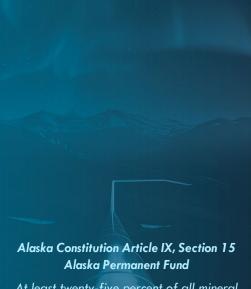


The Alaska Permanent Fund

Advancement to a Single-Fund Endowment **RESPECT - PROTECT - PROVIDE**

Trustees' Paper Volume 10

House Judiciary Committee, May 2025



At least twenty-five percent of all mineral lease rentals, royalties, royalty sale proceeds, federal mineral revenue sharing payments and bonuses received by the state shall be placed in a permanent fund, the principal of which shall be used only for those income-producing investments specifically designated by law as eligible for permanent fund investments. All income from the permanent fund shall be deposited in the general fund unless otherwise provided by law.

RESPECT

A Legacy of Intergenerational Resource Contribution

In 1976 -

Alaskans chose to permanently forgo immediate use of at least 25% of oil and mineral revenues, saving instead to create a renewable financial resource for generations — the Alaska Permanent Fund.

Today, the Fund -

Leads the Nation

The largest U.S. sovereign wealth fund, globally recognized as a model for converting finite natural resources into lasting wealth.

Supports Alaska

Provides over 50% of the state's unrestricted general fund revenue for dividends and essential services through the annual Percent of Market Value (POMV) draw.

PROTECT

Proposed: Single-Fund Endowment Model

- Merge the Principal and the ERA into a Single-Fund.
- Limit annual distributions through a Constitutional POMV Rule.
- Ensure automatic inflation proofing by adhering to a long-term sustainable withdrawal rate.

A Single-Fund Endowment is permanently inflation-proofed and ensures the Fund's real value is maintained over time while supporting its intended beneficiaries.

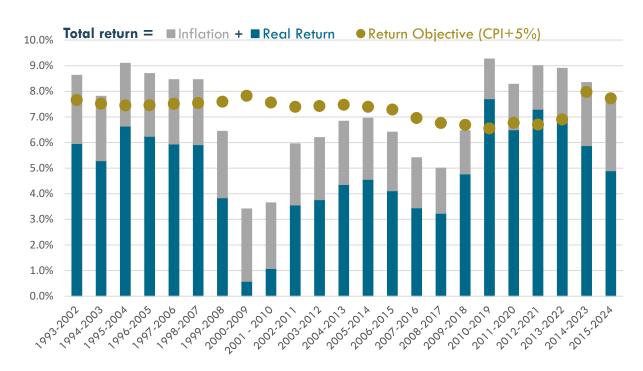
The key principles behind this are:

Growth in the Fund's value keeps pace with or exceeds inflation.

A prudent spending rule/limited draw rate ensures sustainability.

Returns above the draw rate are reinvested.

Investing for the Long Term



Real Return

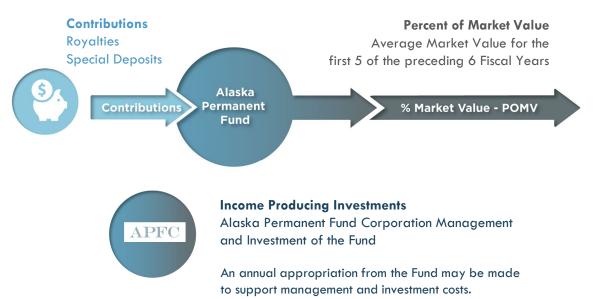
Annual investment performance adjusted for inflation indicates sustained value and purchasing power.

The Board's objective for the Fund:

- Investment Performance
 Ability to generate an annualized return of inflation (CPI) + 5% over a 10-year period.
- Investment Risk
 Ability of the Fund to achieve the long

term target while conforming to the Board's approved risk appetite metric.

Proposed: Single-Fund Endowment



The transition to a Single-Fund would guarantee availability for an annual POMV transfer while maintaining flexibility in how the money is utilized.

Annual draw certainty would ensure the ability to provide for a dividend and essential government services.

Current: Two-Account Structure



Contributions

- Royalties
- Special Appropriations
- Inflation Proofing



Principal

 Alaska Constitution, Article IX, Section 15



Income Producing Investments

- Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation
- Management and Investment of the Fund
- Single Asset Allocation (pro-rata shares)
- · Stocks, Bonds, Real Estate, Alternatives





Sale and Distribution of Assets

- Statutory Net Income AS 37.13.140
- · Cash Flow Income
- Realized gains/losses



Earnings Reserve Account

- Alaska Statutes AS 37.13.145(a)
- Realized gains/losses from sale of assets
- Pro-Rata share of investments and net unrealized gains

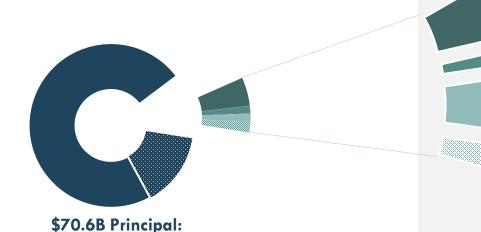
The Principal provides permanent savings to be used only for income-producing investments.

Realized earnings are deposited into the Earnings Reserve Account (ERA) for appropriation by the Legislature.

POMV draws to support the state's current revenue needs and transfers to inflation proof the Principal are limited to the balance of the ERA.

The Permanent Fund Total Value \$80.8B

As of March 31, 2025



\$10.2B Earnings Reserve Account (ERA):

\$3.8B for the FY26 POMV - Committed for the Percent of Market Value "POMV" Draw to the state's general fund for dividends and government services

\$1.0B for Inflation Proofing - Committed for the FY25 transfer to the Principal for intergenerational purchasing power given the two-account structure

\$3.7B "Spendable" Earnings Available as realized income for the

FY27 POMV draw and FY26 Inflation Proofing

\$1.7B Unrealized Gains

Represents changes in asset values from the purchase date to the most current date

\$58.7 Permanent Deposits \$11.9 Unrealized Gains

Comparing Fund Structures

Principal Unrealized Gains

■ ERA Inflation Proofing to Principal

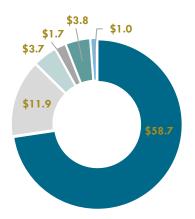
■ ERA Unrealized Gains

The Single-Fund Endowment Model is not constrained in providing the set annual POMV draw, while the two-account structure is limited to the ERA's available balance.

\$80.8 Billion Total Fund Value, FYTD as of March 31, 2025

Current Two-Account Structure

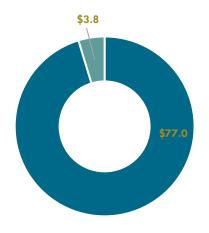
Constitutionally Protected: 73% I \$58.7 billion



- Principal Deposits
- **ERA** Realized Earnings
- ERA 5% POMV Draw

Proposed Endowment Model

Constitutionally Protected: 95% I \$77.0 billion



- The Fund
- 5% POMV Draw

The Single-Fund Endowment Retains Earnings

Under the Single-Fund
Endowment Structure, income
would be calculated
according to generally
accepted accounting
principles, meaning all
earnings (realized and
unrealized) would be retained
within the Fund.

All earnings are retained and reinvested in the Single-Fund, thus eliminating the need for inflation proofing.

Alaska's Largest Revenue Source

	FY24	\$80,038.4
	FY23	\$77,587.5
	FY22	\$75,912.8
AS 37.13.140 (b)	FY21	\$81,472.4
Fund Value-Based	FY20	\$64,877.8
FY26 POMV	Avg.	\$75,977.8
Draw Calculation	5%	\$ 3,798.9

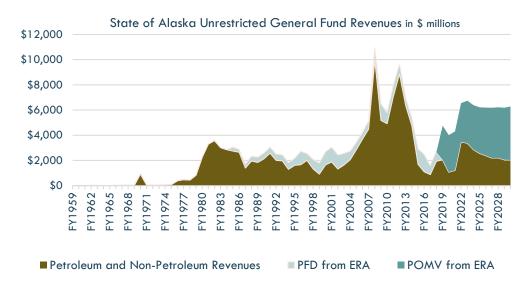
Percent of Market Value Draws

FY19-FY25 \$ 22.4 billion over 7 fiscal years.

FY26 is \$ 3.8 billion. FY27 is \$ 4.0 billion estimated.

The Shift in Alaska's Revenue

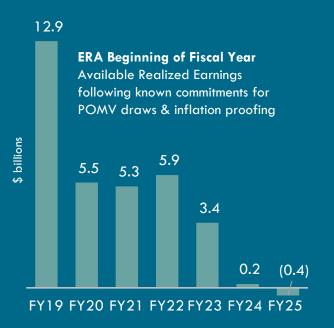
Alaska's budget has transitioned from primarily relying on nonrenewable mineral royalty resources to depending on sustainable financial revenues generated by investments from the Fund.



The POMV draw, enacted in 2018, has exceeded traditional revenue sources in providing unrestricted general fund revenues.

Spending is Limited to the ERA

The ERA is at risk of depletion given the annual draws to support government services and the divided program, as well as inflation proofing the Principal for intergenerational benefit.



PROVIDE

Reform for Today and Tomorrow

For the Present

- Ensure the option of an annual payout to support dividends and government services.
- Maintain stable payouts from year to year.
- Make the payout method compatible with the investment strategy.

For the Future

- Prevent overspending in the good years.
- Maintain purchasing power for the entire Fund.

RESPECT – PROTECT – PROVIDE Benefits of the Single-Fund Model

Alignment with Prudent Investor Standards

Follows best fiduciary and prudent practices for endowments and trusts.

Total-Return Investing

Maximizes long-term growth without liquidity constraints.

Predictable & Sustainable Spending

A maximum draw POMV rule prevents overspending while providing stable annual revenue to support essential services and dividends.

Automatic Inflation Proofing

Eliminates the need for manual and ad hoc legislative adjustments.

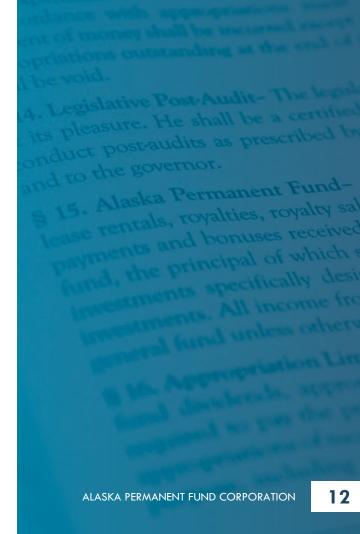
Adopting this model, with a Constitutionally established spending limit, would strengthen the Fund's long-term stability and purchasing power to provide for all generations of Alaskans.

Constitutional Amendment

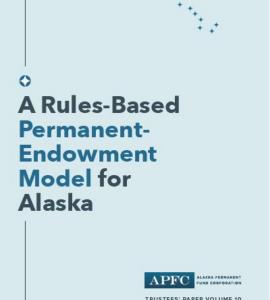
The Board of Trustees has been on record for more than twenty years supporting the transition to a Single-Fund endowment to protect its intergenerational sustainability and ensure that it provides for all generations.

Board Resolutions 2000-13, 2003-05, 2004-09

- Supporting a constitutional amendment to limit the annual Fund payout to not more than a 5% POMV averaged over a period of 5 years.
- Implementing a constitutional POMV spending limit has the accompanying benefit of assuring permanent inflation-proofing of the Fund.



Trustees' Paper Volume 10



"Within the world of sovereign wealth funds, the Alaska Permanent Fund is admired and respected for its long tradition of rules-based policymaking, prudent investment management, and sound governance.

That said, the paper shows that the current two-account structure introduces significant risks to the ability to fund the annual POMV transfer that supports the state budget and the Permanent Fund Dividend.

The paper outlines reforms that should be pursued with urgency to ensure that the Fund continues to underpin the sustainability of Alaska's public finances for current and future generations."

Dr. Malan Rietveld Sovereign Wealth Fund Expert

