Senate Finance Committee Meeting

February 10, 2025



AGDC



The Alaska Gasline Development Corporation (AGDC)

- Independent, public corporation owned by the State of Alaska (SOA)
- Created by the Alaska State Legislature

Mission

 Maximize the benefit of Alaska's vast North Slope natural gas resources through the development of infrastructure necessary to move the gas to local and international markets

Current Owner and Developer of the Alaska LNG Project

Transitioning project to private ownership under qualified developers





Alaska LNG Overview



North Slope Gas Supply

- 40 Tcf of gas reserves in PBU and PTU
- 122 Tcf of total "Proved Producing Reserves" in Alaska*
- Early Supply from Great Bear Pantheon

Arctic Carbon Capture (ACC)

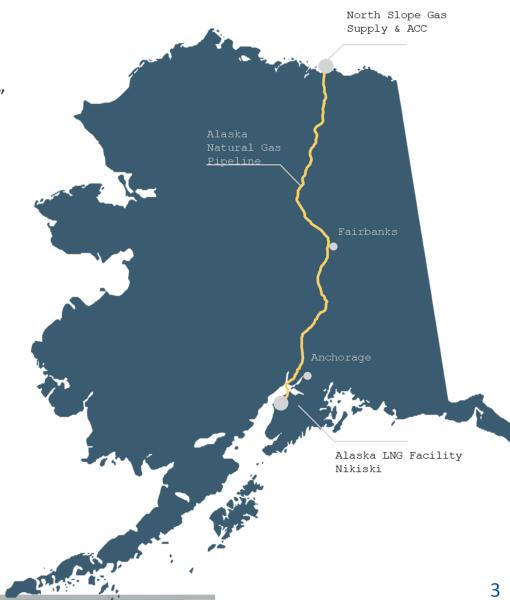
 Adjacent to existing PBU gas plants, will remove and sequester 7 million tons of CO₂ annually and condition gas to LNG specifications

Natural Gas Pipeline

 807-mile pipeline from Prudhoe Bay to Nikiski, follows existing oil pipeline and highway system, with gas delivered to Alaska communities and the LNG plant

Alaska LNG Facility

 20-MTPA LNG facility located in Nikiski near the legacy Kenai LNG Plant



Phase 1 of Alaska LNG

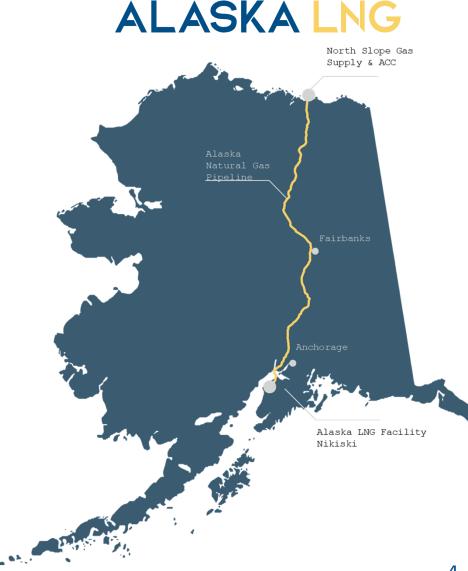


Alaska LNG is a fully permitted integrated \$43.8 LNG export, pipeline, and gas treatment project

Phase 1 is the pre-build of the pipeline from the North Slope of Alaska to Southcentral Alaska – \$10.8 bn

Phase 2 is the construction of North Slope gas treatment and LNG export facilities – \$33 bn

By phasing Alaska LNG, Alaska can utilize existing permits to quickly provide gas for Alaskans and provide infrastructure for future LNG exports and industrial use



2024 Legislative Intent Language



"It is the intent of the legislature that the Alaska Gasline Development Corporation continue to work towards meeting the critical energy needs of Alaskans by advancing a pipeline project proposal which would deliver North Slope natural gas to Alaska's utilities, businesses, and homeowners. Further, it is the intent of the legislature that the Alaska Gasline Development Corporation complete an independent third-party review of a project proposal that would commercialize North Slope gas and present that analysis to the legislature by December 20, 2024. It is the further intent of the legislature that if analysis shows a positive economic value to the state, all parties would work toward Front End Engineering and Design for Phase 1 of a pipeline project."

At the direction of the Alaska Legislature, Wood Mackenzie was contracted to complete an independent third-party economic assessment of the Alaska LNG Phase 1 Pipeline.

The analysis shows a positive economic value to the state.

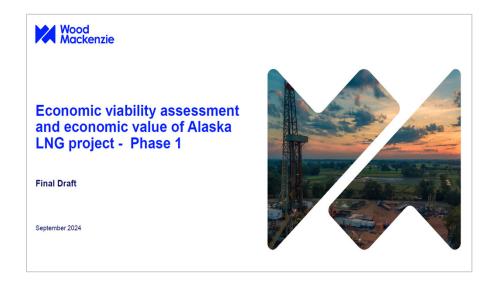
Economic Value to the State of Alaska



Wood Mackenzie Study



- At the direction of the Alaska Legislature, AGDC contracted with Wood Mackenzie to perform an independent third-party economic assessment of the Phase 1 gas pipeline
- Wood Mackenzie's key findings are:
 - The Phase 1 pipeline can match or beat the cost of imported LNG
 - The Phase 1 pipeline will create significant new jobs and economic activity in Alaska
 - Phase 1 increases the likelihood of full project success

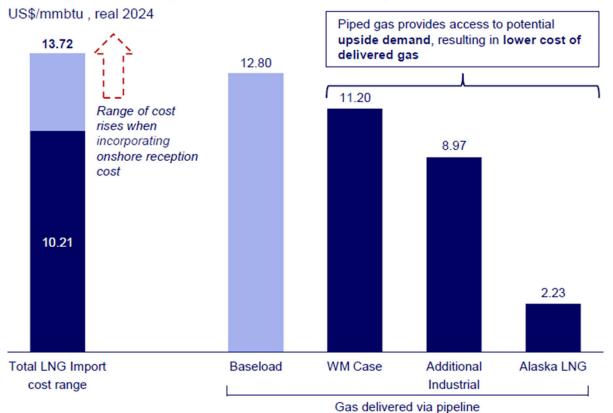


Wood Mackenzie Analysis



The Wood Mackenzie Analysis shows that the Phase 1 pipeline can deliver gas at or below the cost of imported LNG with just domestic demand. As new Anchor Customers develop, Alaskans will benefit from lower cost energy.

LNG Import cost comparison vs Gas delivered via pipeline



Phase 1 Jobs



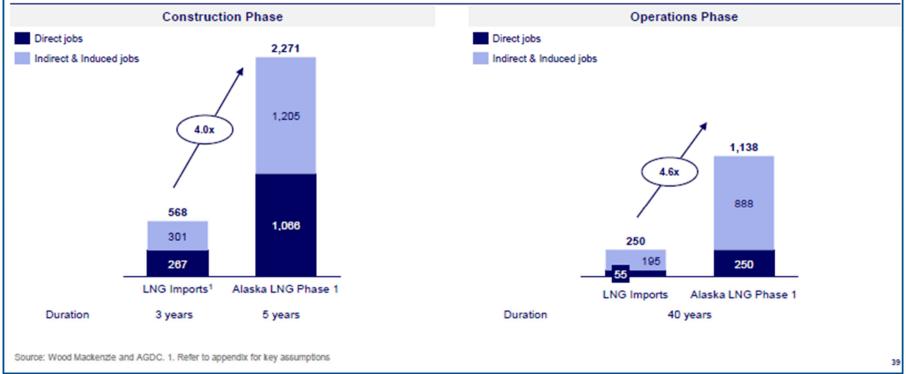
Economic Impact of LNG Pipeline Phase 1



The impact in jobs created from Alaska LNG Phase 1 is 4x larger than the LNG imports alternative mainly due to a larger in-State construction scope

Economic Impact Comparison - LNG Imports vs Alaska LNG Phase 1

Average jobs per year - Direct, indirect, and induced



Economic Impact



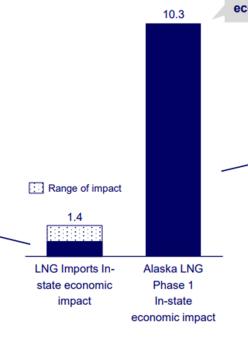
Economic Impact of LNG Pipeline Phase 1



Economic impact for Alaska LNG Phase 1 is 7x - 10x larger than the LNG imports alternative with the additional benefit of potential lower gas cost via industry expansion and upside demand

Economic Impact Comparison – LNG Imports vs Alaska LNG Phase 1 GVA in US\$ billion. 2024 Real

- Marginal FSRU capex considered as only requiring setting up – construction done elsewhere
- No upside for gas demand outside of current baseload consumption
- Impact mainly considering:
 - Dock construction
 - FSRU and dock required labor
 - Local services and materials suppliers
 - Local businesses stimulated



Phase 1 costs are offset by roughly equivalent economic impacts

- Pipeline construction related activity and capital spend directly impacting Alaska economic activity
- · Lifetime operational expenditure
- Government revenue from project's corporate taxes
- Government take from upstream gas monetization
- Upside for gas demand (additional industrial) and Fairbanks gas switch from higher emissions fuels

Source: Wood Mackenzie

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Economic Impact



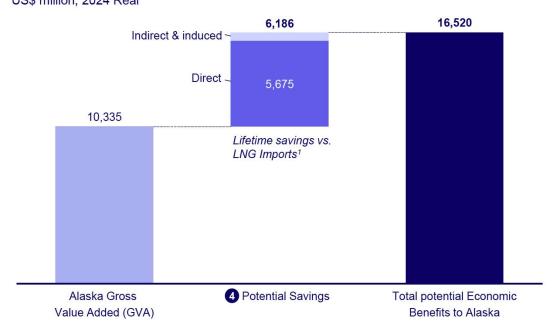
Economic Impact of LNG Pipeline Phase 1



With potential implied savings (compared to LNG imports) economic benefits to the state add up to ~US\$ 16.6 Bn

- Gas via pipeline has additional economic benefits over the long term:
 - Lifetime savings from the baseload supplied via Pipeline, compared to LNG add up to ~US\$
 5.7 billion
 - Savings going back into the economy would also generate indirect and induced impact
 - The pipeline provides potential upside for gas demand and industrial activity
 - Overall potential impact to the state of Alaska is estimated at ~ US\$16.5 billion or 2.8x in-state capex





Source: Wood Mackenzie, AGDC, the Perryman Group; 1. Considers WM Case Scenario, high-end cost of LNG imports and grossed up with the construction economic multiplier (as proxy)

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Developer-Led Project



Evolution to Private Developers



2013 - 2016

2017 - 2022

2023 – Onward

Producer-Led

Producers provided initial scoping and engagement—important demonstration of producer support

State-Led

State-led initial design, permitting, and authorization—important demonstration of state support

Developer-Led

Transition to world-class private parties for construction and operations

Equity Offer for Investors



AGDC is raising development capital to take Alaska LNG to Final Investment Decision (FID)

- Alaska LNG is an attractive investment:
 - Best economics of any North America project
 - Has all major permits
 - Beneficial equity terms
 - Local support

AGDC equity offer highlights

- Majority ownership and control of Alaska LNG in exchange for:
 - Funding development costs to FID
 - Commitment to move Alaska LNG forward on fast timeline
 - Preferential in-state gas supply
 - Opportunity for Alaska to invest

Introduction to Glenfarne



Glenfarne Mission and Vision





Glenfarne is a global energy transition specialist that is guided by its core mission and vision.

Mission: To realize the potential of the world's energy transition.

Vision: Responsibly grow our renewables, grid stability, and flexible fuels businesses to provide economically viable solutions to our communities and customers to realize the potential of the world's energy transition.

Glenfarne believes that its core competence is its ability to develop local platforms in end markets (by leveraging assets, knowledge and relationships), built around a core understanding that the market's energy transition journey will be driven by the interaction of domestic gas and global LNG.

Glenfarne at a Glance







- Includes 68 MW of Solar PV under construction.
- 2. FERC-approved capacity.

Glenfarne Term Sheet



This Term Sheet memorializes certain obligations and key timeframes for the Alaska LNG Project, with key milestones for phased project development and the overall goal to have the project constructed and operational by 2030, and through which Glenfarne will:

- 1. Commit to capitalize the project in sufficient amounts to fund and resource the successful development of the project to FID of each subproject
- 2. In return for project leadership and investment in project development, obtain a 75% equity position across the 8 Star structure, while carrying AGDC's 25% equity to FID
- 3. Achieve agreed milestones to:
 - i. Enter Front-End Engineering Design (FEED) on the Phase 1 pipeline (\$50 m)
 - ii. Market sufficient volumes and prepare for FEED on the gas treatment and LNG plants
 - iii. Enter FEED on Phase 2 LNG exports (\$100 m)

FEED Backstop and Phase 1 Development

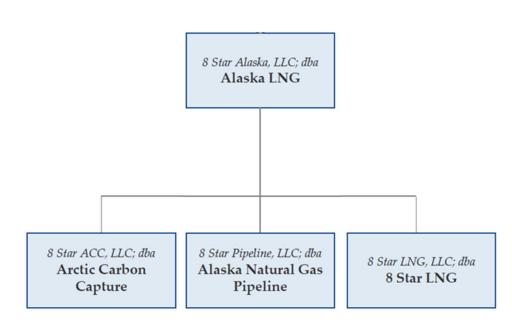


Alaska LNG Corporate Structure



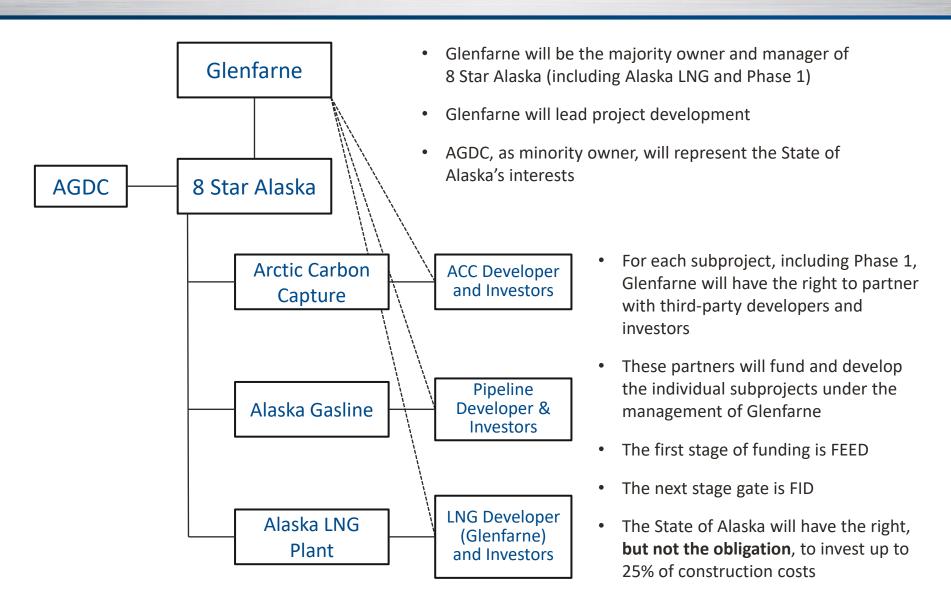
AGDC will use the project company 8 Star to hold Alaska LNG assets, raise capital, and provide collateral to AIDEA

- AGDC is a state-owned corporation and cannot sell or transfer ownership shares of itself
- AGDC created "8 Star Alaska, LLC"
 (8 Star) as the vehicle for bringing in third-party investment and control of Alaska LNG
- All Alaska LNG assets (permits, rights-of-way, agreements) are held by 8 Star
- Project components are structured to allow separate economics at the project level while holding the integrated permits at the 8 Star level



Glenfarne Ownership Structure





Understanding FEED



"FEED" is the final step before Final Investment Decision (FID) and construction can start



FEED is a technical term used in the oil and gas industry for the final stage before an FID & construction



FEED stands for "Front-End Engineering Design"



FEED produces a final cost estimate and construction contracts ready to be executed

FEED Backstop Timeline



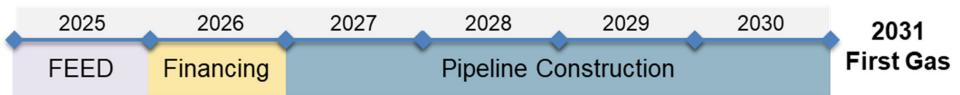
- 1. December 4: AIDEA Board Resolution authorizing AIDEA Executive Director to negotiate and execute binding agreements
 - Resolution ONLY applies to Phase 1 FEED (up to \$50 m).
 - There is NO state backstop requested or proposed for Phase 2 FEED (up to \$100 m)

2. After AIDEA Resolution:

- Finalize and sign Phase 1 FEED backstop agreements: AIDEA, AGDC & Developer
- 3. Upon execution of FEED Agreements:
 - Pipeline FEED subcontractor commences work to update FEED Scope of Work and Budget at their own expense
- 4. Within 120 days of execution of FEED Agreements:
 - Parties commence Phase 1 FEED

Actions to Build Phase 1 Pipeline





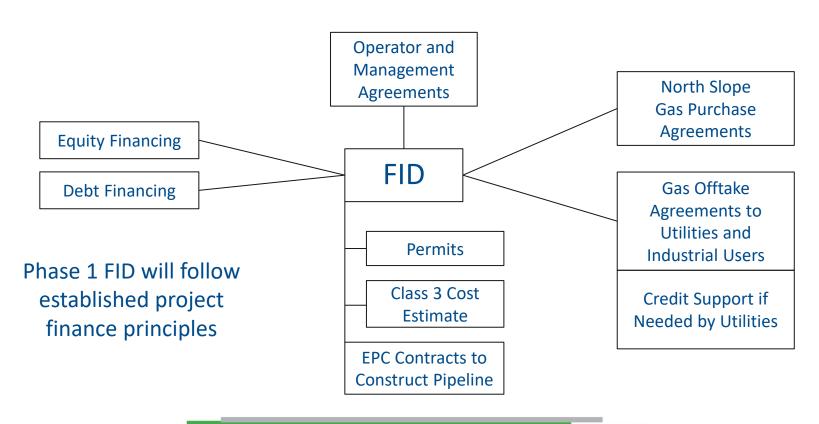
- Execute FEED Backstop Agreements and \$50 million FEED backstop from AIDEA (in progress)
- FEED generates final cost estimate and construction contracts
- Enter into agreements with Alaska utilities for long-term gas supply
- Raise debt and equity financing
- ☐ Final Investment Decision Start construction

Conditions to Enter FID



FID occurs when all commercial agreements needed to underpin financing are in place and all debt and equity capital necessary to fund the entire project construction is fully committed.

FID is not simply a "decision" to build—it requires full construction funding committed and deployed by third parties.



North Slope Gas Supply



Preferred Gas Supply: Great Bear Pantheon *Accelerates project and lowers Alaska energy costs*

These fields are still in development, so back up supply agreements from Prudhoe Bay and Point Thomson are required

<\$1.00 per MMBtu

- Cheaper to supply gas to pipeline than reinject
- Price to be reduced based on cost-savings

Low-Cost Access

- No CO₂ removal
- Adjacent to pipeline, no new infrastructure needed

"Back Up" Gas Supply: Producing North Slope Fields

These fields are currently producing gas but will have a higher price and require additional infrastructure

Prudhoe Bay

Largest gas field in North America

Needs gas treatment to remove CO₂

Point Thomson

- Selling gas unlocks liquids production
- Requires new 63-mile pipeline

Satellite Fields

- Endicott and North Star
- Needs gas treatment to remove CO₂

Role of AGDC



Transition to Lead Party



Key Milestones:

- Pre-Definitive Agreements:
 - AGDC is leading and funding Alaska LNG Project development
- Pre-FID:
 - Lead Party assumes 75% equity in 8 Star upon signing Definitive Agreements and is responsible for funding all project development costs to FID
- Pre-FID:
 - The State's equity in 8 Star is carried at 25% to FID and AGDC is responsible for project transition functions
- Post-FID:
 - The State has the option, but not the obligation, to invest in up to 25% of capital to construct the Alaska LNG subprojects with AGDC representing the State's interest

Transition to Lead Party



ROLE		Pre-Definitive Agreements					Pre-FID (FY26-FY27)					Post-FID (FY28 forward)				
R	A	Project Leadership	Development Funding	Technical	Commercial	State Equity (100%)	Project Leadership	Development Funding	Technical	Commercial	State Equity (25%)	Project Leadership	CAPEX/OPEX Funding	Technical	Commercial	State Equity (TBD)
AGDC		A	A	A	A	A	C	0	R	R	A	0	A	0	0	A
Lead Party		C	C	C	G		A	A	A	A		A	A	R	R	
Definitive Agreements Final Investment Executed Decision (8 Star) (FID)																
Legend Responsible			Accountable				Consulted			1	Informed					

"America's Gasline"



National Priority, Local Benefits



Alaska LNG benefits from strong federal, state, and local support:

- Robust Federal Support:
 - Two presidents, unified delegation
 - Executive Order "Unleashing Alaska's Extraordinary Resource Potential"
- Uncommon State Support:
 - Three governors
 - Business leaders
 - Alaska Native support
 - Leading labor voices



Trump Vows Long-Delayed Alaska LNG Export Project Will Be Built

Ari Natter & Ruth Liao Nov. 8, 2024, 7:58 PM EST



Biden administration backs Alaska LNG in new environmental study

Linda F. Hersey Jul 1, 2022 Updated Jul 13, 2022

Poll Results: What do Alaskans Want?

- 87% of residents support the construction of a natural gas pipeline for in-state use and export
- High level of support (59%) for state incentives to private companies and utilities to identify and pursue projects to ensure energy deliverability

Cook Inlet Gas Shortage – Legislative Options to Address the Issue House Resources Hearing, March 24, 2024

Rapidly Intensifying Market Interest



- Last week officials from Japan, South Korea, and Taiwan signaled intensifying interest in Alaska LNG through direct investment, long-term purchase agreements, or both
- Accelerating commercial interest adds to project momentum







FY 2026 Budget Request



FY26 Operating Budget Request



FY26 Operating Budget Request (in thousands of dollars)					
Personal Services	\$1,888.0				
Travel	\$47.1				
Services (Contracts)	\$1,171.8				
Commodities	\$40.0				
Total GF Request	\$2,487.5				

FY25 Operating Budget was one-time only, as is this request

FY26 Capital Budget Request



\$4,200.0 General Fund Request – Provides funding for:

- Technical and Legal expertise needed for development of agreements/ contracts with investor(s), utilities, base industrial customers, gas purchase and gas sale agreements
- Expertise to work with Department of Energy on the establishment of loan guarantees
- Maintain compliance and secure data management systems, geographic information systems capabilities, and stakeholder databases
- Keep permits current and interface with State of Alaska and federal regulators ranging from water quality, culture resources, material sites, and highway use agreements
- Payment of permit fees and lease costs
- Support AGDC's role as minority owner representing the State's interests during FEED with technical, regulatory, and project management expertise

AGDC.us



AGDC Common Acronyms



ACC	Arctic Carbon Capture	FEED	Front End Engineering Design
AFN	Alaska Federation of Natives	FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
AGDC	Alaska Gasline Development Corporation	GTP	Gas Treatment Plant
ANCSA	Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act	НН	Henry Hub
ANVCA	Alaska Native Village Corporation Association	Kbblsd	Thousand Barrels per Day
AOGCC	Alaska Oil and Gas Conservation Commission	LNG	Liquefied Natural Gas
Bbl	Barrel	LOI	Letter of Intent
Bblsd	Barrels per Day	m^3	Cubic Meters
Bcf	Billion Cubic Feet	MMBtu	Metric Million British Thermal Unit
Bcfd	Billion Cubic Feet Per Day	MT	Metric Tons
BLM	Bureau of Land Management	MTPA	Million Tonnes Per Annum
CCS	Carbon Capture and Sequestration	NETL	National Energy Technology Laboratory
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide	NPR-A	National Petroleum Reserve - Alaska
CO ₂ E	CO ₂ Equivalent	ROW	Right-of-Way
DOE	Department of Energy	TAPS	Trans-Alaska Pipeline System
EA	Environmental Assessment	Tbtu/yr	Trillion British Thermal Units per Year
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement	Tcf	Trillion Cubic Feet
EPC	Engineering, Procurement & Construction	TPA	Tonne per Year