How Horizontal Drilling & Fracturing Technologies Are Changing Natural Gas Markets

Presented to: The Energy Council's 2009 Federal Energy & Environmental Matters Conference

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Key Points

- **→** The Energy World has changed. Technology has unlocked unconventional gas resources.
- ▶ Natural gas should no longer be viewed as unavailable, unreliable or too expensive.
- ▶ Due to unconventional gas production, the US has become supply long, prices are falling and consumers will benefit.
- **→** Burgeoning supplies are overwhelming the nation's pipeline capacity, driving prices even lower.
- → The production growth creates an historic opportunity to use gas to quickly and significantly reduce our GHGs and reduce our consumption of oil and other high emission fuels.



Presentation Outline

- **▶** US Supply Explodes: What happened in 2008
- **▶** Why It Happened: Impact of technology innovation
- **▶** What are the Impacts?
- Recent Activity
- Conclusions and Implications

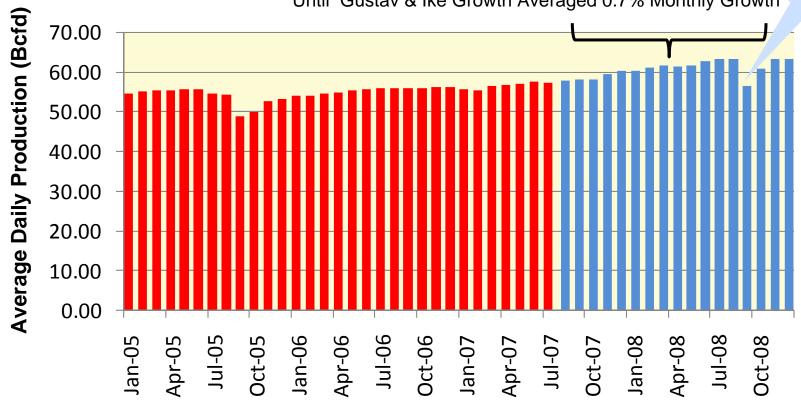


Production Grew In 2008 By 4 Bcfd

08 Production Is Up 7% Over 07

Almost 4.0 Bcfd lost to H'canes

Until Gustav & Ike Growth Averaged 0.7% Monthly Growth

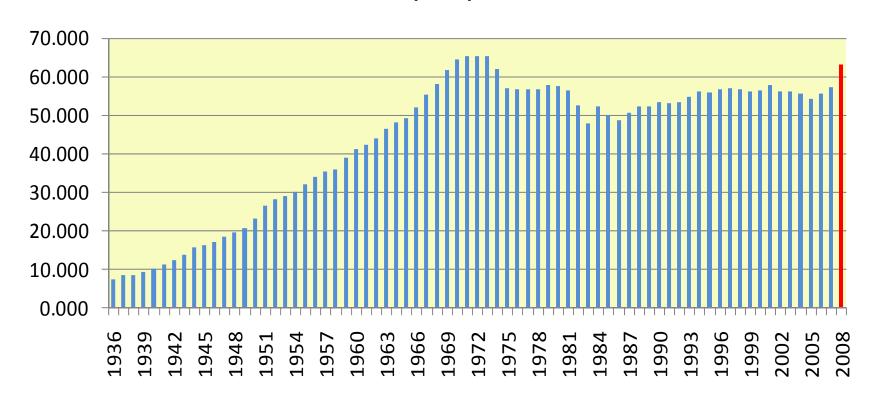


Source: EIA 914 Report (Gross Withdrawals)



Production Is Nearing Historic Highs

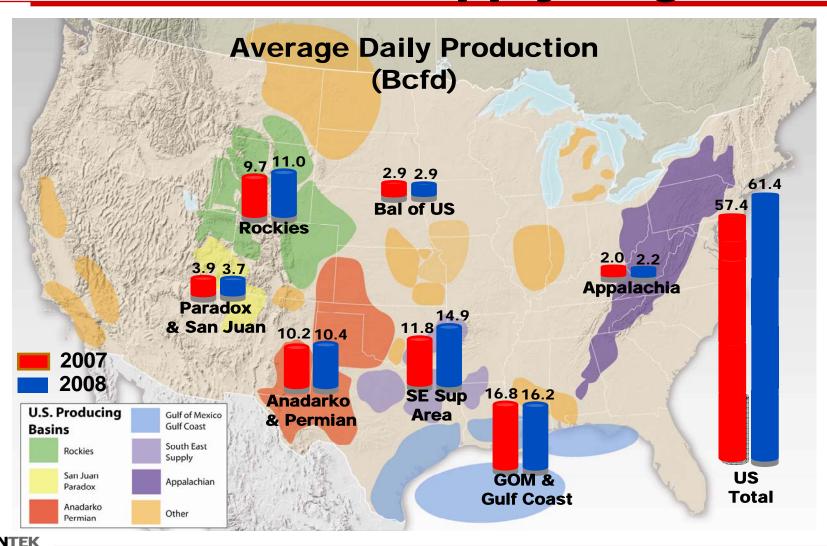
Lower 48 Gross Withdrawals (Bcfd)



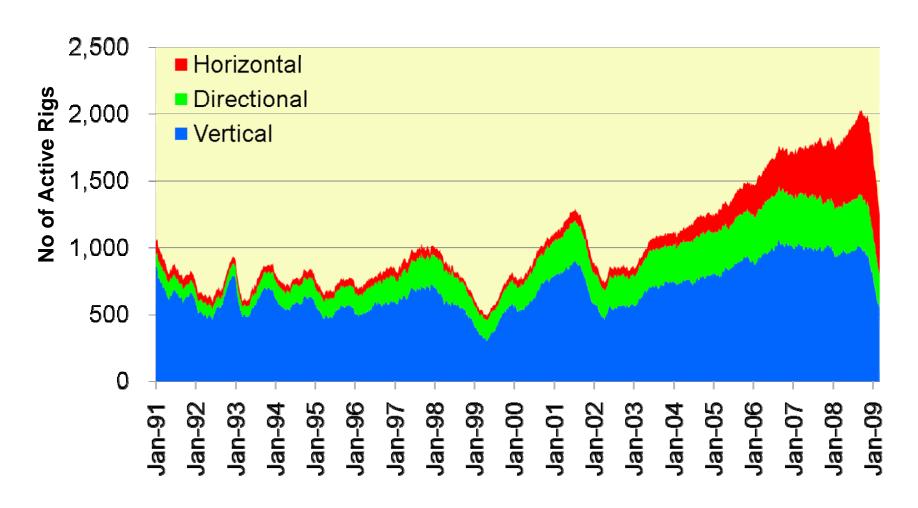
Source: EIA, BENTEK



Growth Was Greatest In The Non-Conventional Supply Regions



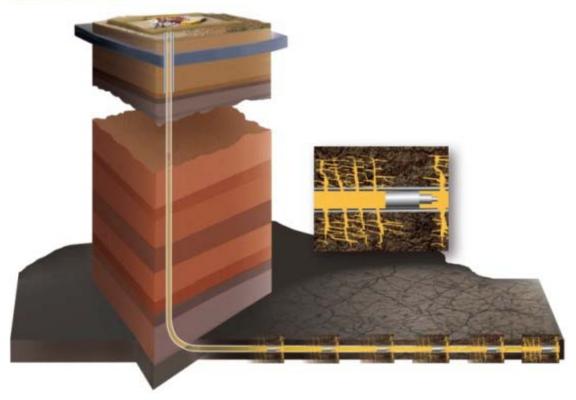
Drilling Reflects The Shift To Unconventional Production





Innovative Fracing Technology Is Driving The Growth

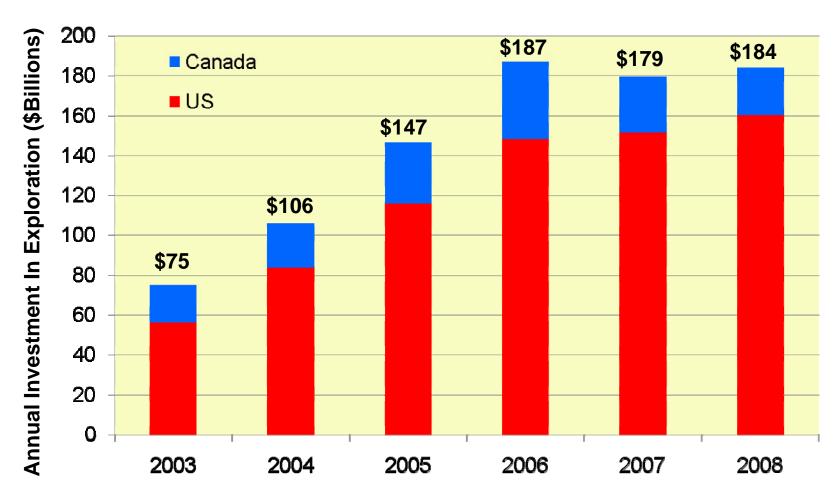






Source: *Hydraulic Fracturing Factsheet,* prepared by Chesapeake Energy, February 2009

Producers Have Invested Nearly \$1 Trillion On Exploration Since 03



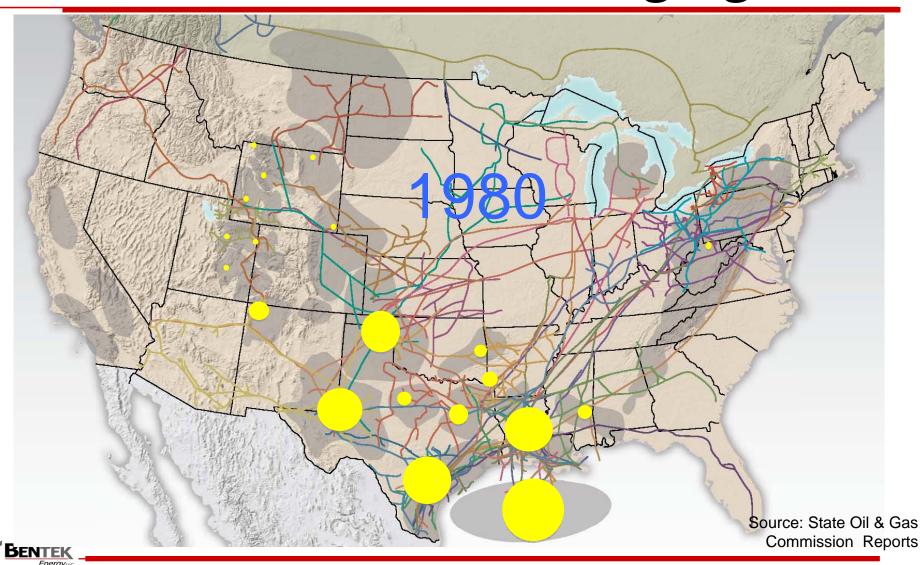


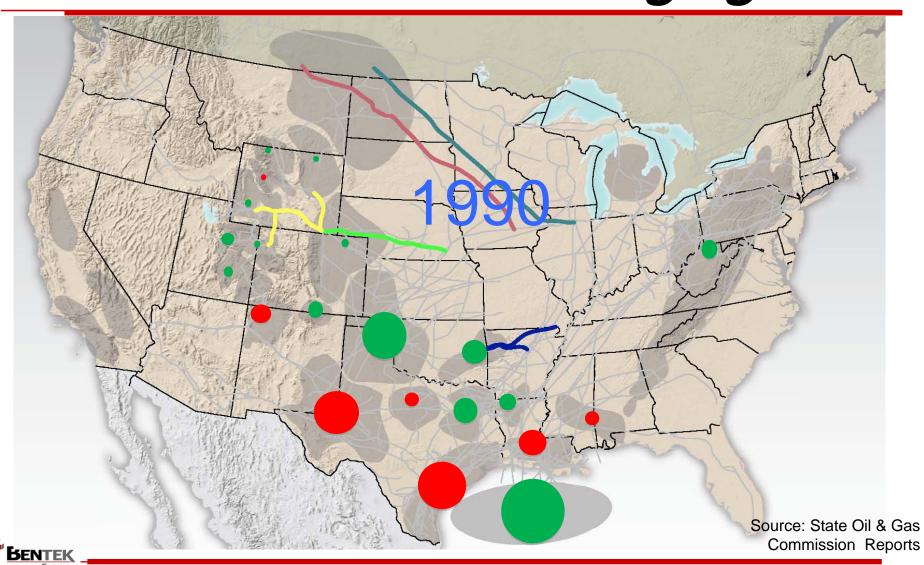
Natural Gas Prices Are Falling Precipitously



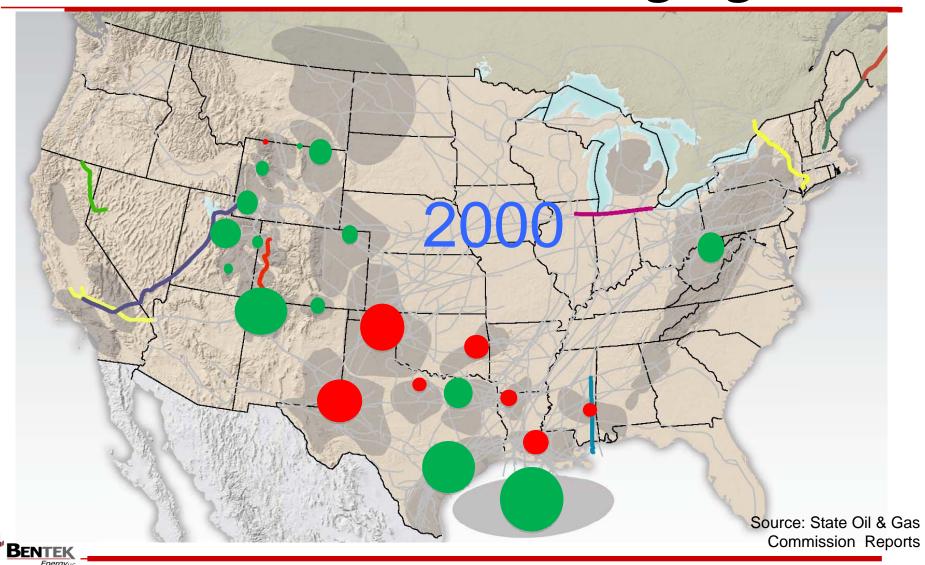


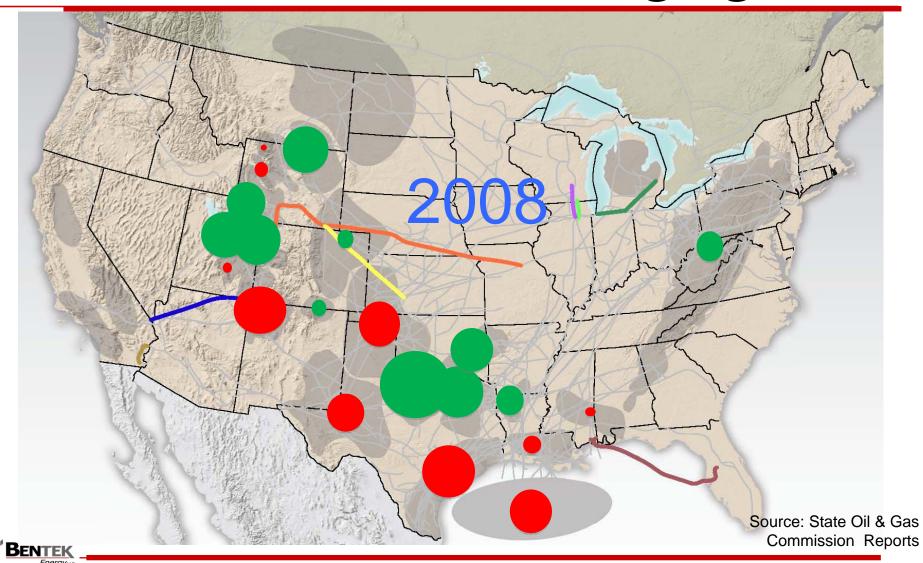
Source: ICE



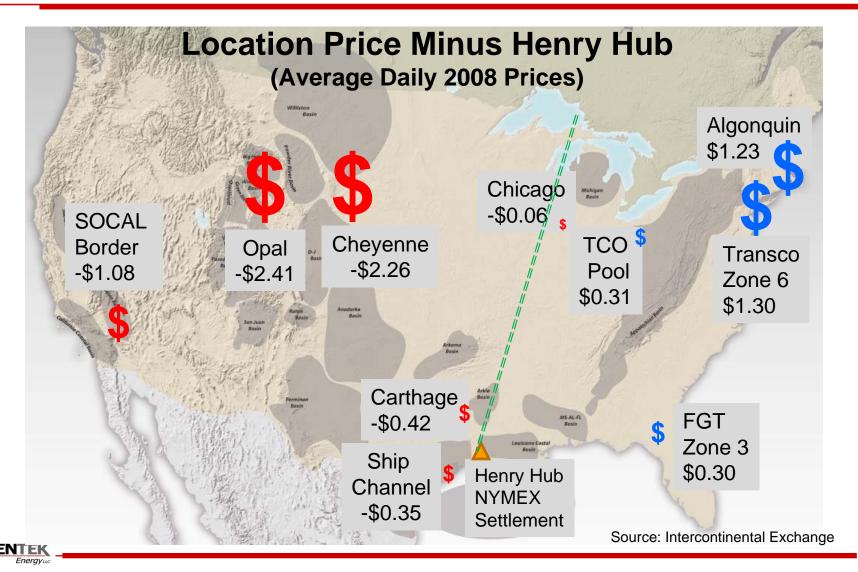


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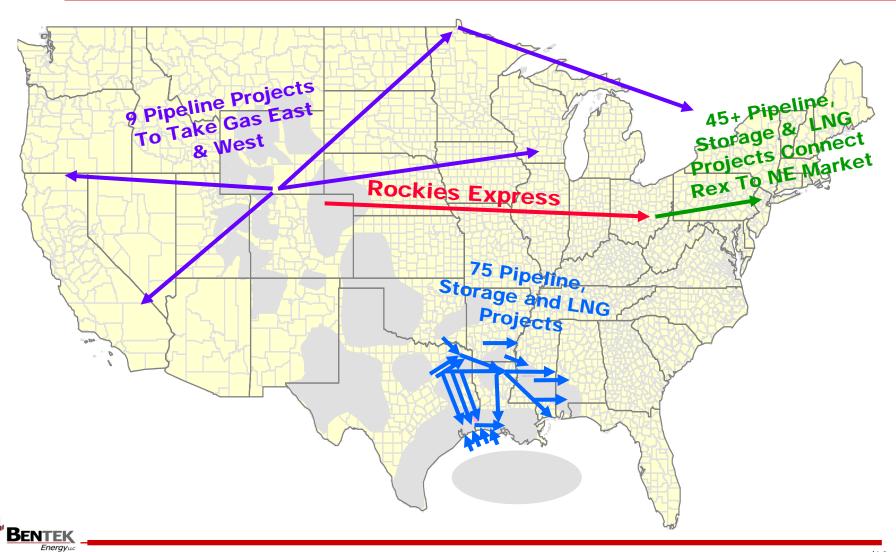




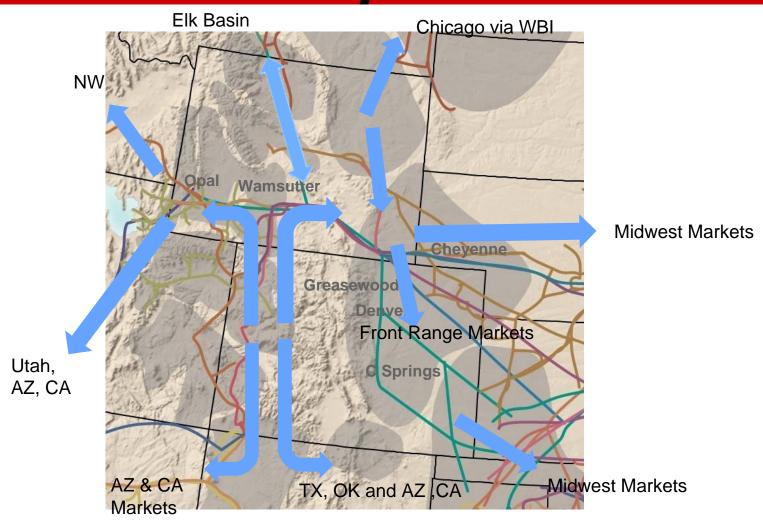
Pipeline Constraints Create Price Anomalies



Billions Are Being Invested To Connect New Production

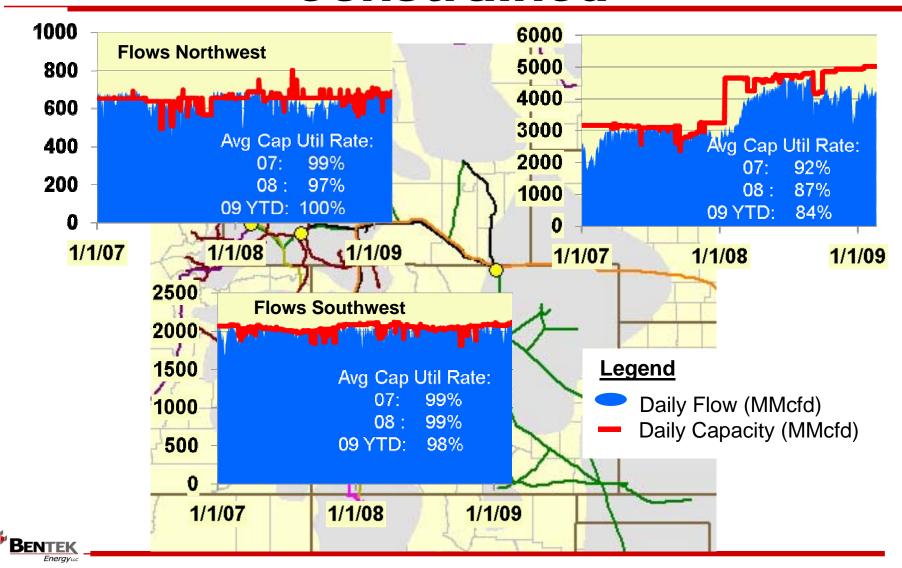


Rockies Gas Is Mostly For Export

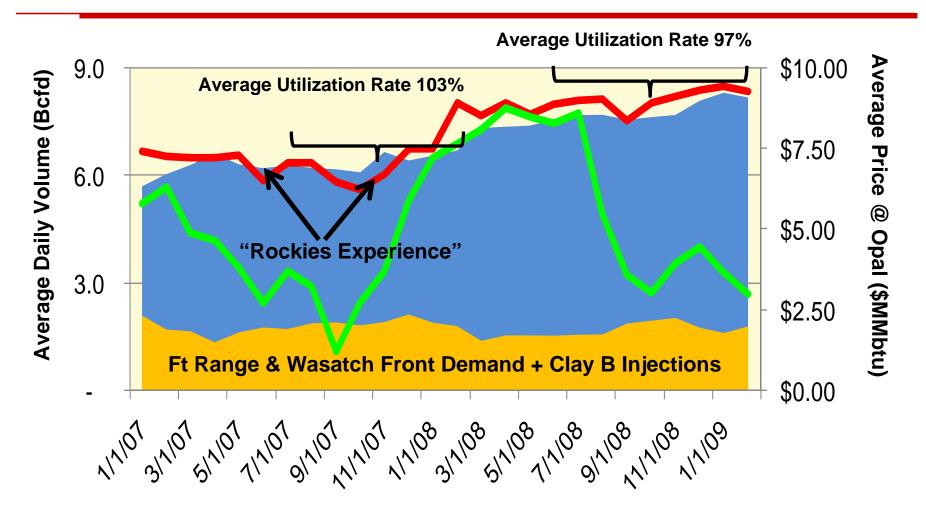




All Rockies Export Outlets Are Constrained

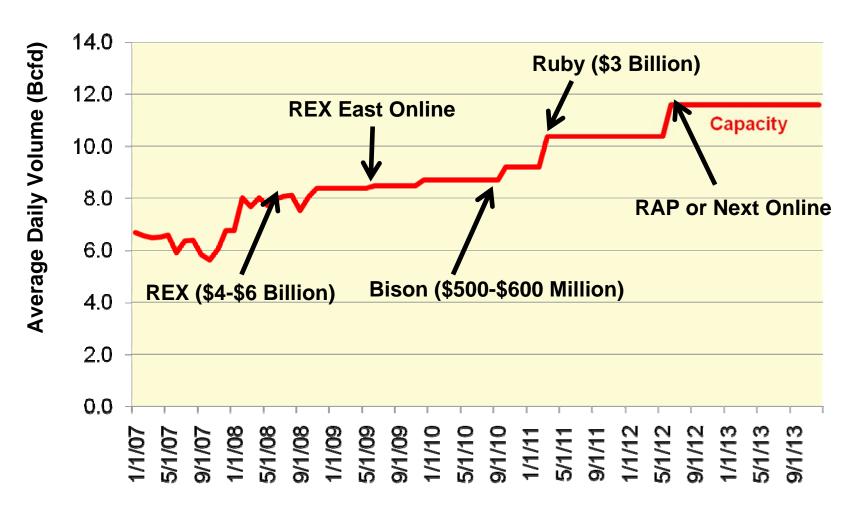


When Capacity Is Tight, Prices Fall





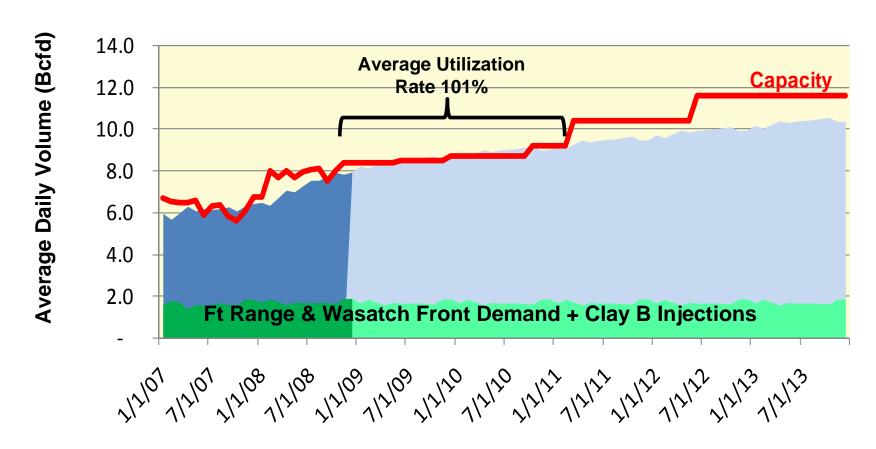
Rockies Capacity Additions





Business As Usual - Prices Too Low To Support Drilling

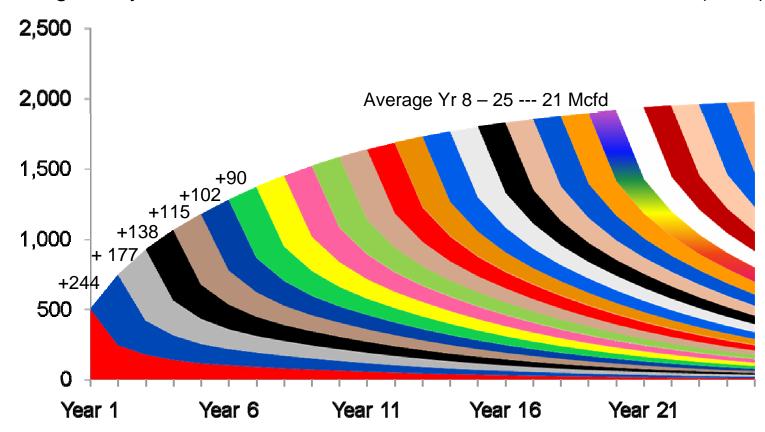
Assumes Drilling Remains Constant At Dec 08 Rate





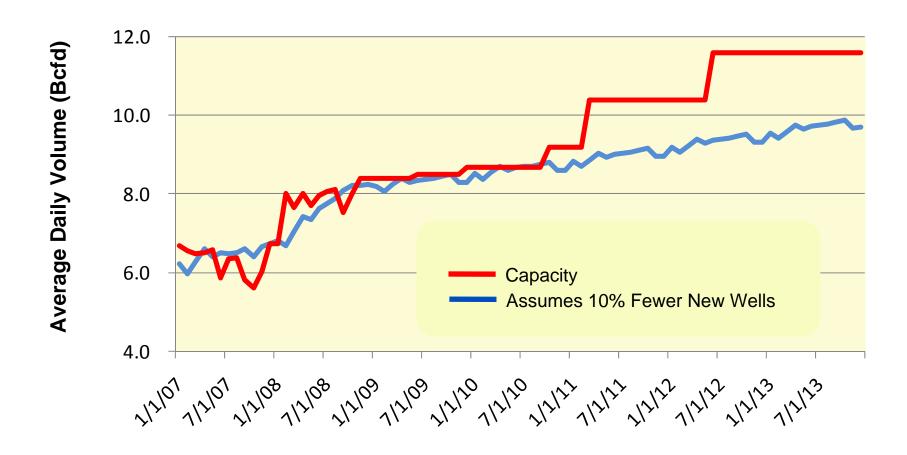
Steep Decline Rates Mean That Each Well Adds Less Incremental Volume

Average Daily Production From A Mamm Cr Well, Piceance Basin (Mcfd)



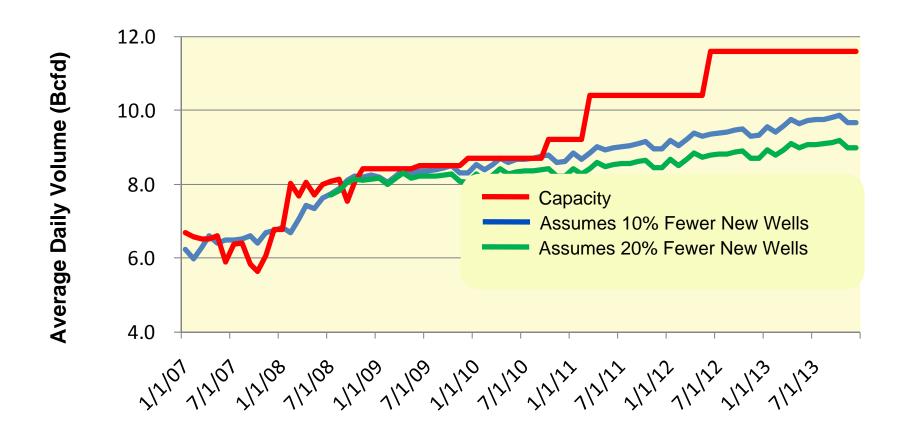


Reducing Drilling By 10% Accomplishes Little



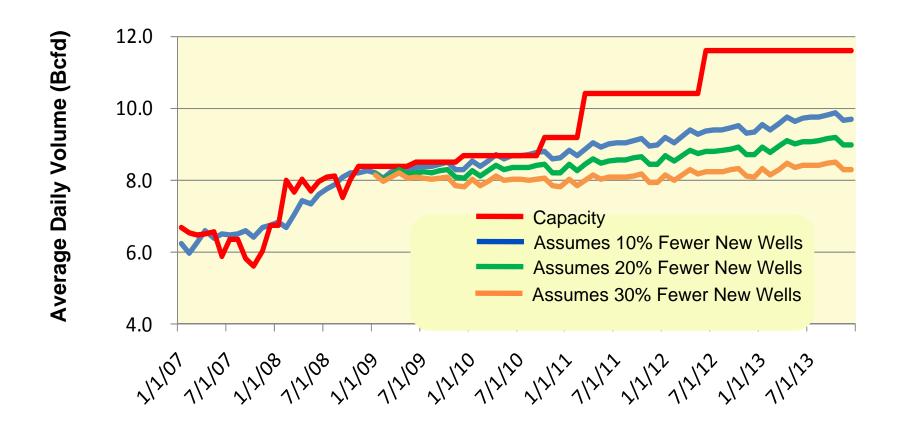


20% Fewer Wells Approaches Capacity



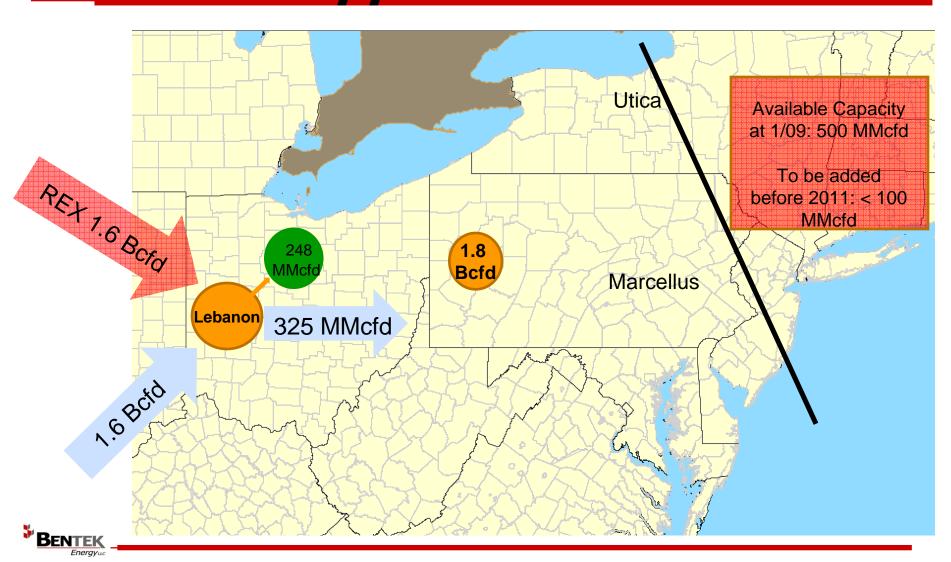


30% Fewer Wells Drilled Drops Production Below Capacity

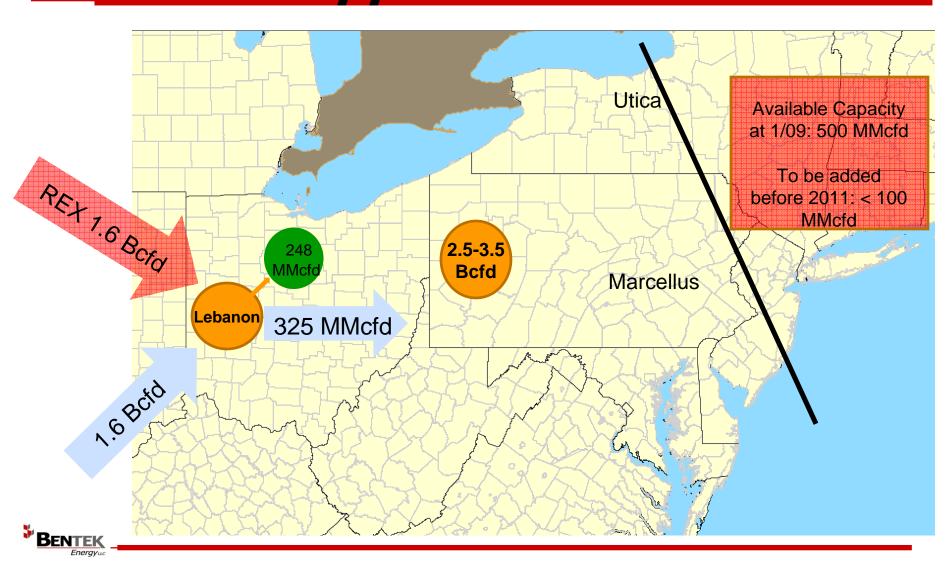




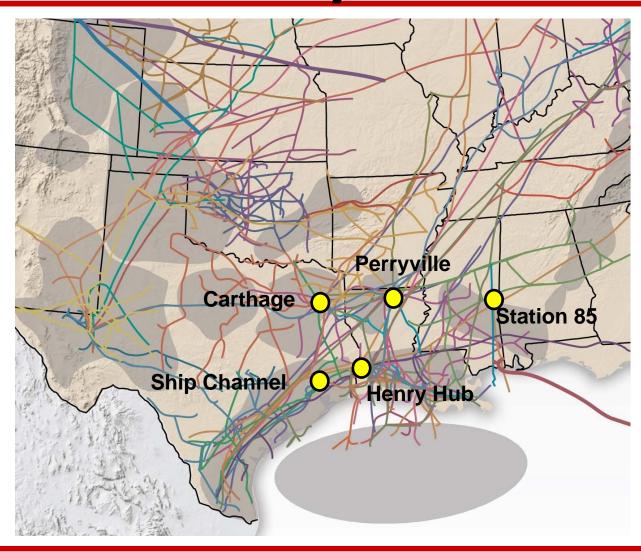
Constraints Are Developing In The Appalachia Market



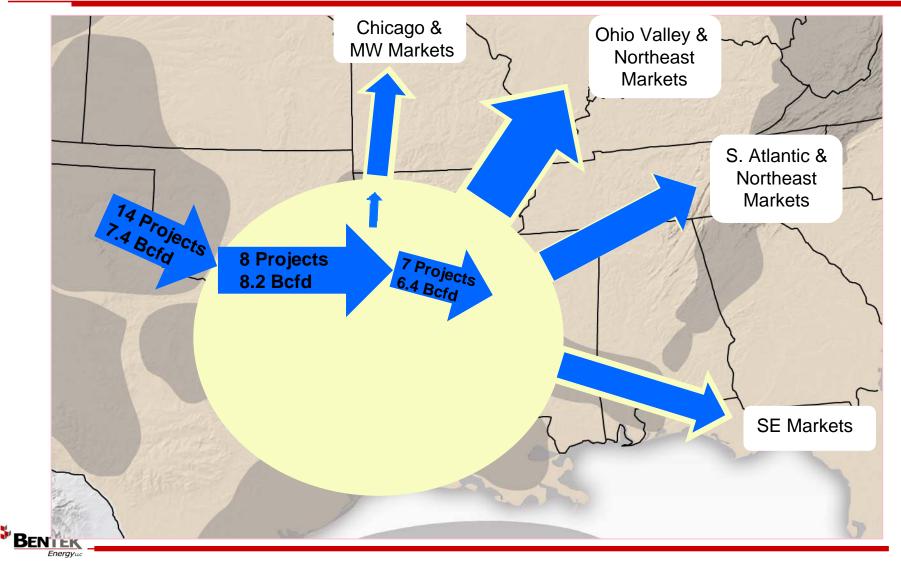
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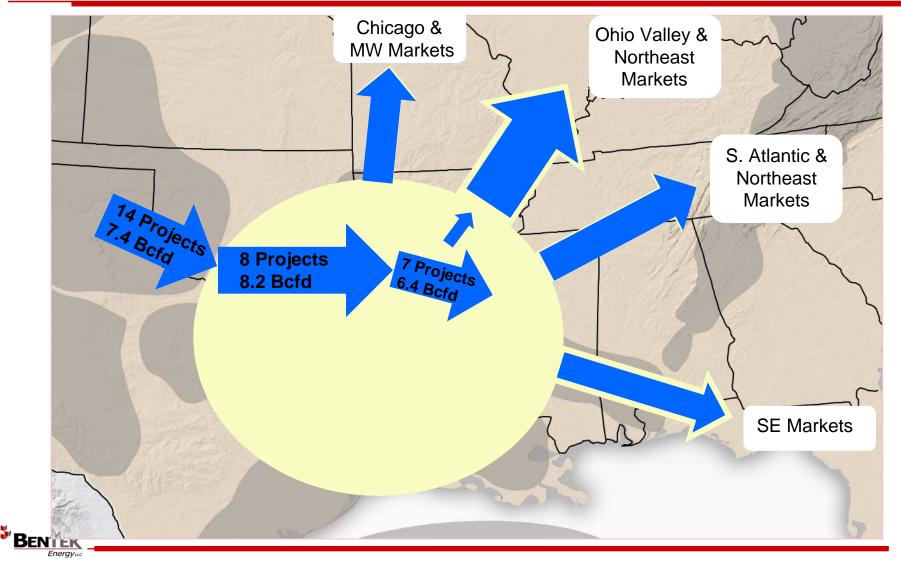


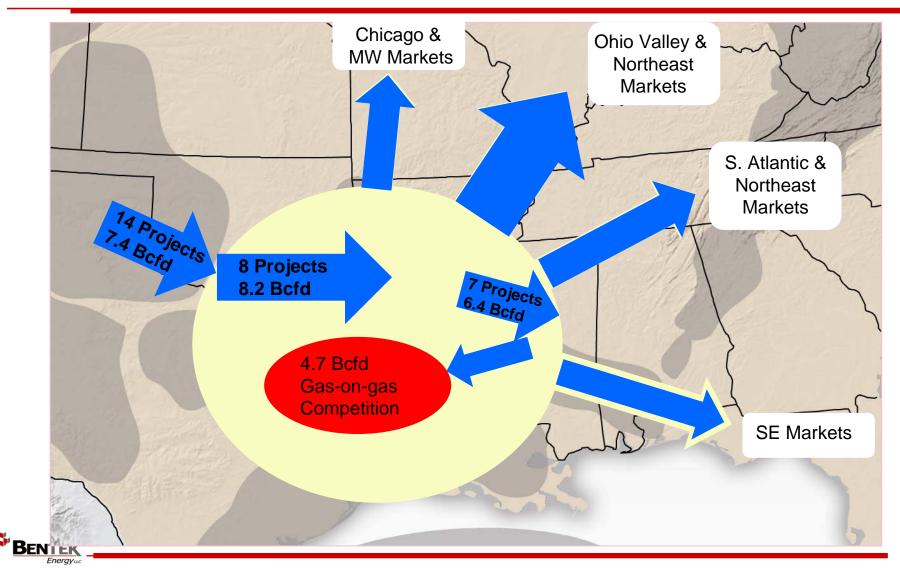
The Southeast Supply Area Is Complex

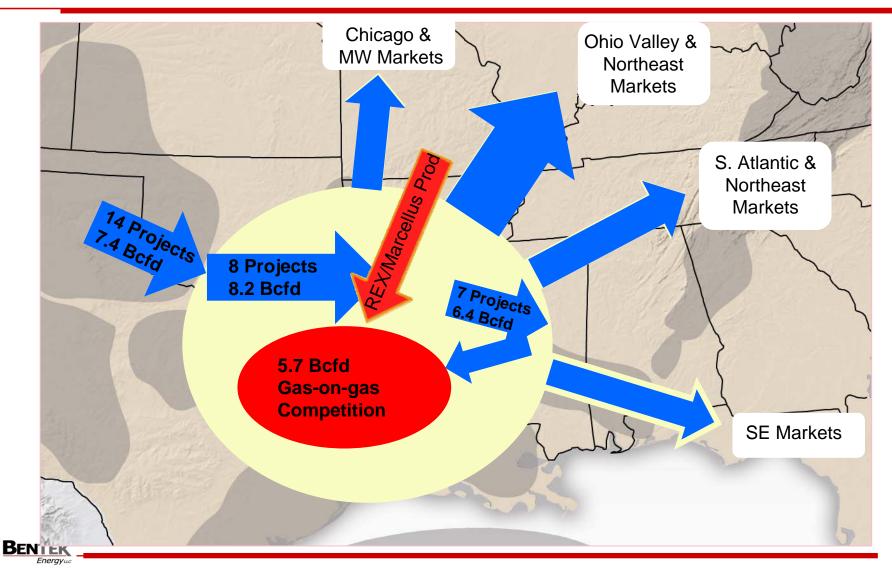


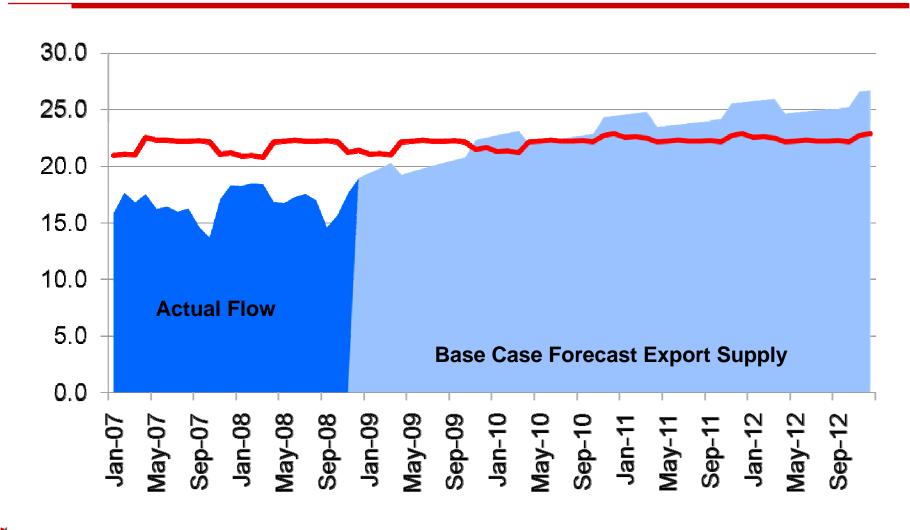




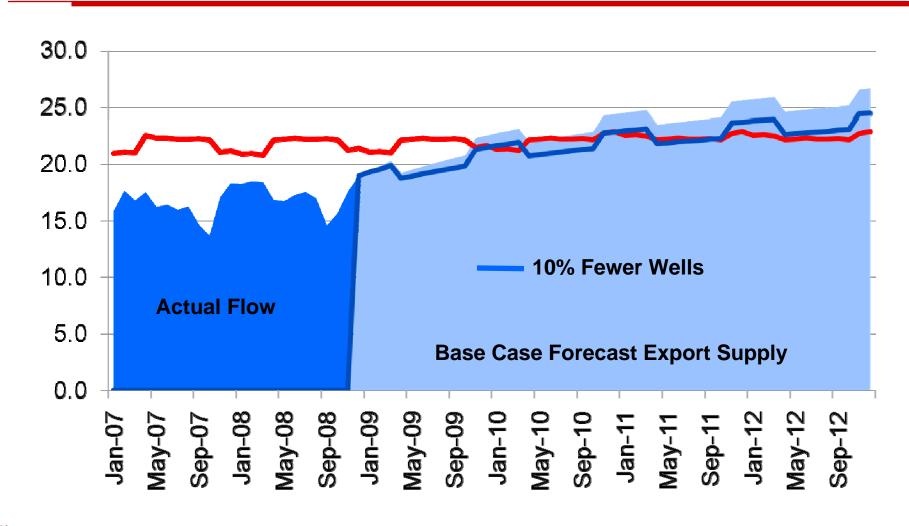




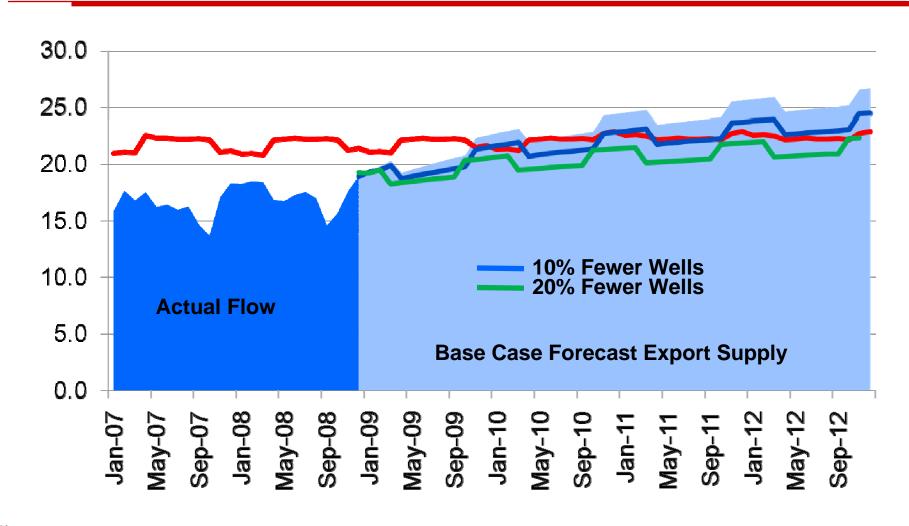




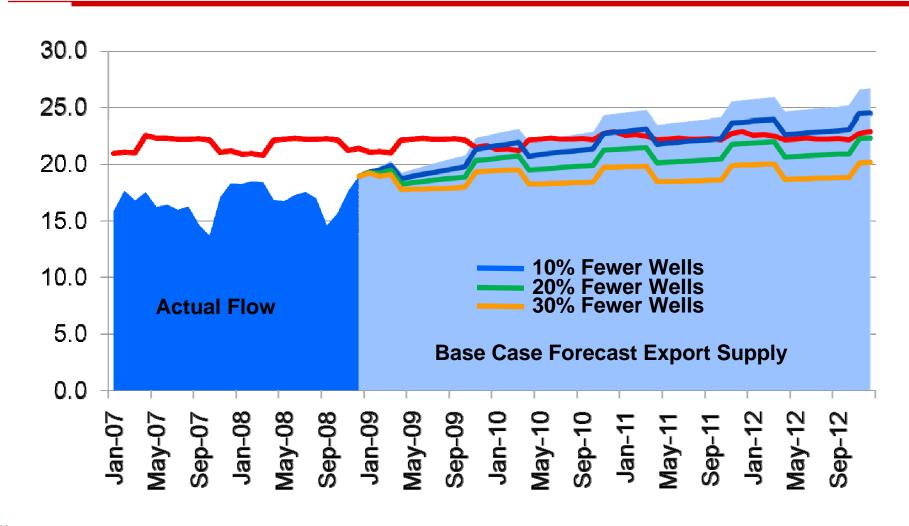






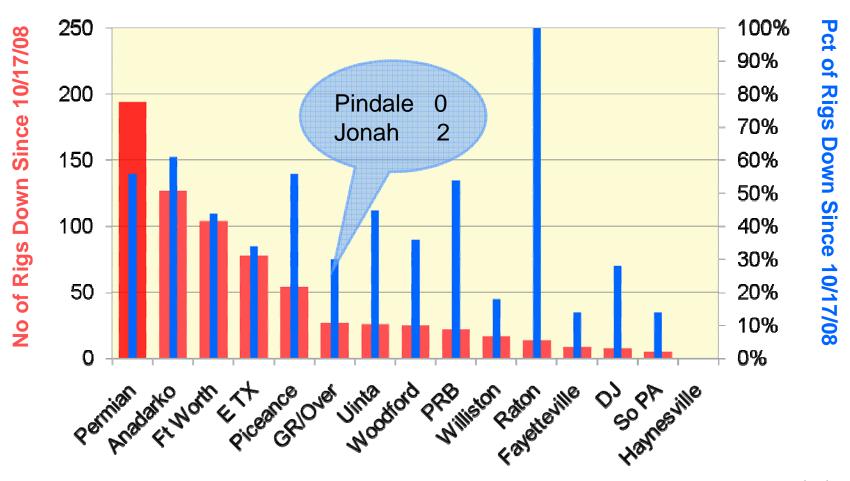






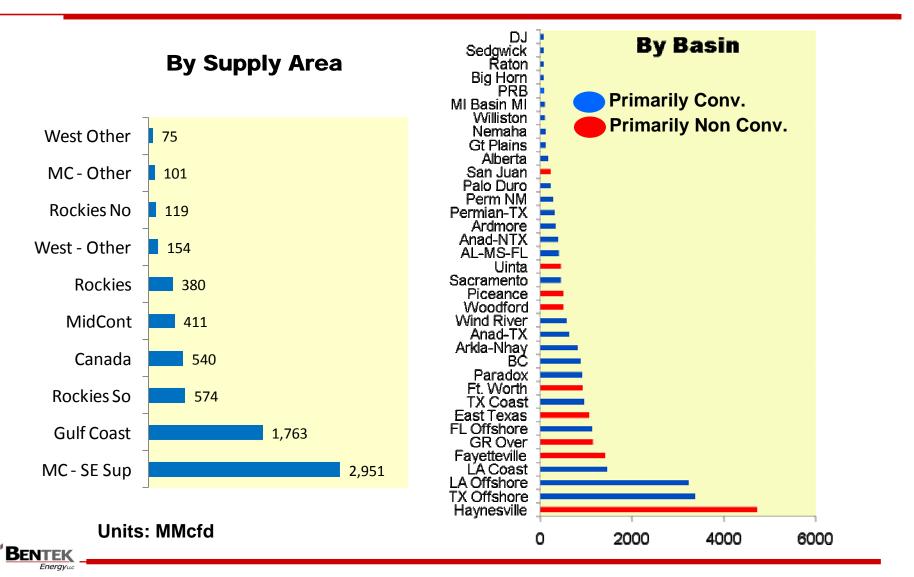


Drilling Is Off Across The Country,



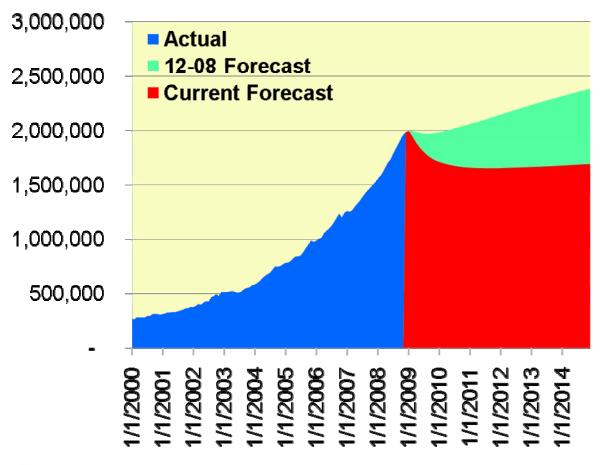


Average First Year Production



The Drilling Decline Will Be Costly

Piceance Basin, CO Production Forecast



- ➤ Reduced drilling will drop production by 994 Bcf over 5 Years.
- ► If average value is \$4.50, lost value is \$4.5 Billion.
- Cost to Colorado:
 - Severance Taxes –
 \$89 Mill over 5 yrs
 - Property tax base
 - Employee wages



Conclusions

- Natural gas is the GOOD News for consumers.
- ≥ 2008 belied the notion that the US is running out of natural gas. Prices will continue to fall and may stay in the \$3 to \$6 range for many years.
- On our current pace:
 - Exploration activity will fall dramatically in 2009, but total 2009 production may increase slightly over 2008.
 - By the end of 2009 drilling declines will arrest production growth.
 - Because of technology and pipeline constraints, prices will continue to be volatile, but corrections will happen more quickly and the range narrower.
 - Additional pipe capacity is needed but increased demand must come first.



Implications

- The low cost of natural gas will make alternatives economically less competitive.
- We are faced with an historic opportunity: Gas supplies are sufficient to play the central role in our nation's energy policy:
 - It is abundant in the US
 - It is relatively cheap
 - It is relatively clean
 - It is N. American it provides jobs and tax base
 - Its consumption technologies are proven
- State, local and federal government policy is critical to realizing this fragile opportunity.
- Government policy whether state, federal or local needs a feedback loop to accommodate market changes. Ultimately markets prevail.



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