in the manufacture of methamphetamine; relating to listing certain anabolic steroids as controlled substances; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

THE ACT FOLLOWS ON PAGE 1

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AN ACT

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manufacture of methamphetamine and to the sale, possession, and delivery of certain

substances and precursors used in the manufacture of methamphetamine; relating to listing

certain anabolic steroids as controlled substances; and providing for an effective date. 5

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7 * Section 1. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section 8 to read:

PURPOSE OF SECS. 7 - 10. The purpose of secs. 7 - 10 of this Act is to protect the health and safety of persons in this state and to provide legislative findings concerning this Act regarding marijuana and its effects in this state.

* Sec. 2. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to

read:

FINDINGS FOR SECS. 7 - 10. The type of marijuana available in the United States and Alaska today, and the changes in the patterns of usage of the drug, particularly by young Alaskans, Alaska Natives, and those undergoing alcohol treatment, pose a threat to the public health and welfare that justifies prohibiting possession in this state, even by adults at home. In this Act, the legislature has considered its duty to implement the right to privacy in art. I, sec. 22, Constitution of the State of Alaska, and its duty to promote the public health and welfare in art. VII, sec. 4, Constitution of the State of Alaska. The legislature has also considered its obligation to carry out the intent of the voters of Alaska in recriminalizing marijuana by ballot initiative in 1990, and in defeating ballot initiatives to again decriminalize marijuana in 2000 and 2004. To assist the courts in considering these issues, the legislature further finds that

- (1) the potency of marijuana has increased dramatically since the 1960s and 1970s; the national average amount of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), the main psychoactive ingredient, was less than one percent then, but increased steadily in the 1980s and 1990s, and by 2003 was six times higher, at 6.4 percent; marijuana grown and available in Alaska is much more potent than the national average, and has been tested with THC levels over 20 percent; the average potency of Alaska marijuana for the period 1993-2003 was over 10 percent and for 2003 was nearly 14 percent; Alaska marijuana today commands hundreds of dollars per ounce on the illegal market and is often sold in smaller amounts within the price range of teenagers; the increasing potency of marijuana corresponds to an increase in substance abuse treatment admissions, particularly of youth 12 17 years of age, and in the number of persons seeking emergency medical care due to marijuana-related incidents;
- (2) several hundred adults and children are admitted into treatment each year in Alaska for marijuana abuse, with more than half being children under 18 years of age; pregnant women in Alaska use marijuana at a higher rate than the national average;
- (3) there is evidence that many users become dependent on marijuana under the clinical standards applied by the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders IV; studies have shown that use of marijuana and withdrawal from marijuana affect some of the same neurochemical processes as known addictive drugs; Marijuana Anonymous chapters to treat marijuana addicts exist in a majority of states in the country; this is persuasive evidence of marijuana's potential for users becoming dependent on it; currently, one-third of

all persons in Alaska treated for drug and alcohol problems are treated for marijuana abuse;

- 2 (4) early exposure of young people to marijuana increases the likelihood of 3 lifelong health and social problems, makes it more likely that the person will later use more 4 potent illegal drugs, and is associated with depression and an increased risk of attempting 5 suicide;
 - (5) a high percentage of persons in treatment for alcohol abuse also abuse marijuana; although the relationship between marijuana and alcohol and other drugs is not fully understood, there is a correlative effect that makes it more difficult to treat alcoholism when marijuana is also used;
 - (6) marijuana consists of hundreds of different chemicals and can affect almost every organ and system in the body, including the lymph system, the heart, and the lungs; THC binds to receptors in the brain that should otherwise bind to naturally occurring brain chemicals; marijuana can affect memory, attention, judgment, and other cognitive functions and can impair motor coordination, time perception, and balance; marijuana smoke contains more carcinogenic hydrocarbons than tobacco smoke; marijuana often contains bacteria or fungi that are dangerous to humans, and is harvested and sold without removing pesticides and fungicides;
 - (7) a high percentage of persons arrested in this state, including adults and juveniles who commit violent offenses, have marijuana in their system at the time of the arrest; the percentage is particularly high for adults arrested for domestic violence who test positive for marijuana at the time of the arrest;
 - (8) if a parent uses marijuana, their children are four to five times more likely to become marijuana users; many high school students report that they have been able to get marijuana at home or from a relative; criminal penalties for possession of marijuana in the home will deter possession by adults and reduce its availability and accessibility to children; studies have shown that criminal penalties for possession of marijuana are effective in increasing the perception among teenagers of the risks of using the drug, thus reducing its use by young people;
 - (9) in Noy v. State, 83 P.3d 538 (Alaska App. 2003), the Alaska court of appeals allowed any person over 17 years of age to possess up to four ounces of marijuana in their home; at the same time, the court held that possession of four ounces could legitimately

1	be prohibited even in the home because it was reasonable for the legislature to conclude in
2	1982 that possession of four ounces is indicative of an intent to sell; the street value of
3	marijuana today is between \$350 and \$550 per ounce; the legislature heard evidence that
4	possession of four ounces or more indicates an intent to distribute; and therefore this is the
5	appropriate amount to justify a felony offense; the Noy decision also led the same court in
6	Crocker v. State, 97 P.3d 93 (Alaska App. 2004) to invalidate search warrants for commercial
7	marijuana-growing and, in the words of the dissenting chief judge, make it "difficult for the
8	state to enforce legitimate laws prohibiting the sale and possession of marijuana."
9	* Sec. 3. AS 11.41.120(a) is amended to read:
10	(a) A person commits the crime of manslaughter if the person
11	(1) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another
12	person under circumstances not amounting to murder in the first or second degree;
13	[OR]
14	(2) intentionally aids another person to commit suicide; or
15	(3) knowingly manufactures or delivers a controlled substance in
16	violation of AS 11.71.010 - 11.71.030 or 11.71.040(a)(1) for schedule IVA
17	controlled substances, and a person dies as a direct result of ingestion of the
18	controlled substance; the death is a result that does not require a culpable mental
19	state; in this paragraph, "ingestion" means voluntarily or involuntarily taking a
20	substance into the body in any manner.
21	* Sec. 4. AS 11.71.020(a) is amended to read:
22	(a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
23	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the second degree if the person
24	(1) manufactures or delivers any amount of a schedule IA controlled
25	substance or possesses any amount of a schedule IA controlled substance with intent
26	to manufacture or deliver;
27	(2) manufactures any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that
28	contains
29	(A) methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers;
30	or
31	(B) an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or its salts,

1	isomers, or salts of isomers;
2	(3) possesses an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or the
3	salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of the immediate precursor of methamphetamine
4	with the intent to manufacture any material, compound, mixture, or preparation tha
5	contains methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers; [OR]
6	(4) possesses a listed chemical with intent to manufacture any material
7	compound, mixture, or preparation that contains
8	(A) methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers
9	or
10	(B) an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or its salts
11	isomers, or salts of isomer;
12	(5) possesses methamphetamine in an organic solution with inten-
13	to extract from it methamphetamine or its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers; or
14	(6) under circumstances not proscribed under AS 11.71.010(a)(2).
15	delivers
16	(A) an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or the
17	salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of the immediate precursor of
18	methamphetamine, to another person with reckless disregard that the
19	precursor will be used to manufacture any material, compound, mixture
20	or preparation that contains methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or
21	salts of isomers; or
22	(B) a listed chemical to another person with reckless
23	disregard that the listed chemical will be used to manufacture any
24	material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains
25	(i) methamphetamine, or its salts, isomers, or salts of
26	isomers;
27	(ii) an immediate precursor of methamphetamine, or
28	its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers; or
29	(iii) methamphetamine or its salts, isomers, or salts
80	of isomers in an organic solution.
31	* Sec. 5. AS 11.71.020 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

1	(d) In a prosecution under (a) of this section, possession of more than six
2	grams of the listed chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or
3	the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of those chemicals is prima facie evidence that
4	the person intended to use the listed chemicals to manufacture, to aid or abet another
5	person to manufacture, or to deliver to another person who intends to manufacture
6	methamphetamine, its immediate precursors, or the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers
7	of methamphetamine or its immediate precursors. The prima facie evidence described
8	in this subsection does not apply to a person who possesses
9	(1) the listed chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine,
10	phenylpropanolamine, or the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of those chemicals
11	(A) and the listed chemical was dispensed to the person under a
12	valid prescription; or
13	(B) in the ordinary course of a legitimate business, or an
14	employee of a legitimate business, as a
15	(i) retailer or as a wholesaler;
16	(ii) wholesale drug distributor licensed by the Board of
17	Pharmacy;
18	(iii) manufacturer of drug products licensed by the
19	Board of Pharmacy;
20	(iv) pharmacist licensed by the Board of Pharmacy; or
21	(v) health care professional licensed by the state; or
22	(2) less than 24 grams of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine,
23	phenylpropanolamine, or the salts, isomers, or salts of isomers of those chemicals,
24	kept in a locked storage area on the premises of a legitimate business or nonprofit
25	organization operating a camp, lodge, school, day care center, treatment center, or
26	other organized group activity, and the location or nature of the activity, or the age of
27	the participants, makes it impractical for the participants in the activity to obtain
28	medicinal products.
29	* Sec. 6. AS 11.71.030(a) is amended to read:
30	(a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
31	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the third degree if the person

1	(1) under circumstances not proscribed under AS 11.71.020(a)(2) - (b)
2	[AS 11.71.020(a)(2) - (4)], manufactures or delivers any amount of a schedule IIA or
3	IIIA controlled substance or possesses any amount of a schedule IIA or IIIA controlled
4	substance with intent to manufacture or deliver;
5	(2) delivers any amount of a schedule IVA, VA, or VIA controlled
6	substance to a person under 19 years of age who is at least three years younger than
7	the person delivering the substance; or
8	(3) possesses any amount of a schedule IA or IIA controlled substance
9	(A) with reckless disregard that the possession occurs
10	(i) on or within 500 feet of school grounds; or
11	(ii) at or within 500 feet of a recreation or youth center;
12	or
13	(B) on a school bus.
14	* Sec. 7. AS 11.71.040(a) is amended to read:
15	(a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
16	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the fourth degree if the person
17	(1) manufactures or delivers any amount of a schedule IVA or VA
18	controlled substance or possesses any amount of a schedule IVA or VA controlled
19	substance with intent to manufacture or deliver;
20	(2) manufactures or delivers, or possesses with the intent to
21	manufacture or deliver, one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances
22	of an aggregate weight of one ounce or more containing a schedule VIA controlled
23	substance;
24	(3) possesses
25	(A) any amount of a schedule IA or IIA controlled substance;
26	(B) 25 or more tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
27	schedule IIIA or IVA controlled substance;
28	(C) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
29	substances of an aggregate weight of three grams or more containing a
30	schedule IIIA or IVA controlled substance;
31	(D) 50 or more tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a

1	schedule VA controlled substance;
2	(E) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
3	substances of an aggregate weight of six grams or more containing a schedule
4	VA controlled substance;
5	(F) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
6	substances of an aggregate weight of four ounces [ONE POUND] or more
7	containing a schedule VIA controlled substance; or
8	(G) 25 or more plants of the genus cannabis;
9	(4) possesses a schedule IIIA, IVA, VA, or VIA controlled substance
10	(A) with reckless disregard that the possession occurs
11	(i) on or within 500 feet of school grounds; or
12	(ii) at or within 500 feet of a recreation or youth center;
13	or
14	(B) on a school bus;
15	(5) knowingly keeps or maintains any store, shop, warehouse,
16	dwelling, building, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other structure or place that is used for
17	keeping or distributing controlled substances in violation of a felony offense under this
18	chapter or AS 17.30;
19	(6) makes, delivers, or possesses a punch, die, plate, stone, or other
20	thing that [WHICH] prints, imprints, or reproduces a trademark, trade name, or other
21	identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of these upon a
22	drug, drug container, or labeling so as to render the drug a counterfeit substance;
23	(7) knowingly uses in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a
24	controlled substance a registration number that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or
25	issued to another person;
26	(8) knowingly furnishes false or fraudulent information in or omits
27	material information from any application, report, record, or other document required
28	to be kept or filed under AS 17.30;
29	(9) obtains possession of a controlled substance by misrepresentation,
0	fraud, forgery, deception, or subterfuge; or
1	(10) affixes a false or forged label to a package or other container

Ţ	containing any controlled substance.
2	* Sec. 8. AS 11.71.050(a) is amended to read:
3	(a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of
4	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the fifth degree if the person
5	(1) manufactures or delivers, or possesses with the intent to
6	manufacture or deliver, one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or substances
7	of an aggregate weight of less than one [ONE-HALF] ounce [OR MORE] containing
8	a schedule VIA controlled substance;
9	(2) [MANUFACTURES OR DELIVERS, OR POSSESSES WITH
10	THE INTENT TO MANUFACTURE OR DELIVER, ONE OR MORE
11	PREPARATIONS, COMPOUNDS, MIXTURES, OR SUBSTANCES OF AN
12	AGGREGATE WEIGHT OF LESS THAN ONE-HALF OUNCE CONTAINING A
13	SCHEDULE VIA CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, FOR REMUNERATION;
14	(3)] possesses
15	(A) less than 25 tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
16	schedule IIIA or IVA controlled substance;
17	(B) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
18	substances of an aggregate weight of less than three grams containing a
19	schedule IIIA or IVA controlled substance;
20	(C) less than 50 tablets, ampules, or syrettes containing a
21	schedule VA controlled substance;
22	(D) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
23	substances of an aggregate weight of less than six grams containing a schedule
24	VA controlled substance; or
25	(E) one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
26	substances of an aggregate weight of one ounce [ONE-HALF POUND] or
27	more containing a schedule VIA controlled substance; or
28	(3) [(4)] fails to make, keep, or furnish any record, notification, order
29	form, statement, invoice, or information required under AS 17.30.
30	* Sec. 9. AS 11.71.060(a) is amended to read:
1	(a) Except as authorized in AS 17.30, a person commits the crime of

1	misconduct involving a controlled substance in the sixth degree if the person
2	(1) uses or displays any amount of a schedule VIA controlled
3	substance;
4	(2) [OR] possesses one or more preparations, compounds, mixtures, or
5	substances of an aggregate weight of less than one ounce [ONE-HALF POUND]
6	containing a schedule VIA controlled substance;
7	or
8	(3) [(2)] refuses entry into a premise for an inspection authorized under
9	AS 17.30.
10	* Sec. 10. AS 11.71.080 is amended to read:
11	Sec. 11.71.080. Aggregate weight of live marijuana plants. For purposes of
12	calculating the aggregate weight of a live marijuana plant, the aggregate weight shall
13	be one-sixth of the measured weight of the marijuana plant after the roots of the
14	marijuana plant have been removed [WHEN REDUCED TO ITS COMMONLY
15	USED FORM].
16	* Sec. 11. AS 11.71.180 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
17	(f) Schedule VA includes, unless specifically excepted or unless listed in
18	another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any
19	quantity of the following substances, including their salts, esters, isomers, and salts of
20	esters and isomers if those salts, esters, or isomers promote muscle growth, whenever
21	the existence of these salts, esters, and isomers is possible within the specific chemical
22	designation: anabolic steroids. In this subsection, "anabolic steroids" means any drug
23	or hormonal substance that is chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone
24	(other than estrogens, progestins, and corticosteroids) and that promotes muscle
25	growth; "anabolic steroids" does not include an anabolic steroid that is expressly
26	intended for administration through implants to cattle or other nonhuman species and
27	that has been approved by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services
28	for that administration, unless a person prescribes, dispenses, or distributes that type of
29	anabolic steroid for human use; "anabolic steroids" includes the following:
30	(1) boldenone;
31	(2) chlorotestosterone (4-chlorotestosterone);

1	(3) clostebol;
2	(4) dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;
3	(5) dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);
4	(6) drostanolone;
5	(7) ethylestrenol;
6	(8) fluoxymesterone;
7	(9) formebulone (formebolone);
8	(10) mesterolone;
9	(11) methandienone;
10	(12) methandranone;
11	(13) methandriol;
12	(14) methandrostenolone;
13	(15) methenolone;
14	(16) methyltestosterone;
15	(17) mibolerone;
16	(18) nandrolone;
17	(19) norethandrolone;
18	(20) oxandrolone;
19	(21) oxymesterone;
20	(22) oxymetholone;
21	(23) stanolone;
22	(24) stanozolol;
23	(25) testolactone;
24	(26) testosterone;
25	(27) trenbolone.
26	* Sec. 12. AS 11.71 is amended by adding a new section to article 2 to read:
27	Sec. 11.71.210. Purchase or receipt of restricted amounts of certain listed
28	chemicals. (a) A person commits the crime of purchase or receipt of restricted
29	amounts of certain listed chemicals if the person purchases or receives more than six
30	grams of the following listed chemical, its salts, isomers, or salts of isomers within
31	any 30-day period:

1	(1) ephedrine under AS 11.71.200(4);
2	(2) pseudoephedrine under AS 11.71.200(13);
3	(3) phenylpropanolamine under AS 11.71.200(11).
4	(b) This section does not apply to a person who lawfully purchases or receives
5	(1) more than six grams of a listed chemical identified in (a) of this
6	section
7	(A) that was dispensed to the person under a valid prescription;
8	or
9	(B) in the ordinary course of a legitimate business, or to an
10	employee of a legitimate business, as a
11	(i) retailer or as a wholesaler;
12	(ii) wholesale drug distributor licensed by the Board of
13	Pharmacy;
14	(iii) manufacturer of drug products licensed by the
15	Board of Pharmacy;
16	(iv) pharmacist licensed by the Board of Pharmacy; or
17	(v) health care professional licensed by the state; or
18	(2) more than six but less than 24 grams of a listed chemical identified
19	in (a) of this section in the ordinary course of a legitimate business or nonprofit
20	organization, or as an employee of a legitimate business or nonprofit organization,
21	operating a camp, lodge, school, day care center, treatment center, or other organized
22	group activity, and the location or nature of the activity, or the age of the participants,
23	makes it impractical for the participants in the activity to obtain medicinal products.
24	(c) Purchase or receipt of restricted amounts of certain listed chemicals is a
25	class C felony.
26	* Sec. 13. AS 12.30.023 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
27	(b) In addition to conditions the court may impose under (a) of this section and
28	notwithstanding other provisions in this chapter, if the defendant is charged with
29	manufacturing methamphetamine under AS 11.71.020(a)(2), unless the defendant
30	proves to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant's only role in the offense was
31	as an aider or abettor and that the defendant did not stand to benefit financially from

1	the manufacturing, the court shall require the posting of a minimum of \$250,000 cash
2	bond if the defendant has previously been convicted in this or another jurisdiction of
3	manufacturing, delivering, or possessing methamphetamine.
4	* Sec. 14. AS 12.55.125(c) is amended to read:
5	(c) Except as provided in (i) of this section, a defendant convicted of a class A
6	felony may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than 20 years,
7	and shall be sentenced to a definite term within the following presumptive ranges,
8	subject to adjustment as provided in AS 12.55.155 - 12.55.175:
9	(1) if the offense is a first felony conviction and does not involve
10	circumstances described in (2) of this subsection, five to eight years;
11	(2) if the offense is a first felony conviction
12	(A) and the defendant possessed a firearm, used a dangerous
13	instrument, or caused serious physical injury or death during the commission
14	of the offense, or knowingly directed the conduct constituting the offense at a
15	uniformed or otherwise clearly identified peace officer, fire fighter,
16	correctional employee, emergency medical technician, paramedic, ambulance
17	attendant, or other emergency responder who was engaged in the performance
18	of official duties at the time of the offense, seven to 11 years;
19	(B) and the conviction is for manufacturing related to
20	methamphetamine under AS 11.71.020(a)(2)(A) or (B), seven to 11 years,
21	<u>if</u>
22	(i) the manufacturing occurred in a building with
23	reckless disregard that the building was used as a permanent or
24	temporary home or place of lodging for one or more children
25	under 18 years of age or the building was a place frequented by
26	children; or
27	(ii) in the course of manufacturing or in preparation
28	for manufacturing, the defendant obtained the assistance of one or
29	more children under 18 years of age or one or more children were
30	present;
31	(3) if the offense is a second felony conviction, 10 to 14 years;

1	(4) If the offense is a third felony conviction and the defendant is not
2	subject to sentencing under (1) of this section, 15 to 20 years.
3	* Sec. 15. AS 12.55.125(d) is amended to read:
4	(d) Except as provided in (i) of this section, a defendant convicted of a class B
5	felony may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than 10 years,
6	and shall be sentenced to a definite term within the following presumptive ranges,
7	subject to adjustment as provided in AS 12.55.155 - 12.55.175:
8	(1) if the offense is a first felony conviction and does not involve
9	circumstances described in (2) of this subsection, one to three years; a defendant
10	sentenced under this paragraph may, if the court finds it appropriate, be granted a
11	suspended imposition of sentence under AS 12.55.085 if, as a condition of probation
.12	under AS 12.55.086, the defendant is required to serve an active term of imprisonment
13	within the range specified in this paragraph, unless the court finds that a mitigation
14	factor under AS 12.55.155 applies;
15	(2) if the offense is a first felony conviction,
16	(A) the defendant violated AS 11.41.130, and the victim was a
17	child under 16 years of age, two to four years;
18	(B) two to four years if the conviction is for an attempt,
19	solicitation, or conspiracy to manufacture related to methamphetamine
20	under AS 11.31 and AS 11.71.020(a)(2)(A) or (B), and
21	(i) the attempted manufacturing occurred, or the
22	solicited or conspired offense was to have occurred, in a building
23	with reckless disregard that the building was used as a permanent
24	or temporary home or place of lodging for one or more children
25	under 18 years of age or the building was a place frequented by
26	children; or
27	(ii) in the course of an attempt to manufacture, the
28	defendant obtained the assistance of one or more children under 18
29	years of age or one or more children were present;
30	(3) if the offense is a second felony conviction, four to seven years;
31	(4) if the offense is a third felony conviction, six to 10 years.

1	* Sec. 16. AS 12.55.135 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
2	(k) A court may not impose a sentence of imprisonment or suspended
3	imprisonment for possession of marijuana in violation of AS 11.71.060 if the
4	defendant alleges, and the court finds, that the defendant was not under formal or
5	informal probation or parole conditions in this or another jurisdiction at the time of the
6	offense; that the defendant possessed the marijuana for the defendant's personal use
7	within the defendant's permanent or temporary residence; and that the defendant has
8	not been previously convicted more than once in this or another jurisdiction for
9	possession of marijuana. If the defendant has not been previously convicted as
10	described in this subsection, the maximum unsuspended fine that the court may
11	impose is \$500. If the defendant has been previously convicted once as described in
12	this subsection, the maximum unsuspended fine that the court may impose is \$1,000
13	In this subsection,
14	(1) "permanent or temporary residence" means a permanent structure
15	adopted for overnight accommodation; "permanent or temporary residence" does not
16	include
17	(A) vehicles, tents, prisons or other correctional facilities.
18	residential treatment facilities, or shelters operated by a charitable organization
19	or a government agency;
20	(B) any place where the defendant's possession or use of
21	marijuana violated established rules for residents, such as a ban on smoking or
22	a ban on marijuana or other controlled substances;
23	(2) "previously convicted" means the defendant entered a plea of
24	guilty, no contest, or nolo contendere, or has been found guilty by a court or jury,
25	regardless of whether the conviction was set aside under AS 12.55.085 or a similar
26	procedure in another jurisdiction, of possession of marijuana; "previously convicted"
27	does not include a judgment that has been reversed or vacated by a court.
28	* Sec. 17. AS 12.55.185 is amended by adding a new paragraph to read:
29	(19) "building" has the meaning given in AS 11.81.900.
30	* Sec. 18. AS 17.30 is amended by adding a new section to article 1 to read:

31

Sec. 17.30.090. Sale or purchase of certain listed chemicals. (a) A seller,

retailer, or vendor may not sell for personal use and a person may not purchase for personal use ephedrine base, pseudoephedrine base, or phenylpropanolamine base, as those terms are used in P.L. 109-177, 120 Stat. 192, unless that sale or purchase complies with and meets the requirements of P.L. 109-177, 120 Stat. 192, with regard to amounts, identification required, storage, access and availability, and logbooks. A seller, retailer, or vendor shall maintain the logbook for the period required under P.L. 109-177, 120 Stat. 192, and shall allow law enforcement officers access to the logbook. Each seller, retailer, and vendor shall provide training to the seller's, retailer's, or vendor's employees and agents in the requirements of this section. The Department of Public Safety shall provide assistance and information to sellers, retailers, and vendors to meet the requirements of this section.

(b) A seller, retailer, or vendor may not sell to a person under 16 years of age and a person under 16 years of age may not purchase a product or substance identified in (a) of this section.

- (c) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a seller, retailer, or vendor regulated by this section to report to a law enforcement agency or officer suspicious purchases of a chemical, product, or substance. A seller, retailer, or vendor is not liable in a civil action for release of information to a law enforcement agency concerning matters related to this section.
- (d) A seller, retailer, or vendor does not violate this section if the seller, retailer, or vendor proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the seller, retailer, or vendor
- (1) exercised the degree of care of a reasonable employer to ensure compliance with (a) (c) of this section; and
- (2) determined that the employees and agents of the seller, retailer, or vendor had been notified of the requirements of this section by
 - (A) securing each employee's or agent's written acknowledgment of notification of those requirements; or
 - (B) making another appropriate determination.
- (e) A person who violates this section shall forfeit and pay to the state a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.

- * Sec. 19. AS 46.03.500 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
- (f) The department shall maintain on its Internet website a list of all properties for which a notice has been issued under (a) of this section. For each of those properties, the list must contain the parcel identification number, legal description, and physical address and owner's name at the time the notice was issued.

* Sec. 20. AS 46.03.550(b) is amended to read:

- (b) The department shall maintain a list of properties for which the department has received notice under AS 46.03.500(c). When the department determines under (a) of this section that a property on the list is fit for use, the department shall <u>note on the list or database it maintains related to illegal drug manufacturing sites, that the property is fit for use [REMOVE THE PROPERTY FROM THE LIST] and <u>shall notify</u> the owner of the property that the property is fit for use. <u>The property shall remain on the lists or databases for five years after it is determined that the property is fit for use and shall be removed from the lists or databases within three months after the five-year period has elapsed. On request, the department shall give a copy of the list maintained under this section to any person who requests the list.</u></u>
- * Sec. 21. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:
 - APPLICABILITY. For purposes of AS 12.55.135(k), enacted by sec. 16 of this Act, "previously convicted" includes convictions as described in those provisions whether the convictions occurred before, on, or after the effective date of this Act.
- * Sec. 22. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:
 - APPLICABILITY. Sections 1 18 and 21 of this Act apply to offenses committed on or after the effective date of this Act.
- * Sec. 23. This Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).