STATE OF ALASKA

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Tax Division

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March 16, 2010

The Honorable Paul Seaton, Chair House Education Committee House of Representatives Capitol Building Room 102 Juneau, Alaska 99811

Re: HB 367

Dear Chairman Seaton and Committee Members:

During the last meeting of the House Education Committee, we were asked to provide the following information regarding the Alaska Education Credit:

1. The tax effect of a contribution for which an Income Tax Education Credit may be claimed, under two scenarios:

- a. Charitable contribution is claimed
- b. Income Tax Education Credit is claimed
- 2. Two scenarios demonstrating the difference in ordering credits.
- 3. Alaska Education Tax Credits claimed in the Fiscal Years 2007--2009
- 4. Any technical suggestions

Please find attached several worksheets that answer the questions posed. On Attachment 1, we have provided a comparison of claiming a charitable contribution to claiming a credit for a contribution to university.

Attachments 2 and 3 are provided to show the difference resulting from alternatives in credit ordering. Attachment 2 assumes that the Income Tax Education Credit is prioritized over the

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Film Production Tax Credit. Attachment 3 assumes that the Film Production Tax Credit is prioritized over the Income Tax Education Credit.

Ordering of credits is clearly a policy decision. From a technical standpoint, it is important that the policy be made clear. Alaska statute currently requires that the Gas Exploration & Development Credit (AS 43.20.043) be applied against the corporate income tax first, before all other credits. However, Alaska statute is silent on how other credits are applied. On Attachment 6, we have provided some alternative language for lawmakers to consider.

Our second suggestion concerns the application of the Education Credit. Current law restricts the credit to \$150,000 per "taxpayer." In the area of income tax, it is unclear whether this refers to an individual corporation, or to the group of corporations where there is an affiliated group. AS 43.20.340(10) defines "taxpayer" as "a person [corporation] subject to a tax imposed by this chapter." Where there is an affiliated group of taxpayers, they may file one consolidated tax return. For example, if a multi-state oil company is doing business in Alaska, it commonly has separate corporations for its E&P operations, its marketing operations, and its transportation operations. Such a company commonly files a single consolidated tax return. It is unclear whether there is one \$150,000 credit allowed for a consolidated return. Hearing minutes from the year the credit was initially enacted indicate that the credit limit was intended to apply per corporate group and not to individual taxpayers within the group. It would be helpful to have this clarified in statute. Attachment 6 also presents some language to clarify this.

Attachment 4 shows the Education Credits claimed for the last three fiscal years. Please note that these statistics are provided based on tax returns filed during each fiscal year. Thus, the FY09 statistics include most of the income tax returns filed for the calendar year 2007 and any fiscal year tax returns filed during FY09.

Attachment 5 shows the contributions upon which the Education Credits were claimed for each respective fiscal year. Please note that these statistics are based on the tax returns, as filed, and do not include any similar contributions for which a taxpayer may have claimed a charitable contribution, rather than claiming a credit.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide this information.

Sincerely,

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Johanna Bales Deputy Director, Tax Division

Purpose: To compare the tax benefit of an income tax "deduction" to the benefit of a "credit for contribution of \$50,000,000 to a university

A deduction is an expense taken to reduce total taxable income. A credit reduces income tax directly.

		deduction		credit
Gross income	Α	300,000,000		300,000,000
Expenses: Other epxenses		10,000,000		10,000,000
Deduction for contribution to university	в_	50,000,000	_	
Total expenses	с	60,000,000		10,000,000
Taxable income	- A - C	240,000,000	-	290,000,000
Tax rate	-	* 9.4%	-	* 9.4%
Тах		22,560,000		27,260,000
Credit		0	B * 50%	(25,000,000)
Tax after credit	_	22,560,000	-	2,260,000

This analysis examines the benefit of the next marginal contribution after \$200,000.

Assumptions:

--charitable contribution is not limited by taxable income limit.

--highest marginal tax rate

--company does all of its business in Alaska

Purpose: to compare ordering of credits Priority: Income Tax Education Credit

Assumptions:

company does business only in Alaska

		available	tax application	carryover
		credits	limit	
Income Tax Education Credit	AS 43.20.014	1,000,000	no limit	no carryover
Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit	AS 43.20.043	1,000,000	50% tax	5 year carryover
Film Production Tax Credit	AS 43.98.030	1,000,000	no limit	3 year carryover
Total potential credits		3,000,000		

** AS 43.20.043(c) requires application first of Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit

Scenario 1: apply Income Tax Education Credit next

Tax before credits	(assumed)	1,200,000
Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit Income Tax Education Credit Tax after credits:	(limited to 50% tax)	(600,000) (600,000) 0
<u>Credits utilized</u> Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit Income Tax Education Credit Total credit utilized	600,000 600,000 1,200,000	
<u>Credits lost</u> Income Tax Education Credit Total credits lost	400,000	
<u>Credits available for future utilization</u> Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit Film Production Tax Credit Total credits available for future utilization	400,000 1,000,000 1,400,000	

Purpose: to compare ordering of credits Priority: Film Production Tax Credit

Assumptions:

company does business only in Alaska

		available	tax application	carryover
		credits	limit	
Income Tax Education Credit	AS 43.20.014	1,000,000	no limit	no carryover
Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit	AS 43.20.043	1,000,000	50% tax	5 year carryover
Film Production Tax Credit	AS 43.98.030	1,000,000	no limit	3 year carryover
			L	
Total potential credits		3,000,000		

** AS 43.20.043(c) requires application first of Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit

Scenario 2: apply Film Production Tax Credit next

Tax before credits	(assumption)	1,200,000
Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit Film Production Tax Credit Tax after credits:	(limited to 50% tax)	(600,000) (600,000) 0
<u>Credits utilized/monetized</u> Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit Film Production Tax Credit Total credit utilized	600,000 600,000 1,200,000	
<u>Credits lost</u> Income Tax Education Credit Total credits lost	1,000,000	
<u>Credits available for future utilization</u> Gas Exploration & Development Tax Credit Film Production Tax Credit Total credits available for future utilization	400,000 800,000	

Alaska Education Tax Credit Credits Claimed FY 07--09

	FY 09	FY 08	FY 07
<u>Tax Type</u>			
Corporate Income Tax	1,064,019	1,314,499	1,196,972
Insurance Premiums Tax	450,000	425,000	300,000
Fishery Resource Landing Tax	150,000	1,050,000	1,200,000
Mining License Tax	0	10,814	250,626
Fisheries Business Tax	450,000	450,000	300,000
Total Education Tax Credit claimed	2,114,019	3,250,313	3,247,598

Contributions generating Alaska Education Tax Credit FY 07--09

	FY 09	FY 08	FY 07
<u>Tax Types</u>			
Corporate Income Tax	1,624,326	5,197,425	5,047,485
Insurance Premiums Tax	600,000	575,000	400,000
Fishery Resource Landing Tax	200,000	1,400,000	1,600,000
Mining License Tax	0	21,628	391,802
Fisheries Business Tax	600,000	200,000	200,000
Total contributions for Education Tax Credit	3,024,326	7,394,053	7,639,287

** Note: These amounts do not include contributions that would have enjoyed the Education Tax Credit, but for which taxpayer did not claim a credit, but claimed a deduction instead.

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Suggested edits for HB 367

If intent is to prioritize Education Credit before other credits:

A new paragraph:

AS 43.20.014(e)(2) "tax due under this chapter" means the tax liability after application of the credit under AS 43.20.043 and before application of any other credits allowable under this chapter.

To clarify taxpayer credit limit:

Amend AS 43.20.014(d)(3)

(3) when combined with credits taken during the taxpayer's tax year under AS 21.89.070, 21.89.075, AS 43.55.019, AS 43.56.018, AS 43.65.018, AS 43.75.018, or AS 43.77.045, exceed \$150,000. If the taxpayer is a member of an affiliated group, then the credit may not exceed \$150,000 for the affiliated group.

Add a new paragraph:

AS 43.20.014(e)(3) "affiliated group" means a group of two or more corporations in which 50 percent or more of the voting stock of each member of the group is directly or indirectly owned by one or more corporate or noncorporate common owners, or by one or more of the members of the group.

Similar language to be added in AS 21.89.070, 21.89.075, AS 43.55.019, AS 43.56.018, AS 43.65.018, AS 43.75.018, or AS 43.77.045