

Fiscal Note

State of Alaska
2024 Legislative Session

Bill Version: HB 260
Fiscal Note Number:
() Publish Date:

Identifier: HB260-DOH-PAA-01-18-24
Title: CATASTROPHIC ILLNESS/MEDICAL ASSISTANCE
Sponsor: STAPP
Requester: (H) HSS
Department: Department of Health
Appropriation: Public Assistance
Allocation: Public Assistance Administration
OMB Component Number: 233

Expenditures/Revenues

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below.

(Thousands of Dollars)

	FY2025 Appropriation Requested	Included in Governor's FY2025 Request	Out-Year Cost Estimates				
			FY 2025	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
OPERATING EXPENDITURES	FY 2025						
Personal Services							
Travel							
Services							
Commodities							
Capital Outlay							
Grants & Benefits							
Miscellaneous							
Total Operating	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0

Fund Source (Operating Only)

None							
Total	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0

Positions

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

Change in Revenues

None							
Total	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0

Estimated SUPPLEMENTAL (FY2024) cost: 0.0 *(separate supplemental appropriation required)*

Estimated CAPITAL (FY2025) cost: 0.0 *(separate capital appropriation required)*

Does the bill create or modify a new fund or account? No

(Supplemental/Capital/New Fund - discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS

Does the bill direct, or will the bill result in, regulation changes adopted by your agency? Yes
If yes, by what date are the regulations to be adopted, amended or repealed? 07/01/24

Why this fiscal note differs from previous version/comments:

Not applicable; initial version.

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Agency: Department of Health

Phone: (907)465-2680
Date: 01/18/2024 01:00 PM
Date: 01/26/24

FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

STATE OF ALASKA
2024 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. HB260

Analysis

Since the implementation of the Expansion Group in 2015, most individuals qualify for Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) Medicaid rather than needing Chronic and Acute Medical Assistance (CAMA). The only individuals that CAMA can still serve are legal aliens that do not meet the 5-year waiting period required for Medicaid eligibility. CAMA can be a last resort for people who experience chronic conditions covered under the program, particularly seasonal workers. Removing program information, systems and procedures can be absorbed into regular updates without significant cost.