



Fueling Alaska's Workforce: Education that Connects Students to Industry

**Legislative Lunch and Learn
March 25, 2025**

Mission

Educate students about Alaska's natural resources.

Vision

Empower students to be informed stewards of Alaska's natural resources.

Values

- Innovation
- Collaboration
- Flexibility
- Fun



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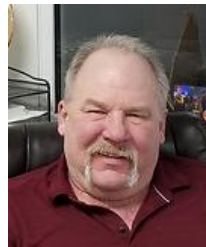
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STEM Educator

NEW YEAR, NEW LOGO!

1982-2009:



2009-2024:



2025:



K-12 EDUCATION

CLASSROOM VISITS

Guest teaching in schools
across Alaska in person and on
Zoom

YOUTH PROGRAMS

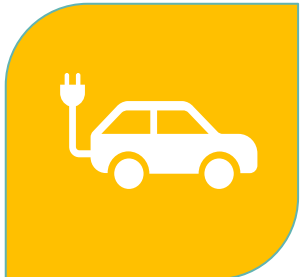
Deeper explorations in after
school programs, STEM nights,
& camps

TEACHER TRAININGS

Educating teachers about our
resources and how to
implement them in the
classroom



ROCKS & MINERALS



ENERGY



FORESTRY



WHAT ARE OUR NATURAL
RESOURCES?



WHERE DO THEY COME FROM
AND HOW DO WE GET THEM?



WHAT ARE THE
ASSOCIATED CAREERS?

Spark



Spark interest in
learning about Alaska's
resources

Ignite



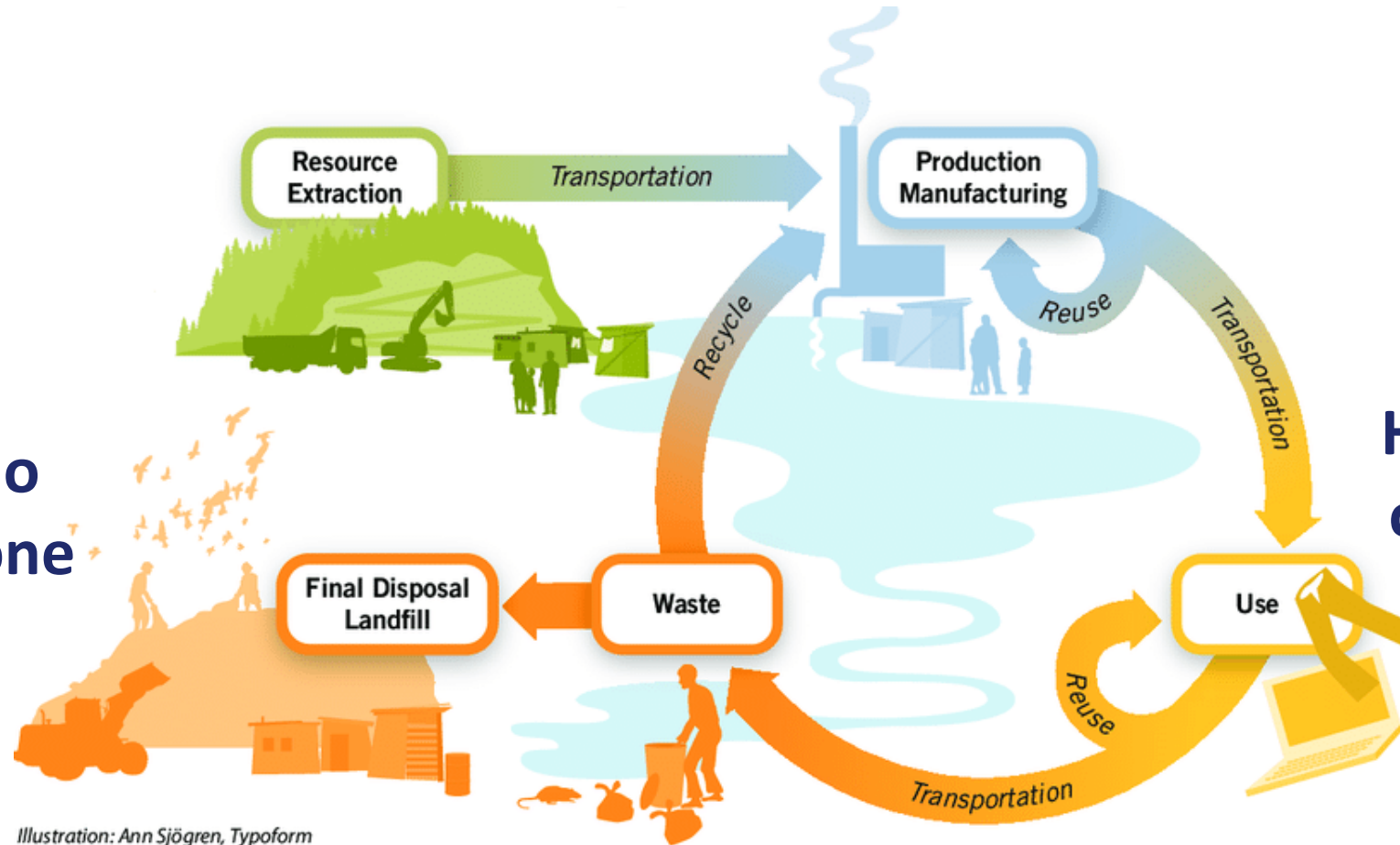
Ignite passion for
understanding
connections to our
resources

Launch



Launch into the next
phase with the
knowledge to make
informed decisions

How do we extract and develop our resources?



How do we use our resources?

What do we do once we are done with our resources?

How do we do all this responsibly and sustainably?



Essential Question:

How do we extract and
develop our resources?



Let's go mining!

- Each community gets one **plot of earth**.
- Each member may select **one tool** to mine with: **shovel** (spoon), **excavator** (fork), or **pickaxe** (toothpick)
- On **signal** turn over permitted area [container], **remove lid**, and **start mining**.
- **WARNING**: All tailings must remain on the lid.
We need to protect the environment. Any spills outside the permitted lid area will result in substantial fines or possibly the shutting down of your mining operations!

1:00 minute to mine.

How well did you do?

- Gold/yellow beads = gold = \$600
- Black beads = coal = \$300
- Orange beads = copper = \$400
- Pink beads = cultural resource = -\$500
- Sunflower seeds = reclamation = -\$100



Considerations

Do companies go mining with **no** previous information about the land or geology?

Do companies choose their plan and equipment according to the type of mining they are doing?

Do mining companies have to pay to restore the land when they are done?

Two of the **most important** considerations for our resource extraction industries:

Safety

AlaskaBusiness Magazine News Industry ▾ Spotlights Events

Usibelli Coal Mine Marks 1,000 Days Without a Lost-Time Incident

SEP 11, 2023 | MINING, NEWS

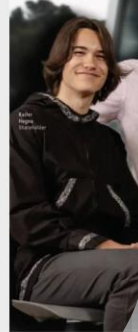


The Caterpillar 785G 150-ton haul truck is one of the newest additions to the UCM vehicle fleet.

USIBELLI COAL MINE & JUDY PATRICK PHOTOGRAPHY

CURRENT IS

ALASKA NATIVE SPECIAL SECT
Alaska



Se

Environment



Kinross hosts commemorative environmental restoration event with Trout Unlimited and the US Forest Service

Permit Pursuit Environmental Baseline Discovery Lab



Permit Pursuit

- Observe everything you see in your environment
- Collect the pertinent data using tools available
- Apply for your permits!



No Single Permit to Mine: There are many permits & authorizations

Mine permitting is a mixture of State, Federal and local permitting requirements.
Each project is unique.

STATE

Plan of Operations (DNR)

Reclamation and Bonding (DNR)

Waste Management Permits and Bonding (ADEC)

CWA Section 402 APDES Water Discharge Permit

Certification of ACOE Permits (ADEC)

Sewage Treatment System Approval (ADEC)

Air Quality Permits (ADEC)

Fish Habitat and Fishway Permits (ADF&G)

Water Rights (DNR)

Right of Way/Access (DNR/DOT)

Tidelands Leases (DNR)

Dam Safety Certification (DNR)

Cultural Resource Protection (DNR)

Monitoring Plan (Surface/Groundwater/Wildlife) (DNR/DEC/DFG)

FEDERAL

US EPA Air Quality
Permit review

US EPA Safe
Drinking Water Act
(UIC Permit)

US ACOE S. 404
Dredge and Fill
Permit

US ACOE S. 10 Rivers
and Harbors Act

US ACOE S. 106
Historical & Cultural
Resources
Protection

NMFS Threatened &
Endangered Species
Act Consultation

NMFS Marine
Mammal Protection
Act

NMFS Essential Fish
Habitat

NMFS Fish and
Wildlife
Coordination Act

USFWS Threatened
& Endangered
Species Act
Consultation

USFWS Bald Eagle
Protection Act
Clearance

USFWS Migratory
Bird Protection

USFWS Fish &
Wildlife
Coordination Act

Example: Fort Knox – 104 permits and 11,000 conditions



Essential Question:

How do we use our
resources?

Energy

Source:

Where the
energy came
from in
nature



Energy

Type:

Useable
energy
form



RENEWABLE SOURCES



Sun (solar)



Wind



Water (Hydro)



Plants & Animals
(Biomass)



Geothermal



ELECTRICITY



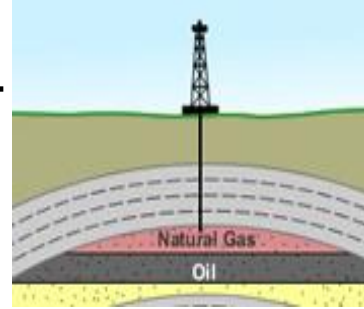
FUEL



HEAT

NON-RENEWABLE SOURCES

Oil



Natural Gas

Coal



Energy Chains

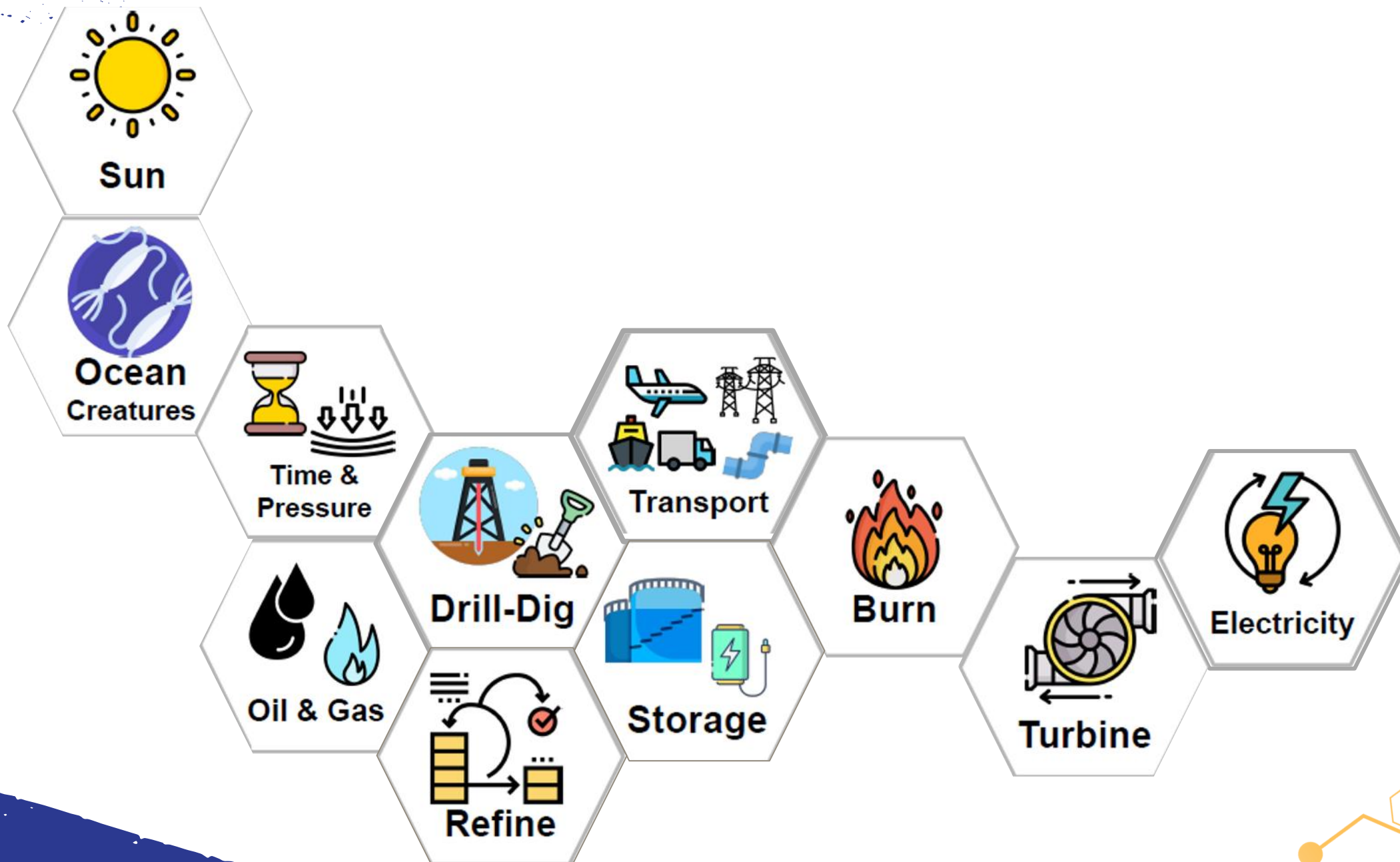
With your table group:

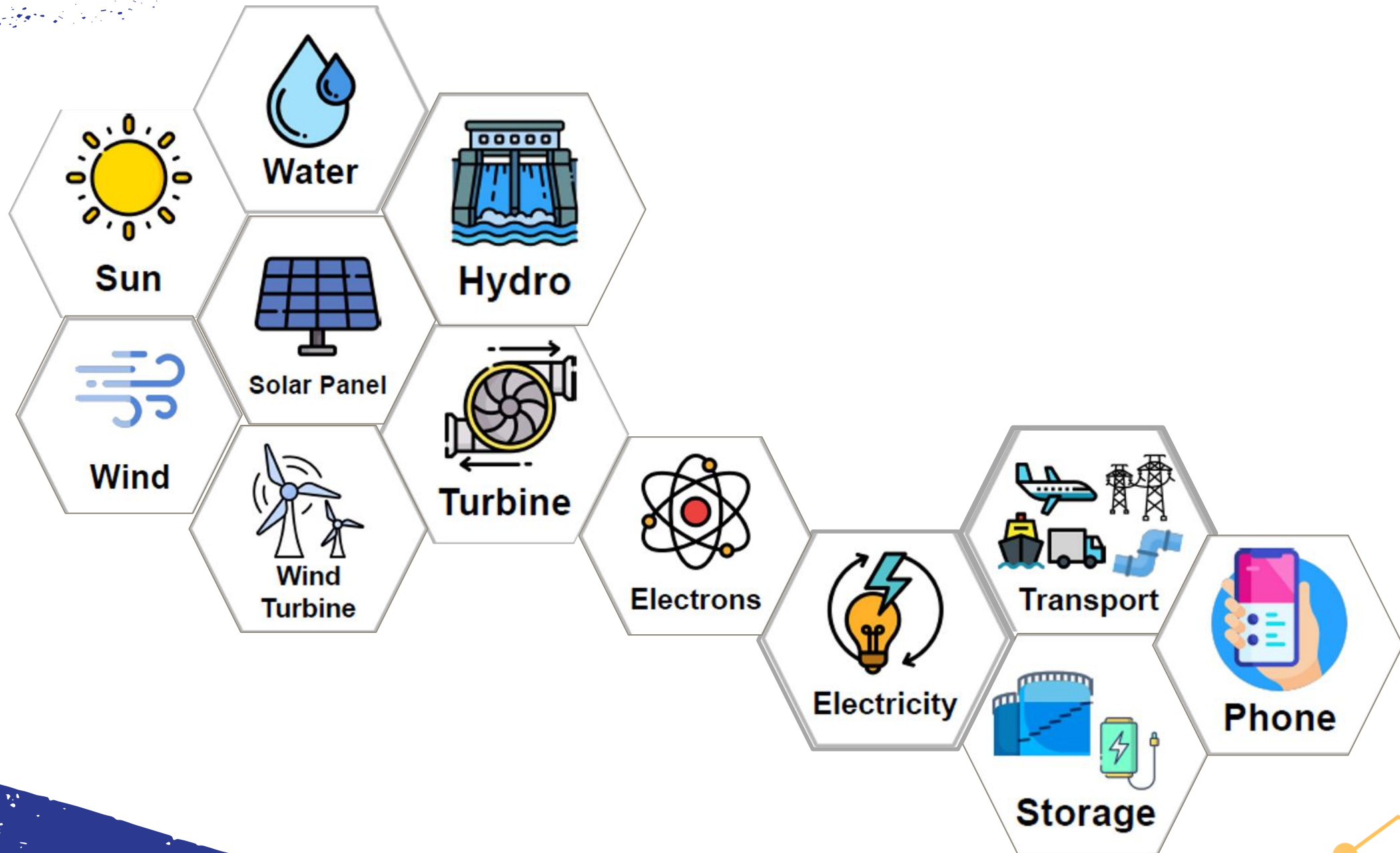
- 💡 **Explore** the energy chain tiles.
 - 💡 **Decide** how these images are **connected** to get to the “end” use of energy.
- ✓ No islands ✓ Use as many tiles as you can.



Using a Cellphone



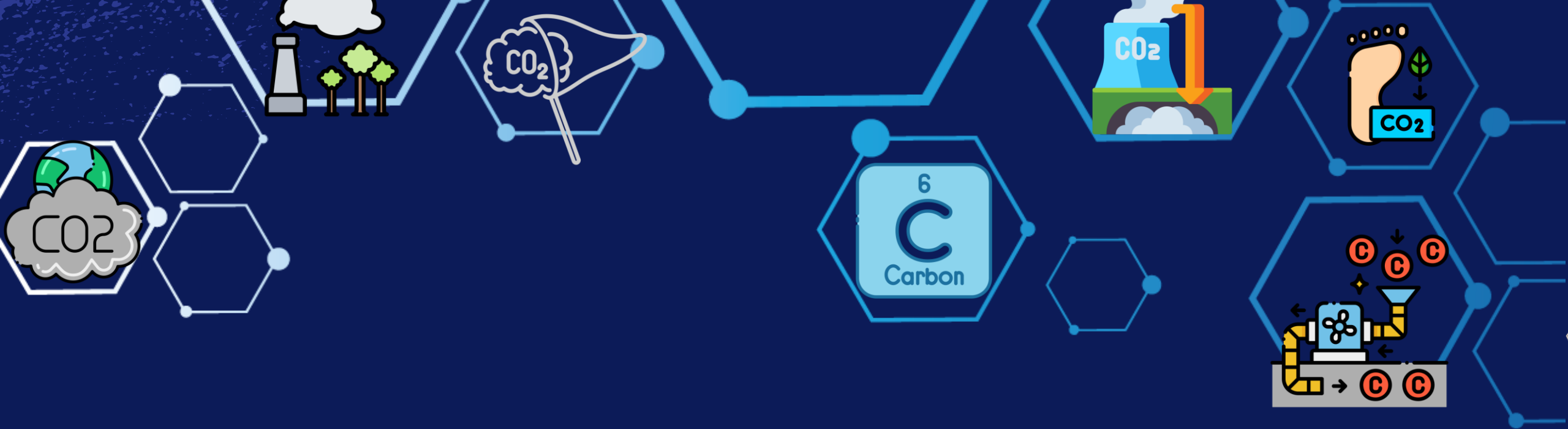






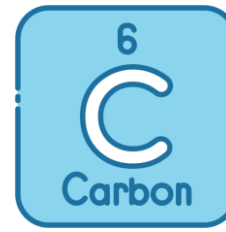
Essential Question:

**What do we do once we are
done with our resources?**



Carbon Capture & Storage (CCS)

Q: What is carbon?



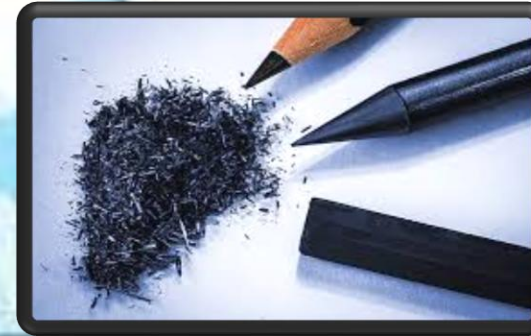
A: “Building Blocks of Life”



Plants



Animals








Soft = Graphite



Hard = Diamonds

95% CO₂ Emissions Occur Naturally

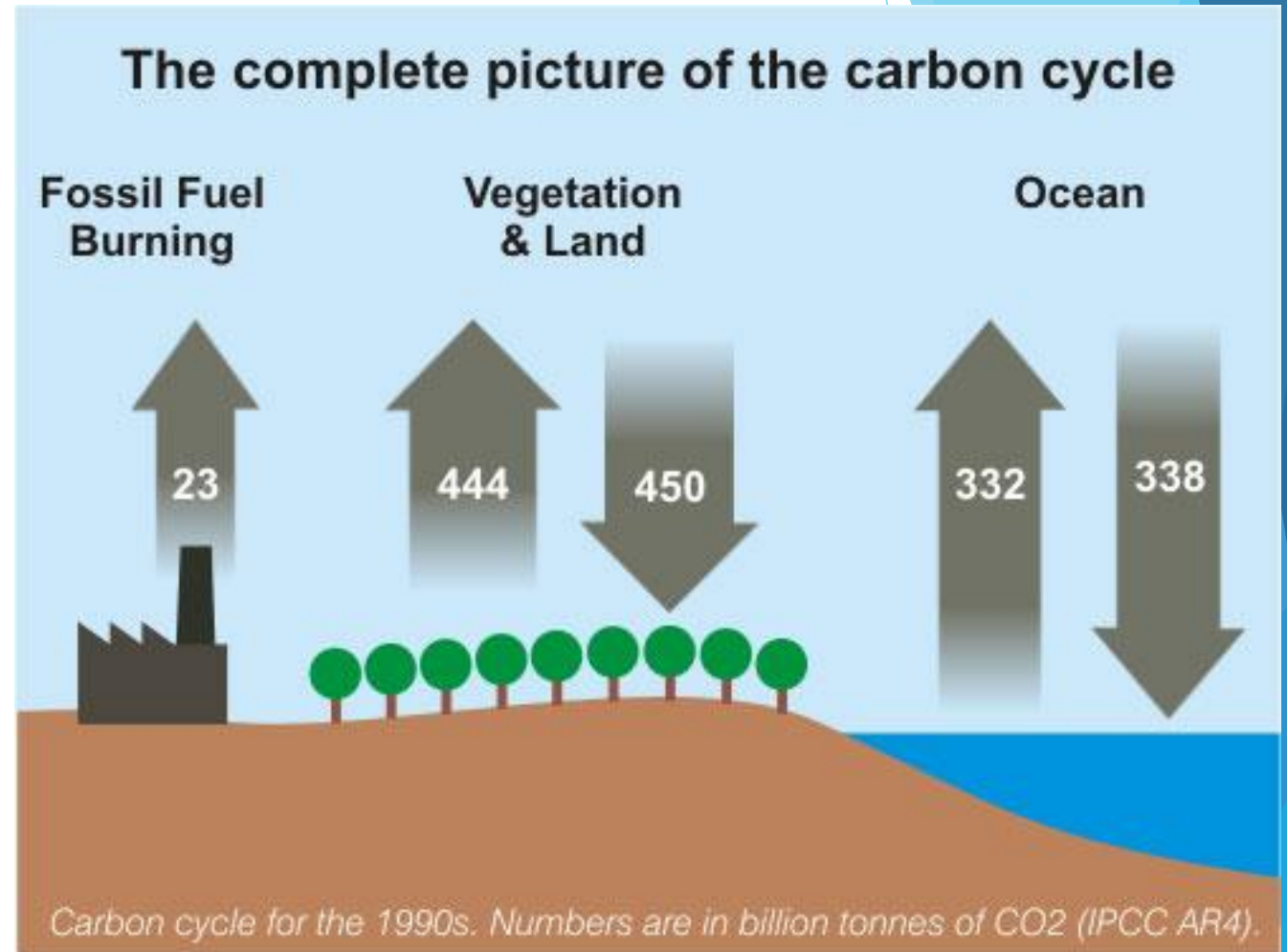
-  Volcanic eruptions
-  Forest fires
-  Plant & animal respiration
-  Decomposition of organics
-  Ocean outgassing

More is absorbed than released.

5% CO₂ Emissions Human Caused

-   Burning Fossil Fuels
-   Land Use

Need ways to capture or use CO₂



Carbon Footprint Experiment



1. Predict which color balloon will capture the **most carbon**?
2. On the signal . . . **lift** the balloon & gently **shake** the bottle to produce a chemical reaction.
3. **Measure** the circumference of the inflated balloon at its widest point.

Match the balloon to the carbon footprint



Which footprint is which?

?



Coal Power Plant



Natural Gas Power Plant



Airplane (or Car) Emissions

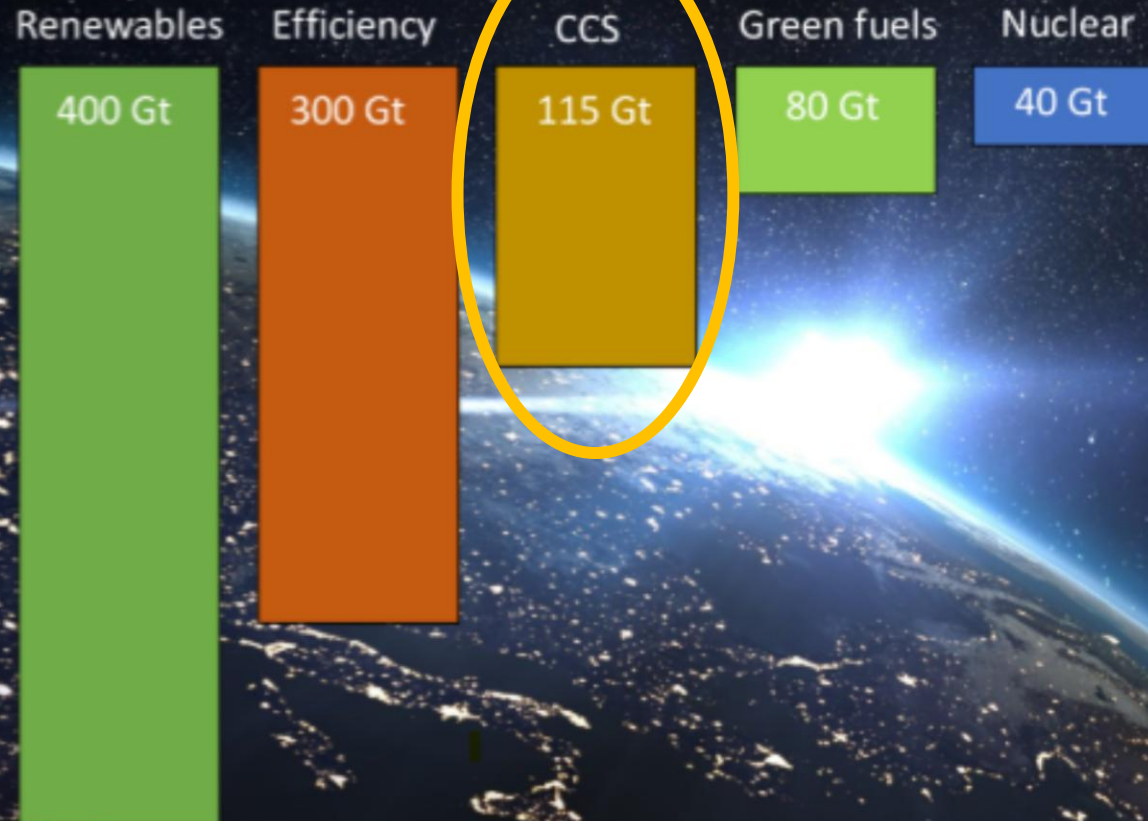


Human Riding a **Bicycle**

Think-Pair-Share: What does this tell you about carbon emissions?

Carbon Capture & Storage Needed

Climate goals will not be met without widespread carbon capture and storage

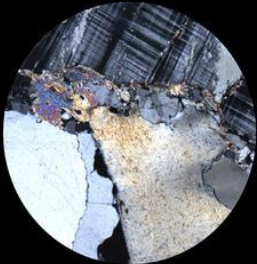


Emission reduction required by 2060
IEA: Exploring Clean Energy Pathways: The Role of CO2 Storage

U.S. Geological Survey studies underground rock layers. Scientists identify those that are most suitable for trapping and those that are good for storage. One consideration is space.

Microscope Views of Rocks:

No empty space, good for trapping CO₂ below



Blue color represents empty space, good for storing CO₂

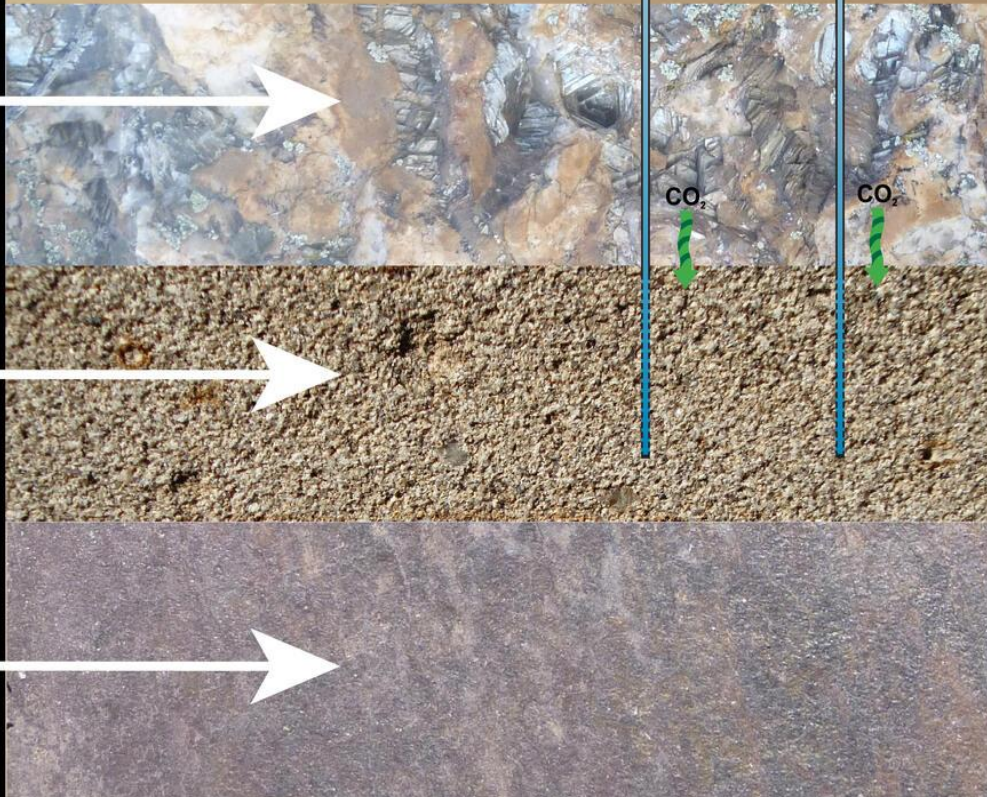
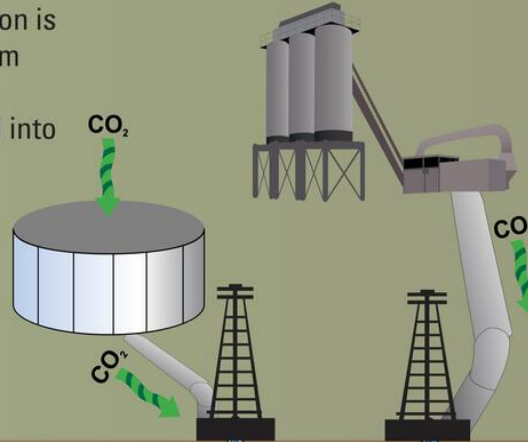


No empty space, good for sealing CO₂ above



Geologic Carbon Sequestration

Geologic carbon sequestration is capturing carbon dioxide from industrial processes and the atmosphere. It is then turned into a liquid and injected deep underground.



Design Challenge:

Most absorbent



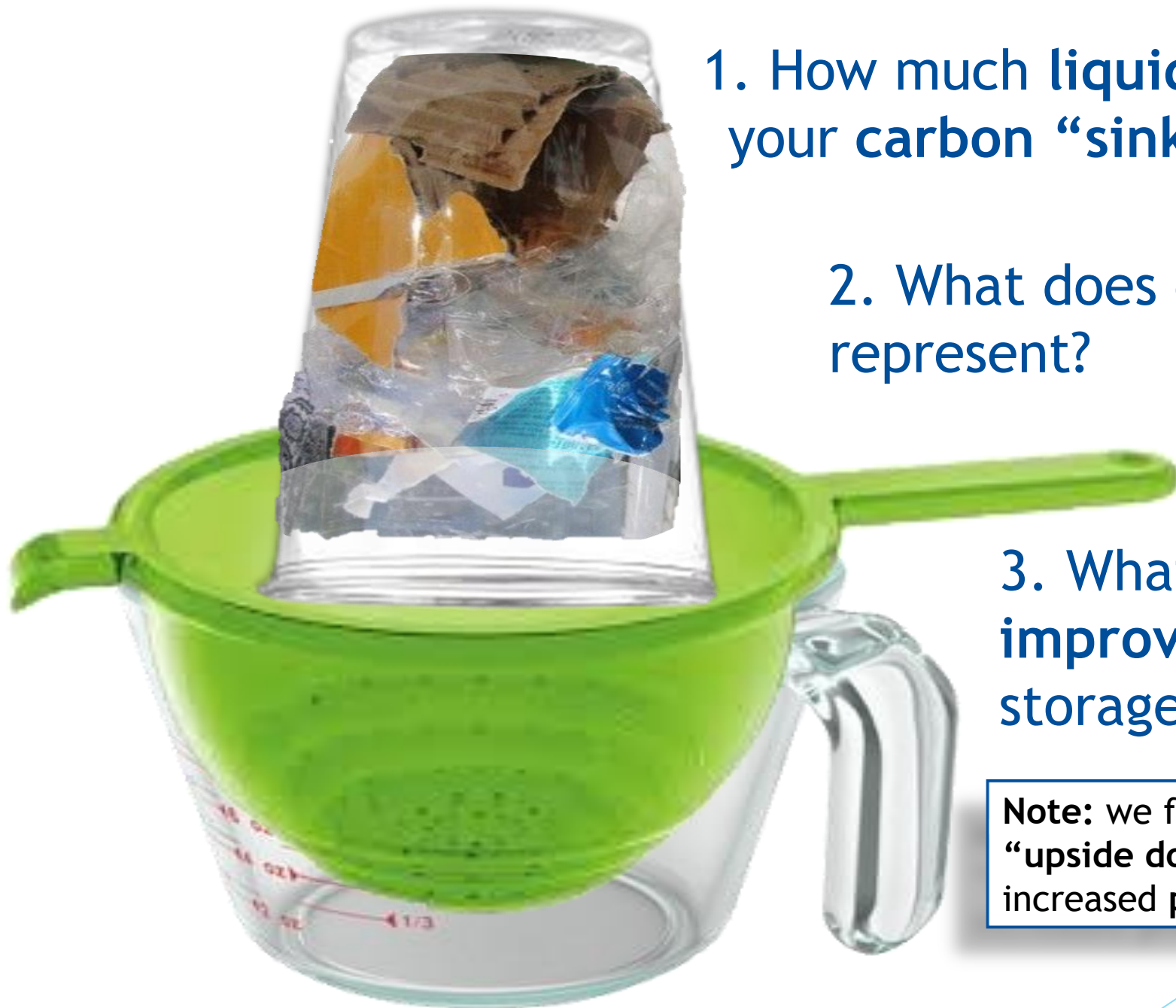
storage for your
liquid carbon

Limited Selection:

Up to
3 different items

Design Considerations:

- Porosity 
- Permeability 
- Cap Rock Placement 



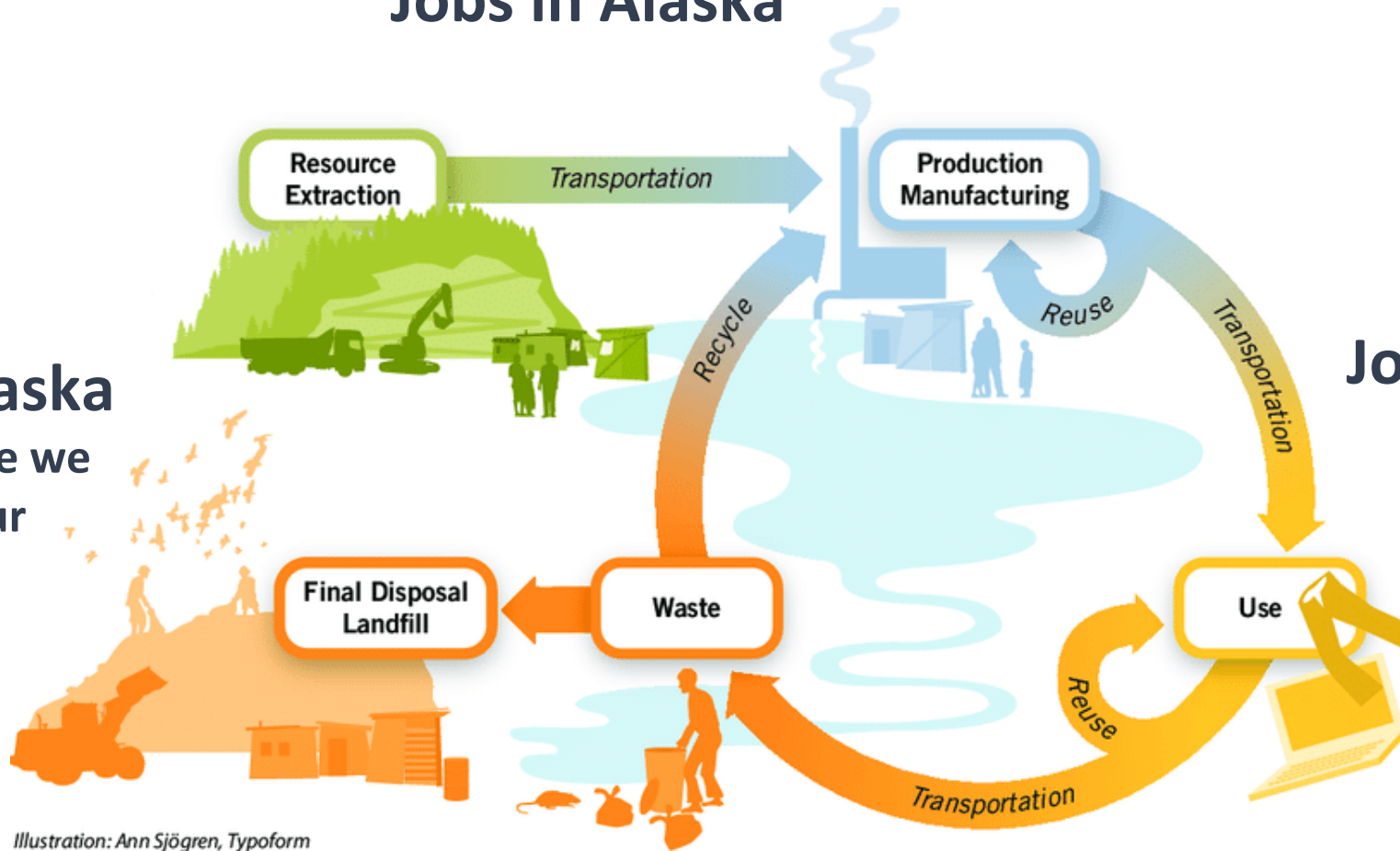
1. How much liquid CO₂ did your carbon “sink” hold?

2. What does each layer represent?

3. What could you do to improve this carbon storage design?

Note: we flip our carbon storage cups “upside down” and use **gravity** to simulate increased **pressure** found deep underground.

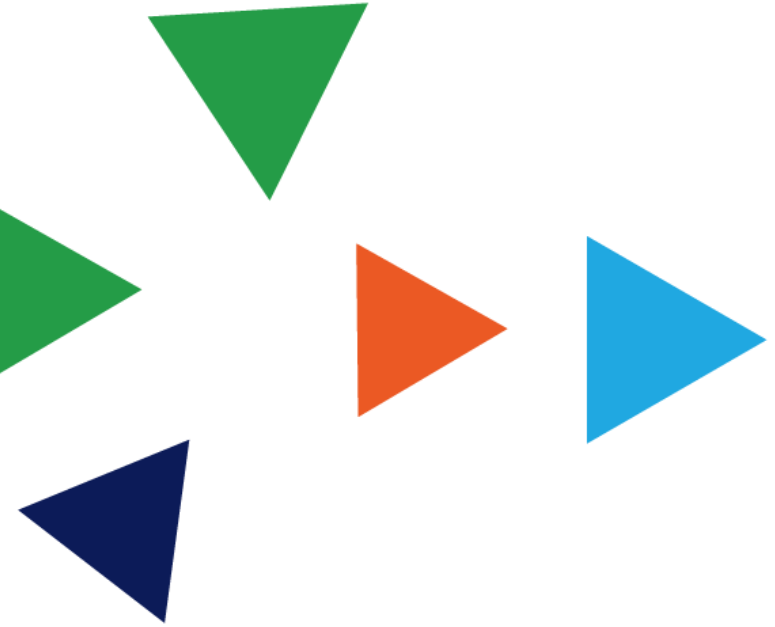
How do we extract and develop our resources? Jobs in Alaska



Jobs in Alaska
What do we do once we are done with our resources?

Jobs in Alaska
How do we use our resources?

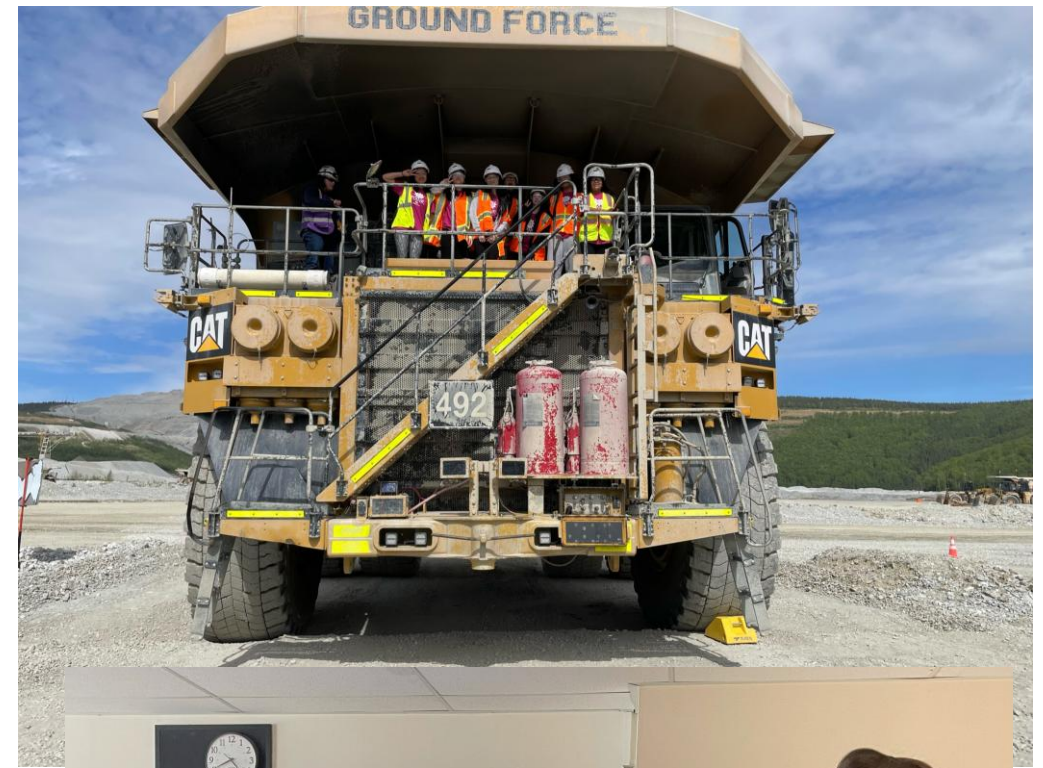
Jobs in Alaska
How do we do all this responsibly and sustainably?

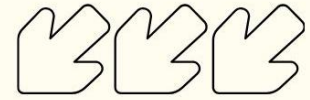


**ARE bridges the gap
between industry and
education**



**ARE
Launch
Initiatives**



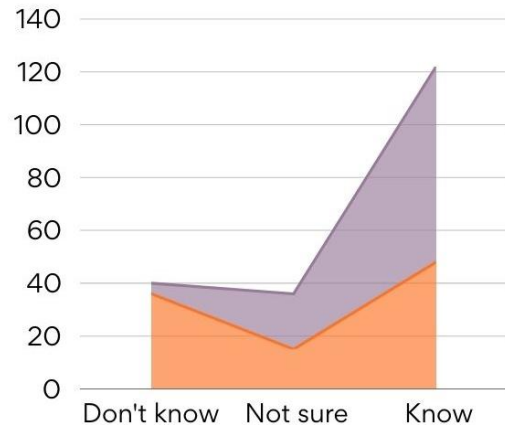


ARE Launch Program Data

PRE/POST STUDENT SURVEY

Impact of Natural Resources

Student understanding of the impact natural resources have on their lives



PRE

POST

Training Opportunities

Percentage of students who knew about training locations in Alaska



45%

Not aware
Before

87%

Aware
After

Career Awareness

Aware of careers : **83%**



Interested in a career: **21%**

Importance

Percentage of students who think learning about resources is important



Min : 0

Max : 100

Value : **88**

*“As someone newer to Alaska, and to modern resource extraction industries, I was ill-prepared to advise about related career paths. **Now I can credibly offer insights and advice about job opportunities, work environments, and education paths.**”*

– East High School teacher

*“Ever since I was a little, I wanted to become a biologist and study wildlife, but I never thought it could be possible. This class has shown me **it is possible** and there are **many job opportunities and different paths in Alaska.**”*

– Dimond High School student

*“I feel like my experiences really **changed my perspectives on both natural resources and future careers available to me.** I also think that the opportunities we had allowed me to **gain confidence** asking questions and interacting with professionals.”*

– POWR participant





Impact in 2024

8,092

Students Taught



22,317
Student
Contact Hours



117
Teachers Taught



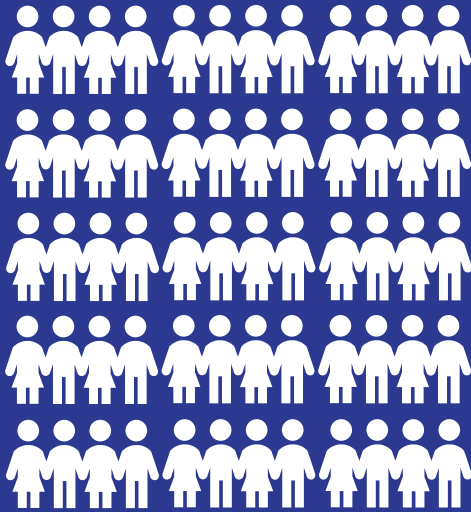
1,035
Teachers
Contact Hours



5 Years in Review

2020-2024

39,000+
Students



600+
Teachers



50+
Communities





Alaska Resource
E D U C A T I O N

Thank you!

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