ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

Senate Resources Committee

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SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

SPONSOR STATEMENT

Senate Bill 121: "An Act relating to energy efficiency for public facilities With the intent of reducing state operating costs."

SB 121 will decrease the cost of operating state facilities by reducing the amount of energy consumed by public facilities over the next fifteen years.

This bill requires the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities to retrofit, where cost effective, all public facilities within 15 years of the completion of an energy use index database. Retrofitting numerous public facilities will save energy and energy costs but could be very expensive if it weren't for performance contracting. Performance contracting by an energy service company allows the state to retrofit many more buildings through a pay as you save system than could be funded annually. It's a win-win situation. No money is spent out of pocket, initial savings are paid to the energy service company for the retrofit, and within 15 years or less, cost savings from efficiency upgrades go directly to the state, saving public funds.

In order to prioritize energy retrofit projects, an energy use index database must be established to provide baseline data on the energy consumption of individual facilities. Once this data is all in one place, the state can identify which facilities consume the greatest amount of energy and are therefore most costly to operate, so that those facilities can be targeted for priority retrofitting.

This bill requires the Alaska Energy Authority to create an energy use index database and requires the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities to update the database every 10 years from the date of an individual retrofit or whenever there are substantial changes to a facility. If during an update, substantial inefficiencies are identified for a facility in the database, a new energy use audit and potential retrofitting of that facility would be arranged by the department.

In 2004, the Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities executed a performance contract to retrofit 8 public buildings. Based on 2006-2007 utility rates, this contract has saved the state \$365,991, significantly more than the contract guaranteed. Based on 2008 rates, this savings would actually be \$557,096. Electricity usage was cut by 22%, natural gas by 15%, and fuel oil by 36 percent. If the state executed just 25 similar contracts, the state could save over \$13 million (based on 2008 rates) in the first year.

SENATE BILL NO. 121

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY THE SENATE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

Introduced: 2/20/09

13

14

Referred: Resources, Finance

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

"An Act relating to energy efficiency for public facilities with the intent of reducing state 1 2 operating costs." BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA: 3 * Section 1. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section 4 5 to read: 6 PURPOSE. The purpose of this Act is to reduce the amount of energy consumed by public facilities between 2000 and 2020 by 20 percent before January 1, 2021, thereby 7 reducing costs to the state and increasing jobs in energy efficiency industries. 8 9 * Sec. 2. AS 44.42 is amended by adding a new section to read: 10 Sec. 44.42.067. Retrofits; performance contracting for energy efficiency. 11 (a) In addition to its obligation under AS 44.42.065, the department shall retrofit all heated public facilities listed in the energy use index described in AS 44.83.955. 12

other funding for a project is available

(b) In carrying out the duty under (a) of this section, the department may, if no

1	(1) enter into an energy performance contract; and
2	(2) administer a performance contract for a public facility by
3	contracting with an energy service company that is a member of the National
4	Association of Energy Service Companies.
5	(c) If the department uses an energy performance contract under (b) of this
6	section for a project retrofitting a heated public facility, the contract may also include
7	capital improvements not related to energy retrofitting.
8	(d) The department shall manage its duties under (a) of this section so that a
9	retrofitting project for a heated public facility is completed within 10 years after the
10	effective date of this Act.
11	(e) In this section,
12	(1) "performance contract" means an agreement for the provision of
13	energy services and equipment in which a private entity agrees to finance, design,
14	construct, install, maintain, operate, or manage energy systems or equipment to
15	improve the energy efficiency of, or produce energy for, a facility in exchange for a
16	portion of the cost savings, lease payments, or specified revenue, and by which the
17	level of payments is made contingent on verified energy savings, energy production,
18	avoided maintenance, avoided energy equipment replacement, or any combination of
19	verified energy savings, energy production, avoided maintenance, or avoided energy
20	equipment replacement;
21	(2) "public facility" means a facility owned or controlled and held by
22	the state for government or public use.
23	* Sec. 3. AS 44.83 is amended by adding a new section to read:
24	Sec. 44.83.955. Energy use index. (a) The authority shall
25	(1) establish an energy use index for all heated public facilities to
26	monitor baseline energy consumption data and energy efficiency data;
27	(2) prepare and maintain an energy use index database for each heated
28	public facility evaluated and of the energy information collected; and
29	(3) adopt regulations establishing the criteria to be used in determining
30	the energy use index described in (1) of this subsection.
31	(b) In this section, "public facility" means a facility owned or controlled and

1	held by the	e state for govern	nment or public use
2	4 C 4 m	****	

- * Sec. 4. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to 2 3 read:
- ENERGY USE INDEX DATABASE. The Alaska Energy Authority shall establish 4 the energy use index database described in AS 44.83.955, added by sec. 3 of this Act, not later 5 than six months after the effective date of this Act. 6
- * Sec. 5. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to 7 8 read:
- 9 ENERGY PERFORMANCE REPORT. Not later than January 31 of each of the three years following the effective date of this Act, the Alaska Energy Authority shall submit to the 10 legislature an energy performance report detailing the effectiveness of the energy efficiency 11 12 measures provided for in this Act.

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA 2009 LEGISLATIVE SESSION					Fiscal Note Number:				
2009 LEG	GISLATIVE SESSIO	N			Bill Version:		CSSB 1	121 (RES)	
					() Publish Da	ate:			
Identifier (fi	le name): SB121CS(RES))-CED-AEA 03-09-0	19		Dont Asset	а.			
	ENERGY EF	FICIENCY FOR PU	JBLIC FACIL	ITIES	_Dept. Affecte RDU		DCCED	41. 11	
Cnanaa						Alternative E	ka Energy Au	cioncy	
Sponsor Requester	Se	nate Resources Co	mmittee			· atomative t	-nergy & Line	ленсу	
requester	Se	nate Resources Co	mmittee		Component	Number	2888		
Expenditu	res/Revenues			(Thou	sands of Do	lla\		-	
Note: Amou	ints do not include inflatior	n unless otherwise r	onted helow	(11100	isalius oi Do	liars)			
		Appropriation	ppriation						
OPERATIN	G EXPENDITURES	Required FY 2010	EV 2040	=>/.00//		nation			
Personal Se		F1 2010	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
Travel									
Contractual									
Supplies					<u> </u>				
Equipment									
Land & Struc									
Grants & Cla									
Miscellaneou									
	TAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
CAPITAL EX	KPENDITURES	100.0							
CHANGE IN	REVENUES ()								
FUND SOUR	RCE			<u>-</u>		1		«	
1002 Federa	l Receipts			(Thou	sands of Dolla	rs)			
1003 GF Mat									
1004 GF		100.0							
1005 GF/Pro	gram Receipts								
1037 GF/Mer									
Other Interag	ency Receipts							w	
	TOTAL	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Estimate of a	any current year (FY2009	9) cost:		0.0				0.0	
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NALYSIS:	(Attach a separate page if	necessary)				·			
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acilities.	a baseline energy inde	x and energy effic	iency data t	for prioritiza	tion of retrofi	ts of state ov	wned or con	trolled	
. Adopt leg	ulations to establish me	ethodology to be u	ised in esta	blishing the	index.			1	
NEA estimat	es it will cost \$100.0 to	complete this are							
	es it will cost \$100.0 to	complete this one	e-time capita	al project.				j	
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repared by: ivision	Linda MacMillan - AEA I	Project Accountant				Phone 90	7-771-3029		
	Alaska Energy Authority					Date/Time 3/	6/09 3:30 PM		
pproved by:	Emil Notti, Commissione					Date 3/9			
	Department of Commerc	ce, Community and	Economic De	evelonment		Jaio <u>07.</u>	2,2000		

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA 2009 LEGISLATIVE SES	SION			Fiscal Note I	Number:		
2007 LEGISLATIVE SES	SION			Bill Version:		SB	121
				() Publish Da	ate:		
Identifier (file name): SB121-DC	T-SPF-3-07-09			Dept. Affecte	ad:	DOTODE	
Title Ei	nergy Efficiency Bldgs/P	ublic Works		RDU		DOT&PF gineering & (Construction
Sponsor				Component	Statewide P	ublic Facilitie	s
Requester	Senate Resourc			_		Comile	<u> </u>
*	Senate Resourc	es		Component I	Number	2882	
Expenditures/Revenues			(Thou	sands of Dol	llare)		
Note: Amounts do not include inf	lation unless otherwise r	noted below	11100	odilas of Doi	iiais)		
	Appropriation	<u> </u>					
	Required	1		1			
OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2010	FY 2010	FY 2011	Inform FY 2012		EV CO.	
Personal Services	230.2	0.0	332.1	332.1	FY 2013 332.1	FY 2014	FY 2015
Travel	25.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	332.1	332.1
Contractual	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0
Supplies	1.0	0.0	1.5	1,5	1.5	0.0 1.5	0.0
Equipment	5.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	1.5 0.0
Land & Structures Grants & Claims	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	261.2	0.0	366.1	363.6	363.6	368.6	363.6
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES							
CHANGE IN REVENUES ()						
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1002 Federal Receipts		···	(Thous	sands of Dolla	rs)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1003 GF Match							
1004 GF	261.2	0.0	366.1	363.6	363.6	368.6	200.0
1005 GF/Program Receipts				500.0	303.0	300.0	363.6
1037 GF/Mental Health							
Other Interagency Receipts TOTAL							
TOTAL	261.2	0.0	366.1	363.6	363.6	368.6	363.6
Estimate of any current year (FY	2009) cost:		\$ 0.0				<u> </u>
POSITIONS			V 0.0				
Full-time	2						
Part-time		0	3	3	3	3	3
Temporary							
ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate pa					L		
,	ige if necessary)						
Case One: No GF appropriation performance contracts. The performance contracts.	n for energy efficienc	y retrofits.	Retrofits will	l be accompl	ished via en	erav savina	,
that would have been expende	d on the energy saved	d from imple	menting the	energy savi	ings measur	es, from the	using
agencies existing operating but	ager. No reduction in	operating b	udgets will t	be seen until	the loan has	s been repa	id.
Two engineering positions requ FY2011.	lired in vear one to im	nlement and	d administs.	41			
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FY 2010 One Engineer/Archite	ct II. Range 23. Ancho	rage. One F	nginooring	Assistant II I			
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repared by: Mary Siroky, Special	al Assistant/Legislative L	.iaison			Phone 46	35-4772	
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pproved by: Nancy Slagle, Direct	ctor Administrative Service	ces			Date 3/		
Department of Tran	sportation and Public Fa	acilities		···			-

FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA						 -	
2009 LEGISLATIVE S.	ESSION			Fiscal Note Num	nber:		
	L OS IO II			Bill Version:		SB	121
				() Publish Date:			
Identifier (file name): SB121	-DOT-SPF-3-07-	-09		Dept. Affected:		DOTODE	
Title Er	nergy Efficiency I	Bldgs/ Public V	Vorks	RDU	Design E	DOT&PF ngineering & Cor	
Sponsor				Component	Statewide Public	: Facilities	istruction
Requester		Resources		·		- Comaco	
	Senate	Resources		Component Num	ber	2882	
Expenditures/Revenues			(Ti	housands of Do	llare)		
Note: Amounts do not include	inflation unless	otherwise note	d below	Todounds of Do	ilais)		
	Appropriation			~	· ····· ···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	······································	
	Required			I			
OPERATING EXPENDITURE	FY 2010	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	nation		
Personal Services	230.2	0.0	460.4	460.4	FY 2013 460.4	FY 2014	FY 2015
Travel	25.0	0.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	460.4	460.4
Contractual				10.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
Supplies	1.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Equipment Land & Structures	7.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	5.0	2.0 0.0
Grants & Claims						- 0.0	0.0
Miscellaneous							
TOTAL OPERATING	263.7						
		0.0	504.9	502.4	502.4	507.4	502.4
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	8,000.0	0.0	16,900.0	16,900.0	16,900.0	16,900.0	16 000 0
CHANGE IN REVENUES (T				10,300.0	16,900.0
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1003 GF Match							
1004 GF	8,263.7	0.0	17,404.9	47.400.4			
1005 GF/Program Receipts			17,404.3	17,402.4	17,402.4	17,407.4	17,402.4
1037 GF/Mental Health							
Other Interagency Receipts							
TOTAL	8,263.7	0.0	17,404.9	17,402.4	17,402.4	17,407.4	47.400.1
Estimate of any current year (FY2009) cost		ф <u> </u>		11,702.7	17,407.4	17,402.4
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Part-time	2	0	4	4	4	4	4
Temporary						·	
ANALYSIS: (Attach a separate			······································				
Case Two: GF appropriation Two engineering positions re	for energy effic	ciency retrofit	s Retrofits will	bo accomplish	and the second		l
Two engineering positions re FY2011. Assumptions:	quired in year	one to implen	nent and admin	ister the progra	eu via design ai	nd construction	contracts.
-Y2011. Assumptions:		•	ara dariii	noter the progra	iii, with two add	litional positions	s added in
EV 2010, O F: //							
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FY 2011 One Engineer/Arch	itect I, Range 2	22, Anchorag	e; One Enginee	ering Assistant II	, Range 19. Fa	irbanks	
3.000 000 square feet to be r	otrofittad asti-				3,		
3,000,000 square feet to be r system buildings from the cur	rent list of state	nate only at th	nis point based	upon limited info	ormation on exc	ecutive branch a	and court
system buildings from the cur Does not include the Universi	itv	e owned build	lings from DOA	Risk Managem	ent, estimating	two thirds are I	neated.
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repared by: Mary Siroky, Spe	cial Assistant/Le	gislative Liaiso	on		Phone 465	4772	
ivision Department of Tr	ansportation and	d Public Faciliti	es		Date/Time 3/7/		
pproved by: Nancy Slagle, Di	rector Administra	tive Services					
Department of Tr	ansportation and	Public Facilitie	es	···	Date <u>3/7/</u>	2009	

Senate Bill 121:

Reducing State Operating Costs Through Energy Efficient Public Buildings

Proposal:

Decrease the cost of operating state facilities by reducing the amount of energy consumed by public buildings by 20 percent over the next fifteen years.

Background:

- Alaska faces some of the highest energy costs nationwide, and as the owner of nearly 1800 public facilities, the State of Alaska would benefit by taking steps to lower these operating costs.
- The easiest way for the state to reduce energy costs is to maximize energy efficiency of public facilities by installing energy savings measures that meet the most recently published International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) standards.
- The 2009 International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) provides facilities with 15% more efficiency than the 2006 code.
- Most public facilities in Alaska have not received energy efficiency upgrades and therefore do not meet the current International Conservation Code (IECC) standards.
- Beginning in 2004, The Department of Transportation and Public Facilities executed a performance contract with Siemens Building Technologies who has now audited and retrofitted 16 public facilities, in 2 contracts to improve energy efficiency.
- Performance contracts allow the state to retrofit many more buildings than could be funded annually through a pay as you save system. Initial savings are paid to an energy service company for the retrofit, and within 15 years or less, cost savings from the efficiency upgrades go directly to the state, saving public funds.
- The energy performance report from the first performance contract of 8 facilities shows that in the first year after receiving energy retrofits, the state saved \$365,991 (using 2006-2007 rates). Using 2008 rates the savings would actually be \$557,096.
- The efficiency measures that resulted in cost savings to the state cut electricity usage by 22%, natural gas by 15%, and fuel oil by 36%. Looking at these figures, the total reduction in energy usage for these 8 facilities in the first year was 24 percent.
- Prioritizing energy retrofit projects will allow the state to realize the greatest savings by
 providing for energy efficiency measures in the facilities which consume the greatest
 amount of energy and therefore cost the most to operate, prior to retrofitting buildings
 which consume less.
- To help the state identify which facilities consume the most energy and prioritize energy retrofit projects accordingly, an energy use index database containing energy use data for each public facility should be established and maintained using data from utility bills.
- By prioritizing retrofit projects and using performance contracts, the state can begin saving energy right away and save in operating costs for years to come.

CS for SB 121 - General Intent, Additions and Changes

"An act relating to energy efficiency for public facilities with the intent of reducing state operating costs"

This bill provides for the Alaska Energy Authority to establish an energy use index database so that the state can identify the amount of energy consumed by each public facility and better prioritize energy retrofit projects to help reduce state operating costs.

This bill requires the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities to retrofit, where cost effective, all public facilities within 15 years of the completion of the energy use index database.

This bill allows the department to use performance contracting with a qualified energy service company so that the state can achieve energy audits and efficiency upgrades through a "pay as you save" system, where the state is guaranteed a specific energy savings and is able to pay for the contract in 15 years or less, with savings earned through efficiency upgrades.

This bill requires the department to update the energy use index database with information from new utility bills every 10 years or whenever a substantial change has been made for a facility. If a substantial inefficiency is detected during database maintenance, the department shall perform an energy audit and possibly another retrofit.

Below are a few changes and additions offered in the Committee Substitute to SB 121.

Changes to the bill:

The Purpose has been changed to say that the amount of energy consumed should be reduced by 20 percent not later than 15 years after completion of the energy use index database.

The timeframe for completion of energy retrofit projects has changed from 10 years after the date of the act to 15 years from the date of completion of the energy use index database.

Maintenance and updates to the energy use index database will be made by the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities every 10 years and when there are substantial changes to a facility.

Additions to the bill:

Lighted facilities that are not heated shall be upgraded so that lighting is as efficient as possible while meeting federal guidelines.

If the department determines that a retrofit is not cost effective, the department may postpone the retrofit until it is determined to be cost effective or additional capital improvements are required.

All retrofits, new construction and deferred maintenance of state buildings shall be made in accordance with the most recently published version of the International Energy Conservation Code or the 90.1 standard of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers. The department may amend these standards to better address the climate needs throughout the state.



COLD CLIMATE HOUSING RESEARCH CENTER

CCHRC

Memo

Date: March 9, 2009

To: Senate Resources Committee, State of Alaska

From: Dr. John N Davies, Research Director

RE: Support for SB 121

As SB 121 addresses two of the key recommendations made in our report, *Alaska Energy Efficiency Program and Policy Recommendations*, we are in strong support of this bill.

The first recommendation was to establish an Energy Use Index for public buildings based on readily available utility bills and data about the size and use of each building. An energy use index is often as simple as energy used per square foot of heated floor space (BTU/sq. ft). Such an index gives the building owner a means of comparison with other similar buildings as to how the owner's building is performing. It also gives the state a means to prioritize retrofit work.

The second recommendation was "The Governor should direct each state agency to reduce energy consumption in its facilities by 20 percent from 2000 levels by 2020." We suggested that some sort of pay-as-you-save mechanism be used to fund the needed retrofits, either a revolving loan fund or to encourage the use of private energy service companies (ESCO). The funding mechanism uses some or all of the energy cost savings from the retrofit work to pay for financing the work.

CCHRC Internet Web Site: http://www.cchrc.org

PO Box 82489, Fairbanks, AK 99708 Phone: (907)457-3454 Fax: (907)457-3456

Alaska Energy Efficiency Program and Policy Recommendations

DRAFT

Final Report to Cold Climate Housing Research Center June 5, 2008

Project funded by: Alaska Energy Authority Alaska Housing Finance Corporation



INFORMATION INSIGHTS, INC. 212 FRONT STREET, STE. 100 FAIRBANKS, ALASKA 99701 907 450-2450 429 L STREET ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501 907 272-5074

7. The Alaska Housing Finance Corporation and Alaska Energy Authority should conduct an end-use survey of residential and commercial energy consumers.

AHFC and AEA should conduct a household survey to collect information about energy end-use and user behavior. Overall analysis should include survey data, AKWarm¹⁰ data and utility data. The purpose of an end-use survey is to determine the specifics of residential energy consumption – how many people use electric hot water heaters versus gas; average age of refrigerators and industrial walk-in freezers in Alaska; the number of people and businesses that have switched to efficient lighting; and so on.

Baselines should be established by facility type and type of user.

- Quantify current energy use by
 - o Residential per household and type of user, i.e. multi-family versus single family
 - O Commercial/public square footage and type of user, i.e. hours per year of facility use; number of daily users

AHFC and AEA need to establish mechanisms for updating energy user data on an annual or biennial basis. Costs associated with these recommendations should be included in overall program administration.

The effect on homeowners and business owners of the recent run-up in energy prices (and in Juneau, the effect of temporary electrical transmission problems), has resulted in a variety of responses by state and local policy-makers. Additional information on end uses, updated periodically, would assist state and local policy-makers in choosing among policy options.



8. The Alaska Energy Authority should establish and report an Energy Use Index (EUI) for all public buildings.



The AEA should establish an energy use index for all public buildings, employing user and utility information. AEA should act as clearinghouse for EUIs, collecting and standardizing end-use information specific to Alaska. Energy use is usually then reported out in relation to square footage, type and hours of use, number of users, etc.

The Oregon Energy Trust has developed a simple and easy-to-use tool utilized by public schools in Oregon and Northern California based on the following ideas.

- A simple EUI can be established with 12 months energy use data (utility bills) and basic information about buildings use
- EUIs will help guide energy efficiency program funding to the highest users
- The EUI will serve the function of supplying basic baseline energy use information for public facilities

¹⁰ AKWarm database housed at AHFC includes energy ratings on more than 25,000 households in Alaska. Information on energy used for home heating can be found for homes in parts of state the fuel source used for home heating is not used for other purposes.

We recommend the state contract for coordination and consolidation of EUI data; an estimated one-time cost of \$50,000 would cover this effort. Set-up for such an endeavor would include choosing or developing a data gathering tool; working with Alaska DOT/PF to identify the contact person at each facility; contact and assistance to collect information; and consolidation of data. The state could choose to keep this project inhouse but it is unlikely that costs would be reduced, they would just be less apparent.

PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE REPORT – YEAR ONE FOR STATE OF ALASKA

Prepared for:

State of Alaska

Department of Transportation

DOT/PF Annex Building 2200 East 42nd Avenue Anchorage, AK 99508

Attention: Mr. Joel St. Aubin

Prepared by:

Siemens Building Technologies, Inc.

22010 SE 51st St. Issaquah, WA 98029 (425) 507-4355

Principal Investigator:

Sandra Edwards, CEM, CDSM

February 7, 2008



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This document is the first annual Performance Assurance Report and compares the measured energy savings against the energy savings that were guaranteed by Siemens Building Technologies (Siemens) as part of a Performance Contract that was executed in 2004. As part of that contract, Siemens implemented Facility Improvement Measures (FIMs) at eight facilities which included: upgrades to the lighting systems and lighting controls, installation of low-flow water fixtures, installation of high efficient motors, modifications and expansion of the energy management systems, installation of office equipment machine load controllers, burner upgrades, conversion of CV to variable volume HW pumping upgrades, replacement of generator heaters, upgrades to the chiller plant cooling, the addition of oil tank heaters, installation of an exhaust fan for the electrical room and building envelope improvements.

Facility energy or water savings are determined by comparing the energy use before and after the installation of the FIM. The "before" case is called the baseline; the "after" case is referred to as the post-installation or performance period. Baseline adjustments are included to account for changes that affect energy use but that are not caused by the measures. Such adjustments may account for differences in weather and occupancy conditions between the baseline and performance periods.

In general,

Savings = Baseline Energy Use - Post Installation Energy Use ± Baseline Adjustments

The measured energy and water savings for the Facility Improvement Measures (FIM's) installed provide \$365,991 in actual cost avoidance savings in the first annual year report.



The total guaranteed annual energy savings and the measured energy savings are summarized in Tables A & B below:

Table A

	Original Contract Guaranteed Annual Energy Savings	Reported Measured Savings (Year 1)
Electrical Consumption	2,211,605 (kWh)	2,881,786 (kWh)
Electrical Demand	322 (kW)	457 (kW)
Natural Gas	11,168 (Therms)	13,324 (Therms)
Fuel Oil	70,216 (Gal)	94,336 (Gal)
Water	2,409,000 (Gal)	2,923,000 (Gal)

The monetized annual energy savings based off of the original contract guarantee is reported in the table below:

Table B

	Original Annual Energy Savings (Monetized) *	Reported Monetized Savings (Year 1)**
Energy & Utility Savings	\$265,329	\$353,393
Operational Savings	\$12,528	\$12,528
Total	\$277,857	\$365,991

*Monetized savings based off of 2003-2005 base year utility rates

The water fixture operational savings were based upon the historical typical life of a fixture. The typical life of a water fixture is about 10 to 12 years. The water fixtures needing repair and replacement were evenly distributed. The age of the building and spot replacements were also taken into consideration to determine the failure rate of a given water fixture. Each year there is between 8-10% failure rate for a fixture.

Per the contract, the utility rate used for savings calculations will be based on the utility rate in effect for the predominant bill or the utility rate in effect for the corresponding period of the baseline period whichever is greater. The current rates will be designated the floor price. An escalation rate of 3.5% per annual period will be applied to the floor rates. The escalated floor rate will be compared to the utility rate in effect in each future annual period, and the greater of the two will be applied

^{**}Reported Monetized savings based off of 2006-2007 1 year utility performance period.



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INTRODUCTION

Siemens Building Technologies, Inc. (Siemens) is pleased to present the State of Alaska (State) with this first annual Performance Assurance Report for the operation of the Facility Improvement Measures (FIMs) that were installed as part of the Performance Contract in 2004 at the eight facilities listed on Table 1. This report documents and compares the measured energy savings against the energy savings that were guaranteed by Siemens.

Table 1
List of Buildings Included in Project

Dimond Courthouse	State Office Building
Alaska Office Building	Aviation Building
Court Plaza	DOT/PF Annex Building
Douglas Island Building	Public Safety Building

The FIMs that were implemented as part of this project include: upgrades to the lighting systems and lighting controls, installation of low-flow water fixtures, installation of high efficient motors, modifications and expansion of the energy management systems, installation of office equipment machine load controllers, burner upgrades, conversion of CV to variable volume HW pumping upgrades, replacement of generator heaters, upgrades to the chiller plant cooling, the addition of oil tank heaters, installation of an exhaust fan for the electrical room and building envelope improvements. The FIMs that were installed in each building are identified on Table 2.

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BASE YEAR

The Base Year for this project is a rolling base year starting in July 2002 through June 2005, and the annual performance period is from September 1, 2006 through September 1, 2007. Utility data for the base year which represents the Baseline Energy Use is summarized in Table 4 with detailed utility data for the base year provided in Appendix N in back of the Utility Rate Information.

Table 4
Baseline Energy Use

7/2002-6/2005	Electric		Natural Gas	Fuel Oil	Water	Sewer
	Consumption	Demand	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Building	(kWh)	(kW)	(therms)	(gal)	(gal)	(gal)
Dimond Courthouse	1,516,840	4,283	0	83,096	1,579,000	1,579,000
Alaska Office Building	790.182	0	0	29,879	565,000	565,000
Court Plaza	530,632	784	0	14,665	90,000	90,000
Douglas Island Building	625,005	1,541	0	15,977	940,000	940,000
State Office Building	6,456,818	17,569	0	113,397	1,681,000	1,681,000
Aviation Building	1,758,960	4,676	29,218	0	680,000	680,000
DOT/PF Annex Building	185,640	5,880	9,789	0	200,000	200,000
Public Safety Building	1,044,873	2,418	48,062	0	430,000	430,000
Total	12,908,950	31,849	87,069	257,014	6,165,000	6,165,000



GUARANTEED ENERGY SAVINGS

This section reviews the energy savings that were guaranteed by Siemens as part of this project. Table 5 provides the guaranteed reductions for electricity, natural gas Fuel oil, and domestic water for each FIM. The guaranteed cost avoidance savings are based upon 2003-2005 base year rates.

Table 5
Guaranteed Savings for each FIM

		Bectric		Natural Gas	Fuel	Water	Baseyear
		Consumption	Demand	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Cost Savings
FIM#	Description	(kWh)	(kVV)	(therms)	(gal)	(kgal)	(\$)
1.00	Lighting Upgrades	1,277,391	322	-1,257	-2,109	0	\$102,307
1.01	LightingControls	175,800	0	-10	-425	0	\$9,073
200	WaterConservation		0	454	397	2,212	\$25,089
300	Energy Efficient Motor Upgrades	21,812	0	0	0	0	\$1,610
4.00	Energy Management/DDC Upgrades	659,911	0	12,096	68,323	0	\$114,995
4.01	Office Equip. & Machine Load Controllers	25,500	0	0	0	0	\$1,351
500	Upgrade Burners	0	0	0	2,184	0	\$1,931
5.02	Convert CV to Variable HWPumping	22,851	0	0	0	0	\$1,376
503	Replace Generator Heaters	20,503	0	0	0	0	\$1,236
506	Chiller Flant Cooling Upgrades	0	0	0	0	197	\$2,053
5.08	Add Oil Tank Heaters	-455	0	0	0	0	\$10,911
512	Install Exhaust for Electrical Room	24,900	0	0	0	0	\$1,363
600	Building Envelope Improvements	33,394	0	-114	1,846	0	\$4,562
	Totals	2,211,605	322	11,168	70,216	2,409	277,857

1 Savings guarantee

^{1.} The guaranteed rate savings used in Table 5 are based upon 2003-2005 base year rates.

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SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The results of this Performance Assurance Report indicate that the State has had a very successful year in realizing the energy savings that were guaranteed by Siemens. Table 7 presents the utility savings that were measured during the first year of the agreement. The State achieved \$365,991 in utility savings which is \$88,134 more savings than anticipated. These savings are based upon (2006-2007) utility rates.

Table 7
Measured Savings for each FIM (Year 1)

		Electric		Natural Gas	Fuel	Water	Baseyear
		Consumption	Demand	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Cost Savings
FIM#	Description	(kWh)	(kW)	(thems)	(gal)	(kgal)	(\$)
1.00	Lighting Upgrades	1,642,790	457	-1,621	-2,868	0	\$134,944
1.01	LightingControls	249,007	0	-12	-602	0	\$11,530
200	WaterConservation	25,998	0	732	641	2,704	\$30,205
3.00	Energy Efficient Motor Upgrades	30,375	0	0	0	0	\$2,908
4.00	Energy Management/DDC Upgrades	806,468	0	14,339	93,135	0	\$151,984
4.01	Office Equip. & Machine Load Controllers	25,500	0	0	0	0	\$1,327
5.00	Upgrade Burners	0	0	0	2,184	0	\$3,324
5.02	Convert CV to Variable HW Pumping	22,851	0	0	0	0	\$1,721
5.03	Replace Generator Heaters	20,503	0	0	0	0	\$1,546
5.06	Chiller Plant Cooling Upgrades	0	0	0	0	219	\$2,054
5.08	Add Oil Tank Heaters	0	0	0	0	0	\$18,200
5.12	Install Exhaust for Electrical Room	24,900	0	0	0	0	\$1,515
6.00	Building Envelope Improvements	33,394	0	-114	1846	0	\$5,573
	Totals	2,881,786	457	13,324	94,336	2,923	\$365,991

1' Savings at 2006-2007 rates Table 8 shows the associated cost avoidance savings for the first year with today's actual rates. The State achieved \$557,096 in utility cost avoidance savings and this is based upon current year actual rate cost.

Table 8
Associated Cost Savings for each FIM and M&V Option – Actual

		Measured	Measured	Main Meter	Designated on Simulation or	
F-14.4 //	5	Capacity	Consumption	Comparison	Calculation	
FIM#	Description	(Option A)	(Option B)	(Option C)	(Option D)	Total
1.00	Lighting Upgrades	\$140,542	\$0	\$0	\$0	140,542
1.01	LightingControls	\$10,953	\$0	\$0	\$0	10,953
2.00	WaterConservation	\$33,258	\$0	\$0	\$0	33,258
3.00	Energy Efficient Motor Upgrades	\$2,908	\$0	\$0	\$0	2,908
4.00	Energy Management/DDC Upgrades	\$0	\$328,827	\$0	\$0	328,827
4.01	Office Equip. & Machine Load Controllers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,392	1,392
5.00	Upgrade Burners	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$6,465	6,465
5.02	Convert CV to Variable HW Pumping	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,805	1,805
5.03	Replace Generator Heaters	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,574	1,574
5.06	Chiller Plant Cooling Upgrades	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,095	2.095
5.08	Add Oil Tank Heaters	\$18,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	18.200
5.12	Install Exhaust for Electrical Room	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,925	1,925
6.00	Building Envelope Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,152	7,152
	Totals	\$205,861	\$328,827	\$0	\$22,408	\$557,096

Savings at 2008 rates

^{3.} The switch from #1 Oil to #2 Oil has had a tremendous impact on the current year cost avoidance with today's current fuel cost rate \$/gals. During the base year the average cost \$/gals for the #1 Oil was at \$1.2558 compared to \$1.1047 for the #2 Oil, and the extra cost for the use of #1 oil was \$.1511. Considering the cost of #2 Oil is less expensive than the cost of #1 Oil, and with today's \$ the cost of #1 Oil would have easily exceeded over \$3.00 \$/gals. The current cost of \$/gals of #2 Oil in 2007 was \$2.14 and in 2008 is now at \$2.96 \$/gals. This cost has more than doubled from the base year cost. The actual rates for 2008 were used in this table. The cost of fuel with today's \$/gals rate of \$2.96 is \$275,680.