Senator Linda Menard

State Capitol, Room 9 Juneau, Alaska 99801



Phone: (907) 465-6600 Fax: (907) 465-3805

Alaska State Legislature

Sponsor Statement for SB 58

Senate Bill 58, an act establishing February 2nd of each year as Marmot Day, will create a localized, Alaska version of Groundhog Day.

While many people in the Lower 48 spend every February 2nd honoring Punxsutawney Phil, or some other incarnation of the famous groundhog, Alaska residents don't have the same representation.

The Marmot Day bill (SB 58) solves that, giving school children, public institutions and even adults the opportunity to use a local hire (the marmot) as their symbol.

Marmot Day can be celebrated in myriad ways, from special events at the Alaska Zoo to school celebrations with an educational angle so children can learn more about Alaska's furry ground squirrel.

Already, the Marmot Day bill has received support from the Alaska Zoo and the Mat-Su Borough School District.

I hope you will also support the Marmot Day bill.

SENATE BILL NO. 58

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY SENATOR MENARD

Introduced: 1/21/09

Referred: State Affairs, Resources

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

- 1 "An Act establishing February 2 of each year as Marmot Day; and providing for an
- 2 effective date."
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:
- * Section 1. AS 44.12 is amended by adding a new section to Article 2 to read:
- 5 Sec. 44.12.110. Marmot Day. Marmot Day is established on February 2 of
- 6 each year. The day may be observed by suitable observances and exercises by school
- 7 programs, the Alaska Zoo, civic groups, and the public.
- * Sec. 2. This Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA 2009 LEGISLATIVE SESSION					Fiscal Note Number:				
					Bill Version:		SB 58		
					() Publish Da	te;			
Identifier (file name): HB019-GOV-OMB-3-02-09					Dept. Affecte	d:	All		
Title Establishing February 2 as Marmot Day					RDU Component				
Sponsor	Sen. Menard				_ Component				
Requester	Senate State Affairs Committee				Component Number				
Expenditures/Revenues (Tho					usands of Dollars)				
Note: Amounts	s do not include inflation	unless otherwise r	noted below.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Appropi Requ			n Information						
OPERATING EXPENDITURES		FY 2010	FY 2010 FY 2011 FY 2012 FY 2013 FY 2014 FY 2015						
Personal Services Travel Contractual									
									
Supplies									
Equipment									
Land & Structi									
Grants & Clair	=						-		
Miscellaneous TOTAL OPERATING		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES									
CHANGE IN F	REVENUES ()								
FUND SOURCE (Thou					usands of Dollars)				
1002 Federal Receipts 1003 GF Match 1004 GF 1005 GF/Program Receipts 1037 GF/Mental Health Other Interagency Receipts TOTAL				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Estimate of a	ny current year (FY200	9) cost:							
POSITIONS									
Full-time									
Part-time									
Temporary					<u> </u>	1	1		
ANALYSIS:	(Attach a separate page	f necessary)							
0 ff = = h	ing into the details of t	his logislation we	a hava datar	minad that	م النب النا مط	st hava a aia	mificant fina	al impagat	
After burrowing into the details of this legislation, we have determined that the bill will not have a significant fiscal impact									
on any State agency.									
Orange of boo	Last Krainhadas Canina Anglast				Db 105 1070				
Prepared by: Division		Jack Kreinheder, Senior Analyst Office of Management and Budget				Phone 465-4676 Date/Time 3/2/09 11 45 AM			
Approved by:	Karen Rehfeld, Director Office of Management and Budget				Date 3/2/2009				

Page 1 of 1

Marmot

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Marmots are members of the genus *Marmota*, in the rodent family Sciuridae (squirrels).

Marmots are generally large ground squirrels. Those most often referred to as marmots tend to live in mountainous areas such as the Alps, northern Apennines, Carpathians, Tatra, and Pyrenees in Europe, the Rockies and the Sierra Nevada in the United States, and Northern Canada. However, the groundhog is also properly called a marmot, while the similarly-sized but more social prairie dog is not classified in the genus *Marmota* but in the related genus *Cynomys*.

Marmots typically live in burrows, and hibernate there through the winter. Most marmots are highly social, and use loud whistles to communicate with one another, especially when alarmed.

The name *marmot* comes from French *marmotte*, from Old French *marmotan*, *marmontaine*, from Old Franco-Provençal, from Low Latin *mures montani* "mountain mouse", from Latin *mures monti*, from Classical Latin *mures alpini* "Alps mouse".

Marmots mainly eat greens. They eat many types of grasses, berries, lichens, mosses, roots and flowers.

Contents

- 1 Species
- 2 Examples of species
- 3 References
- 4 External links

Species

The following is a list of all *Marmota* species recognized by Thorington and Hoffman (2005). They divide marmots into two subgenera.

- Genus Marmota marmots
 - Subgenus Marmota
 - Alpine Marmot Marmota marmota found only in Europe in the Alps, northern

Marmot Fossil range: Late Miocene - Recent



Yellow-bellied Marmot in Yosemite National Park

Scientific classification

Kingdom: Animalia

Phylum: Chordata

Class: Mammalia

Order: Rodentia Family: Sciuridae

Subfamily: Xerinae

Tribe: Marmotini

Genus: *Marmota*

Blumenbach, 1779

Species

Marmota baibacina

Marmota bobak

Marmota broweri

Marmota caligata

Marmota camtschatica

Marmota caudata

Marmota flaviventris

Marmota himalayana

Marmota marmota

Marmota menzbieri

Marmota monax

Marmota olympus

Marmota sibirica

Marmota vancouverensis

- Apennines in Italy, Carpathians, Tatra, and reintroduced in the Pyrenees.
- Gray Marmot or Altai Marmot Marmota baibacina Siberia
- Bobak Marmot Marmota bobak Central Europe to Central Asia
- Alaska Marmot, Brower's Marmot or Brooks Range Marmot Marmota broweri Nearctic
- Black-capped Marmot Marmota camtschatica Eastern Siberia
- Long-tailed Marmot, Golden Marmot or Red Marmot Marmota caudata Central Asia
- Himalayan marmot or Tibetan Snow Pig Marmota himalayana Himalaya
- Menzbier's Marmot Marmota menzbieri Central Asia
- Woodchuck, Groundhog, or Whistlepig Marmota monax North America
- Tarbagan Marmot, Mongolian Marmot or Tarvaga Marmota sibirica, Siberia
- Subgenus Petromarmota
 - Hoary Marmot Marmota caligata Northwestern North America
 - Yellow-bellied Marmot Marmota flaviventris South western Canada, Western United States
 - Olympic Marmot Marmota olympus Olympic Peninsula, Washington, USA
 - Vancouver Island Marmot Marmota vancouverensis Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada

Examples of species



A Yellow-bellied Marmot near Princeton, British Columbia



Groundhog, Marmota monax



A Hoary Marmot in Mt. Rainier National Park



Alpine Marmot in the Massif des Écrins, southern France.



drawing of Bobak Marmot



Olympic Marmot



Video of adult marmot

Marmot Day

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Marmot Day is a community celebration in Owosso, Michigan, occurring on July 25th (or on the following Monday if the 25th falls on a weekend). It is a celebration of all marmots, which include groundhogs, woodchucks, and ground squirrels.

Confusion with Groundhog Day

Because groundhogs are also marmots, Groundhog Day (which occurs on February 2) has also been referred to as Marmot Day[1]. The Owosso celebration is a distinct event.

History of Marmot Day

Marmot Day was begun in 2002 in Owosso, Michigan, as a day of celebration for this animal which is usually considered as a pest. A luncheon is traditional as part of the celebration, and marmot jokes are also shared, among other festivities typical of any party or celebration. At 12:45 P.M., a marmot is positioned outside its hole, and if it goes into its hole, legend has it that summer is over; if it does not go into its hole, there will be one more month of summer.

Retrieved from "http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Marmot_Day" Hidden categories: Orphaned articles from February 2009 | All orphaned articles

- This page was last modified on 1 March 2009, at 08:03.
- All text is available under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License. (See Copyrights for details.)
 - Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a U.S. registered 501(c) (3) tax-deductible nonprofit charity.

Menard mad about marmot

By BRIAN O'DONOGHUE

Frontiersman staff

JUNEAU—A nefarious conspiracy is afoot among powerful nembers of the Legislature to dely a noble Alaskan its day in the sun.

Because of the conspiracy, Rep. Curt Menard said, next Tuesday he eyes of the nation will once igain be drawn to a hole in Pennylvania, instead of gazing with vonder at the Alaska Zoo.

"It's a disgrace to tourism," the epresentative declared over the hone from the state capital this reck,

Menard's anguish stems from

the Byzantine political fate of House Bill 181, his bold legislation to replace Groundhog Day with an occasion honoring an official state marmot.

House speaker Ben Grussendorf confirmed Menard's dire forecast.

"I don't think we're going to see the marmot's shadow out of committee and onto the floor by the time Groundhog Day rolls around," the speaker said.

Though he originally banished the bill to four committees, Grussendorf denied he is part of a crusade to deny marmots their due.

(Please see Marmot Back Page)



Marmot

(Continued from Front Page)

"I look at what we call local hire, or Alaska preference, and the marmot may well serve that purpose," he said. "I've no personal preference on it. If the bill comes out of committee it's fine with me."

Marmots living this far north are seldom seen this time of year, according to Alaska Zoo director Fammye Seawell. However, Smoke Alarm, the Zoo's senior hoary marmot, is apparently an exception.

"Every few weeks Smoke Alarm sticks his nose out," the

zoo director said.

Groundskeepers say Smoke Alarm's restlessness is a matter of personal hygiene. In the halls of the Statehouse, however, the consensus holds the furry weathervane is actually sniffing out the political situation.

Pressed to explain the legislative logiam, Grussendorf shook his head.

"There's no leverage in the Marmot Bill," he said.

Nonetheless, this much is clear: Rep. John Sund is holding official recognition for Smoke Alarm hostage in his Judiciary Committee,

"We call it the dark hole," Menard said. "There's not a whole lot that comes out of that committee. I've talked to John a couple time about moving it. But he's not too big on the poor little critter."

So, I don't think the marmot's going to stick it's head out of the hole," Menard said, chuckling. "I think the speaker's right."

A lot of ribbing goes on about the Marmot Bill, but Menard said he takes it in stride.

"A lot of them are saying it's a joke thing, but there's a long-term value in terms of tourism. It thought it would give some promotion to the zoo. There's a town, in Penn where the official Groundhog lives. They built a big tourist industry on that critter alone, selling shirts and all kinds of knickknacks. People go there for souvenirs.

"We always say we're different," he added. "If we're going to be different we don't have to drag all these traditional things up from the Lower 48."

Marmot Day: This is especially beneficial to the valley. Our community is sadled with a lot of embarrasing stereotypes (meth capitol of the state, etc.), which cause young people especially to be disrespectful of our community. Marmots are local and have been here all along; recoginzing their value with Marmot Day shows that we in the Valley have some local pride. Without that, it's impossible to maintain a sense of community identity.

Growing up in the Valley, I knew that our strip malls and box stores were nothing special. Independence Mine at Hatcher Pass, populated by marmots, is special. Marmot Day draws attention to the rich cultural resources preserved at Independence Mine and throughout the Talkeetna Mountains. The more we can do to imbue our community with a depth of history, the more the Mat-Su becomes somewhere we can be proud to live. I have watched the most talented members of my high school class leave the Valley with no plans of returning. Things like Marmot Day may be insignificant alone, but when we connect them together, they represent something important. The act of valuing local aspects like gold mines and marmots, or the Palmer Hay Flats and waterfowl, gives my generation a reason to stay-- or to come home again

-Will Elliot, Wasilla

Dear Sonator Menard,

Teburry 2 "Marnot day in Alaska for three mose. First, because its a special day for Alaska to have fun. Second, because Alaska does not have Second Hogs; we land Marnots. Last but not least, because Alaska till be the only state in the US that has Marmot day. Obviously I hope that Drowned Hog Day gets changed to Marmot Day.

Sincerely, Jasmine. Riski

6801 Rotter hights Dr. Ark hornor AK 19516.

To Whom it may concern, I am writing to support SB58. Il have been going to Arctic Valley my whole life and they celebrate "Merry Marmot Day!" On that day a group of people reterange a bunch of activities and contests for the kids. Also we clord have Circund Hogs in Alaska. Anybody can see that this bill should be passed because it would gue Alaskans a special day to celebrate.

> Lincerely, Raia Stamm

Hoey aid 1700 marson anchorage ax march 2009

Dear Senator Menard

I support & B 58 for these reasons. First, groundhogs don't evenlive in algoria, but marmots live all over a laska, Lecond, marmots are equivalent to groundhogs. Third, a lot of people in a laska appreciate and like the marmot. Clearly marmots are claska's groundhogs, so a day to honor them makes sense.

Sincerely, Joey Dist

10041 Hawley lir. anchorage (K. 940) March 2no Jyg

Dear Senator Menard,

Lam writing in support of SB 56. Every year during the spring the artic Valley Shi area hosts a Merry Marinot Testeval and has many fun activities honoring the Marmot During the festival many people come to celebrate the Marmot, so why not make it offical? The Marmot is very similar to the Groundhog, only Marmots live in Alaska and Groundhogs do not. Having Tebruary I'm be Marmot Day would give also haska another very unique quality.

Sincerely, Mrs. Ryan-terry

320% EUT 6 PAINE Anchorage Hangson Manch 2,2009

Dear, Senator Menard, I support & B58 to have a merry marmot Day, every February 2nd. We should have amery marmot Day" instead of Ground Hogs Day because, the Marmot is a laska's Ground Hog. The kind of marmot here is the Hoarey Marmot. The Marmot lives here, and the Ground Hog doesn't so why does the Ground Hogget a special day? as you can see the Marmot deserves their our special day

> Sincerely, Calcena B. Shafer

Dear Senator Menard,

Have a Marmot day because it would did the uniqueness of Aluska. Also, we would be able to celebrate a cute, furry manners, and many people love rule and furry manners. One were thing is trait mormots are afraid of their shadows, like aroundhous, so we will still be able to tell how much longer winter will last, instead of doing something else. All in All, Marmote are the groundhood of Aluska, so a special day for them makes sense.

Sincerely, Yungshu Wong Dear Sevetor Memard,

d support your bill and home agreed that the marinot day is a great day to have for alaska We need our own special day, like the other states have.

Marmonto are rute, kind, and gentle. They help keep alaska bazutiful.

So I believe that the marmont would be a great day for alaskans.

Sincerley Maddie Flores Dear senator Menard,

I support to Marnot Day is a sould
id a because it would be interesting
to have a unique animal to celibrate.
Second of all, Ground Hogs don't
even live here, marmota do. Finally,
we should choose an animal.
That lives him unlike Ground Hogs.
To sum it all up, the marmat
deserves to have its special
day.

Sincerly, Clara Brady