### Senate Finance Budget Subcommittee Alaska Department of Public Safety Fiscal Year 2026

March 6, 2025

### The Fiscal Year 2026 Budget:

### Legislative Fiscal Analyst's Overview of the Governor's Request





Legislative Finance Division

www.legfin.akleg.gov

The Legislative Finance Division has a professional, non-partisan staff that provides general budget analysis for members of the legislature and specifically supports the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee and the House and Senate standing finance committees. Each fiscal analyst is assigned agency areas of responsibility. Per AS 24.20.231 the duties of the office are to:

- (1) analyze the budget and appropriation requests of each department, institution, bureau, board, commission, or other agency of state government;
- (2) analyze the revenue requirements of the state;
- (3) provide the finance committees of the legislature with comprehensive budget review and fiscal analysis services;
- (4) cooperate with the Office of Management and Budget in establishing a comprehensive system for state budgeting and financial management as set out in AS 37.07 (Executive Budget Act);
- (5) complete studies and prepare reports, memoranda, or other materials as directed by the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee;
- (6) with the governor's permission, designate the legislative fiscal analyst to serve ex officio on the governor's budget review committee;
- (7) identify the actual reduction in state expenditures in the first fiscal year following a review under AS 44.66.040 resulting from that review and inform the Legislative Budget and Audit Committee of the amount of the reduction;
- (8) not later than the first legislative day of each first regular session of each legislature, (A) conduct a review in accordance with AS 24.20.235 of the report provided to the division under AS 43.05.095; and
  - (B) "conduct a review of inactive state accounts and funds and make recommendations if any should be repealed...."

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(\$ Millions)	FY25 Budget	FY26 Governor	Change, FY25 to FY26	5 to FY26	
(Olifestificed deliefal ands)					
Revenue	6,261.0	6,198.8	(62.2)	-1.0%	
UGF Revenue (DOR Fall 2024 Forecast)	2,571.3	2,399.9	(171.4)	-6.7%	
3 POMV Draw	3,657.3	3,798.9	141.6	3.9%	
4 Misc/Adjust	32.4	•	(32.4)		
Appropriations	6,413.2	7,719.4	1,306.3	20.4%	
Operating Budget	5,168.2	4,932.6	(235.6)	-4.6%	
Agency Operations	4,693.1	4,518.0	(175.1)	-3.7%	
Statewide Items	400.1	414.5	14.5	3.6%	
Supplemental Appropriations	75.0	1	(75.0)		
Capital Budget	330.7	282.4	(48.3)	-14.6%	
Current Year Appropriations	330.7	282.4	(48.3)	-14.6%	
Supplemental Appropriations	1	•	•		
Permanent Fund	914.3	2,504.4	1,590.1	173.9%	
Permanent Fund Dividends	914.3	2,504.4	1,590.1	173.9%	
Dro Transfor Surplus/(Doffeit)	(159.9)	(1 520 6)	Res	Reserve Balances (FOY)	FOY
Fund Transfers	4.3			FY25	FY26
Supplemental Fund Transfers	1		SBR	•	
			CBR	2,981.4	1,591.8
Post-Transfer Surplus/(Deficit)	(156.5)	(1,527.2)	ERA	7,559.0	7,078.1

State of Alaska Detailed Fiscal Summary - FY25 and FY26 (Part 1)

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	FY25 Man	Y25 Management Plan plus Governor's Supplementals	plus Gover	nor's Supple	mentals	Probabilished	Datelonoted	FY26 Governor		700	Change in UGF	T OGF
		General Funds	Other State Funds	Federal Receipts	All Funds	General	General	Other State Funds	Federal Receipts	Ail Funds	4	%
REVENUE	6,261.0	1,178.5	949.8	7,098.6	15,487.9	6,198.8	1,078.9	1,046.8	6,076.6	14,401.2	(62.2)	-1.0%
	2,571.3 3,657.3 32.4	55.9	33.7	265.9	2,571.3 3,657.3 387.9 8,871.4	2,399.9		1,046.8	6,076.6	3,798.9	(171.4) 141.6 (32.4)	-6.7% 3.9% -100.0%
6 TOTAL OPERATING APPROPRIATIONS	5,168.2	988.2	859.5	4,163.5	11,179.3	4,932.6	915.8	911.9	3,827.0	10,587.2	(235.6)	-4.6%
-	4,753.1	839.9	786.8	3,939.7	10,319.5	4,518.0	821.2	834.3	3,741.9	9,915.5	(235.1)	4.9%
-	4,693.1	839.9	786.8	3,939.7	10,259.5	4,518.0	821.2	834.3	3,741.9	9,915.5	(175.1)	3.7%
-	2,388.1	771.0	736.0	1,477.0	5,372.1	2,431.0	752.4	783.3	1,277.6	1,206.3	(213.5)	
10 K-12 Foundation and Pupil Transportation (Formula) 11 Medicaid Sarvinas (Formula)	727.3	4.0	15.5	2,302.4	3,045.6	727.1	0.4	15.5	2,333.1	3,076.1	(0.2)	0.0%
	214.3	68.4	920.0	139.5	422.2 920.0	210.0	68.4	1,039.6	110.4	388.8	(4.3)	
Complemental Appropriations (Agency Operations)    Complemental Appropriations (Agency Operations)	0.09			1	0.09	1	1	1,	1	1		
ш												
16 Statewide Items	415.1	148.3	72.7	223.8	859.9	414.5	94.6	77.5	85.1	671.7	(0.5)	-0.1%
17 Current Fiscal Year Appropriations	400.1	148.3	72.7	223.8	844.9	414.5	94.6	77.5	85.1	671.7	14.5	
18 Debt Service	138.1	13.1	37.6	99.7	234.8	71.0	53.1	3,60	82.4	210.0	(7.1)	-9.1%
20 Community Assistance	10.0		•	,	40.0	2.0	28.0	•	•	30.0	(8.0)	
	27.0				27.0	22.9	•	•	. 6	22.9	(4.1)	-15.2%
_	34.3		1,5	20.5	25.0	25.8		3.0	20.5	49.3		
24 Other Fund Capitalization	(6.2)	25.2	0.3	70.2	89.5	7.4	25.1	0.4	52.9	85.9	13.6	-218.9%
State Payments to Retirement Systems	183.8	•	,	•	183.8	220.0	, ,			220.0	36.1	
_		. 56.6	33.2		59.8		29.1	36.1	•	65.2		
28 Alaska Comprehensive Insurance Program	•	53.5	. 6	119.2	172.7	i, a	•	. 4		' W	1000	
			20.2		2 4		ŀ					
30 Supplemental Appropriations Statewise rems 31 Supplemental Appropriations	15.0		·  ·   		15.0		ľ	[		]		
				7 200 0	7077	7 000	0 32	2 404	2040.0	2 700 6	(40 %)	١.
32 TOTAL CAPITAL APPROPRIATIONS	330.7	63.2	90.1	Z,935.1	3,419.1	4.797	20.8	7.45	6,443.0	6,122.0	(40.3)	
33 Current Fiscal Year Appropriations	330.7	63.2	90.1	2.935.1	3,419,1	282.4	55.9	134.7	2,249.6	2,722.6	(48.3)	-14.6%
	1	-	117.2		117.2			81.1		81.1		
(N	1		4.7		12		1	1		1		
_						1000	000	0.450	20000	0 000 0		
38 Money on the Street (includes all fund sources) (6)	330.7	63.2	211.9	2,935.1	3,541.0	282.4	90.9	612,9	2,249.0	2,003.7		
39 Pre-Permanent Fund Authorization (unduplicated)	5,498.8	1,051.4	949.6	7,098.6	14,598.5	5,215.0	971.6	1,046.6	6,076.6	13,309.8	(283:9)	-5.2%
	762.2	Section of the second	TY SECTION			983.8						
Permanent Fund Appropriations	914.3	82.0	•	•	896.3	2,504.4	79.5	•	ľ	2,583.9	1,590.1	174%
	100				0.440	A 102 C				A BOA A	1 600 1	172 0%
	914.3	82.0			82.0	2,504.4	79.5			79.5	1,086,1	
Transfer to Principal from Earnings Reserve Account Transfer from Earnings Reserve Account to Principal	(1.000.0)		• •		(1,000.0)		٠ . ا	. 1			1,000.0	-100.0%
	6 442 9	4 492 4	9 000	7.008 6	15 504 B	7719.4	1 051 1	1,046.6	6:076.6	15 893 8	1.306.3	20.4%
46 FTB-Transfer Survival Multiotical (unsupricated) 47 Pre-Transfer Survival Deficit) (7)	(1522)	Revenue =	97.6%	0	filons	(1,520.6)	Revenue =		of Appropriations	tions		

January 10, 2025

1,354.5

# State of Alaska Detailed Fiscal Summary - FY25 and FY26 (Part 1)

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	FY25 Man	agement Pla	FY25 Management Plan plus Governor's Supplementals	nor's Supple	ementals		_	FY26 Governor	or		Change in UGF	n UGF
	Unrestricted General	Designated General	Other State	Federal	All Funde	Unrestricted Designated General General Funds Funds	Designated General Funds	Other State	Federal	All Funds	ø	36
	Langs	200	2	endianan								
48 Fund Transfers (8)	4.3	45.0	0.2		49.6	9.9	27.8	0.2		34.7	2.3	54.3%
Correspond Flence Veer Transfere	4.3	29.4	0.2		33.9	9.9	27.8	0.2		34.7	2.3	54.3%
Description Course England	4.0			'	4.0	6.3	•		•	6.3	2.3	
Attacks Contact Income Contact Approach addition		28.2	•	•	28.2	•	26.5	•	•	26.5	•	
Other Fund Transfers	0.3	1.2	0.2	•	1.7	0.3	1.3	0.2	•	1.8	0.0	
53 Statutory Budget Reserve Fund	•	•	•	•		•				•		
54 Supplemental Appropriations (Fund Transfers)		15,6	-	1	15.6	'	1	•				
55 Oil & Hazardous Substance Fund		15.6			15.6							
56 Post-Transfers Authorization (unduplicated)	6,417.5	1,178.5	949.8	7,098.6	15,644.3	7,726.0	1,078.9	1,046.8	6,076.6	15,928.4	1,308.6	20.4%
Sy Bost-Transfer Surnive/Deficial (9)	(156.5)	Revenue =		97.6% of Appropriations	ntions	(1,527.2)	Revenue =	80.2%	of Appropriations	tions		

			A STATE OF THE PARTY OF T	The second secon								
9,0	HISCAL YEAR SUMMARY	6.417.5		849.8	9'860'2	15,644.3	7,726.0	1,078.9	1,046.8	6,076.6	15,928.4	ㅋ
3		7.50		100	11000000	The Party of the P	ij	-80-000		н	Carle A	l
8	Adency Operations	4,753.1		786.8	3,939.7	10,319.5		\$21.2g			0.012.2	
9	Cotonida Barre	415.1		72.7	223.8	829.9		94.6			671.7	
3 2	Demonstrations Find Appropriations	914.3		٠	٠	996.3		79.5			2,583.9	
2	Total Operation	6.082.5		859.5	4,163.5	12,175.7		995.3			13,171.1	
8 2	Capital	330.7	63.2	1.06	2,935.1	3,419.1		55.9			2,722.6	
4		4.2		0.0	•	49.6		27.8			34.7	

(1) The Department of Revenue's (DOR) Fall 2024 Revenue Sources Book (RSB) forecasts 476,500 barrels per day total Alaska production at \$70 per barrel in FY26.

(2) Carrylorward is money that was appropriated in a prior year that is made available for spending in a later year via multi-year appropriations. Repeals increase revenue by reducing prior year authorization. Reappropriations to operating budget funds are counted as UGF revenue.

(4) Dupicated authorization is in the budget twice, such as when funds flow in and out of a holding account or one agency pays another for services provided. Dupicated authorization also includes the expenditure of bond proceeds when debt service on bonds will (3) Restricted revenue equals spending for each category. Designated general funds include 1) program receipts that are restricted to the program that generates the receipts and 2) revenue that is statutority designated for a specific purpose. Other funds have stricter restrictions on usage, and federal funds originate from the federal government and can be used only for a particular purpose

be reflected in future operating budgets.

(5) The FY25 Enacted budget includes a provision that if revenues exceed DOR's Spring Revenue Forecast by over \$135 million, excess revenues will be split in half between the Statutory Budget Reserve and a deposit into the dividend fund appropriation would occur at the end of FY25 and would be distributed as an energy relief payment in FY26 in addition to the restrict revenues would entirely flow into the CBR.

PFD. The entire appropriation is capped at \$645 million (of excess revenue), and any further revenues would entirely flow into the CBR.

(s) Including duplicated fund sources in the amount of capital spending provides a valuable measure of "money on the street" because it includes projects funded with bond proceeds and other duplicated fund sources.

(7) The Pre-transfer Surphus/(Delicity' indicates it projected to be insufficient indefinitely, it is often referred to

as a "structural deficit."

(8) "Fund Transters" refer to appropriations that move money from one fund to another within the Treasury. Although transfers are not true expenditures, they reduce the amount of money available for other purposes so must be included in the capital budget, as appropriate. For example, the surplus/defect. For reserve accounts, a positive number indicates a deposit and a negative number indicates a withdrawal. When money is withdrawn and spent, the expenditure is included in the operating or capital budget, as appropriate. For example, the

appropriation to transfer court filing less from the general fund to the civil legal services fund.

No appropriation from the CBR to cover a general fund deficit was enacted for FY25. The Governor's budget request includes language appropriating from the CBR to fill deficits in FY25 and FY26. The FY25 language caps the appropriation at \$200 million, but the FY26 language is not capped.

Projected	Projected Fund Balances - FY25 and FY26 (Part 2)	s - FY25	and FY26	(Part 2)				
	# <del>\$</del> )	(\$ millions)						
		FY25	25			FY	FY26	
	BoY Balance	<u>=</u>	Out/ (Deposit)	Eo Y Balance	BoY Balance	٤	Out/ (Deposit)	EoY Balance
Total Budget Reserves and Designated Funds	4,409.1	334.8	320.8	4,423.1	4,423.1	297.5	1,683.5	3,037.0
							V	
Undesignated Reserves	2,971.5	167.7	156.5	2,982.7	2,982.7	137.6	1,527.2	1,593.1
Constitutional Budget Reserve Fund	2,970.2	167.7	156.5	2,981.4	2,981.4	137.6	1,527.2	1,591.8
Statutory Budget Reserve Fund	•	,	1	1	•		_	1
Alaska Housing Capital Corporation Fund	1.3	•	٠	1.3	1.3	1		1.3
Select Designated Funds	1,437.6	167.1	164.3	1,440.4	1,440.4	159.9	156.3	1,444.0
Alaska Capital Income Fund	(5.7)	24.0	24.0	(5.7)	(5.7)	26.5	26.5	(5.7)
Alaska Higher Education Investment Fund	412.0	36.7	39.9	408.9	408.9	27.5	27.3	409.1
Community Assistance Fund	60.0	0.06	20.0	70.0	70.0	30.0	23.3	76.7
Power Cost Equalization Endowment	971.3	76.4	80.4	967.2	967.2	75.9	79.2	963.9
Unrestricted General Fund Appropriations	ations			7,719.4				15,893.8
Reserves Ratio (Undesignated Reserves / Pre-Transfer Budget)	udget)			39%				10%
Pre-Transfer Deficit	Deficit			(152.2)				(1.520.6)
Years of Deficit Coverage (Undesignated Reserves / Pre-Transfer Deficit)	Deficit)			19.60				1.05
Permanent Fund *								
Permanent Fund Principal - Realized (no appropriations allowed)	58,365.8	1,409.0	0.0	59,774.8	59,774.8	1,905.0	0.0	61,679.8
Permanent Fund Earnings Reserve Account - Realized	8,022.7	4,217.5	4,681.2	7,559.0	7,559.0	4,848.9	5,329.8	7,078.1
Permanent Fund - Unrealized Gain (Loss)	14,074.0	1,773.9	0.0	15,847.9	15,847.9	1,140.8	0.0	16,988.7
TOTAL PERMANENT FUND	80,462.5	7,400.4	4,681.2	83,181.7	83,181.7	7,894.7	5,329.8	85,746.6

\*Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation (APFC) unaudited history and projections as of November 30, 2024. Includes LFD adjustments.

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### **Executive Summary**

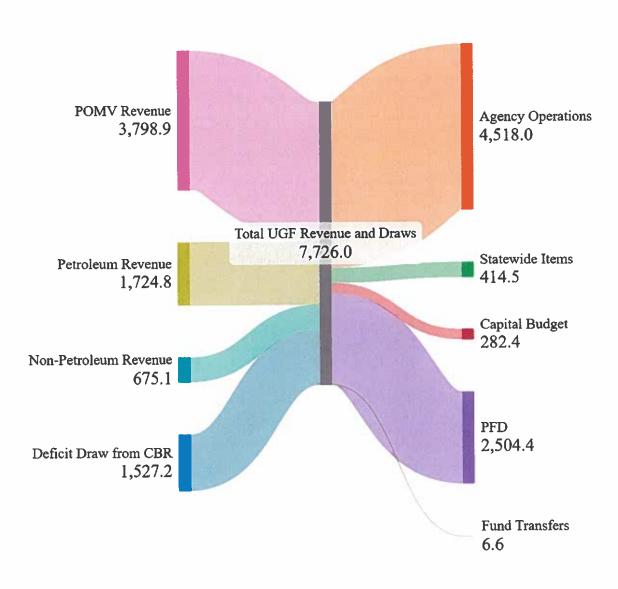
As required by law, the Governor released his FY26 budget proposal to the public and the legislature on December 12, 2024. The Legislative Finance Division prepared this Overview of the Governor's Budget and "Subcommittee Books" for each agency in accordance with AS 24.20.211-.231.

The Overview provides a starting point for legislative consideration of the Governor's proposed budget and revenue plan. It does not necessarily discuss the merits of budget plans, but focuses on outlining the fiscal situation and presenting the budget in a way that provides objective information to the legislature.

The first chapters in this publication primarily refer to Unrestricted General Funds (UGF). These are the state revenues with no constitutional or statutory restrictions on their use. The statewide fiscal surplus or deficit is calculated using this fund source group. Later in the publication, individual agency narratives account for significant changes in all fund sources. The first chapters also primarily use figures in the millions of dollars, with the decimal indicating hundreds of thousands, while agency narratives generally use figures in the thousands of dollars, with the decimal indicating hundreds.

When the legislature passed the FY25 budget in May of 2024 and the Governor signed it that June, the year had a projected budget surplus, but a reduced revenue forecast turned that into a projected deficit. For FY26, the Governor's proposed budget includes a projected \$1.5 billion deficit, which may grow as additional items are added in subsequent amendments.

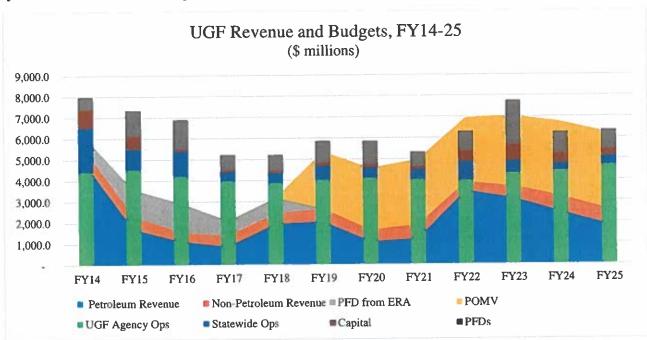
### UGF Revenue and Budget: FY26 Governor's Request (\$ millions)



### Alaska's Overall Fiscal Situation

For the sixth straight year, the Governor's budget submission includes a fiscal budget deficit (not counting use of savings). In his FY26 submission, that deficit is projected to be around \$1.5 billion, or about 25% of Alaska's UGF revenue.

After oil prices declined sharply in 2014, the State ran multi-billion-dollar budget deficits until adopting a statutory Percent of Market Value (POMV) draw from the Permanent Fund in FY19. From FY14 through FY18, the State ran pre-transfer deficits of nearly \$3 billion per year, but from FY19 through FY24 pre-transfer deficits only averaged about \$250 million per year. Some of those deficits were filled with temporary federal funds allocated to Alaska during the COVID-19 pandemic, while other deficits have required savings draws. Still, the value of the Constitutional Budget Reserve has actually increased over this period from about \$2.1 billion to \$3.0 billion because deficit draws have been more than offset by investment revenue and deposits.



From FY22 through FY25, the budget process has followed a similar script each year: the Governor proposes a budget with a substantial deficit, then the legislature has reduced the Permanent Fund Dividend (PFD) amount proposed by the Governor, increased the budget for other items, and passed a budget that does not rely on drawing from the Constitutional Budget Reserve (although some have relied on other funds such as utilization of federal COVID relief funding for revenue replacement or drawing from the Statutory Budget Reserve). In some years, revenue projections decreased after the legislature passed their budgets, leaving a deficit that the legislature must address in the supplemental budget (such as in FY23 and in FY25). The result is that the PFD appropriation and the capital budget have fluctuated along with oil prices, acting as a shock absorber outside of the operating budget rather than reflecting a structured long-term plan.

Once again in FY26 the Governor's budget submission includes a statutory PFD, an incomplete budget for State operations, and a sizeable budget deficit. This illustrates that Alaska still has a structural budget deficit: if our spending statutes are followed, revenue is insufficient to pay for expenditures. The legislature could choose to take the same approach as it has for the past several years and muddle through without a long-term plan, or it could choose to address the structural issue through revenue measures or changes to spending statutes.

The Governor's December budget would balance with a PFD calculation matching FY25 (25% of the POMV draw, often called "75/25" after the split between government services and the PFD), but this budget is still incomplete. The most notable item that is not yet accounted for is additional K-12 funding beyond the current statutory formula to match FY25 levels of service. The FY25 Enacted budget included \$182.0 million above the foundation and pupil transportation formulas. In his press conference for his budget submission, the Governor indicated that he planned to introduce legislation that would

75/25 PFD Alone Won't Balance the I (\$ millions)	Budget
FY26 Revenue	6,198.8
FY26 Governor's Budget	7,719.4
Surplus/Deficit	(1,520.6)
Reduce PFD to 75/25	(1,554.7)
Revised Surplus/Deficit	34.1
Add K-12 Funding to Match FY25	182.0
Add Projected Medicaid Need	19.6
Add Placeholder for Contractual Increases	29.4
Revised Surplus/Deficit	(196.9)

increase education spending by about \$200.0 million. In addition, the Governor's budget does not include an increase for Medicaid, but a December 15 projection by the Department of Health indicated that an additional \$19.6 million UGF would be needed. Finally, there are ten collective bargaining units negotiating new contracts at the time of publication, and the potential UGF cost is estimated to be roughly \$29.4 million.<sup>1</sup>

Adding those items, which represent costs necessary to maintain State services at the same level as FY25, would result in a substantial deficit in FY26 even with a 75/25 PFD appropriation. To balance the budget, the legislature would need to reduce spending, pass legislation to increase revenue, further reduce the PFD, or draw from savings.

8 [Introduction] Overview

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The \$29.4 million placeholder is based on the estimated cost of a 3% salary increase for executive branch unions (matching the FY26 increase for supervisory and exempt employees) and a 2.75% increase for University unions (based on the University's last offer). The actual cost may vary from this estimate based on the actual negotiated salary increase, costs other than salary increases, and unrealizable non-UGF fund sources.

### Building the FY26 Budget

### FY26 Adjusted Base

The Governor's FY26 budget represents a set of changes from the Adjusted Base, which the Legislative Finance Division establishes using the FY25 Enacted budget less one-time appropriations, plus current statewide policy decisions (such as salary adjustments and formula adjustments) needed to maintain services at a status quo level.

The FY25 budget included \$227.8 million UGF of onetime items that were backed out in the FY26 Adjusted Base. The largest of these was a one-time additional

Item	Amount
K-12 Outside Formula	(174,663.5)
AMHS Backstop	(10,000.0)
Child Care Grant Program	(7,500.0)
K-12 Addit'l Pupil Trans.	(7,305.9)
Tourism Marketing	(5,000.0)
Rate Smoothing	(5,000.0)
Anchorage E 56th Shelter	(4,000.0)
SB 67 (PFAS) Fiscal Note	(2,500.0)
AGDC Operations	(2,487.5)
Other Items	(9,388.7)
Total	(227,845.6)

appropriation to schools for \$174.7 million, to be distributed according to the K-12 formula; all other one-time items total \$53.2 million.

Salary adjustments in the FY26 Adjusted Base include PERS rate adjustments and health insurance adjustments for most State employees and Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) for members of four bargaining units. The COLAs are not automatic and must be approved by the legislature through the budget to take effect, but are in the Adjusted Base because they do not represent a service level change and cannot be taken individually.

The FY26 Adjusted Base includes \$100.1 million in total salary adjustments, of which \$61.9 million is UGF. There are nine bargaining units currently negotiating for FY26 that may be included in future Governor's amendments, including the largest executive branch and University of Alaska unions.

Salary Adjustments Summary	(in Thousa	nds)
Item	UGF	All Funds
PERS/JRS Rate	11,505.9	23,314.8
Health Insurance	5,938.0	9,487.5
SU 3% COLA (non-Law Enforcement)	4,152.3	10,972.8
SU 5.5% COLA (Law Enforcement)	982.7	1,101.9
Exempt 3% COLA	9,023.5	14,417.2
LTC 1.25% COLA	774.6	2,134.9
PSEA 10% COLA	9,362.8	11,177.9
University of Alaska Salary & Benefits	5,875.2	9,682.8
University of Alaska Health	14,245.9	17,800.0
Total Salary Adjustments	61,860.9	100,089.8

Formula	UGF	All Funds
K-12 Foundation	(28,724.2)	(28,583.6)
K-12 Pupil Transportation	(2,782.2)	(2,782.2)
School Debt Reimbursement	(10,208.2)	(11,008.2)
Other Debt Service	(4,339.2)	(8,615.8)
State Contributions to Retirement	36,117.6	36,117.6
REAA Fund Capitalization	(4,093.6)	(4,093.6)
Total Adjusted Base Formula Adjustments	(14,029.8)	(18,965.8)

Additionally, changes to formula programs are also addressed in the Adjusted Base so that policy changes are more clearly distinguished from formula-driven changes in the Governor's Budget. For the

K-12 Formula, changes including a projected 3,777 (3.6%) decrease in brick-and-mortar students (only partially offset by a 978-student increase in correspondence students) leads to a projected reduction of UGF State funding of \$28.7 million. Retirement contributions are up due primarily to higher PERS and TRS past service costs based on June 30, 2023, valuations. School debt reimbursement continues to decline due to the decade-long moratorium on new debt, which is scheduled to end on July 1, 2025.

### Governor's FY26 Budget Proposal

The Governor's December budget proposal is the starting point, but as always it is incomplete. From FY21-25, the Governor's amended budget was on average \$104.8 million higher than the December submission. The Enacted budget over the same period has averaged \$243.2 million higher than the Governor's amended budget, although that falls to \$85.1 million if FY23 is excluded (when oil prices spiked during the legislative session, note that this excludes the PFD).

Some likely areas for growth include:

- 1. K-12 formula spending: the FY25 budget included \$174.7 million of funding outside the K-12 Foundation formula and \$7.3 million outside the Pupil Transportation formula, and the Governor indicated an intention to submit a bill that would increase education spending by around \$200.0 million in FY26. The December budget release, however, only funds the current statutory formula.
- 2. Medicaid: the Governor's December budget release did not include any change to Medicaid funding, but according to the Department of Health's December 15 projection, an additional \$19.6 million will be requested in the FY26 Governor's Amended budget. This figure may change based on trends in Medicaid spending between that projection and the February update.
- 3. Contractual increases for bargaining units under negotiation: eight of the twelve executive branch unions (including the largest bargaining unit, the General Government Unit) have agreements that will expire at the end of FY25 or have already expired. In addition, the University of Alaska is currently negotiating with its largest union.

### **Agency Operations**

The Governor's FY26 budget for agency operations is \$175.1 million (3.7%) below the FY25 Management Plan, but \$57.0 million (1.3%) above the FY26 Adjusted Base.

Governor's FY26 Operat	ting Budget millions, UGI		to Adjust	ed Base
	Adjusted			
	Base	Governor	Comp	arison
Agency Operations	4,461.1	4,518.0	57.0	1.3%
Statewide Items	423.1	414.5	(8.6)	(2.0)%
Permanent Fund Dividend	949.7	2,504.4	1,554.7	163.7%
<b>Total Operating Budget</b>	5,833.9	7,437.0	1,603.1	27.5%

The Agency Narratives section of this publication includes details on the Governor's proposed changes to agency budgets. Overall, the Governor's budget proposes relatively few major changes to agency operations. Every agency's budget is above the FY26 Adjusted Base, with no agencies seeing net reductions. The Governor did issue a press release stating that his amended budget would modify the Division of Agriculture to become a separate Department, which will require added funding for administrative costs.

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### Operations and Maintenance Structure Changes

In FY25, the legislature added intent language in the Governor's Office that read: "It is the intent of the legislature that the budget prepared under AS 37.07.020 for the succeeding fiscal year adhere to AS 37.07.020(e) and present separately for each agency the annual facility operations, annual maintenance, and periodic repair or replacement of components of public buildings and facilities."

AS 37.07.020(e), established by a bill passed by the legislature in 1998, requires the Governor to submit a budget that separates facility costs from other operating costs. Over the years since then, these costs have become intermingled. The intent of the statute is to ensure that programmatic changes and inflation do not eat into the funds appropriated for maintenance of facilities, because underbudgeting for these items leads to deterioration of State assets and a backlog of deferred maintenance (see the Capital Budget Overview in this publication for more information about deferred maintenance).

In his FY26 budget, the Governor realigns agency operations in most Executive Branch agencies to comport with this statute. Throughout the agency narratives in this publication there are explanations of how this affects each agency. There is not consistency across agencies in how this is structured. Some separate out State-owned facilities from non-State-owned facilities, others do not. Some separate out rent (paid to another State agency) from expenses incurred by the agency itself, others do not. Finally, some agencies transfer direct actual funding to these new allocations, while others use Interagency Receipt authority, which may or may not be fulfilled or accurately reflected in reporting of budgetary actuals.

This inconsistent approach suggests the need for continued collaboration between the executive and legislative branches to establish standardized practices for facility cost tracking. Full implementation may extend beyond the FY26 budget cycle.

The Governor's budget also includes language allowing the Office of Management and Budget to transfer up to \$5.0 million in and out of these maintenance and operations allocations. The legislature should evaluate this language carefully, as is allows substantial flexibility for OMB to transfer money across appropriation lines.

### Statewide Items

The Governor funds statewide items to their statutory levels, including the PFD, which is estimated to be \$2.5 billion, paying about \$3,900 per recipient. That also includes State Assistance to Retirement, Debt Service, and fund capitalizations for which a clear spending rule exists.

Community Assistance Fund Deposits and Distribution (\$ millions)										
(\$ inimin	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27						
Starting Balance	\$90.0	\$60.0	\$70.0	\$76.7						
Distribution (1/3 of prior yr. balance)	\$30.0	\$20.0	\$23.3	\$25.6						
Additional distribution	\$ -	\$10.0	\$ -	\$ -						
Total Distribution	\$30.0	\$30.0	\$23.3	\$25.6						
Deposit to Fund	\$ -	\$30.0	\$30.0	N/A						
Ending Balance	\$60.0	\$70.0	\$76.7	N/A						

One item of note is the

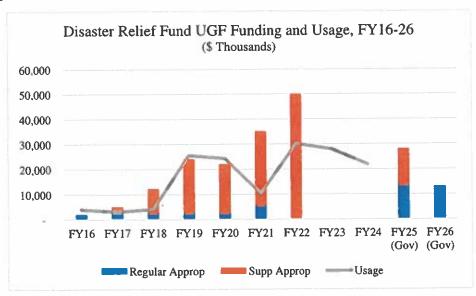
Community Assistance program. The Governor vetoed a \$30.0 million UGF deposit into the fund in

FY24 and a \$20.0 million deposit in FY25, so the fund's balance is below the \$90.0 million needed for the maximum \$30.0 million distribution. The FY25 budget included a \$30.0 million deposit into the fund and a \$10.0 million additional distribution to bring the total distribution to \$30.0 million. In FY26, the Governor proposes a \$30.0 million deposit in FY26 (of which \$28.0 million is from the PCE Fund and \$2.0 million is UGF). Without a supplemental appropriation, the FY26 payments to local governments would be \$23.3 million (one-third of the balance at the end of FY25).

Two statewide items without a clear spending rule are the fund capitalizations for the Fire Suppression Fund (FSF) and the Disaster Relief Fund. In FY25, the legislature appropriated Fire Suppression Activity funds to the FSF rather than to the Department of Natural Resources as it had in recent years. The FSF is not subject to further appropriation and does not lapse. The intention is to build an ongoing balance in the FSF, reducing the need for large supplemental appropriations during years with severe wildfires. The legislature appropriated a total of \$49.3 million UGF to the FSF in FY25, but the Governor vetoed the final amount to \$34.3 million. In FY26, the Governor's budget includes \$25.8 million for the FSF – 75% of the enacted appropriation in FY25. The agency states that the intent is to capitalize the fund with 25% of the calendar year's funding in the fiscal year that makes up the first half of the calendar year and the remaining 75% in the second fiscal year.

This approach, however, defeats the purpose of using the FSF to smooth appropriations from year to year. The enacted amount is already far short of the average UGF cost of Fire Suppression Activity, which was \$53.5 million from FY15-24. If there is extra funding remaining after a low fire year (like the first half of FY25), that can be used to offset the need for supplemental appropriations in high years. If instead extra funding is taken to reduce the capitalization of the fund the next year, the appropriations will remain volatile. If the legislature wishes to avoid supplementals and introduce stability to the budget for fire suppression, it should increase the capitalization to at least \$53.5 million. In fact, the amount should likely be higher, since costs have increased over time (the trend from FY15-24 is an average increase of \$4.8 million per year).

Funding for the Disaster Relief Fund (DRF) has likewise been inconsistent from year to year, resulting in many supplemental appropriations. In FY25, the legislature appropriated \$20.5 million UGF to the DRF, enough to cover anticipated needs based on average usage and leave a projected balance of \$5.0 million in the fund as a safety margin. The Governor vetoed \$7.5



million of this appropriation, leaving a total appropriation of \$13.0 million UGF. In his December

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budget release, the Governor is asking for a fast-track supplemental appropriation of \$15.0 million for the DRF because the fund balance has already fallen below zero, requiring the Department of Military and Veterans' Affairs to borrow from statewide deferred maintenance funding to pay disaster costs. In FY26, the Governor is proposing a \$13.0 million UGF capitalization once again. However, average usage of the Fund from FY16-24 was \$16.8 million, so this funding level could again result in the need for a supplemental appropriation.

More discussion of statewide items can be found in the Operating Language section of this publication.

### Capital Budget

The Governor's FY26 capital budget request totals \$282.4 million of UGF, down from \$330.7 million in the FY25 budget. In the 2024 legislation session, a surplus in the previous fiscal year (FY24) allowed for additional supplemental capital spending; ultimately \$126.6 million of supplemental capital items were enacted. In the 2025 legislative session, there is a deficit in the previous fiscal year (FY25) so significant supplemental capital spending is less likely. Comparing session-to-session, the Governor's \$282.4 million proposal is \$174.9 million (38.2%) lower than the capital appropriations approved in the 2024 session.

About 55% of the UGF in the Governor's FY26 capital budget is used to match federal funds. For more details on the capital budget, see the Capital Budget Overview section of this publication and the capital budget section of agency narratives.

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### Long-Term Fiscal Outlook

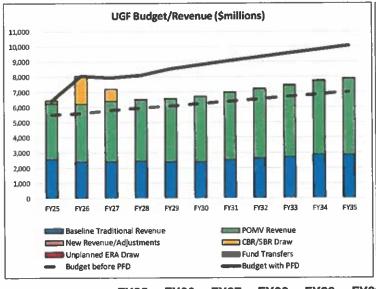
### LFD Baseline Fiscal Projections

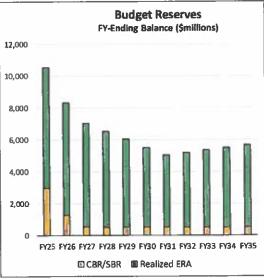
For the long-term baseline scenario, the Legislative Finance Division's fiscal model reflects current statutes and expenditures growing with inflation. It uses the FY25 Management Plan (less carryforward from prior years), growing with inflation of 2.5 percent per year, with all statewide items (including the Permanent Fund Dividend) funded at their statutory level (or matching FY25 if there is no established formula). Any policy or statutory changes can therefore be compared to this neutral baseline to see their effect on the fiscal situation.

In prior years, our modeling baseline was based on the Adjusted Base, but recent outside-the-formula K-12 appropriations are large enough that this is not necessarily an accurate starting point.

LFD Baseline	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	FY33	FY34	FY35
Agency Operations	4,777.2	4,896.7	5,019.1	5,144.6	5,273.2	5,405.0	5,540.1	5,678.6	5,820.6	5,966.1
Statewide Items	423.3	501.2	508.3	516.2	528.1	531.1	540.1	559.5	557.8	541.5
Capital Budget	339.0	347.4	356.1	365.0	374.2	383.5	393.1	402.9	413.0	423.3
Supps	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
PFDs	2,455.5	2,125.8	2,170.7	2,442.5	2,541.7	2,644.7	2,684.4	2,711.7	2,738.6	2,770.7
Total	8,044.7	7,921.6	8,104.7	8,518.9	8,767.7	9,015.0	9,208.4	9,403.5	9,580.8	9,752.5

Surplus/(Deficit) FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 FY30 FY31 FY32 FY33 FY34 FY35 (\$millions) (152) (1,846) (1,523) (1,637) (1,991) (2,116) (2,112) (2,122) (2,140) (2,077) (2,180)





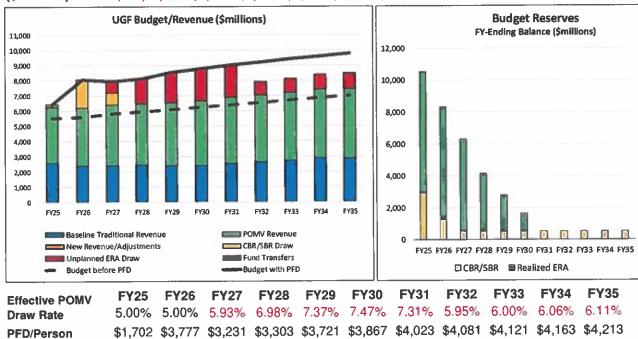
Effective POMV Draw Rate PFD/Person 
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LFD's baseline projection shows a deficit of \$1.8 billion in FY26, increasing to over \$2.0 billion from FY30 and beyond. This baseline does not include any deficit-filling draws from the ERA and leaves a \$500.0 million balance in the CBR for cashflow; the gap between the revenue bars on the graph on the left and the budget line represents an unfilled deficit.

If deficits are filled from the ERA, deficits would increase from the baseline scenario due to compounding effects, and by FY31, there would not be sufficient funds in the ERA to fill the entire deficit.

Surplus/(Deficit) FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 FY30 FY31 FY32 FY33 FY34 FY35 (\$millions) (152) (1,846) (1,523) (1,637) (1,993) (2,126) (2,138) (2,172) (2,223) (2,195) (2,334)



These models demonstrate that there is a continued structural budget deficit. The legislature could choose to fill this deficit from any combination of spending reductions (including Permanent Fund Dividends, as it has done in recent years) and new revenue.

### Comparison of Governor's 10-Year Plan to LFD Baseline

The Governor is required by AS 37.07.020(b) to "submit a fiscal plan with estimates of significant sources and uses of funds for the succeeding 10 fiscal years." The plan "must balance sources and uses of funds held while providing for essential state services and protecting the economic stability of the state," among other requirements.

The 10-Year Plan submitted by the Governor on December 12, 2024, does not comply with this statutory requirement: the CBR is drawn below zero in FY28 and down to *negative* \$12.0 billion at the end of the 10-year window in FY35.

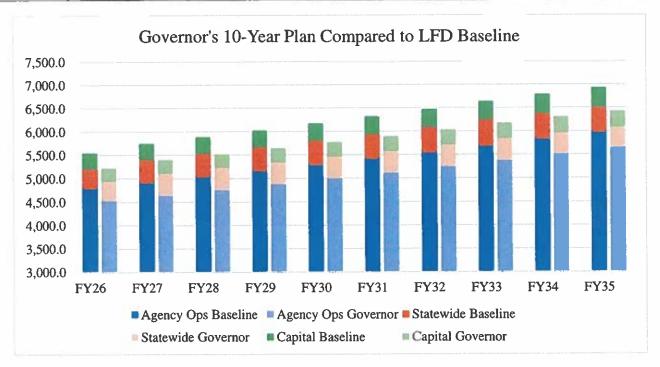
In past years, the Governor's 10-year plan assumed growth of agency operations and the capital budget of 1.5% per year, but this year's 10-year plan assumes growth of 2.5%, matching inflation. It also

assumes that statewide items either follow established schedules or, if there is no established schedule, match the FY25 funding level and grow with inflation in subsequent years.

The primary difference between the Governor's 10-year plan and LFD's baseline model is therefore the choice of baseline. Since the Governor's December budget release is incomplete (as the Governor explained in his press conference announcing the budget when he announced plans to introduce a \$200 million education funding bill), it is not an ideal baseline for long-term planning. Therefore, using the FY25 budget, with its inclusion of significant one-time K-12 spending, will likely prove to be more accurate.

The Governor's 10-Year Plan has two other non-policy choice assumption differences from LFD's modeling. The Governor assumes zero supplemental appropriations (net of any lapsing appropriations), while LFD assumes \$50 million per year based on historical averages (although increases to the Fire Suppression Fund and Disaster Relief Fund capitalizations may reduce this need in the future). The Governor also assumes that no new school debt will be authorized even after the program resumes later this year, while LFD assumes that \$7.8 million per year of new debt will be added annually based on historical averages. This assumption also influences the REAA Fund deposit, which changes proportionally to school debt payments. Finally, LFD's modeling uses updated projections of Permanent Fund earnings that correct a calculation error included in DOR's forecast (which is not included in the table below).

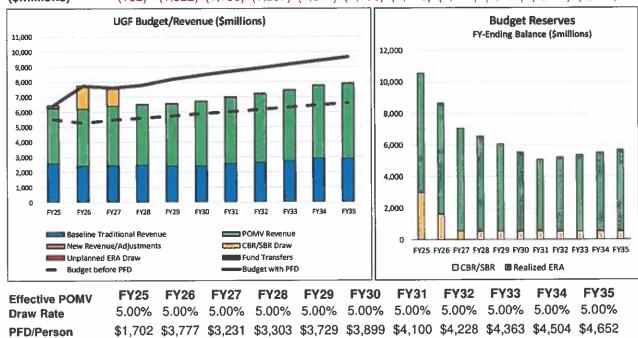
Comparison of Governor's 10-Year Plan Budget Figures to LFD Baseline										
	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29	FY30	FY31	FY32	FY33	FY34	FY35
Baseline	5,589.2	5,795.8	5,934.0	6,076.3	6,226.0	6,370.2	6,524.0	6,691.8	6,842.1	6,981.8
Governor	5,214.9	5,393.1	5,518.5	5,639.9	5,770.5	5,895.7	6,035.6	6,175.5	6,307.2	6,432.5
Difference	(374.3)	(402.7)	(415.5)	(436.4)	(455.5)	(474.5)	(488.4)	(516.3)	(534.9)	(549.3)



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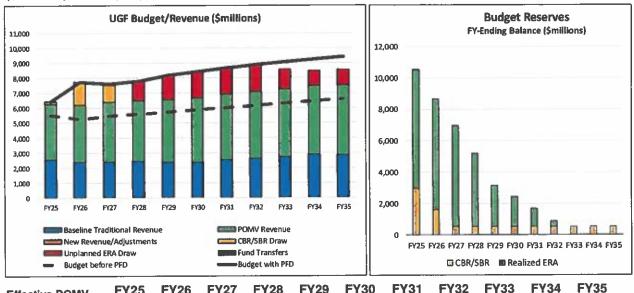
This model shows the policy proposals in the Governor's 10-Year Plan (the lower growth rates and partial funding of Community Assistance) in LFD's model, without any deficit-filling draws that would draw the CBR below zero. Despite the assumption differences, the policy choices in the Governor's 10-Year Plan result in a similar outcome in LFD's model as in the plan itself: persistent deficits and a depleted CBR in FY27. This model shows unfilled deficits of \$1.5 billion in FY26 increasing to over \$1.7 billion in FY30 and beyond.

Surplus/(Deficit) FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 FY30 FY31 FY32 FY33 FY34 FY35 (\$millions) (152) (1,522) (1,190) (1,297) (1,641) (1,758) (1,745) (1,746) (1,754) (1,682) (1,775)



The Governor's 10-Year Plan shows continued draws on the CBR even after the balance goes negative. If the deficits are made up from the ERA instead, the compounding effect of those overdraws would result in larger deficits.

Surplus/(Deficit) FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 FY30 FY31 FY32 FY33 FY34 FY35 (\$millions) (152) (1,522) (1,190) (1,297) (1,642) (1,762) (1,760) (1,778) (1,811) (1,771) (1,899)



Effective POMV Draw Rate PFD/Person

FY33 FY34 FY35 FY25 FY26 FY27 FY28 FY29 **FY30** FY31 FY32 5.00% 5.00% 5.10% 6.55% 6.94% 7.03% 6.98% 6.96% 6.40% 6.03% 6.07% \$1,702 \$3,777 \$3,231 \$3,303 \$3,728 \$3,884 \$4,055 \$4,133 \$4,197 \$4,246 \$4,297

### Constitutional and Statutory Appropriation Limits

Alaska has two appropriation limits: a limit in Article IX, Section 16 of the Alaska Constitution, and another in AS 37.05.540(b). Both limits factor in changes in inflation and population that can only be estimated ahead of time, so these figures may change when actual inflation and population changes are known.

The constitutional limit is binding, but the statutory limit can be (and has been) exceeded through the appropriations process.

### **Expenditures Subject to the Limits**

Article IX, Section 16 and AS 37.05.540(b) both set out exclusions from the limit that are both sources of money and uses of money. Excluded sources are:

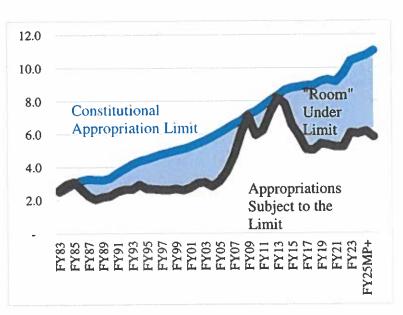
- Proceeds of revenue bonds
- Money held in trust for a specific purpose (this includes all federal funding and most "Other" funds)
- Corporate revenues

### Excluded purposes are:

- Permanent Fund Dividends
- Debt service on General Obligation Bonds
- · Appropriations transferring money between State funds
- · Appropriations to meet a declared state of disaster

### Calculating the Constitutional Limit

The constitutional appropriation limit is equal to \$2.5 billion times the cumulative change in population and inflation since July 1, 1981. Based on the way the limit has been calculated by the executive branch in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), we estimate that in FY25 the limit will be \$10.8 billion and in FY26 the limit will be \$11.1 billion.<sup>2</sup> This is based on actual changes in inflation and



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This ACFR calculates the adjustment for inflation and population by multiplying the two factors together; an alternative approach would be to add the changes together (the Anchorage tax cap is worded identically to the State limit but is calculated in this way, for example). Under this alternative calculation, the limit would be \$8.3 billion in FY25 and \$8.4 billion in FY26.

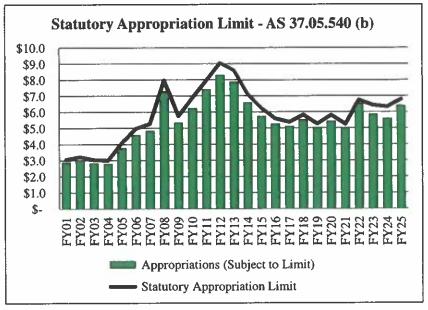
population through FY24, a 2.5% inflation assumption, and the Department of Labor's population growth assumption.

The enacted FY25 budget subject to the limit was \$6.2 billion, \$4.6 billion below the estimated appropriation limit. The Governor's proposed FY26 budget subject to the limit is \$5.8 billion, \$5.2 billion below the estimated appropriation limit.

### Calculating the Statutory Limit

While the constitutional limit applies to expenditures for a fiscal year, the statutory limit applies to appropriations made in a fiscal year, regardless of what year they were effective (essentially, it compares appropriations from one session to the next). Appropriations in a fiscal year may not exceed the appropriations made in a previous fiscal year by more than 5% plus the change in inflation and population.

Appropriations made in FY24 subject to the limit were \$6.3 billion. Based on the same inflation and population assumptions used for the



constitutional limit, that would allow for appropriations of \$6.8 billion in FY25.

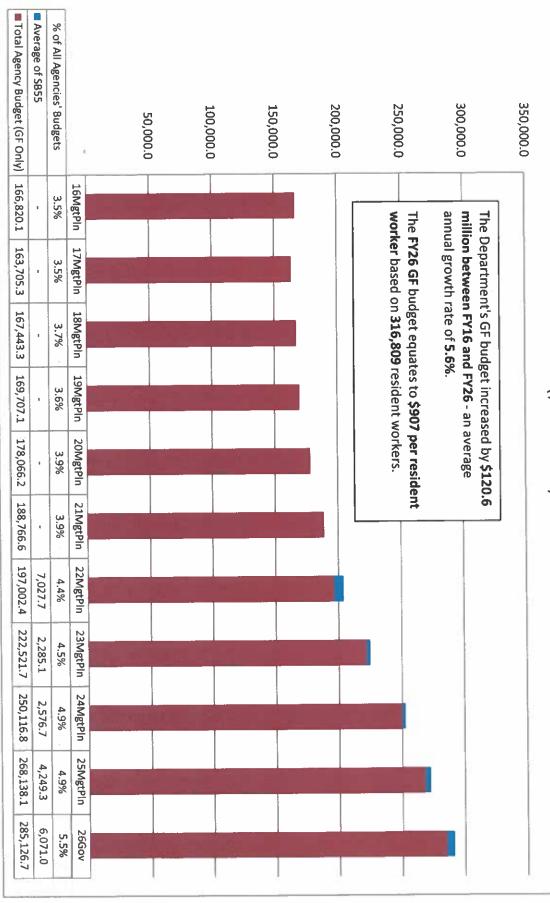
The Governor's proposed appropriations subject to the limit (as of the December 15<sup>th</sup> budget release) total approximately \$6 billion. This means that the currently proposed appropriations remain under the statutory appropriation limit by approximately \$800 million.

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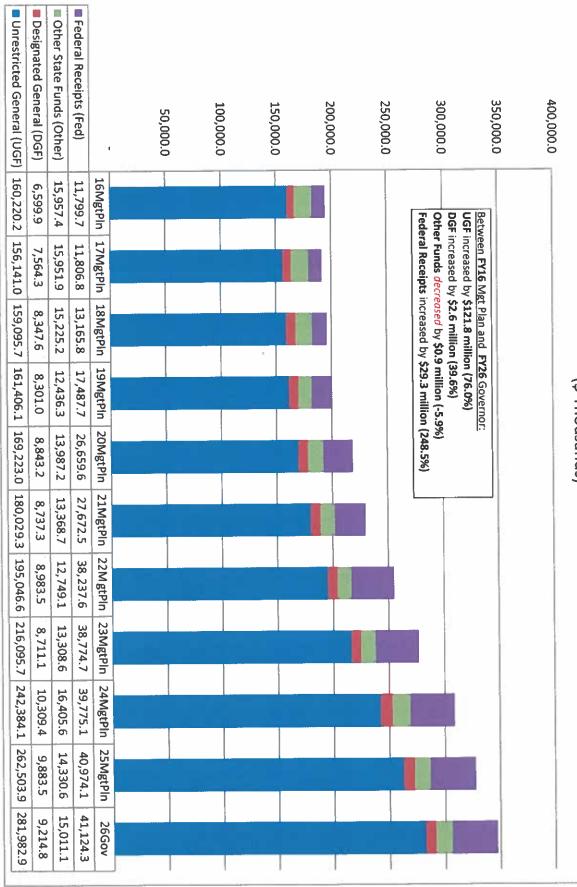
**Agency Graphs** 

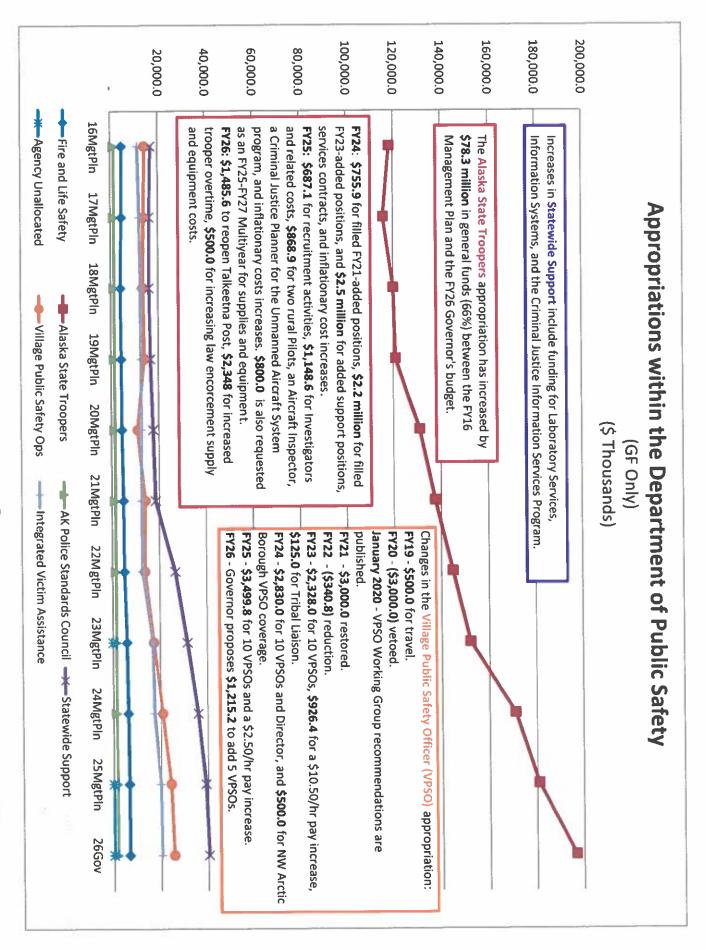
# **Department of Public Safety Total General Fund Budget**

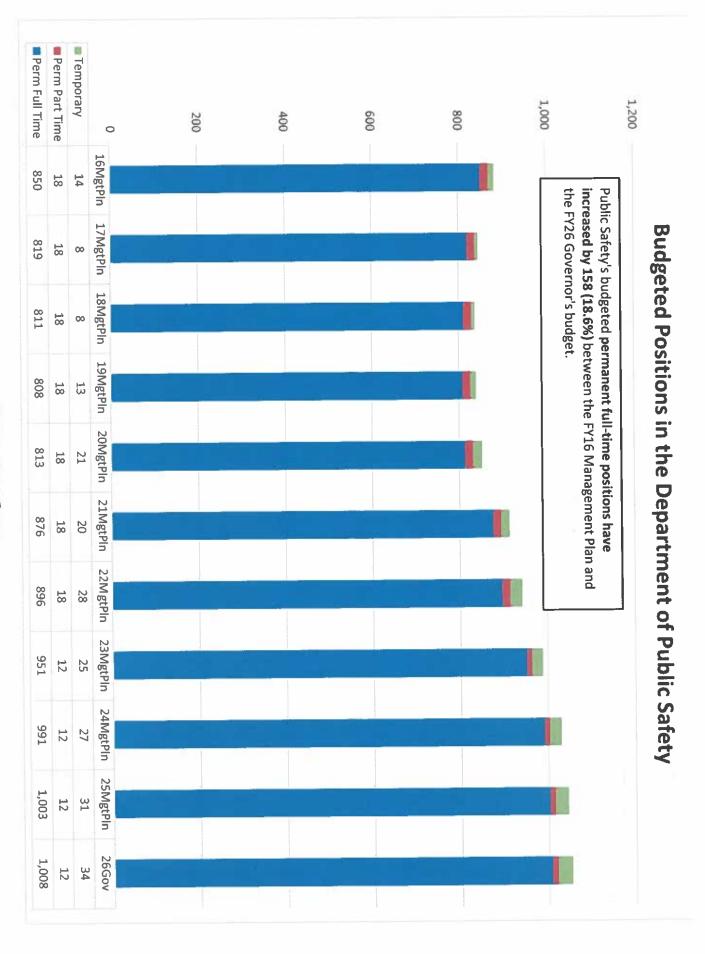




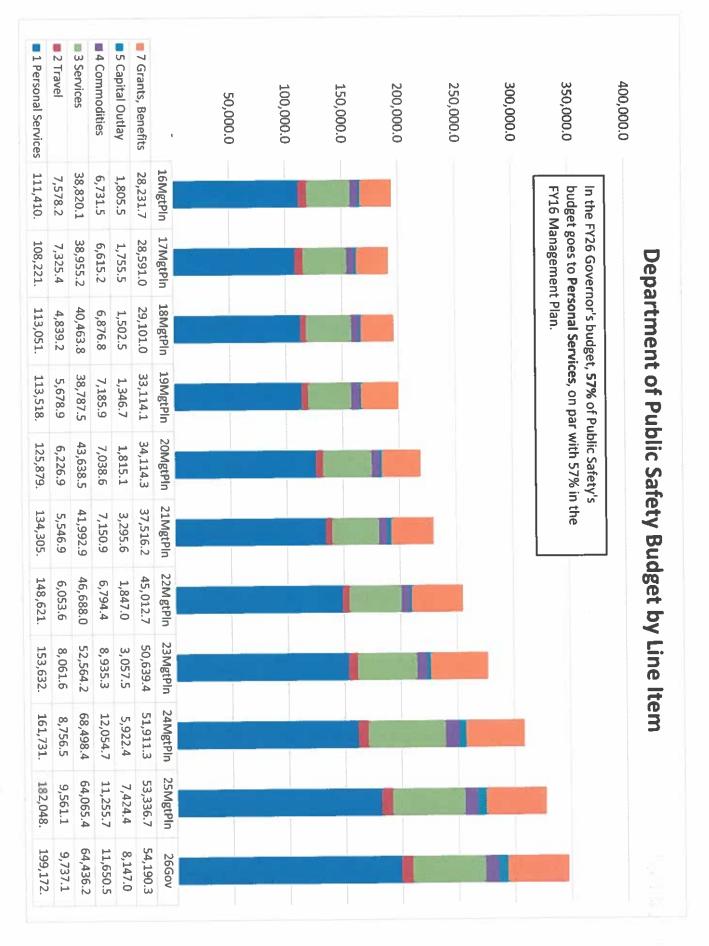
# **Total Funding Comparison by Fund Group** Department of Public Safety (\$ Thousands)







Legislative Finance Division



**Program Priority Statutes** 

Program	Constitutional Requirement	Federal Requirement	Statutory Req.	# of Alaskans Served	% Cost Through Fees	Rating of Importance to Mission	Rating of Effectiveness
Fire and Life Safety				3 (0)			
Fire and Life Safety	YES Art. I, § 12	NO	YES 18.65.090 18.70.010 44.41.020	All Alaskans	23%	Critical	Effective
AK Fire Standards Council	YES	NO	YES 18.70.320		8%	Important	Effective
Alaska State Troopers							
Special Projects	NO	NO	NO	All Alaskans		Important	Effective
- Decial Tolera	NO	N O	NO	All Alaskans		Critical	Ineffective
Alaska State Troopers Alaska Bureau of Judicial	YES Art. I, § 12	NO	YES 22.20.130	All Alaskans		Critical	Effective
Prisoner Transportation	YES Art. I, § 12	NO	YES 33.30.081	All Alaskans		Critical	Effective
Search and Rescue	YES Art. I, § 12	NO	YES 18.60.115 18.65.090 18.60.120	All Alaskans		Critical	Effective
Rural Trooper Housing	NO NO	NO	YES 44.41.020(d)	ō.		Important	Effective
	YES Art. I, § 12	NO	YES 18.65.080 18.65.085	All Alaskans		Critical	Effective
Statewide Drug and Alcohol Enforcement Unit	A Lighted Post	X-124ina	18.65.090			The state of the	

## **DPS Program Priority Table**

Council on DV and SA	AK Police Standards Council	AK Police Standards Council	Village Public Safety Officer	Village Public Safety Officer	AWT Marine Enforcement Section	Alaska State Troopers	AWT Aircraft Section	Alaska Wildlife Troopers	Alaska Bureau of Investigation	AST Detachments	Program
Egyptoj c	YES	ASSESS OF	NO		NO		NO	YES Art. I, § 12	YES Art. J, § 12	YES Art. I, § 12	Constitutional Requirement
188	NO		NO		NO		N O	NO	NO	N O	Federal Requirement
	YES 18.65.140 - 18.65.290	YES	YES 18.65.670 44.41.020		18.60.115 18.60.120 18.65.090 44.41.020	YES	18.60.115 18.60.120 18.65.090 44.41.020	18.65.080 18.65.090 44.41.020 44.41.020	18.65.086 18.65.090 18.65.090	YES 18.65.080 18.65.090 44.41.020	Statutory Req.
2000	WII		All Alaskans		All Alaskans		All Alaskans	All Alaskans	All Alaskans	All Alaskans	# of Alaskans Served
											% Cost Through Fees
	Critical		Critical		Critical		Critical	Critical	Critical	Critical	Rating of Importance to Mission
	Effective		Effective		Effective		Effective	Effective	Effective	Effective	Rating of Effectiveness

## **DPS Program Priority Table**

Facility Maintenance	Laboratory Services	Criminal Justice Information Systems Program	Information Systems	Alaska Wing Civil Air Patrol	Administrative Services	Public Safety Training Academy	Commissioner's Office	Statewide Support	Council on DV and SA	Program
NO	YES Art. I, § 12	YES Art. I, § 12	NO	YES	N <sub>O</sub>	NO	YES		YES Art. I, § 12	Constitutional Requirement
NO	NO	YES 42 USC	NO	NO	NO	N <sub>O</sub>	NO		NO	Federal Requirement
NO	YES 18.65.050 44.41.035	12.62 12.63 12.64 18.65.400 18.65.700 44.41.025 44.41.050	S N	18.60.146	NO	NO	YES 44.41.010		YES 18.66	Statutory Reg.
0	36 PFT 34 Filled	43 PFT 40 Filled 1 NP 0 Filled							All Alaskans	# of Alaskans Served
	All Alaskans	All Alaskans								% Cost Through Fees
		0.09	Important	Beneficial	Important	Critical	Critical		Important	Rating of Importance to Mission
Beneficial	Critical	Critical	Effective	Effective	Effective	Effective	Effective		Effective	Rating of Effectiveness

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State Facilities Rent	Program
NO	Constitutional Requirement
NO	Federal Requirement
NO	Statutory Req.
0	# of Alaskans % Cost Through Served Fees
	Rating of Importance to Mission
Status Quo	Rating of Effectiveness

**FY26 Budget Issues** 

Item	Appropriation/	Description	Governor	Amount	Comment
	Allocation		$\neg$	Enacted	
	Fire and Life	ire and Life		Gen Fund	A new lease will be initiated with the Alaska Housing Finance Corporation
	Safety / Fire and	Safety Division	F)	Ŧ.	(AHFC) to provide added workspace for Fire and Life Safety Division staff.
	Life Safety		Inc	Inc	The agency requested additional space to accommodate workload and staffing
					increases, and changing technological needs.
					Annia   Rent. \$73.200 (\$2.37 × 2.574 sf × 12 months)
					Annual Utilities: \$15.100 (\$0.49 x 2.574 sf x 12 months)
					Lease Improvement: \$11,700
7	Alaska State	sed Lease and Utility	Gen Fund	Gen Fund	The agency reported an increase in utility costs for electricity, water and
	Troopers / various   Costs		(UGF)	(UGF)	sewage, and nearing oil, as well as increased lease costs infoughout Alaska.
					Rural Trooper Housing: \$390.0
					AST Detachments: \$265.0
					The legislature also approved FY24 Supplemental appropriations in the
					same amounts for both allocations.
3	Alaska State	Retention Initiative to Fund	\$437.5 Gen Fund	Gen Fund	Funding is added to assist with the rising cost of Trooper relocation throughout
	Troopers / Various	_	(UGF)		the state, of which \$400.0 is provided to the State Troopers and \$37.5 is for the
		Cuts	Inc	Inc	Wildlife Troopers. The Public Safety Employees Association (PSEA)
		and Jobs Act of 2017			collective bargaining agreement contract specifies that the State will cover
					costs such as airfare, temporary lodging, and the packing and shipping of
					household goods. These reimbursements were made taxable under the Tax Cuts
					and Jobs Act of 2017, which can create a significant tax burden on individuals
					depending on their relocation costs and destination. The agency will enter into
					a Letter of Agreement (LOA) with PSEA to allow the State to cover the
					individual tax hability related to contractually required moves for current and
					prospective employees.
					The legislature also approved FY24 Supplementals of \$400.0 UGF for the
					Alaska State Troopers, and \$37.5 for the Wildlife Troopers, as this funding
					was inadvertently omitted from the FY24 budget and the Department required
					both funding and specific budgetary authorization to support the LOAs.

# Agency Enacted Budget Book

Comment	In FY21, the legislature provided 75 percent of the required funding for 36 positions added in the Alaska State Troopers appropriation. As those positions have been filled, the agency has requested full funding. This provides the full amount necessary to support a Public Safety Technician 1/2, and a State Trooper position that were added to the budget in FY21 and filled in FY24.	A Program Manager is added in Anchorage to expand State Trooper and agency recruitment efforts. In addition to funding the position and \$20.0 of added travel costs for that individual, this increment also provides \$56.3 to cover air travel costs for State Trooper applicants who advance in the interview and testing process and who are not on the Alaska road system.	Three vehicles are added to replace decommissioned inmate transport vails the agency had kept as backup to their State Equipment Fleet (SEF) replacements. These new vehicles will be included in the SEF, and maintenance costs will be determined in future SEF rate increases. These vehicles transport inmates between Department of Corrections facilities and judicial services hearings, unlike Inmate Transportation vehicles under the Department of Corrections, which transport inmates between facilities, but not to hearings.	Funding is added for clothing and uniforms, tools, and safety gear, as well as parts and supplies. The agency requested this as an FY25-FY27 Multiyear appropriation to maintain funding flexibility across fiscal years, as those needs arc assessed. It was later determined that the full amount would likely be expended in the first year of the appropriation, so the legislature funded this as a One-Time Increment instead. The agency may request additional funding in FY26 for these ongoing costs.	Funding is added for three child crimes Investigators in Bethel, which the agency plans to fill with "properly trained and likely retired investigators."  The Alaska Bureau of Investigation currently has four filled positions in Bethel, as well as a non-permanent Investigator on rotation in Western Alaska. The agency reports that the volume of sexual assault cases surpasses existing Investigator capacity.
Amount	\$92.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	\$249.6 Gen Fund (UGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	\$147.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI	\$500.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI Numbers	\$698.5 Gen Fund (UGF) 3 TMP Positions Inc
Governor	S92.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	S249.6 Gen Fund (UGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	\$147.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI	S500.0 Gen Fund (UGF) MultiYr Language	\$698.5 Gen Fund (UGF) 3 TMP Positions Inc
Description	Add Full Funding for \$92.0 C Trooper Positions Added in (UGF) FY21 that are Now Filled Inc	Add Full-Time Program Manager and Funding for Trooper Applicant Travel to Support Recruitment Strategies and Initiatives		Cost Increases for Law Enforcement Supplies and Equipment	Add Three Non-Permanent State Troopers (12-#175, 12-#176, and 12-#177) for Child Crimes Investigations
Appropriation/	ka	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska State Trooper Detachments	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska State Trooper Detachments	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska State Trooper Detachments	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska Bureau of Investigation
Item	4	8	9	7	∞

Department of Public Safety
FY25 - Summary of Significant Budget Issues
(\$ thousands)

Thom	Н	Docarintion	Conombon	4 mount	Commont
	Allocation	nondi incor	Request	Enacted	
∞	Alaska State	Add Three Non-Permanent	\$698.5 Gen Fund	Gen Fund	(continued)
	Troopers / Alaska	State Troopers (12-#175,	(UGF)	(UGF)	
	Bureau of	12-#176, and 12-#177) for	3 TMP Positions	3 TMP Positions	A separate One-Time Increment of \$55.2 is provided for startup costs
	Investigation	Child Crimes Investigations	Inc	Inc	associated with these positions, which is lower than the amount typically added with a new commissioned officer position.
6	Alaska State	Fully Fund Non-Permanent	\$450.1 Gen Fund	\$450.1 Gen Fund	In FY24, the legislature added two long term non-permanent Investigators for
	Troopers / Alaska	State Troopers for Missing	(UGF)	(UGF)	Missing and Murdered Indigenous Persons, and indicated that the agency may
	Bureau of	and Murdered Indigenous	Inc	Inc	also add positions in Management Plan to fully leverage the funding for that
	Investigation	Persons Investigations			purpose. The Department reports that it has used that funding to support
					personal services costs for four non-permanent Missing and Murdered
					Indigenous Persons (MMIP) Investigators with two located in Soldotna, one in
					Fairbanks, and one in Anchorage.
					This Increment will provide non-personal services costs including training.
					investigative travel, telecommunications, operations and maintenance of a
					vehicle, and annual replenishment of uniform, firearm, radio, and other
					supplies.
10	Alaska State	Implement Compensation	\$93.8 Gen Fund	\$93.8 Gen Fund	The agency worked with the Department of Administration to implement
	Troopers / Alaska	Study Recommendations	(UGF)	(UGF)	compensation adjustments for the Forensic Scientist job class series on January
	Bureau of	for Forensic Scientist 1/2/3	Inc	Inc	22, 2024, resulting in a three-range increase for these positions. The legislature
	Investigation	Job Class Series			approved a corresponding FY24 Supplemental of \$39.8 UGF. For more
					information, see Item 34 under Laboratory Services.
					Items 10 and 34 are related.
Ξ	Alaska State	Cost Increases for Aircraft	\$158.2 Gen Fund	\$158.2 Gen Fund	The agency reports increased hangar and tie down lease costs required to
	Troopers / Aircraft	Troopers / Aircraft Hangar and Tie Down	(UGF)	(UGF)	maintain the agency's current footprint. The funding will also be used to
	Section	Leases in Rural Alaska	Inc	Inc	address critical needs for tie down space where existing hangars have yet to be
					identified.
12	Alaska State	Add Full-time Aircraft	\$148.3 Gen Fund	\$148.3 Gen Fund	The agency currently has two Aircraft Maintenance Inspectors stationed in
	Troopers / Aircraft	ector (12-	(UGF)	(UGF)	Anchorage, and this funding will add a third in Fairbanks to meet the agency's
	Section	#162) for Quality	1 PFT Position	1 PFT Position	current workload requirements. The position will provide quality assurance,
		Assurance	Inc	Inc	maintenance oversight, and coordinate vendor-based maintenance for the 44
					Public Safety aircraft located across the state.

Legislative Finance Division

# Agency Enacted Budget Book

Item	Appropriation/	Description	Governor	Amount	Comment
			Request	Enacted	
12	Alaska State	Add Full-time Aircraft	\$148.3 Gen Fund	\$148.3 Gen Fund	(continued)
	Troopers / Aircraft	Troopers / Aircraft   Maintenance Inspector (12-   (UGF)		(UGF)	A second of Time Increment of \$18 A is provided for starting costs
	Section	#162) for Quality	I PFT Position	I PFI POSITION	A separate One-1 line interention of \$10.4 is provided for startup costs
		Assurance		Inc	associated with a new civilian position.
13	Alaska State	-	\$408.3 Gen Fund	\$408.3 Gen Fund	Aircrait pilots are added in Ivoine and rainbains to supprement the processions are currently stationed in those rural hub communities. The agency reports
	Troopers / Aircraft		(UGF)	(OUT)	that are carriently stationed in cooperate the common search and rescue and
	Section	Positions to Meet Demand	Z FF L FOSITIONS	Z FFT FUSITIONS	mat it mas no rotal parade contrage to support of managements are not working, and
			100	=	temporary duty assignment cannot guarantee coverage or timely response:
					"There are many occasions where the need for an aircraft response is greater
					than the number of hours the Nome and Fairbanks based pilots are allowed to
					fly. These positions will allow for increased pilot support by eliminating the
					delay of the arriving pilot and by providing a secondary Pilot to be called in to
					service due to extenuating circumstances or emergencies."
					A separate Onc-Time Increment of \$36.8 is added for startup costs associated
					with two new civilian positions.
7	Alacka Ctata	Add Criminal Instice	\$154 1 Gen Fund	\$154.1 Gen Fund	The agency will add a Criminal Justice Planner to oversee the tactical and
<u>+</u>	Trooners Aircraft	Troopers   Aircraft   Planner (12-#161) to		(UGF)	administrative functions related to the Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)
	Section	Support Small Unmanned	1 PFT Position	1 PFT Position	program. They will oversee certifications and training records for crew
	101122	Aircraft Systems Unit for	Inc	Inc	members, pilots, and visual observers in compliance with state reporting
		Drone Operations			requirements. This individual will be responsible for, "the condition,
		•			maintenance, and flight records of the UAS and its associated equipment within
					the data reporting software, and registration and markings of all UAS owned
					and operated by their division in accordance with current Federal Aviation
					Administration 14 CFR Part 107 regulations."
					The initial phases of the program have been managed as an additional duty by a
					Detachment Commander (Captain) within the Division of Wildlife Troopers
					due to that individual's specific knowledge and capabilities from a previous
					role. However, this is not a sustainable arrangement as the UAS program
					continues to expand beyond what can be reasonably considered an additional

Item	Appropriation/	Description	Governor	Amount	Comment
	Allocation		Request	Enacted	
14	Alaska State	Add Criminal Justice	\$154.1 Gen Fund	\$154.1 Gen Fund	(continued)
	Troopers / Aircraft	Troopers / Aircraft Planner (12-#161) to	(UGF)	(UGF)	duty for a Detachment Commander.
	Section	Support Small Unmanned	1 PFT Position	1 PFT Position	
		Aircraft Systems Unit for	Inc	Inc	A separate One-Time Increment of \$18.4 is added for startup costs associated
		Drone Operations			with a new civilian position.
15	Alaska State	Rising Costs of Aviation	\$400.0 Gen Fund	\$400.0 Gen Fund	This FY24 supplemental funding supports an estimated 10% increase in
	Troopers / Aircraft Fuel	Fuel	(UGF)	(UGF)	aviation fuel prices, with funding for a 23-24% increase in pilot and aircraft
	Section		Suppl	Suppl	hours. A corresponding increment was not requested for FY25, which may necessitate a sumplemental request in SLA25.
16	Alaska State	Address Increasing Law	\$300.0 Gen Fund	\$300.0 Gen Fund	Funding is added for clothing and uniforms, tools, and safety gear, as well as
	Troopers / Alaska	Enforcement Supplies and	(UGF)	(UGF)	parts and supplies. The agency requested this as an FY25-FY27 Multiyear
	Wildlife Troopers	Equipment Costs	MultiYr	IncOTI	appropriation to maintain funding flexibility across fiscal years, as those needs
	,				are assessed. It was later determined that the full amount would likely be
			Language	Numbers	expended in the first year of the appropriation, so the legislature funded this as
					a One-Time Increment instead. The agency may request additional funding in
					FY26 for these ongoing costs.
					Items 7 and 16 are related.
17	Alaska State	Federal Authority for Joint	\$1,500.0 Fed Repts	\$1,500.0 Fed Repts	\$1,500.0 Fed Rcpts \$1,500.0 Fed Rcpts Federal receipt authority is added for the Joint Marine Enforcement Agreement
	Troopers / Alaska	Enforcement Agreement	(Fed)	(Fed)	between the Department of Public Safety, Alaska Wildlife Troopers, Marine
	Wildlife Troopers	with the National Oceanic	Inc	Inc	Enforcement and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
	Marine	and Atmospheric			(NOAA). Federal receipts support State Wildlife Trooper enforcement
	Enforcement	Administration			activities related to federal laws and regulations under the Magnuson-Stevens
					Fishery Conservation Act; the Endangered Species Act of 1973; the Lacey Act
					Amendments of 1981; and the Northern Pacific Halibut Act of 1982.
					This Joint Enforcement Agreement has been in place for multiple decades, and
					Federal receipt authority will be moved to the operating budget to reflect that
					tnis is an ongoing item.

# Agency Enacted Budget Book

Item	Appropriation /	Description	Governor Request	Amount Enacted	Comment
81	Village Public Safety Officer Program / Village Public Safety Officer Program	Add Funding for Ten New Village Public Safety Officers to Meet Program Demand and Fund a \$2,50/ hr Pay Increase for VPSOs	\$3,499.8 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	\$3,499.8 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	\$3,499.8 Gen Fund \$3,499.8 Gen Fund Index of Funding is added for 10 new Village Public Safety Officer (VPSO) positions.  (UGF)  Inc  Inc  Inc  The agency currently has 70 filled VPSO positions that serve 143 communities, with some VPSO's assigned to more than one community, and others acting as a rover. The agency reports that approximately 60 Alaskan communities have requested an assigned full-time VPSO position.
					This increase also funds a \$2.50/hour pay increase for all VPSOs, which will have the greatest proportionate impact for VPSO starting salaries (a 7.4 percent increase).
61	Alaska Police Standards Council / Alaska Police Standards Council	Add Full-Timc Administrative Investigator I to Meet Demand	S160.0 GF/Prgm (DGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	\$160.0 GF/Prgm (DGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	The Alaska Police Standards Council (APSC) is staffed with four positions including an Executive Director, Administrative Assistant, Administrative Investigator 1, and a Training Coordinator. The caseload for these individuals has increased several times over, and APSC anticipates that investigations and complaints will increase with the roll-out of body worn cameras. This position will assist with investigations and timely hearings.
					A separate One-Time Increment of \$18.4 is added for startup costs associated with a new civilian position.  Items 19 and 29 are related.
20	Various	Create New Victim Services Appropriation for CDVSA, VCCB, and New Victim Services	Struct	Struct	The Governor's budget included structure changes to highlight specific functions within the agency. These were approved by the legislature:  Victim Services - new appropriation in FY25 with the following allocations:
		Administration and Support Allocation			Domestic Violence / Sexual Assault - previously under its own appropriation Violent Crimes Compensation Board - previously under its own appropriation  Victim Services Administration and Support - new allocation in FY25
					The agency consolidated existing Victim Services Administration and Support resources and personnel into the new allocation to demonstrate program alignment:

Comment	-Program Coordinator 2 and Training Specialist 1 from Special Projects -Program Coordinator and five Victim-Witness Paralegals from AST Detachments -Program Coordinator 2 and Criminal Justice Tech 1/2 from the Alaska Bureau of Investigation  Items 20 and 24 are related.	The amount of Restorative Justice Account funding available for appropriation each year is set in a statutory calculation under AS 43.23.048 to determine the sum of Permanent Fund Dividends forfeited by Alaskans with certain criminal convictions. In FY24, the amount was based on 7,646 ineligible Alaskans and a \$3,284 dividend for the qualifying 2021 calendar year, and in FY25 it is based on 7,556 ineligible Alaskans and a \$1,312 dividend for the qualifying 2022 calendar year.  AS 43.23.048(b) outlines the following purposes and percentages, in priority order, with the statutory ranges referenced in parentheses:  10% - Crime Victims Comp. Fund (10-13%)  3% - Legislature - Office of Victims' Rights (2-6%)  4% - Public Safety - Nonprofit Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment for Offenders (1-3%)  79% - Corrections - Costs Related to Incarceration or Probation (79-88%)  Items 21 and 23 are related.	\$3,700.0 Gen Fund The legislature added funding to maintain the prior year level of grant support (UGF)  for the Council of Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault.  IncM
Amount	Struct	Net Zero \$105.7 Gen Fund (UGF) (\$105.7) Rest Just (Other) FndChg	\$3,700.0 Gen Ft (UGF) IncM
Governor Request	Struct	Net Zero \$105.7 Gen Fund (UGF) (\$105.7) Rest Just (Other) FndChg	n/a
Description	Create New Victim Services Appropriation for CDVSA, VCCB, and New Victim Services Administration and Support Allocation	Replace Restorative Justice Account Authority with General Funds	Victim Services / Maintain Grant Support for In/a Council on the Council on Domestic Domestic Violence Violence and Sexual and Sexual Assault
Appropriation / Allocation		Victim Services / Replace Restor Council on Account Author Domestic Violence General Funds and Sexual Assault	Victim Services / I Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault
Item	20	21	22

# Agency Enacted Budget Book

Comment	The Crime Victims Compensation Fund is capitalized with Restorative Justice Account funding.	AS 43.23.048(b) outlines the following purposes and percentages, in priority order, with the statutory ranges referenced in parentheses:  10% - Crime Victims Comp. Fund (10-13%)  3% - Legislature - Office of Victims' Rights (2-6%)  4% - Public Safety - Nonprofit Services for Crime Victims (1-3%)  4% - Health - Nonprofit Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment for Offenders (1-3%)	79% - Corrections - Costs Related to Incarceration or Probation (79-88%)  Items 21 and 23 are related.	The legislature denied the Governor's request to add administrative support for the newly-consolidated Victim Services Administration and Support allocation. The agency requested this position to maintain administrative support for positions that were transferred in from other allocations.	Of this sum, \$18.4 UGF would have been a One-Time Increment associated with startup costs for the new position.  Items 20 and 24 are related.		These positions can assist investigators, allowing their time to be used more efficiently. The agency also describes how "the level of contact with victims and witnesses provided by these new positions cannot be provided by the commissioned troopers, who are overburdened with extremely high caseloads and responding to calls for service. These positions provide new and much needed service to the public." The navigator program was implemented in FY24 and the agency plans to expand program coverage to provide more
Amount Enacted	liši a	Dec		n/a		\$239.3 Gen Fund (UGF) 2 PFT Positions Inc	
Governor	(\$2,299.3) Crime VCF (Other)	Dec		\$127.7 Gen Fund (UGF)  1 PFT Position Inc		\$239.3 Gen Fund (UGF) 2 PFT Positions Inc	
Description	Reduce Restorative Justice Account Authority	·		Victim Services / Add Full-time Victim Services Administrative Assistant 1 Administration and (12-#139) for Victim Services Division		Victim Services / Add Two Full-time Victim Services Paralegal 2 (12-#140, 12- Administration and #141) Positions to Expand Support	
Appropriation /	\s\ .	Compensation Board		Victim Services / Victim Services Administration and Support		Victim Services / Victim Services Administration and Support	
Item	23			24		25	

# Department of Public Safety FY25 - Summary of Significant Budget Issues (\$ thousands)

Item 25	Appropriation / Allocation Victim Services / Victim Services				(continued) equitable levels of service and support to rural victims.
	Administration and Support	Administration and #141) Positions to Expand Support Victim Navigator Program		2 PFT Positions Inc	A separate One-Time Increment of \$36.8 is added for one-time startup costs associated with two new civilian positions.
26	Victim Services / Add Full-Time Di Victim Services Director for Victin Administration and Services Division Support	n n		\$254.0 Gen Fund (UGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	A Division Director is added for the newly-formed Victim Services Division. This position will be located in Juneau and will oversee two Executive Directors: one for the Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault, and one for the Violent Crimes Compensation Board. The Division Director will also coordinate and develop training programs provided by Division's Domestic Violence/Sexual Assault Training Unit, lead the Victim Navigator Program, and administer the Missing Persons Clearinghouse.
27	Statewide Support / Commissioner's Office	Missing and Murdered Indigenous Persons Outreach and Education	\$250.0 Gen Fund (UGF)	\$250.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	The Department will contract services with an advertising agency for two public information campaigns, in keeping with the recommendations of the Governor's Missing and Murdered Indigenous Persons working group.  1. Educate Alaskans about the importance of reporting missing persons to 911 immediately; there is no 24-hour waiting period.  2. Increase the number of bulletins and photos sent out for missing persons.
28	Statewide Support / Commissioner's Office	Fund Half of Department of \$418. Law RSA for Criminal (UGF Division Attorneys Inc	2 Gen Fund )	\$209.1 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	Funding is added to the budget to support half of an existing RSA with the Department of Law for two Criminal Division attorneys to provide legal advice and support to the Department of Public Safety. Both agencies had absorbed this cost in their budgets at various points over the last few years, and this additional UGF will partially support the cost through the Department of Public Safety.
29	Statewide Support / Commissioner's Office	Add Full-time Criminal Justice Technician 2 (12- #144) for Public Records Act Compliance for Body- Worn Cameras	\$142.0 Gen Fund (UGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	n/a	The legislature denied the Governor's request to add a Criminal Justice Technician to the Mobile Audio and Video Recording Equipment team to assist with public records requests as the agency expands the Body-Worn Camera Program to additional areas of the state. The agency receives approximately 10,000 public record requests each year. To meet the requirements of the Alaska Public Records Act (APRA), they must respond and provide the requested records within 10 business days.

Legislative Finance Division

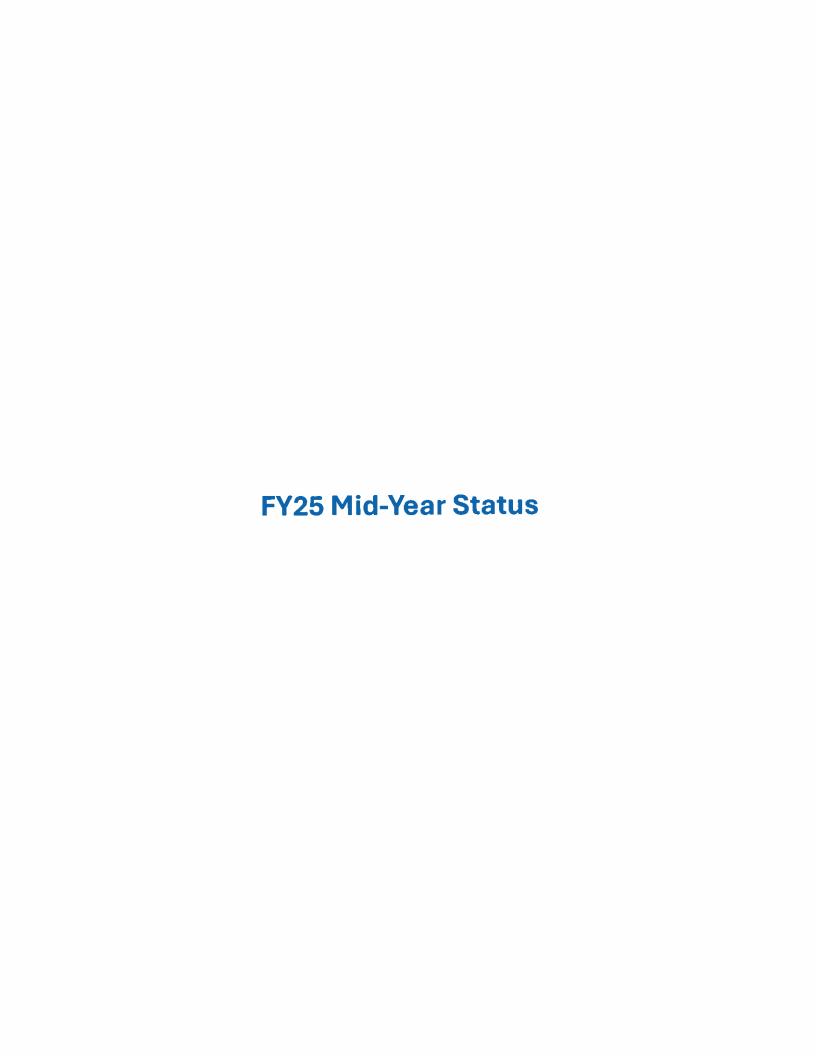
# Agency Enacted Budget Book

Comment	(continued) This request also included funding for additional licenses for video/audio redaction software that is required under APRA, and for updated public records tracking software that will allow for digital payment, and the digital redaction and transmission of files.	A separate Onc-Time Increment of \$18.4 was requested for startup costs associated with a new civilian position.  Items 29 and 30 are related.	One-time startup costs were denied along with the request for a Full-Time Criminal Justice Technician 2 for Public Records Act Compliance for Body-Worn Cameras.  Items 29 and 30 are related.	Funding is added to support expanded Alaska State Trooper Training Academy class sizes, and individualized support for trainees:  \$150.0 is added for Training Academy instructor overtime costs that were previously absorbed by the agency. The agency offers specialized and extended training to assist some recruits through the Academy within the necessary time frame. This added funding will allow for some expansion of Training Academy capacity.  \$40.0 is added for services cost increases driven by inflation.	The agency uses two 15-seat passenger vans to transport trainees; one venicle is included in the State Equipment Fleet (SEF) and the other is the decommissioned predecessor of the SEF vehicle which the agency kept to meet program demand. The decommissioned vehicle is now inoperable for these purposes, and the agency is requesting to replace it with a new passenger van that will be added to the SEF and covered in future rate adjustments.
Amount	n/a		n/a	\$190.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	\$65.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI
Governor	\$142.0 Gen Fund (UGF)  1 PFT Position Inc		\$18.4 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI	\$190.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	S65.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI
Description	Add Full-time Criminal Justice Technician 2 (12- #144) for Public Records Act Compliance for Body- Worn Cameras		One-Time Startup Costs for \$18.4 New Criminal Justice (UGF) Technician 2 Position IncO7	Address Rising Training Academy Instructor Overtime and Services Costs	Replace Decommissioned Vehicle for Training Academy
Appropriation /	ort r's		Statewide Support / Commissioner's Office	Statewide Support / Training Academy	Statewide Support / Training Academy
Item	29		30	31	32

Item	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Governor Request	Amount Enacted	Comment
33	Statewide Support / Criminal Justice Information	Crime Data Portal for Public Interface on Public Safety Website	\$67.0 Gen Fund (UGF)	\$67.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI	The agency will purchase a software module to support a Crime in Alaska public portal. This data reporting will address common requests from the public, media, academia, and lawmakers for crime statistics.
	Systems Program	22			The budget request states that "the new module makes crime data available to the public in a searchable database and will ensure the department can meet the state and federal requirements for crime reporting with existing staffing."
34	Statewide Support / Laboratory Services	Implement Compensation Study Recommendations for Forensic Scientist Job Class and Letter of Agreement for Managers	\$931.5 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	\$931.5 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	The agency contracted for a compensation study for Forensic Scientist and Forensic Lab Administrator job class series, as well so for DNA Tech Managers. The Department of Administration implemented the recommendations on January 22, 2024. The legislature approved this increment to maintain those increases in FY25, as well as an FY24 Supplemental of \$380.5 UGF to support the already-implemented increases. The agency was previously using LOAs to increase compensation and overtime for these positions. Compensation is adjusted as follows:
					Forensic Scientist 1, range 15, is now range 18 Forensic Scientist 2, range 17, is now range 20 Forensic Scientist 3, range 19, is now range 22 Forensic Scientist 4, range 21, is now range 24
					Supervisory Unit bargaining unit agreement Article 24.11 addresses situations when an employee's subordinates are paid at a higher salary range and provides for the supervisor's salary to be increased one range at the same step prior to the adjustment. While the increase would be at the discretion of the Director, the agency deems it necessary for the retention of highly trained supervisors. While the four existing managers within the Alaska Statewide Crime Detection Laboratory may opt to request a supervisory differential, that one range
					increase would be lower than the scientists they would supervise.  Forensic Science Lab Administrator 2, range 23, is now range 24  Forensic Science Lab Administrator 1, range 22, is now range 23  DNA Tech Manager, range 22, is now range 23

# Agency Enacted Budget Book

-		
Comment	(continued)  The agency states that it will request two class/compensation studies, one for the Forensic Science Administrator and one for the DNA Tech Manager. Since class/compensation studies are currently backlogged with the Department of Administration Division of Personnel and Labor relations, the agency will also request a Letter of Agreement, subject to appropriation. The agency will request a three-range increase, like the proposed increases within the contracted study. The Letter of Agreement is necessary for the retention of highly skilled managers/scientists within the Alaska Statewide Crime Detection Laboratory. Forensic Science Lab Administrator 2, range 23, is now range 27 Forensic Science Lab Administrator 1, range 22, is now range 26	Items 10 and 34 are related.  Funding is added to address FY23 and FY24 lease cost increases for facilities supported under this allocation. The agency is presently absorbing those costs, which contributed to the need for an FY23 supplemental appropriation.  The agency provided FY23 actual lease costs: Ketchikan Court/Office Building - \$13.1  Anchorage Public Safety Building - \$13.1  Juneau Dimond Courthouse - \$55.3  Juneau Lommunity Building - \$212.7  Delta Junction Court House - \$2.0  Tok Combined Facility - \$72.1  Valdez Combined Facility - \$5.4
Amount Enacted	\$931.5 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	\$270.0 Gen Fund (UGF)
Governor Request	\$931.5 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	S270.0 Gen Fund (UGF)
Description	Implement Compensation Study Recommendations for Forensic Scientist Job Class and Letter of Agreement for Managers	Address Rising Facilities Lease Costs
Appropriation / Allocation	Statewide Support / Laboratory Services	Statewide Support / DPS State Facilities Rent
Item	34	35



ltem No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions		
1	Alaska State	Retention Initiative	\$437.5 Gen	Were these trooper reimbursement payments able to go		
	Troopers /	to Fund Trooper	Fund (UGF)	out as needed?		
	Various	Relocation Costs in	Inc			
		Compliance with				
		Tax Cuts and Jobs				
		Act of 2017				
	Agency Response	=				
	reimbursements	cover moving expen its will be processed	ses incurred bet	oving benefit reimbursements (gross-up) for FY25. These ween July 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024. The remaining cond half of the fiscal year, ensuring full compliance with		
2	Alaska State	Add Full-Time	\$249.6 Gen	Has this position been filled, and if so, when?		
_	Troopers /	Program Manager	Fund (UGF)	,		
	Alaska State	and Funding for	1 PFT Position			
	Trooper	Trooper Applicant	Inc			
	Detachments	Travel to Support				
	Detaciments	Recruitment				
		Strategies and				
		Initiatives				
	Agency Respons					
	The Program Manager position was initially filled early in FY25; however, the candidate departed shortly thereafter. The department successfully refilled the position in October 2024. This position, located in Anchorage, plays a vital role in supporting recruitment strategies and initiatives, including managing trooper applicant travel to enhance the recruitment process.					
3	Alaska State	Vehicles to	\$147.0 Gen	Have these vehicles been procured? If so, what was the		
	Troopers /	Enhance Judicial	Fund (UGF)	final cost of the vehicles?		
	Alaska State	Services	IncOTI			
	Trooper					
	Detachments					
	Agency Respons	e				
	Three passenger vans have been ordered to support judicial services. One van has been delivered, and the remaining two are currently in transit to Alaska, with arrival expected soon. The vans will be assigned to Anchorage JS, Palmer JS, and Bethel JS. Aftermarket upfits are required before deployment, and the final costs will be determined upon completion of the upfits. The estimated total cost is approximately \$75,000 per vehicle, or \$225,000 overall. However, initial funding estimates may fall short by approximately \$78,000 due to					

unanticipated cost increases.

Item No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions
	Troopers /	Cost Increases for Law Enforcement Supplies and Equipment	Fund (UGF) IncOTI	How much of this one-time funding has been spent to date, and what types of equipment were supported with this funding? How did this level of funding inform any additional requests made in the Governor's FY26 budget?
	Detachments	<u></u>	Numbers	<u></u>

### **Agency Response**

The AST Division is in the process of procuring less-lethal equipment for distribution to patrol units and SWAT teams statewide, which will encumber approximately \$210,000. Additionally, both divisions are finalizing the cost and design of ballistic vest soft panels and rifle plate carriers. These procurements are expected to be completed during the first quarter of 2025. Information on how this funding level informed additional requests in the Governor's FY26 budget is not included but can be provided upon request.

ltem No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions
5	Troopers / Alaska Bureau of Investigation	· ' '	\$698.5 Gen Fund (UGF) 3 TMP Positions Inc	Were these positions filled, and if so, when? Please describe trends in individual caseloads, and how this will improve when these positions are filled.

### **Agency Response**

All three non-permanent positions have been filled: the first in early October, the second in early November, and the third in early December. Since their placement, the unit has worked on 15 child abuse investigations in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta, including a double homicide in Hooper Bay. These additional positions are expected to reduce individual caseloads and enhance the unit's capacity to address child crimes effectively.

6	Alaska State	Fully Fund Non-	1.	Were these non-permanent positions filled, and if so,
	Troopers /	Permanent State		when? How many open or active cases currently fall under
	Alaska Bureau of	Troopers for	Inc	the definition of Missing and Murdered Indigenous Persons
	Investigation	Missing and		Investigations? How does this compare generally to overall
	_	Murdered	'	cases for missing or murdered individuals?
		Indigenous Persons		
		Investigations		
	I			

### **Agency Response**

The MMIP unit is actively working on or has completed investigations for ten murders and six missing person cases. These cases represent a small fraction of the overall MMIP caseload, which includes dozens of cases that could potentially be investigated. Due to the time-intensive and detailed nature of these investigations, each investigator can effectively manage only one or two cases at a time to ensure thorough follow-up on all leads and tasks. Information on whether the non-permanent positions have been filled is not included but can be provided upon request.

	l			
7	Alaska State	Cost Increases for	l '	Does the agency have adequate hangar and tie down
	Troopers /	Aircraft Hangar and	Fund (UGF)	space? Are there places where additional resources are
	Aircraft Section	Tie Down Leases in	Inc	needed for aircraft storage?
		Rural Alaska		

### **Agency Response**

The agency does not currently have adequate hangar and tie-down space in rural Alaska. Over the past three budget years, we have requested funding for a five-year statewide hangar and lease project to lease or construct 14 hangars. This initiative aims to protect aircraft from Alaska's harsh weather conditions, which significantly impact their operational readiness and longevity. Additional resources are needed to address these critical storage and maintenance challenges effectively.

Item No.	Appropriation /	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions
1.00				
8	Alaska State	Add Full-time	\$148.3 Gen	Was this position filled, and if so, when? Where will the
	Troopers /	Aircraft	Fund (UGF)	position be stationed?
l	Aircraft Section	Maintenance	1 PFT Position	
		Inspector (12-#162)	Inc	
		for Quality		
		Assurance		
	Agency Response	2		
	qualifications (M additional option	Qs) for these position	ns. To address thes. S. The positions	d challenges in hiring individuals who meet the minimum is, we are pursuing a classification change to introduce an have been re-advertised with an extended closing date of
9	Alaska State	Add Two Full-time	\$408.3 Gen	Were these positions filled, and if so, when?
ľ	Troopers /	Aircraft Pilot 1 (12-	I *	, , ,
	Aircraft Section	#167, 12-#168)		Has the agency continued to experience situations where
1		Positions to Meet	Inc	no pilots are available for extenuating circumstances in
l		Demand		FY25?
	Agency Respons	e		€
		merly 12-#167) was f and operational. Du		per 5, 2024 and is now operational. PCN 12-2169 (formerly   Anchorage.
10	Alaska State	Add Criminal	\$154.1 Gen	Was this position filled, and if so, when? Where will the
"	Troopers /	Justice Planner (12-	Fund (UGF)	position be stationed?
	Aircraft Section	#161) to Support	1 PFT Position	
		Small Unmanned	Inc	
l .	1	Airenaft Createurs		
-	1	TAIrcraft Systems	1	
		Aircraft Systems Unit for Drone	1	
		1		
	Agency Respons	Unit for Drone Operations		
		Unit for Drone Operations e	nas been filled as	of December 2024 and is now operational. The duty station
	Position 122170	Unit for Drone Operations e (formerly 12-#161)		of December 2024 and is now operational. The duty station
	Position 122170	Unit for Drone Operations e		of December 2024 and is now operational. The duty station
11	Position 122170	Unit for Drone Operations e (formerly 12-#161)		of December 2024 and is now operational. The duty station  How much of this one-time funding has been spent to date,
11	Position 122170 for this position	Unit for Drone Operations  (formerly 12-#161) his located in Anchora	ge.	
11	Position 122170 for this position Alaska State	Unit for Drone Operations  e  (formerly 12-#161) his located in Anchora  Address Increasing	\$300.0 Gen	How much of this one-time funding has been spent to date,
11	Position 122170 for this position Alaska State Troopers /	Unit for Drone Operations  (formerly 12-#161) his located in Anchora  Address Increasing Law Enforcement	\$300.0 Gen Fund (UGF)	How much of this one-time funding has been spent to date, and what types of equipment were supported with this

Item No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions	
	Agency Response  The one-time funding was allocated to address inflationary costs for law enforcement supplies and equipment. To date, Alaska Wildlife Troopers have utilized this funding to purchase uniforms (\$120,000) and ballistic vests (\$7,000), as well as startup and replacement equipment essential to law enforcement operations. The Governor's proposed FY26 budget includes this increase in the adjusted base, ensuring AWT can continue procuring critical equipment to support its mission effectively.				
12	Safety Officer	Add Funding for Ten New Village Public Safety Officers to Meet Program Demand and Fund a \$2.50/hr Pay Increase for VPSOs	Fund (UGF)	Have these positions been filled, and if so, when and in which locations? Please discuss the current retention rates for VPSOs, and how many communities have requested but do not currently have an assigned VPSO.	
	Agency Response  Currently, 79 Village Public Safety Officer (VPSO) positions are filled, with the goal of reaching 85 filled positions by the end of January 2025. While the ten newly funded positions are included in this hiring goal, specific locations for these positions are not tracked by DPS, as recruitment and placement are managed by Grantees who oversee staffing in various rural communities.  The year-to-date retention rate for VPSOs in FY2025 is 45.87%, compared to a 10-year average retention rate of 37%. Retention challenges persist due to factors such as limited infrastructure, housing shortages, funding constraints, and a limited pool of qualified applicants in rural areas. The demanding nature of these roles and the				
	unique challenges of rural Alaska contribute significantly to turnover.  Of the 156 communities eligible for VPSOs, 62 currently have an assigned officer, including 14 with two VPSOs to provide adequate coverage and support new hires. This leaves 94 communities that have requested but do not currently have a VPSO. Some regional Grantees utilize roving VPSO programs to extend service coverage, enabling limited staffing to meet the needs of multiple communities.				
13	Alaska Police Standards Council / Alaska Police Standards Council	Add Full-Time Administrative Investigator 1 to Meet Demand	\$160.0 GF/Prgm (DGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	Has this position been filled, and if so, when? Has the body worn camera initiative resulted in an increase in the caseload for the Alaska Police Standards Council?	

Item No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions		
	Agency Response  The position is in the final stages of recruitment, with an offer expected to be extended to an applicant for a projected start date in January 2025. It is currently unknown if the body-worn camera initiative has directly resulted in an increase in the Alaska Police Standards Council's caseload, as no specific cases of misconduct have					
	been definitively linked to the use of body-worn cameras.					
14	Various	Create New Victim Services Appropriation for CDVSA, VCCB, and New Victim Services Administration and Support Allocation	Struct	Has this restructure been successfully implemented? What has been the effect on service-level delivery?		
	Agency Response  The department has successfully developed the new structure for victim services, and most positions have been filled. However, the Director position remains vacant. A qualified candidate was identified but declined the offer in early December. Recruitment efforts are actively underway to fill the Director position. Despite this vacancy, service-level delivery has been maintained, and the current staffing levels are ensuring continued support for victim services. The appointment of a Director is expected to further enhance strategic oversight and program effectiveness.					
15	Victim Services / Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault	Maintain Grant Support for the Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault	\$3,700.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncM	Has this level of funding been sufficient to maintain support for CDVSA grant recipients?		
	Agency Respons	e				
	The \$3.7 million increase to the base budget was sufficient to maintain flat-funded support for existing subgrantees in FY25. However, high inflation rates have significantly increased service provision costs, forcing several programs to reduce services to keep their shelters operational. Flat-funding remains a challenge under these conditions. Looking ahead to FY26, CDVSA faces a projected \$5.7 million deficit due to the loss of federal COVID relief funding, which previously mitigated shortfalls, and ongoing reductions in Victims of Crime Act funding. These financial pressures are expected to further impact the ability to sustain current service levels.					

item No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions		
16	Violent Crimes	Reduce Restorative Justice Account Authority	(\$2,299.3) Crime VCF (Other) Dec	Please discuss how the existing level of funding compares to historical levels. How does this compare to the level of requested assistance both currently and historically?		
	statute. While the remains committ crimes. The level highlighting the c	s funding for the Viole current funding level ed to utilizing the resoft requested assistatical need for these	el reflects a redu sources it receive nce continues to resources. Desp	pensation Board is determined by a formula established in uction compared to historical levels, the department es as effectively as possible to support victims of violent exceed available funding, both currently and historically, pite these challenges, the department will continue to ding provided to ensure meaningful support for those in		
17	Victim Services / Victim Services Administration and Support	Add Two Full-time Paralegal 2 (12- #140, 12-#141) Positions to Expand Victim Navigator Program	\$239.3 Gen Fund (UGF) 2 PFT Positions Inc	Have these positions been filled, and if so, when and in what locations?		
	Agency Response  The two full-time Paralegal 2 positions (12-#140 and 12-#141) have not yet been filled. Recruitment efforts are ongoing, and these positions are critical to expanding the Victim Navigator Program and enhancing support for victims. The department is committed to filling these roles as soon as possible to ensure the program's objectives are met.					
18	Victim Services / Victim Services Administration and Support	Division Director for Victim Services Division	\$254.0 Gen Fund (UGF) 1 PFT Position Inc	Has this position been filled, and if so, when? Where will the position be located and how will it enhance service delivery?		
	The Division Director position for the Victim Services Division is currently vacant. A qualified candidate was identified but declined the position in early December 2024. The department is actively recruiting to fill this critical role. Once filled, the Director will provide strategic leadership to enhance service delivery across the division. This position is essential to coordinating and improving victim services, ensuring resources are effectively allocated to meet the needs of victims statewide.					

ltem No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions
19	Statewide Support / Commissioner's Office	Missing and Murdered Indigenous Persons Outreach and Education	l ' '	What is the status of this contract, and has the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Persons public information campaign been successfully initiated? If so, when? Please discuss the elements of the outreach campaign.

The Missing and Murdered Indigenous Persons (MMIP) public information campaign, titled "Don't Wait," has made significant strides in outreach and education despite the challenges of filling the Program Coordinator position and finalizing a formal contract. The department has prioritized advancing critical elements of the campaign while actively recruiting for this key role to ensure long-term success.

The "Don't Wait" campaign focuses on equipping communities with practical tools, fostering collaboration, and raising awareness about MMIP issues. To date, the campaign has distributed Child ID Kits to assist families during emergencies and enhance search and rescue operations. Additionally, outreach efforts have emphasized safety practices, preventative measures, and situational awareness to empower communities and address the MMIP crisis proactively.

Collaboration has been a cornerstone of the campaign. The department has partnered with tribal councils, community organizations, and federal agencies, such as the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), to expand awareness and develop Tribal Response Plans. Events like the AFN Lunch and Learn and regional town halls have provided essential platforms for education and community dialogue, strengthening the campaign's reach.

High-visibility initiatives, including the MMIP 5K Run/Walk and participation in cultural events, have further raised awareness and built stronger community connections. Partnerships with organizations like the Washington State Patrol MMIP Task Force have even facilitated resolutions in missing persons cases, demonstrating the impact of collaborative efforts.

	1			
20	Statewide	Fund Half of	I *	Did the agency absorb the other half of this increment
	Support /	Department of Law	Fund (UGF)	request or was that covered by Department of Law using
Ì	Commissioner's	RSA for Criminal	Inc	their existing funding for the position(s)?
l	Office	Division Attorneys		

### Agency Response

Yes, the department absorbed half of the cost for the Department of Public Safety's RSA with the Department of Law for Criminal Division Attorneys. This ensured the funding arrangement was balanced and supported the continued operation of these critical positions.

21	Statewide	Replace	\$65.0 Gen	Has a new vehicle been procured? If so, what was the final
	Support /	Decommissioned	Fund (UGF)	cost of the vehicle?
	Training	Vehicle for Training	IncOTI	
	Academy	Academy		

Item No.	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	LFD Questions
	Agency Response	2		
	\$63,430 to the D	NWD Ford Transit van epartment of Transpo the DPS Academy in	ortation, and the	red and has arrived in Anchorage. The department has paid e remaining funds from this encumbrance will cover
22	Statewide	Crime Data Portal	\$67.0 Gen	What is the status of this portal - is it now active? If not,
	Support /	for Public Interface	Fund (UGF)	when does the agency anticipate that the portal will go
	Criminal Justice	on Public Safety	IncOTI	live?
	Information	Website	1	
	Systems			Has the portal successfully diverted a portion of the
	Program			requests for crime data?
	Agency Respons	e		
				ontract is finalized. The department anticipates that the supon its implementation.
23	Statewide	Implement	\$931.5 Gen	Please discuss if this has improved recruitment and
l	Support /	Compensation	Fund (UGF)	retention of the affected job classifications. Has the agency
l	Laboratory	Study	Inc	seen reduced turnover resulting from this change?
	Services	Recommendations		
l		for Forensic		
		Scientist Job Class and Letter of		
1		Agreement for		
1		Managers		
	Agency Respons			
1				classifications appear to have positively impacted
	recruitment and	retention. Over the	past 12 months,	there have been three vacancies, none of which were
ı				nce-related separations). The Letter of Agreement for Lab
	Managers is still	pending approval fro	om OMB. Additi	onally, a salary study with Classification is underway for the
1				ressing the pay disparity between these positions and
	I	π remains critical, as	it poses a risk of	f turnover through demotions for higher pay or departures
	from state servi	co		

**FY26 Proposed Budget Items** 

## Legislative Fiscal Analyst's Overview of the Governor's FY2026 Request

# 2025 Legislature - Operating Budget Appropriation Summary - Governor Structure

Numbers and Language Agencies: DPS

Appropriation	[1] 25Enroll	[2] 25Auth	[3] 25HgtPln	[4] AdjBase	[5] Gov	25MgtPln t	5] - [3] o Gov	AdjBase t	5) - [4] o Gov
Public Safety									
Fire and Life Safety	7,438.2	7,456.4	7,456.4	7,566.6	7,566.6	110.2	1.5 %	0.0	
Alaska State Troopers	198,673.2	199,437.8	199.437.8	207,966.4	216,432.2	16,994.4	8.5 %	8,465.8	4.1 %
Village Public Safety Ops	24.347.3	24.362.0	24,362.0	24,381.8	25,597.0	1,235.0	5.1 %	1,215,2	5.0 %
AK Police Standards Council	1,637.4	1,653.1	1.653.1	1,570.1	1,650.1	-3.0	-0.2 %	0.08	5.1 %
Integrated Victim Assistance	36,839.1	36,867.8	36,867.8	37,591.6	36,842.9	-24.9	-0.1 %	-748.7	-2.0 %
Statewide Support	57,508.5	57,915.0	57,915.0	59,063.2	59,244.3	1,329.3	2.3 %	181.1	0.3 %
Agency Unallocated	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	
Agency Total	326,443.7	327,692.1	327,692.1	338,139.7	347,333.1	19,641.0	6.0 %	9,193.4	2.7 %
Statewide Total	326,443.7	327,692.1	327,692.1	338,139.7	347,333.1	19,641.0	6.0 %	9,193.4	2.7 %
Funding Summary									
Unrestricted General (UGF)	261,658.5	262,503.9	262,503.9	273,093.8	281,982.9	19,479.0	7.4 %	8,889.1	3.3 %
Designated General (DGF)	9,536.6	9.883.5	9.883.5	9,601.9	9,214.8	-668.7	-6.8 %	-387.1	-4.0 %
Other State Funds (Other)	14,310.2	14,330.6	14,330.6	14.319.7	15.011.1	680.5	4.7 %	691.4	4.8 %
Federal Receipts (Fed)	40.938.4	40,974.1	40.974.1	41.124.3	41.124.3	150.2	0.4 %	0.0	

Item	Appropriation /	Description	Amount / Fund	Comment
	Allocation		Source	
1	Various	Structure Changes to Adhere to AS 37.078.020(c)	Struct	In FY25, the legislature added intent language in the Governor's Office that read:
				"It is the intent of the legislature that the budget prepared under AS 37.07.020(e) for the succeeding fiscal year adhere to AS 37.07.020(e) and present separately for each agency the annual facility operations, annual maintenance, and periodic repair or replacement of components of public buildings and facilities."
:				In FY25, the legislature renamed the existing "Facility Maintenance" allocation in the Statewide Support Services appropriation to "State Facilities Maintenance and Operations."
				In FY26, the Governor's Budget adds five new allocations to each appropriation in Public Safety that did not already have a Facility Maintenance and Operation allocation. In addition, the Governor transfers \$8,159.3 UGF, \$29.0 DGF, and \$2.3 of Other funds from within each appropriation into these new allocations.
	ş			Additionally, the Governor's budget adds \$1,010.0 in Interagency Receipt authority to the maintenance and operations allocations for the purpose of passing through lease costs from other allocations.
				All funding is transferred out of DPS State Facilities Rent, effectively eliminating the allocation.
2	Alaska State Troopers / Dispatch Services	Increased Costs for Dispatch Services Contracts in Kenai and Wasilla	\$123.8 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	In FY23, the legislature funded a \$1,819.4 increment to support an updated Dispatch Services contract with the Kenai Peninsula Borough (KPB), though the allocation also received a \$1 million decrement. The agency worked with KPB to renegotiate costs and lower the contract amount.
				Negotiations to extend dispatch services contracts with the Boroughs of Kenai and Wasilla for FY25 have resulted in increased costs to maintain the services. According to the Department the rates are affected by cost-of-living, call volumes, and other services provided. This is approximately a 3 percent increase over the FY24 contracts.

Item	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	Comment
3	Alaska State	Crim. Justice Tech to Re- Establish Talkeetna Post/	\$1,808.6 Gen Fund (UGF) 6 PFT Positions Inc	The Talkeetna Spur Road Trooper Post was closed in 2016 due to budget reductions. This initiative would fund the reopening of the post, with five Troopers and one Criminal Justice Technician added to serve the Trapper Creek/North Parks Highway Corridor. The Department cites increased call for service and the growing population in the area as reasons for the proposed change. The ongoing annual cost of \$1,808.6 is allocated between the Alaska State Troopers Detachments (\$1,485.6) and the Alaska Wildlife Troopers (\$323.0).
		A LI E & 6	\$2.249 0 Con Fund	Separate one-time increments totaling \$596.0 UGF are requested for startup costs of commissioned officers which includes the purchase of a vehicle, and office buildout costs of a leased space when acquired. The Department currently has funding to provide up to
4	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska State Trooper Detachments	Add Funding for up to 300 Hours of Overtime per State Trooper		168 hours of overtime per State Trooper. In FY24, the average overtime per Trooper was 300 hours. This funding increase ensures each Trooper can be budgeted for 300 hours of overtime per trooper, aligning the budget with actual workload requirements.
a _				Trooper overtime is paid at 1.5 times their hourly rate, and can be exchanged for comp time in accordance with the terms of their union contract. This flexibility allows Troopers to manage high-priority incidents and maintain public safety presence in underserved areas.
5	Alaska State Troopers / Various	Address Cost Increasing Law Enforcement Supply and Equipment Costs	\$800.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	This Increment adds funding for increasing costs of equipment to the base. According to DPS, the cost of replacing law enforcement equipment is rising due to improved technology, with significant cost increases for clothing/uniforms, firearms, ammunition, safety and first aid gear, ballistic vests, survival suits, and other parts and supplies.
				In FY25, the legislature approved \$800.0 of one-time funding for new supplies and equipment between the Alaska State Troopers Detachments (\$500.0) and Wildlife Troopers (\$300.0). This funding was used to initiate purchase of less-lethal equipment for patrol units and SWAT teams Statewide, as well as uniforms ballistic vests, rifle plate carriers, and startup/replacement equipment.

FY26 - Summary of Significant Operating Budget Issues (\$ thousands)

Item	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	Comment
5	Alaska State Troopers / Various		\$800.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	(continued) There is also an FY26 Capital request to continue/ expand the FY25 One-Time Increment and purchase additional body armor, plate-carriers, and less-lethal equipment.
				According to the Department, this FY26 operating Increment is unrelated to the FY25 IncOTI and the FY26 capital request, and is specifically requested to address increasing costs of standard equipment.
6	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska State Trooper Detachments	Purchase Two Transit Vans for Crime Scene Response in Palmer	\$65.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI	This request to purchase two transit vans would provide forensic technicians in Palmer and Soldotna with consistent and reliable transportation to and from crime scenes. Currently, transportation in Soldotna relies on an unequipped X-class van, while Palmer technicians must rely on what is available within the State fleet at the time of a call for service. The agency states that these limitations hinder the timely transfer of equipment and evidence and reduce efficiency in supporting forensic operations.
				The proposed transit vans would address these challenges by offering dedicated vehicles equipped to function as mobile workstations. The request includes funding to modify and outfit the vans with shelving, lights, dual batteries, and other essential equipment. The agency reports that this will ensure that technicians have the necessary tools to perform their duties effectively and maintain the integrity of evidence.
7	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska Bureau of Investigation	Add Three Troopers in Kotzebue for Child Crimes Investigations in Western Alaska	\$1,075.5 Gen Fund (UGF) 3 TMP Positions Inc	This funding request would add three non-permanent Trooper positions to investigate child crimes in the Northwest Arctic region. According to the Department, the current volume of sexual assault cases involving minors exceeds the capacity of existing Trooper Investigators in the area. These dedicated positions would focus on cases of sexual assault against minors, enabling the Department to deploy trained Investigators to address this critical need.  In FY25, three child crimes Investigators were added
				in Bethel, all of which were filled in the first half of the fiscal year.  There is a related request for one-time startup costs of \$270.0 UGF for these three positions.

Item	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	Comment
8	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska Burcau of Investigation	Pilot Program for New Investigative Genealogy Testing on Unidentified Human Remains	\$50.0 Gen Fund (UGF) IncOTI	The agency reports that there are approximately 70 cases of unidentified human remains dating back to 1968, that typical forensic methods have failed to identify. This funding would send several samples out of state to see if new methods in forensic genetic genealogy might prove successful for identifying these remains. The process typically costs \$8.0-\$10.0 per sample.  This one-time funding would be used to pilot the usefulness of the new process and inform further
9	Alaska State Troopers / Aircraft Section	Add Funding for Increased Costs of Repair, Utilities, Fuel, and Parts for Aircraft Operations	\$400.0 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	This request adds funding to address inflationary costs of parts, supplies, aviation fuel, and utilities. In FY22, the Aircraft Section spent \$348.3 on parts and supplies. In FY23, that number doubled to \$673.7, and in FY24 it doubled again to \$1,312.7.  In FY24, the Department received a \$400.0 supplemental, stating at the time that monthly aviation fuel costs have averaged \$126.9 per month, which is projected to result in an annual estimated cost of \$1,522.6. FY2023 fuel costs were \$1,165.8.  Contributing factors to the cost increase include fuel prices and increases in department flight hours. In FY2024, aviation fuel has averaged \$7.34/gallon compared to FY2024, when fuel costs averaged \$6.68/gallon. A comparison of pilot hours for the time-period from October to July 2023 and October to July 2024, showed a 24 percent increase (+607.1 hours) and a 23 percent increase in aircraft hours (+526.5).  Fiscal Analyst Comment: It is possible the Department will request an FY25 supplemental, given the FY24 supplemental request and the proposed FY26 Increment.
10	Alaska State Troopers / Alaska Wildlife Troopers Marine Enforcement	Remove One Boat Officer No Longer Needed	(\$151.1) Gen Fund (UGF) (1) PFT Position Dec	Funding and a Boat Officer I position located in Kodiak is removed from the budget. According to the Department, this operational change follows the decommissioning and sale of the Patrol Vessel (P/V) Enforcer. This leaves a single large vessel, the P/V Stimson, active in the area. The Department believes the single remaining Boat Officer position will suffice for the agency's present needs, however that remaining position is currently vacant and under active recruitment.

# FY26 - Summary of Significant Operating Budget Issues (\$ thousands)

Item	Appropriation /	Description	Amount / Fund	Comment
	Allocation		Source	
10		Remove One Boat Officer No Longer Needed	(\$151.1) Gen Fund (UGF) (1) PFT Position Dec	An FY25 capital project provided \$9,500.0 UGF to replace the P/V Enforcer. The agency has indicated a related Boat Officer position will not be needed for at least two years' time, and rather than hold this position vacant it is better to be removed/repurposed. When the P/V Enforcer is replaced, the agency may request an additional Boat Officer position to replace this removed position.  Fiscal Analyst Comment: The Governor proposes a transfer of funding equal to the cost of this position to the Commissioner's Office to fund a Project Manager that would coordinate capital funding and special projects. Transfers of funding across appropriations that do not transfer associated duties are classified as Increment/Decrement combinations by Legislative Finance. These transactions have been modified accordingly.
11	Village Public Safety Operations / Village Public Safety Operations	Add Funding for Five New Village Public Safety Officers	\$1,215.2 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	Items 10 and 15 are related.  This transaction would add funding for five new Village Public Safety Officer (VPSO) positions, bringing the total funded positions to 90.  As of January 1, 2025, the program serves 64 of the 156 eligible communities, with 15 of those having two officers. While VPSOs are assigned to specific home communities, many also provide public safety services to nearby communities that do not have VPSOs through roving efforts. This approach ensures that even communities without an assigned officer receive necessary public safety services.  Each VPSO position is estimated to cost \$243.0, which includes salary, overtime, travel, services, supplies, and equipment.  In FY25, the legislature approved funding for 10 additional positions. Currently 79 of the existing 85 VPSO positions are filled, and the agency reports they expect to fill the remaining positions in early 2025.

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# FY26 - Summary of Significant Operating Budget Issues (\$ thousands)

Item	Appropriation /	Description	Amount / Fund Source	Comment
- 10	Allocation	Decree Francisco Due to	(\$387.1)	The Recidivism Reduction fund consists of 50% of the
12	Integrated Victim Assistance / Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault	Decrease Funding Due to Reduced Recidivism Reduction Fund Revenue	RedvsmFund (DGF) Dec	proceeds from an excise tax on marijuana sold or transferred from cultivators to stores or manufacturing facilities. FY26 projections show a decline in available revenues. This Decrement brings authority in line with projected revenues.  In DPS, this funding supports victim services, crime
				victim compensation, and programs aimed at reducing recidivism. This decrement would lower the amount of subgrant funding available from Public Safety for prevention programs directed at reducing domestic violence and sexual assault, based on reduced Restorative Justice Account funds being available.
13	Integrated Victim Assistance / Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault	Add General Funds to Replace Reduced Statutory Distribution of Restorative Justice Account	\$87.0 Gen Fund (UGF) (\$87.0) Rest Just (Other) FndChg	The amount of Restorative Justice Account funding (AS 43.23.048) available for appropriation each year is calculated to represent the sum of Permanent Fund Dividends forfeited by Alaskans sentenced or incarcerated for felonies and certain misdemeanors in the qualifying calendar year. The distribution reduces the amount of the Permanent Fund Dividend distribution to eligible Alaskans.  In FY25, the amount was based on 7,556 incligible Alaskans and a \$1,312 dividend for the qualifying 2022 calendar year, and in FY26 the amount in the Governor's budget is based on 4,120 ineligible Alaskans and a \$1,702 dividend for the qualifying 2023 calendar year.  AS 43.23.048(b) outlines the following purposes and percentages of the Governor's proposed FY26 distribution, with the statutory ranges referenced in parentheses:  12% - Fund Cap - Crime Victims Compensation Fund (10-13%)  3% - Legislature - Office of Victims' Rights (2-6%)  3% - Public Safety - Nonprofit Services for Crime Victims (1-3%)  3% - Health - Nonprofit Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment for Offenders (1-3%)  79% - Corrections - Costs Related to Incarceration or Probation (79-88%)

# FY26 - Summary of Significant Operating Budget Issues (\$ thousands)

Item	Appropriation / Allocation	Description	Amount / Fund Source	Comment
13	Integrated Victim Assistance / Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault	Add General Funds to Replace Reduced Statutory Distribution of Restorative Justice Account	Net Zero \$87.0 Gen Fund (UGF) (\$87.0) Rest Just (Other) FndChg	(continued) of incarcerated felons and misdemeanants reported by DOC represents only the ineligible Alaskans who did apply, rather than the total number of individuals who are ineligible under these statutes. This may be corrected in the Governor's budget amendments.  Items 13 and 14 are related.
14	Integrated Victim Assistance / Violent Crimes Compensation Board	Decrease Funding to Align with Available Restorative Justice Funds Used to Capitalize Crime Victim Compensation Fund	(\$361.6) Crime VCF (Other) Dec	The Crime Victims Compensation fund is capitalized with Restorative Justice Account funding. See Item 13 for more information about the fund source.  AS 43.23.048(b) outlines the following purposes and percentages of the Governor's proposed FY26 distribution, with the statutory ranges referenced in parentheses:  12% - Fund Cap - Crime Victims Compensation Fund (10-13%)  3% - Legislature - Office of Victims' Rights (2-6%)  3% - Public Safety - Nonprofit Services for Crime Victims (1-3%)  3% - Health - Nonprofit Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment for Offenders (1-3%)  79% - Corrections - Costs Related to Incarceration or Probation (79-88%)  Fiscal Analyst Comment: The Governor's FY26 amount is 53% lower than FY25 because the number of incarcerated felons and misdemeanants reported by DOC represents only the ineligible Alaskans who did apply, rather than the total number of individuals who are ineligible under these statutes. This may be corrected in the Governor's budget amendments.  Items 13 and 14 are related.
15	Statewide Support / Commissioner's Office	Additional Funding for Project Manager Previously Added for Oversight of Capital and Special Projects	Inc	A Project Manager was added in FY25 Management Plan to provide oversight of capital and special projects that cross allocations.  Also in FY25 Management Plan, Administrative Services removed a Maintenance Generalist/Journey position and transferred \$104.8 UGF to the Commissioner's Office. This position was removed in order to make funding available for the Project Manager, and the agency states that duties were absorbed by a second Maintenance Generalist/Journey

## Legislative Fiscal Analyst's Overview of the Governor's FY2026 Request

## **Department of Public Safety**

# FY26 - Summary of Significant Operating Budget Issues (\$ thousands)

Item	Appropriation /	Description	Amount / Fund	Comment
	Allocation		Source	
15	Statewide Support / Commissioner's Office	Additional Funding for Project Manager Previously Added for Oversight of Capital and Special Projects	\$151.1 Gen Fund (UGF) Inc	(continued) position.  The FY26 Governor's Budget removes a Boat Officer position located in Kodiak from the Wildlife Troopers Marine Enforcement Unit due to one of two large vessels being decommissioned, and the Governor proposes transferring \$155.1 UGF to the
				Commissioner's Office to offset the cost of this Project Manager.  These transactions combined provides a total of \$255.9 for this single position. According to the Department, this comprehensive figure ensures the position's sustainability, and includes necessary adjustments such as relocating the position to Juneau.
:				Fiscal Analyst Comment: Transfers of funding across appropriations that do not transfer associated duties are classified as Increment/Decrement combinations by Legislative Finance. These transactions have been modified accordingly.  Items 10 and 15 are related.

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# FY2026 - Summary of Significant Capital Budget Issues (\$ thousands)

Item	Capital Project Title/ Category	Amount/Fund Source	Comment
1	Pilatus PC-12 for Emergency Rural Response	\$6,500.0 Gen Fund (UGF)	The Department requests to purchase a pre-owned Pilatus PC-12 airplane and states that it is uniquely capable of accessing 96 percent of Alaska's maintained airports, which would give the Department flexibility to provide rapid law enforcement response, transport prisoners and DPS employees alike, and reduce reliance on aircraft charters which sometimes create operational delays.  In FY25 the legislature denied \$6,200.0 for the purchase of this plane. In FY20 the legislature also denied a similar request of \$9,000.0 for this type of plane.  The Department anticipates that securing a preowned aircraft could take a year or more, and states that it will evaluate operational cost impacts once the purchase is finalized. This indicates additional operating funding of an unknown amount will be
2	Rifle-Rated Armor and Less Lethal 40mm Program	\$750.0 Gen Fund (UGF)	requested in the future.  This request would replace gear for the Special Weapons and Tactics (SWAT) Teams and Drug Unit, including Helmets and Armor that is rated for defense against rifles, less lethal launchers, and riflerated ballistic shields.  In FY25 the legislature approved One-Time Increments in the operating budget totaling \$800.0
			to purchase similar items as described in this capital request. This capital funding appears to be a continuation/expansion of that funding.  Legislative Fiscal Analyst Comment: This funding does not meet the statutory definition of a capital project (AS 37.07.120(4)) as it does not create a capital asset and would be more appropriately reflected in the operating budget, as it was in FY25.
3	Alaska Wildlife Trooper Marine Vessel Maintenance and Repair	\$2,775.0 Gen Fund (UGF)	This is the second and final part of a five-year vessel maintenance plan initiated in FY25. In FY25 the legislature approved \$2,775.0 UGF for the same purpose, providing funds for scheduled and unscheduled maintenance activities.

# 2025 Legislature - Operating Budget Transaction Compare - Gov Amend Structure Between AdjBase+ and GovAmd

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

	Column	Trans Type	Total Expenditure	Personal Services	Travel	Services	Services Commodities	Capital Outlay	Grants	Mfsc	PFT	PPT	울	
Fire and Life Safety FLS Facility Maintenance and Operations Establish New Allocation for FLS Facility	GovAmd	Struct	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	
Maintenance and Operations * Allocation Difference * * * Appropriation Difference * *			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	00	00	000	
Alaska State Troopers Dispatch Services Increased Costs for Dispatch Services Contracts	GovAmd	The	123.8	0.0	0.0	123.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	
in Kenal and Wastila A contract extension with the Kenai Peninsula Borough for dispatch services between July 1, 2024, and June 30, 2025, resulted in an increase of \$64.5. The FY2024 contract cost was \$1,592.2 and the FY2025 contract cost is \$1,657.0. The contract states that renewal rates are negotiated based upon cost-of-living, call volumes, and other services provided.	Borough for di 2024 contract ss are negotials	spatch ser cost was \$ ed based o	vices between Ju 51,592.2 and the F Jpon cost-of-living	ly 1, 2024, and J =Y2025 contract  , call volumes, a	une 30, cost is nd other									
A contract extension with the City of Wasiila for dispatch services between July 1, 2024, and June 30, 2025, resulted in an increase of \$59.3. The FY2024 contract cost was \$1,976.8 and the FY2025 contract cost is \$2,036.1. The contract costs for FY2025 were negotiated between the department and the City of Wasiila when the contract was initiated in 2022.	or dispatch servicentract cost with between the	rices betw ras \$1,976 departmer	sen July 1, 2024 8 and the FY202. It and the City of V	and June 30, 20% 5 contract cost is Nasilla when the	25, : \$2,036.1. :confract									
The combined cost increase for contracted dispatch services for FY2025 is \$123.8.	patch services	for FY202	25 is \$123.8.											
Dispatch contract services provides for secure operations facilities and technology; receives requests for service from the public 24 hours per day, seven days per week via telephone, radio communications, electronic mail, and facsimile; receives 9-1-1 calls with their dispatch service area; provides dispatch and incident history services; provides computer aided dispatch services; queries and updates law enforcement databases; and performs incident data entry.	operations factors factors factors to service area services area services area services and updates an	cilities and elephone, i provides ates law er	technology; receiradio communicatis dispatch and inci	ves requests for ions, electronic n ident history servases, and perfori	service nail, and rices; ms incident									
1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 123.8 * Allocation Difference *			123.8	0.0	0.0	123.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	
Alaska State Trooper Detachments MH Trust: Extend Cris Intervention Team and Behavioral Health Training and Programs for First	GovAnd	IncT	50.0	10.0	18.0	21.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	
Responders (FY21-FY27)  This project maintains a critical component of the Alaska Mental HealthTrust's Disability Justice focus area by This project maintains a critical component of the Alaska and cognitive impairments, best practices for providing foundational knowledge on mental health disorders and cognitive impairments, best practices for responding to mental and behavioral health issues, laws centered around Title 47, and the state's community behavioral health system to municipal law enforcement, the Alaska State Troopers, and other first responders. The funding enables the Department of Public Safety (IPS) Alaska State Troopers Training Unit to support first funding enables the Department of Public Safety (IPS) Alaska State Troopers Training Unit to support first formal and State Individual and	the Alaska Melealth disorders sues, laws cen orcement, the orcey ety (DPS) Alas	ntal Health s and cognitered arou Alaska State T ka State T	of Troot's Disability in the impairments and Title 47, and it its Troopers, and its of the its and its	Justice focus are best practices for the state's commother first respondulit to support fill heart municipal as	ea by or Inity Iders. The									

correctional officers, probation officers, and village police officers including but not limited to technology to support officer wellness, and 40 hours of Crisis Intervention Team training that adheres to the nationally recognized Memphis Model that will provide Alaska's first responders with the tools to best respond to calls for service involving

responder behavioral health training and programs for municipal and State law enforcement, municipal and State

# Transaction Compare - Gov Amend Structure 2025 Legislature - Operating Budget Between AdjBase+ and GovAmd

Language		S
and	US CD	: DPS
<b>Jumbers and</b>	<b>Vifferences</b>	Agencies:

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Agency: Department of Public Safety

	Column	Trans	Trans Total Type Expenditure	Personal Services	Travel	Services	Services Commodities	Capital Outlay	Grants	Misc PFT	띪	TPP T
Alaska State Troopers (continued)  Alaska State Trooper Detachments (continued)  MH Trust: Extend Crisis Intervention Team and Behavioral Health Training and Programs for First Responders (FY21+FY27) (continued) persons with mental and behavioral health issues and who may be experiencing a mental health crisis thus providing greater public protection and keeping Alaskans safe.  1092 MHTAAR (Other)  50.0	)) sues and who mang Alaskans safe	ay be exp	eriencing a ments	il health crisis thus		5		c	c	c	c	c
Intervention ng and Programment and Programment articologies articolog	GovAmd  GovAmd  the Alaska Men health disorders ssues, laws cent forcement, the A anent of Public Si anining and progr iste correctional thology to supply ecognized Mem rice involving per sis thus, providir	IncT tal Health and cogn and cogn and cogn and state arety (DP2 arety (DP2 ort officers, ort officer phis Mode rsons with	50.0 Trust's Disability litive impairments, and title 47, and the AT leads a State TAS) Alaska State TASC-certified mu APSC-certified mu wellness, and 40 oil that will provide inmental and beha roublic protection	ncf 50.0 0.0 lealth Trust's Disability Justice focus area by cognitive impairments, best practices for around Title 47, and the state's community a State Troopers (AST), and other first (DPS) Alaska State Troopers Training Unit (for APSC-certified municipal and State law cers, APSC-certified probation officers, and wifficer weilness, and 40 hours of Crisis Interve Model that will provide Alaska's first respond s with mental and behavioral health issues ar eater public protection and keeping Alaskans	18.0 lity hit (AST) and (AST) onders and safe.	P. 17						
1037 GF/MH (UGF) Add Four Troopers and One Crim. Justice Tech GovAmd Inc 1,485.6 1,034.0 to Re-Establish Talkeetna Post/Trapper Creek/ North Parks Highway Comidor	GovAmd	Inc	1,485.6	1,034.0	88.0	231.0	33.8	89. 88.	0.0	0.0	ro.	0
Restore a Talkeettia posi, cioseo ili zo to, to	ensule mieny ion	25.5		THOUSE CONTRACTOR								

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Trapper Creek.

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United States Census Bureau data for the Matanuska-Susitna (Mat-Su) Borough demonstrates significant population growth. Since the April 1, 2010 census and a July 1, 2023 population estimate, there has been significant growth within the region from 107,081 residents to 115,239 residents, or 7.6 percent. Mat-Su based law require a Trooper response. Since September 2021 there have been 421 vehicle collisions and 262 welfare checks conducted in the proposed Talkeetna post patrol area. Since 2020 this area has had 785 reports that involve illegal Creek areas that exceed 2500 annually, resulting in long response times and reduced trooper presence. The highway distance from the Mat-Su West Trooper post in Meadow Lakes and the Cantwell Trooper post is 160 road miles. This vast distance has a high rate of injury and fatal traffic collisions and search and rescue operations that enforcement lack sufficient capacity to effectively respond to calls for service from the Willow/Talkeetna/Trapper

A dedicated post in the Talkeetna area will improve response times, improve traffic enforcement efforts, and provide full time law enforcement services to the citizens of the Upper Susitna Valley. To effectively establish the post, five new positions will be necessary including a Sergeant, three State Troopers, and a Criminal Justice Technician. Additional costs will include lease and utility costs for the new post (\$45.0) as well as services costs relating to establishing new positions.

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

Grants Misc PFT PPT TMP			0.0 0.0 0.0					0.0 0.0 0.0			0.0 0.0 0.0	
Capítal Outlay Gra			336.0					0.0			0.0	
Services Commodities			102.4					0.0			0.002	
			50.7					0.0			0.0	
Travel	est for position	9 77, located	0.0	and	station (\$6.0)	Law station (\$6.0).		0.0	ooper; of which ad without	as a homicide lifts, troopers	0.0	stween FY2022 a State ant, tools,
Personal Services	a one-time requ	er (12230), range	0 0	to set up a workstation (\$6.0), and office chair, desk, and cubicle.	to set up a work	) include attending the Alaska Law commodities to set up a workstation (\$6.0),	ment (\$60.0).	2,348.0	f overtime per tro annot be absorba	estigations such work between sh	0.0	equipment. Be within the Alask se were equipme
Trans Total Type Expenditure	; Division, as well as	Full-time State Troops n Talkeetna ocated in Talkeetna	100TI 489.1	odities to set up a wo	include commodities		iture and office equip	Inc 2,348.0	ximately 300 hours of nt funding gap that ca	se management. Inve no hand-off of case	Inc 500.0	orcement supplies an oblies and equipment ibutors to that increases
Column	) a Wildlife Troopers	in Talkeetna ated in Talkeetna f range 77, located ii 32), range 12/14, k	GovAnd IncOTI	8.4) include comm: space (\$12.4) incl	int position (\$90.0)	oper positions (\$10 ysical examination	ia post include furn	SovAmd	the need of approsesults in a significa	ge, training, and ca troopers. There is	GovAmd	necessary law enfi iw enforcement sup I. The largest contri
	Alaska State Troopers (continued)  Alaska State Trooper Detachments (continued)  Add Four Troopers and One Crim. Justice Tech  to Re-Establish Talkeetna Post//Trapper  Creek/North Parks Highway Corridor (continued)  There is a companion request within the Alaska Wildlife Troopers Division, as well as a one-time request for position startup costs and office furnishings.	ins all 1222; per (1 ie Sta istice	1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 1.485.6  One-Time Startup Costs for Four Troopers and One Criminal Justice Tech to Re-Establish	i alkeeina Post Startup costs for one new civilian position (\$18.4) include commodities to set up a workstation (\$6.0) workstation build or reconfiguration of existing space (\$12.4) including office chair, desk, and cubicle	Startup costs for a new commissioned sergeant position (\$90.0) include commodities to set up a workstation (\$6.0) and a new vehicle (\$84.0).	Startup costs for three new commissioned trooper positions (\$106.9/ea) include attending the Alaska Law Enforcement Training Academy (\$15.9), a physical examination (\$1.0), commodities to set up a workstatic and a new vehicle (\$84.0).	s costs (	Add Funding for up to 300 Hours of Overtime per	State Trooper Fiscal Year 2024 actual expenditures support the need of approximately 300 hours of overtime per trooper; of which only 168 hours are currently budgeted. This results in a significant funding gap that cannot be absorbed without significant operational impacts.	Trooper overtime is essential for shift coverage, training, and case management. Investigations such as a homicide may result in travel and long hours by several troopers. There is no hand-off of case work between shifts, troopers must see cases through to propeltion.	1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 2.340.0 Address Increasing Law Enforcement Supply and Equipment Order	There has been a significant cost increase in necessary law enforcement supplies and equipment. Between FY2022 and FY2024, general fund expenditures for law enforcement supplies and equipment within the Alaska State and FY2024, general fund expenditures for law enforcement supplies and equipment within the Alaska State Troopers appropriation increased by \$1,508.4. The largest contributors to that increase were equipment, tools,

Legislative Finance Division

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

	Column	Trans Type	Total Expenditure	Persona i Services	Travel	Services	Trave] Services Commodities	Capital Outlay	Grants	Misc	Misc PFT PPT	F	울
Alaska State Troopers (continued) Alaska State Trooper Detachments (continued) Purchase Two Transit Vans for Crime Scene	GovAmd IncOTI	IncoTI	65.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	65.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Response in Paimer.  The Alaska State Troopers crime scene forensic technicians in Palmer and Soldotha are responsible for responding. The Alaska State Troopers crime sexual assaults, robberies, shootings, and other violent felony crimes and processing the crime scenes. These positions need large vehicles to transport crime scene equipment, evidence, and to provide a workstation to process crime scenes.	technicians igs, and othe ransport crim	in Palmer a ir violent fel ne scene ec	nd Soldotna are ony crimes and p uipment, eviden	responsible for a processing the concessing the concessing the concessing the concessing the contesting the con	rime rime de a								
es for two improve r	ed with shelvi ocessing crir ution.	ing, lighting ne scenes.	dual batteries, a	and other require is essential for	preserving								
1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 93.0 ** Allocation Difference **		ı	4,987.7	3,392.0	124.0	333.7	638.2	499.8	0.0	0.0	sco.	0	0
Alaska Bureau of Investigation Add Three Troopers in Kotzebue for Child Crimes	GovAmd	Inc	1,075.5	783.3	0.99	127.5	24.6	74.1	0.0	0.0	0	0	8
investigations in vestign analysis. Add three non-permanent State Troopers (12#234, 12#235, and 12#236), range 77, located in Kotzebue, for investigation of sexual assault of minor cases. These positions will serve Nome, Kotzebue, and the Northwest Arctic	34, 12#235, a	and 12#236 swill serve	), range 77, loca Nome, Kotzebu	ited in Kotzebue	for west Arctic								

Law enforcement is obligated to thoroughly investigate reports of child sexual abuse and to determine whether a crime has been committed and hold those that victimize Alaska children accountable through the criminal justice system. Investigations must be carried out in a professional and sensitive manner that protects the rights of the alleged victim, as well as the suspected offender. Sexual assault investigations are complicated and labor intensive and require specialist training in modern investigative measures and proper methods for interviewing victims, witnesses, and suspects.

The Department of Public Safety's Crime in Alaska Supplemental Report on Felony Level Sex Offenses (2023) demonstrates that Western Alaska, including Northwest Alaska, reported the highest rate of sex offense instances with a rate of 326.0 per 100,000 population. This rate exceeds Anchorage, which reported a rate of 206.1 per 100,000 population. Statewide, 18 percent of victims are under the age of 10 and 36 percent of victims are under the age of 10.

Three non-permanent State Trooper positions allocated in FY2024 serve Bethel and surrounding villages. There is one non-permanent State Trooper that serves Western Alaska on a rotating schedule.

The volume of sexual assault cases surpasses existing trooper investigator capacity. The addition of three non-permanent investigators, dedicated to sexual assault of a minor cases in Kotzebue and Nome and surrounding areas, will allow for the department to bring in trained investigators to manage the volume of cases in Western Alaska.

Without these three additional non-permanent trooper investigators dedicated to sexual assault of a minor cases there will be insufficient capacity for crucial evaluation of information, preliminary investigations, and follow-up investigative procedures in Western Alaska.

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

Alaska State Troopers (continued)	Column	Trans	Total Expenditure	Personal Services	Travel	Services	Services Commodities	Capital Outlay	Grants	Misc	PFT	PP	물
Alaska Bureau of Investigation (continued) Add Three Troopers in Kolzebue for Child Crimes Investigations in Westem Alaska (continued) 1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 1.075.5 One-Time Startup Costs for Three New Troopers in Kolzebue for Child Crimes Investigations in Western Alaska	GovAmd	IncOTI	270.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.0	252.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
osts for three new w vehicle (\$84.0).	tions (\$90.0/e	a) include	commodities to set up a workstation (\$6.0)	st up a workstatic	on (\$6.0)								
1004 Gen Fund (UGF)  Pilot Program for New Investigative Genealogy Testing on Unidentified Human Remains	GovAmd IncOTI	IncOTI	50.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
The Department of Public Safety will work to clear the backlog of unidentified human remains in collaboration with the Department of Health and create a process that leads to an accelerated timeline to identify human remains going forward. There is approximately 70 cases of unidentified human remains is storage at the Medical Examiner's office, dating back to 1968. This request provides for a pilot program related to isotroge at the Medical Examiner's Office, dating back to 1968. This request provides for a pilot program related to identifying the backlogged human remains to determine if new investigative methods will lead to success. Since 2018, investigative genetic genealogy, has become an important tool in criminal investigative genetic genealogy, has become an important tool in criminal investigative genetic genealogy, has become an important tool in criminal investigative for unresolved cold cases to generate investigative leads and identified through common investigative methods. Samples of unidentified human remains will be sent to an out-of-state forensic laboratory to be evaluated for viable DNA and further results, such as the person's ancestry through a genealogy database. The process costs \$8.0 to \$10.0 per sample. This one-time funding will begin to address the backlog and solve criminal and missing person cases involving unidentified human remains.	in the backlo in that leads to so funidentified dos will all obos. obs will all on the come an in- identify unkno to be identified on the come an in- dentified on the come an in- dentified	og of unider an accelers by brogram re o success. mportant to wwn individi through co ensic laboi salogy data	itified human rem ated timeline to id armains in storage lated to identifyin. Since 2018, inves- Since 2018, inves- on investigati and investigati and to be evalui atory to be evalui	nains in collabora lentify human ret at the Medical E graph backlogger stigative genetic: stigations for unit is used for iden ive methods. Sar anded for viable Dl as costs \$8.0 to \$ is scosts \$0.0 to \$	tion with mans Examiner's Examiner's I human genealogy, esolved tifying a mples of NA and i10.0 per sees								
1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 50.0 ** Allocation Difference **			1,395.5	783.3	0.99	177.5	42.6	326 1	0.0	0.0	0	0	6
Aircraft Section Add Funding for Increased Costs of Repair, GovAmd Inc 400.0 0.0 0.0  Add Funding for Increased Costs of Repair, GovAmd Inc 400.0 0.0 0.0  Utilities, Fuel, and Parts for Aircraft Operations The Aircraft Section is facing inflationary cost increases for parts, supplies, aviation fuel, and utilities. Between FY2023 and FY2024, the overall cost increase was \$902.5 with the largest increase being for parts and supplies. In FY2022 the aircraft section's parts and supplies costs were \$348.3, in FY2023 that cost was \$673.7, and in FY2024 that cost was \$1,312.7.0	GovAmd ncreases for p was \$902.5 v is costs were \$	Inc barts, suppl with the larg \$348.3, in F	400.0 les, aviation fuel, lest increase bein Y2023 that cost v	0.0 and utilities. Bet og for parts and s was \$673.7, and	0.0 ween upplies. In in FY2024	34.0	366.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
fleet is c	wing and rotor	r wing aircn	aft. In calendar ye	ear 2023, these a	iircraft flew								
1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 400.0			400.0	0.0	0.0	34.0	366.0	0 0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Alaska Wildlife Troopers Add One Wildlife Trooper Position and Re- Establish Talkeetna PostTrapper Creek/North Parks Highway Corndor	GovAmd	Inc	323.0	225.6	22.0	42.5	8.2	24.7	0.0	0.0		0	0

dericies: Dro	umbers and Language ifferences	
	dencies: Dra	

Agency: Department of Public Safety

PF.						0		0				0
PPT						0		0				0
Ħ						0		0				-
Misc						0.0		0.0				0.0
Grants						0.0		0.0				0.0
Capital Outlay						84.0		0.0				108.7
ommodities						0.9		300.0				314.2
Services Commodities						16.9		0.0				59.4
Travel	sonal	the Alaska and a July to 115,239 ue to that	it not only safety s for service,	fe Troopers.	uest for	0.0	nt Training vehicle	0.0	een FY2023 equipment. ing,	oopers can		22.0
Personal Services	alkeetna, and Tr	red to Wasilla. T data for the 1, 2010 census 7,081 residents ( the new post, di	area activity tha essential public 70 miles for calls ise.	ihe Alaska Wildli	s a one-time requ	0.0	Law Enforcemel 6.0), and a new	0.0	squipment. Betw aw enforcement d supplies, cloth	quipment that tro		225.6
Total	rage of Willow, T	life) was transfer Census Bureau 1. Since the April e region from 10 g the position to	ised recreational to the delivery of Ts to travel over and rescue responsi	stachments and	ments, as well as	106.9	nding the Alaska a workstation (\$	300.0	nt supplies and e se for essential t ival suits, first ai	ole life. Quality e ublic safety missi	for FY2025.	729.9
Trans Type	ent cover	per (Wild ed States on growth within the d returnin	ed increa is, but als ised AW search ai	opers De	s Detachi	IncOTI	ude atter to set up	Inc	nforceme 1,0 increa ests, sun	serviceating the pu	allocated	
Column	ure law enforcem per (12#225), ran apital outlay oost	single State Troo din Wasilla. Unit gnificant populati ignificant growth is not recommen	ea has experienc ) and fishing area la and Palmer-ba me hunting, and	Alaska State Tro	ka State Troopen	GovAmd	ition (\$106.9) incl .0), commodities	GovAmd	necessary law er n an overall \$320 ise are ballistic v	has exceeded its ersonnel safety a	it of \$300.0 was	
	Alaska Wildlife Troopers (continued)  Alaska Wildlife Trooper Scontinued)  Add One Wildlife Trooper Position and  Re-Establish Talkeetina Post/Trapper Creek/North  Parks Highway Corridor (continued)  This request restores a Talkeetina post to ensure law enforcement coverage of Willow, Talkeetina, and Trapper Creek, It provides for a full-time Wildlife Trooper (12#225), range 77, and associated costs including personal services, travel, services, commodities, and capital outlay costs.	The Talkeetna post was closed in FY2016. A single State Trooper (Widdife) was transferred to Wasilla. The Alaska Wildlife Trooper (AWT) is now fully established in Wasilla. United States Census Bureau data for the Matanuska-Susitna Borough demonstrates significant population growth. Since the April 1, 2010 census and a July 1, 2023 population estimate, there has been significant growth within the region from 107,081 residents to 115,239 residents, or 7.6 percent. The department does not recommend returning the position to the new post, due to that population increase.	The Willow, Talkeetna, and Trapper Creek area has experienced increased recreational area activity that not only impacts Alaska's resources in popular hunting and fishing areas, but also the delivery of essential public safety services. It is not reasonable or safe for Wasilla and Palmer-based AWTs to travel over 70 miles for calls for service, to provide a presence for sport fishing and game hunting, and search and rescue response.	Lease costs will be shared equitably between Alaska State Troopers Detachments and the Alaska Wildlife Troopers.	There is a companion request within the Alaska State Troopers Detachments, as well as a one-time request for	position startup costs. 1004 Gen Fund (UGF) One-Time Startup Costs for One Wildlife Trooper Position to Re-Establish Talkeetna Post	Startup costs for one new commissioned position (\$106.9) include attending the Alaska Law Enforcement Training Academy (\$15.9), a physical examination (\$1.0), commodities to set up a workstation (\$6.0), and a new vehicle	(\$84.0). 1004 Gen Fund (UGF) Address Increasing Law Enforcement Supply and	Equipment Costs There has been a significant cost increase in necessary law enforcement supplies and equipment. Between FY2023 There has been a significant cost increase resulted in an overall \$320.0 increase for essential law enforcement equipment. The most significant contributors to the increase are ballistic vests, survival suits, first aid supplies, dothing, uniforms, and tasers.	Much of the current equipment is nearing or has exceeded its serviceable life. Quality equipment that troopers can depend on is essential for law enforcement personnel safety and the public safety mission.	ng increm	1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 500.0 * Allocation Difference *

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

	Column	Trans Type E	Total Expenditure	Personal Services	Travel	Services Commodities	ommodities	Capital Outlay	Grants	Mfsc	ᇤ	PPT	월
Marin Marin No Long It Office Il provide	GovAmd 13, located in I onal oversight ordination and	Dec Kodiak, to fu of capital an cross divisio	-151.1 und a new Projec td special project mal collaboration	-151.1 -134.1 fund a new Project Manager position. The and special projects for the department. Thi ional collaboration.	0.0 on. The sent. This	-16.0	-1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7	0	0
* Allocation Difference *		1	-151.1	-134.1	0.0	16.0	-1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7	0	0
AST Facility Maintenance and Operations Establish New Allocation for AST Facility Maintenance and Operations	GovAmd Struct	Struct	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Add Authority to Adhere to AS 37.07.020(e) Annual Facility Maintenance, Operations, and	GovAmd	Inc	980.0	0.0	0.0	980.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
ceipt auti	able services are erations, and R	greements r tepairs.	equired to adher	e to Alaska Statu	te								
1007 J/A Ropts (Other) 980.0 * Allocation Difference * * Appropriation Difference *		1	980.0	4,266.8	212.0	980.0	1 360 0	934.6	0.0	0 0	0 40	00	9.0
Village Public Safety Operations Village Public Safety Operations Village Public Safety Operations Add Funding for Five New Village Public Safety Gov≜md Inc 1.215.2 0.0 Officers	GovAmd	Inc	1,215.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.215.2	0.0	0	0	0

The Village Public Safety Operations division is a collaboration between tribes/villages, grantee organizations, and the department to employ Village Public Safety Officers (VPSO) in Alaska's remote communities. VPSOs provide first responder law enforcement, fire suppression, search and rescue, and emergency medical services to participating communities. The department is committed to a deliberate, incremental approach to expand and enhance the division, with an additional five VPSO positions in FY2026.

The VPSO workforce, once at 96 positions in 2006, dwindled to 38 by 2020. Following a FY2020 Legislative work group and report established to address support, FY2022 through FY2025 have shown incremental sustainable increases to more than 85 positions.

This request seeks to expand the division to 90 grant-funded positions to enhance public safety services in Alaska's remote villages. While the division has shown recovery, there remains a critical need for additional VPSOs to meet the demands of these communities. The additional positions will help distribute the workload, reduce response times, and improve the overall effectiveness of the VPSO division.

Each new VPSO position is estimated to cost \$243.0 which includes salary, overtime, travel, services, supplies, and equipment.

Without these new positions, many remote communities may continue to face insufficient public safety coverage,

Page: 7

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

*Allocation Difference *
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Page: 8

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

	Column	Trans Type E	Total Expenditure	Personal Services	Travel	Services	Services Commodities	Capital Outlay	Grants	Misc	PFT	F	욷
Alaska Police Standards Council (continued) APSC Facility Maintenance and Operations (continued) ** Allocation Difference ** ** According Difference **	tinued)	1	0.0	0.0	0 0	0.08	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	00	00	00
Integrated Victim Assistance	:												
	ulit GovAnd ssed on availal	Dec ole revenu	-387.1 e.	0.0	0.0	-387.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
1246 RcdvsmFund (DGF) -387.1 Add General Funds to Replace Reduced Statutory Distribution of Restorative Justice	GovAmd	FndChg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Account Reduce Restorative Justice Fund (also known as Permanent Fund Dividend criminal funds) authority based on Reduce Restorative Justice Fund (also known as Permanent Funds to maintain operational costs. These funds are available revenue and replace with unrestricted general funds to maintain operational costs. These funds are available for appropriation due to the number of convicted felons and third time misdemeanants who are ineligible to receive a Permanent Fund Dividend based on estimates provided by the Department of Revenue, Permanent Fund Division	is Permanent f general funds convicted felo istimates provi	fund Divid to maintai ns and thii ded by the	end criminal fund n operational cos rd time misdeme : Department of f	ds) authority base sts. These funds a anants who are in Revenue, Permar	ed on are neligible to nent Fund								
1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 87.0 1171 Rest Just (Other) -87.0 GA: Adjustment to Reflect Correct Restorative	GovAmd FndChg	FndChg	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 0	0	0	0
n Calcula dget was ividend ( ine igible	tion of number ther treflects a territer they applicated	of ineligiblevised arred for the	le individuals wh nount based on ti PFD or not.	o applied for the , he total number o	Alaska								
* Allocation Difference *		1	-387.1	0 0	0.0	-387.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Violent Crimes Compensation Board Decrease Funding to Align with Available Restorative Justice Funds Used to Capitalize Crime Virtim Compensation Fund	GovAmd	Dec	-361.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-361.6	0.0	0	0	0
Chine Mount Compensation Fund authority based on available revenue. These funds are available for appropriation due to the number of convicted felons and third time misdemeanants who are ineligible to receive a appropriation due to the number of convicted felons and third time misdemeanants who are ineligible to receive a Permanent Fund Dividend (PFD) based on estimates provided by the Department of Revenue, Permanent Fund Division	ority based on lons and third mates provide	available time misde d by the D	revenue. These i smeanants who i epartment of Rev	funds are availab are ineligible to re venue, Permanen	le for sceive a it Fund								
1220 Crime VCF (Other) -361.6 GA: Adjustment to Reflect Correct Restorative	GovAmd	Inc	826.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	826.1	0.0	0	0	0
Justice Account Distribution Caronasion.  The Governor's budget was based on a calculation of number of ineligible individuals who applied for the Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend (PFD). This amendment reflects a revised amount based on the total number of individuals who are ineligible, regardless of whether they applied for the PFD or not.	tion of number nent reflects a sther they appl	of ineligib revised an ied for the	ile individuals wh nount based on t PFD or not.	o applied for the he total number o	Alaska of								

## Transaction Compare - Gov Amend Structure Between AdjBase+ and GovAmd

2025 Legislature - Operating Budget

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

	Column	Trans	Total Expenditure	Personal Ser <u>vices</u>	Travel	Services Commodities	modities	Capital Outlay	Grants	Misc	티	티	
Integrated Victim Assistance (continued) Violent Crimes Compensation Board (continued) * Allocation Difference *	l .		464.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	464.5	0.0	0	0	0
IVA Facility Maintenance and Operations Establish New Allocation for IVA Facility	GovAmd	Struct	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Maintenance and Operations * Allocation Difference * * * Appropriation Difference * *		1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-387.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	00	00	00
Statewide Support Commissioner's Office Additional Funding for Project Manager Previously Added for Oversight of Capital and	GovAmd	Inc	151.1	134.1	0.0	16.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Special Projects 1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 151.1 * Allocation Difference *		ı	151.1	134.1	0.0	16.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
Laboratory Services  GovAnd Inc011 347.0 0.0  GA: Crime Lab Equipment Replacement GovAnd Inc011 347.0 0.0  The Alaska Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory (ASCDL) is accredited through the ANSI (American National Standards Institute) National Accreditation Board attesting to their consistency in achieving and maintaining the highest level of performance standards for the professional staff working in the lab, as well as the equipment used. To ensure standards are consistently met, the ASCDL replaces equipment based on industry standards and manufacturer recommendations.	GovAnd Inc0TI r (ASCDL) is accredif attesting to their cor ofessional staff worki SCDL replaces equip	Incoti accredited their consistant working	347.0 it hrough the ANistency in achieving in the lab, as we ent based on ind	0.0 0.0 National Nation of and maintainin all as the equipme ustry standards ar	0.0 onal g the int used.	0.0	0.0	347.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0
When two critically needed pieces of equipment in the deoxynbonucleic acid (DNA) section began failing and were	in the deoxy	e deoxyribonucleic	acid (DNA) secti	section began falling and were	ind were								

When two critically needed pieces of equipment in the deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) section began failing and were only compatible with older computers, the ASCDL applied for federal funding to replace the items. Unfortunately, the competitive federal grant request was not approved...

Without DNA Quantitation Systems, the Forensic Scientists cannot process DNA samples. There are 16 Forensic Scientists in the DNA section and four of the DNA Quantitation Systems are needed to maintain efficiency and timeliness for processing the DNA samples.

The department is requesting one-time funding of \$347.0 for the following:

Four HID (Integrated Human Identification) DNA Quantitation Systems, \$277.3 used for processing DNA samples. Costs include installation pieces and training for four instruments.

New TubeWriter application, \$69.7 - which is a robot that labels tubes. The newer model has features such as being able to fit more lines of text on the tube and the ink is cured with UV light so it cannot wash off. This equipment reduces the chance of sample switches and increases efficiency as it labels tubes better and faster than an analyst with a sharple handwriting labels.

The timely and efficient processing of DNA samples is critical for criminal investigations, especially sexual assault cases and is incredibly important for victims, their families, law enforcement, and prosecutors. This funding will ensure that the ASCDL continues to meet the needs of sexual assault victims and survivors in accordance with

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

윒		0			l°	0	0 0
PPT		0			0	0	0 0
FF		0			0	0	0 0
Misc		0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
Grants		0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
Capital Outlay		0.0			347.0	0.0	347.0
Commodities		124.6			124.6	0.0	0.0
Servi <u>ces</u> Co		0.0			0.0	30.0	30.0
Travel		0.0 \$\sexual \$\text{s. the} inf members ting DNA	esting. Repeat miples for ere are scralized he	al assault will ensure torily	ng the	0.0	0.0 0.0
Personal Services		s while addression 0.0 ucleic acid (DN/ neet this timeline in the newest statements used in test	ad for the DNA to Short Tandem I sting on DNA sa cases where th cases where th cases where th cases where th cases where the case on 12 months. To	especially sexus ors. This funding dance with statu	s while address	0.0	ore to Alaska Sta 0.0 134.1
Total Expenditure	**	124.6 124.6 vest deoxyribon frorcement. To n DNA section. Wit	e reagents needed for the DNA testing. In DNA testing of Short Tandem Repeat ucts additional testing on DNA samples it is sexual assaudit cases where there are in the evidence sample. The specialized equesting funding for Promega acquesting funding for Promega acquesting for 12 months. The inerate Y-STR profiles. The Y-STR analy	il investigations, nt, and prosecute urvivors in accor	ditation standard	30.0	30.0 e52.7
Trans Type E	and efficiency	s high accrec Inc is required to it from law er it from law er it from law er	unding for the most common SCDL condu. SCDL condu hromosome i female DNA : ASCDL is re 0 kits (200 re t) used to ge	al for crimina r enforcemer ictims and su ncy.	is high accre	Inc	agreements Repairs.
Column	nost accuracy &	inue to meet it ommunity. GovAmd Itory (ASCDL) receiving the k been able to fu g done necess	rage federal fi titilized for the rate for the rate of the rate of the A ses on the Y can see on the Y can find amount of ant funds. The A testing for 2 hard on chemistry (ki fit cases.	amples is critic eir families, law exual assault v acy and efficie	tinue to meet if community.	GovAmd	sable services perations, and
1	Statewide Support (continued) Laboratory Services (continued) GA: Crime Lab Equipment Replacement (continued) statutorily required timelines and with the upmost accuracy and efficiency.	By securing these funds, the ASCDL will continue to meet its high accreditation standards while addressing the growing needs of Alaska's law enforcement community.  1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 347.0 347.0 GovAmd Inc 124.6 0.0 0.0 GovAmd The Alaska Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory (ASCDL) is required to test deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sexual assault examination kits within six months of receiving the kit from law enforcement. To meet this timeline, the ASCDL has increased staff and has recently been able to fully staff the DNA section. With the newest staff members completing training, additional casework being done necessitates the need for more reagents used in testing DNA samples.	Historically, the ASCDL had been able to leverage federal funding for the reagents needed for the DNA testing. While the federal funding will continue to be utilized for the most common DNA testing of Short Tandem Repeat (STR), it cannot be used for more specialized testing. The ASCDL conducts additional testing on DNA samples for Y-chromosome analysis (Y-STR), which focuses on the Y chromosome in sexual assault cases where there are very low levels of male DNA or an overwhelming amount of female DNA in the evidence sample. The specialized testing for Y-STR is not covered by federal grant funds. The ASCDL is requesting funding for Promega PowerPlexY23 reagent kits necessary for DNA testing for 20 kits (200 reactions per kit) for 12 months. The Promega PowerPlexY23 kit is an amplification chemistry (kit) used to generate Y-STR profiles. The Y-STR analysis is a valuable tool, specifically in sexual assault cases.	The timely and efficient processing of DNA samples is critical for criminal investigations, especially sexual assault cases and incredibly important for victims, their families, law enforcement, and prosecutors. This funding will ensure the ASCDL continues to meet the needs of sexual assault victims and survivors in accordance with statutorily required timelines and with the upmost accuracy and efficiency.	By securing these funds, the ASCDL will continue to meet its high accreditation standards while addressing the growing needs of Alaska's law enforcement community.  1004 Gen Fund (UGF)  * Allocation Difference.*  471.6  0.0	SWS Facility Maintenance and Operations Add Interagency Receipt Authority to Adhere to AS 37.07.020(e) Annual Facility Maintenance.	Operations, and Repairs  Add interagency receipt authority for reimbursable services agreements required to adhere to Alaska Statute 37.07.020(e) Annual Facility Maintenance, Operations, and Repairs. 1007 t/A Rcpts (Other)  * Allocation Difference *  * Appropriation Difference **  652.7  134.1

Numbers and Language Differences Agencies: DPS

Agency: Department of Public Safety

물	3	3
PP	_	_
PF	S	Ĉ.
Misc	0 0	0.0
Grants	3,340.2	3,340.2
Capital Outlay	1,281.6	1,281.6
Commodities	1,485.6	1,485.6
	1,431.3	1,431.3
Travel	212.0	212.0
Personal Services	4,400.9	4,400.9
Total Expenditure	12,151.6	12,151.6
Trans		
Column		
	* * * Accord Difference * * *	*** * All Agencies Difference * * * *

## Column Definitions

AdjBase+ (AdjBase+) - FY26 Adjusted Base plus University structural transfers received with the February 19, 2025 Governor's Amended operating request.

GovAmd (Governors Amended Budget) - Governor's operating budget request plus all amendments received by the statutory deadline of February 19, 2025.

## Ap: Fire and Life Safety

The amount appropriated by this appropriation includes the unexpended and unobligated balance on June 30, 2025, of the receipts collected under AS 18.70.080(b), AS 18.70.350(4), and AS Conditional Language 18.70,360.

Agency: Department of Public Safety 8

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## Ap: Alaska Police Standards Council

The amount appropriated by this appropriation includes the unexpended and unobligated balance on June 30, 2025, of the receipts collected under AS 12.25.195(c), AS 12.55.039, AS 28.05.151, and AS 29.25.074 and receipts collected under AS 18.65.220(7). Conditional Language

0

Ap: Statewide Support Al: Training Academy

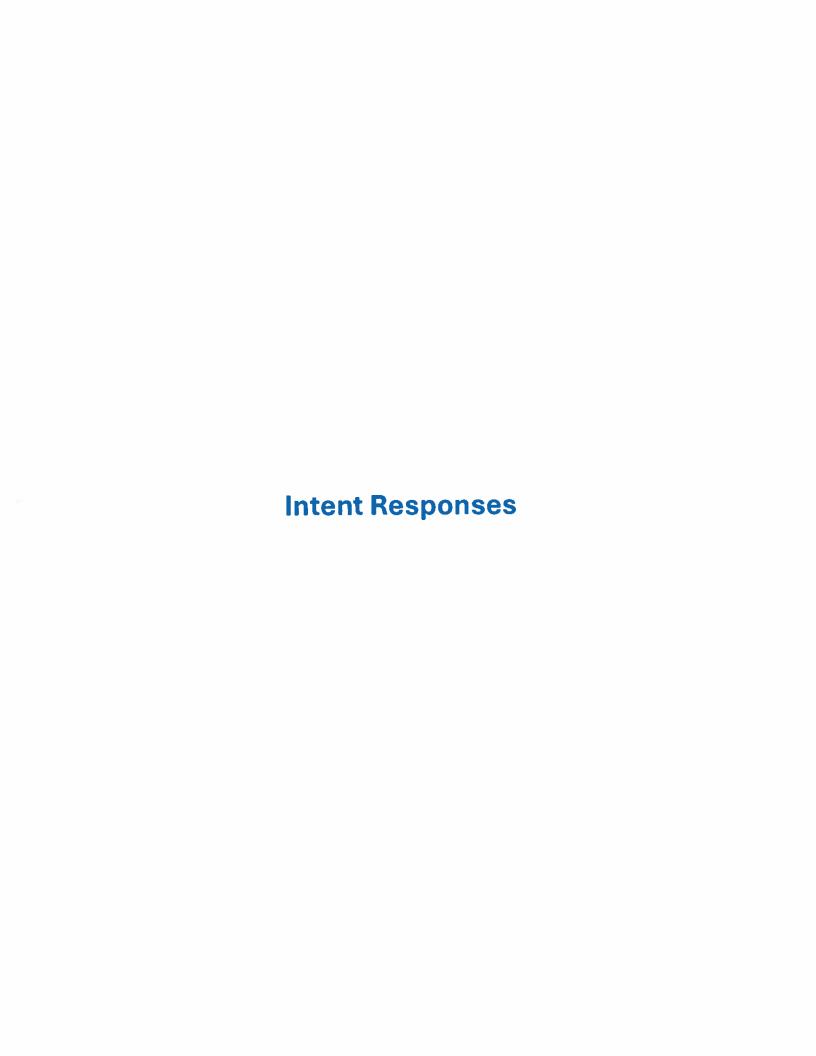
Conditional Language
The amount allocated for the Training Academy includes the unexpended and unobligated balance on June 30, 2025, of the receipts collected under AS 44.41.020(a).

0

Al: Criminal Justice Information Systems Program

Conditional Language
The amount allocated for the Criminal Justice Information Systems Program includes the unexpended and unobligated balance on June 30, 2025, of the receipts collected by the Department of Public Safety from the Alaska automated fingerprint system under AS 44.41.025(b).

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### **DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY**

### 41. Victim Services

Operating/Capital Budget (CCS HB 268 (Corrected)) and Mental Health Budget (CCS HB 270)

### **NON-COMPLIANCE**

It is the intent of the legislature that the Department, when preparing its FY26 budget submission to the legislature, consider how to maintain Child Advocacy Center service in regard to the loss of federal funding.

This legislative intent item was placed under the Department of Public Safety, but it is more appropriate for the Department of Family and Community Services to respond. As such, the Department of Family and Community Services is thoroughly exploring all available options to ensure continued support of Alaska's Child Advocacy Centers.

Legislative Fiscal Analyst Comment: The agency's response is correct in pointing out at they are not necessarily the appropriate entity to respond to this intent. While the Department of Family and Community Services does provide support to Child Advocacy Centers (CACs), the Department of Public Safety does provide some grant support through the Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault (CDVSA). The Governor proposed a Decrement to CDVSA, which could potentially affect the amount of grant funding available to CACs. The majority of that funding is provided to shelters for victims of sexual assault and domestic violence, and CDVSA administrators would need to determine how that Decrement would affect the distribution of grants.

**Department Narrative** 

### State of Alaska FY2026 Governor's Operating Budget

**Department of Public Safety** 

### **Department of Public Safety**

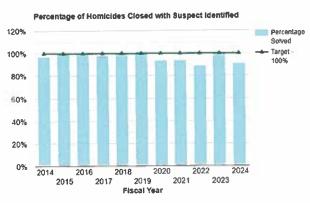
### Mission

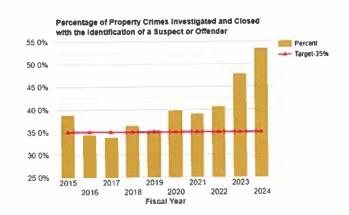
The mission of the Department of Public Safety is to ensure public safety and enforce fish and wildlife laws.

Core Services	UGF	DGF	Other	Fed	Total	PFT	PPT	NP	% GF
(in priority order)									00.00/
1 Law Enforcement Patrol &	78,251.6	75.0	947.2	9,882.2	89,155.9	460.9	0.0	29.0	28.8%
Investigations									
2 Rural Law Enforcement	43.042.1	2,036.0	596.2	3,045.0	48,719.3	10.4	0.0	0.0_	16.5%
3 Domestic Violence & Sexual	45,017.5	2,004.6	954.8	13,944.4	61,921.3	26.5	0.0	0.0	17.3%
Assault Programs									
4 Statewide Public Safety Programs	47,678,8	5,567.9	9,095.4	12,562.5	74,904.6	330.2	0.0	2.0	19.5%
5 Resource Protection	46.076.2	200.0	1,005.4	1,520.0	48,801.6	169.4	12.0	0.0	17.0%
6 Highway Safety	2,437.7	0.0	1,731.7	20.0	4,189.4	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.9%
FY2025 Management Plan	262,503.9	9,883.5	14,330.6	40,974.1	327,692.1	1,003.0	12.0	31.0	<u> </u>

Measures by Core Service (Additional performance information is available on the web at https://omb.alaska.gov/results.)

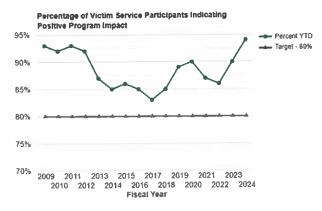
### 1. Law Enforcement Patrol & Investigations



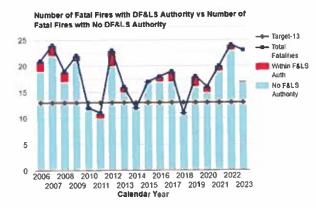


### 2. Rural Law Enforcement

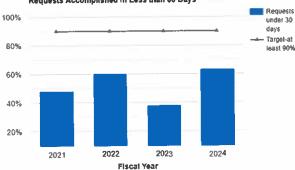
### 3. Domestic Violence & Sexual Assault Programs



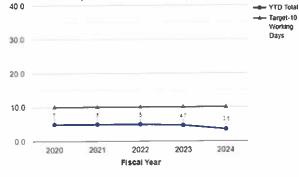
### 4. Statewide Public Safety Programs



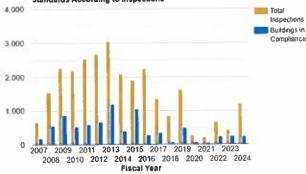
### Percentage of State Crime Laboratory non-DNA Service Requests Accomplished in Less than 30 Days



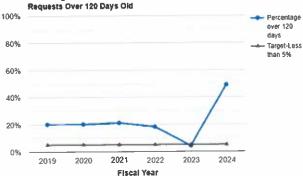
### Average Number of Days to Disseminate Criminal History Information by Criminal Records and Identification



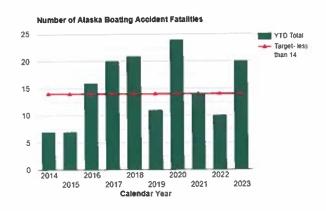
### Percentage of Buildings in Compliance with Legal Standards According to Inspections



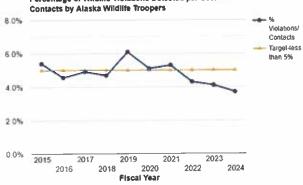
### Percentage of State Crime Laboratory Service Unreleased



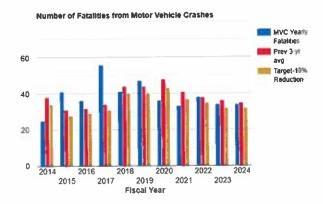
### 5. Resource Protection

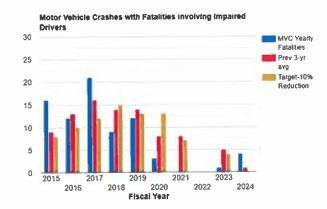


### Percentage of Wildlife Violations Detected per User Contacts by Alaska Wildlife Troopers



### 6. Highway Safety





### Major Department Accomplishments in 2024

### Criminal Justice Information Systems (CJIS) Program:

Secured over \$3.3 million in federal grant funding under the National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP) and the National Instant Background Check System (NICS) Act Record Improvement Program (NARIP) to support the CJIS modernization project and improve the accuracy and completeness of criminal history records.

Leveraged federal funds awarded under the Support for Adam Walsh Act grant to advance the replacement of the State's sex offender registration application. Collaborated with a vendor to define system requirements and replace the legacy sex offender registration case management system.

Processed 53,761 dispositions, including 2,103 felony convictions and numerous other adjudications, such as dismissed, not prosecuted, or not guilty cases.

Continued the Judgment Correction Project in collaboration with the Alaska Court System to ensure accurate and up-to-date criminal records in the State's criminal history repository. Researched over 42,000 records to identify potentially disqualifying convictions, resulting in the identification of approximately 19,000 individuals disqualified under federal law (18 U.S.C. 921(a)(37)) from possessing firearms.

Developed and expanded virtual training classes to support system users in various units, including the Automated Biometric Identification System, Uniform Crime Reporting, and the Alaska Public Safety Information Network (APSIN). Conducted online or in-person classes at least quarterly for criminal justice agencies statewide.

### **Information Systems:**

Continued progress on the multi-year Criminal Justice Information Systems (CJIS) Modernization project, a foundational initiative for replacing the APSIN. Efforts focused on the discovery phase for critical components like the Computerized Criminal History, Sex Offender Repository, and biometric processing, aiming to migrate from the aging Juneau mainframe environment.

Partnered with the Office of Information Technology (OIT) to conduct comprehensive bandwidth assessments for 29 Department of Public Safety (DPS) locations, resulting in transformative upgrades. Six sites received terrestrial bandwidth improvements, and 23 sites were equipped with Starlink, leading to a remarkable median download speed increase of 733 percent and a median upload speed increase of 900percent. These enhancements dramatically improve communication capabilities across the department's remote sites, reinforcing DPS's commitment to connectivity and operational readiness.

Successfully implemented the use of body-worn cameras across most DPS law enforcement personnel, ensuring the seamless integration of Motorola cameras and associated cloud services on the DPS/State of Alaska (SOA) network. This advancement represents a significant step towards accountability and transparency in law enforcement activities.

Launched the Online Criminal History public web application, enabling self-service background checks. Within the

second half of fiscal year (FY)2024 alone, over 900 requests were processed, reflecting a more efficient and accessible service for the public.

Completed the migration of over 200 applications to the Microsoft Azure cloud environment in partnership with the OIT and Microsoft, maintaining full CJIS compliance. This critical migration involved modifying every server and application configuration and reviewing approximately 2,000 custom reports to ensure data confidentiality and system integrity, ultimately aligning DPS with modern technology standards.

Consolidated file shares across four key locations—Bethel, Nome, Fairbanks, and Ketchikan—into the South Anchorage Data Center, enhancing data accessibility and security.

### Alaska Public Safety Communication Services (APSCS):

Supported first responders and other authorized users on the Alaska Land Mobile Radio (ALMR) system with over 17.6 million radio calls and nearly 29 million push-to-talks in FY2024.

Oversaw and completed contracted projects to refresh the State and Department of Defense (DOD) ALMR infrastructure, which doubled the number of available talk channels from 293 to 586, improving interoperable communication and reducing call busy failures during major events like highway accidents, wildfires, and multi-agency responses. Upgraded system software, modernized coverage site equipment to enhance cybersecurity, supported upgrades to DOD microwave equipment serving ALMR sites, and restored redundant and backup power systems to mitigate critical risks to ALMR services.

Collaborated with 135 ALMR member agencies to identify radios eligible for upgrades to Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) standards, and provided new training materials for ALMR members, including nine video presentations and in-person sessions for State and local agencies in Fairbanks. Additionally, contracted with Motorola to perform 100 percent of preventative maintenance on ALMR Motorola radio equipment at State and DOD coverage sites.

Completed a lifecycle refresh of the SOA's microwave equipment, replacing 130 outdated pieces and providing modern ethernet connectivity for critical services, including ALMR, Alaska Railroad, Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) communications, and wildland fire radio systems.

Provided system support during multiple natural disasters and significant events, including cyber outages, floods, landslides, fiber cuts, and wildland fires, ensuring the continuity of communications and services. Performed emergency repairs to three failed power lines and one near-failure line to prevent extended service outages during winter and maintain communication services along key road systems and in communities like Juneau and Girdwood.

### Alaska State Troopers (AST) Patrol and Investigations:

Launched a Soldotna-based highway traffic team focused on patrolling the Seward and Sterling Highways during peak summer months to enhance road safety. Implemented the Strategic Highway Safety Plan in collaboration with Alaska Bureau of Highway Patrol (ABHP) to reduce serious injuries and fatalities on Alaska's highways, emphasizing proactive enforcement efforts.

As a High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)-designated unit, Statewide Drug Enforcement Unit (SDEU) continued its lead role in statewide investigations of illegal drug and alcohol trafficking, introducing a parcel interdiction team at Ted Stevens Anchorage International Airport that seized significant quantities of controlled substances. Through Project Hope, AST, ABHP, and SDEU distributed life-saving opioid overdose reversal drugs, such as Naloxone, across the state to combat opioid overdoses and supported addiction prevention and recovery efforts.

Provided statewide in-service and specialized training for AST, Alaska Wildlife Troopers, Court Services Officers, and other law enforcement personnel through the Advanced Training Unit (ATU). Training courses included Field Training Officer School, tactical first aid, vehicle immobilization techniques, and use of force refreshers. ABHP, Alaska Bureau of Investigations (ABI), and AST also expanded ongoing training in crisis intervention, firearms recertification, and mental health awareness, preparing personnel for high-stakes situations.

Conducted extensive community outreach and recruitment efforts, particularly targeting local Alaskan talent and transitioning military members, to foster stronger community connections and bolster recruitment. New initiatives included the addition of a Trooper Recruiter and the establishment of the Recruitment Liaison Officer Program.

ABI's Special Crimes Investigation Unit collaborated with federal and local agencies to support investigations into human trafficking, drug trafficking, and serious felony offenses.

Launched a Digital Evidence Management System to streamline digital evidence sharing—such as body-worn camera footage and in-car videos—between DPS and the Department of Law, enhancing case handling efficiency. AST continued to expand access to the Alaska Records Management System (ARMS) for additional State and municipal agencies, improving data-sharing and multi-agency collaboration statewide.

Collaborated with local health agencies to strengthen Crisis Intervention Teams and response strategies, addressing mental health calls and relieving strain on law enforcement resources. ABHP and AST enhanced DPS mental health and wellness programs, expanding resources to help personnel manage job-related trauma and offering peer support and professional mental health services.

Managed statewide prisoner transport and court security through the Prisoner Transport Unit, which is coordinated with the Alaska Court System to streamline prisoner movement and security needs, reducing risks associated with high-volume caseloads. Increased demand at high-population sites like the Palmer courts required Court Services Officers (CSOs) to provide additional support for prisoner transport, court security, and document service.

Improved dispatch services through initiatives such as dispatcher certification, and continued planning for Phase 2 Wireless 911 and text-to-911 capabilities to increase service availability in remote areas. The Alaska State Trooper Dispatch also advanced standardized operations across department-owned and contracted centers, coordinated by the Dispatch Program Coordinator and regional command staff.

The ABI's Cold Case Unit reopened priority unsolved cases with high solvability, leveraging new DNA technology and interagency collaboration to drive case resolutions. The Technical Accident Reconstruction Specialist (TARS) team supported critical incident investigations with in-depth analysis and accident reconstruction, strengthening the investigative process.

### Alaska Wildlife Troopers (AWT):

The AWT Marine Enforcement played a critical role in preserving public peace, protecting life and property, and safeguarding Alaska's resources. Vessels strategically positioned throughout the state enabled quick responses to calls for service and enhanced resource protection. The marine fleet was crucial in search and rescue operations, criminal investigations, public outreach and transportation of state employees to remote areas.

Large-class patrol vessels (P/V Stimson and P/V Camai) and multiple medium-class vessels collectively spent 654 days at sea, patrolled 58,825 miles of Alaska waters, boarded 2,084 vessels, and contacted 9,608 resource users. These vessels supported enforcement efforts during key fisheries, such as Bristol Bay's Salmon Fishery, and conducted patrols in Kodiak, the Alaska Peninsula, and other regions, focusing on commercial fishing enforcement, brown bear hunting seasons and emergency response operations.

The AWT Southern Detachment focused on diverse missions across Southeast Alaska, Kodiak Island, the Gulf of Alaska, Aleutian Islands, and Bristol Bay, including enforcement, disaster response and assisting federal counterparts like the National Marine Fisheries Service.

Enhanced collaboration with federal and state agencies and local communities in the Southern and Northern Detachments allowed for more effective responses to critical incidents. The AWT personnel provided search and rescue support and managed disaster responses, such as the rescue of stranded hunters in Bethel and the recovery of a missing woman near Haines.

Expanded aircraft operations to include additional rotorcraft and fixed-wing planes across Northern Detachment, enhancing search and rescue, service of paperwork, resource patrols, and emergency responses. The addition of the R44 helicopter in Bethel contributed to critical rescues and community support.

Continued focus on enforcement of commercial, sport, and subsistence fisheries, as well as complex hunting violations and major cases of fraudulent Alaska residency claims. Large-scale investigations led to multiple criminal charges and the seizure of unlawfully obtained assets.

### Aircraft Section:

Flew 6,728 hours in support of the Department's mission, marking a 13 percent increase over the previous year in flight missions and law enforcement requests in rural areas. The Robinson R-44 and Airbus H-125 helicopters were utilized extensively for search and rescue, emergency response, fish and wildlife enforcement, and various law enforcement missions, flying 1,152 hours, including 184 hours for search and rescue and 507 hours for patrols. Turbine-powered fixed-wing aircraft supported statewide law enforcement and prisoner transport missions, flying a total of 1,444 hours, while light fixed-wing aircraft flew 3,622 hours for patrols, passenger transport, prisoner

transport, and pilot training.

The A-Star helicopters (HELO2 and HELO3), equipped with Wes-Cam MX-10 thermal image cameras and Churchill Navigation map overlay systems, helped locate missing persons and assisted in criminal apprehensions.

Continued internal audits as part of the Safety Management System, utilizing a web-based Flight Risk Assessment Tool and hazard reporting system to identify and correct safety hazards. Collaborated with Federal Aviation Administration inspectors to enhance aviation safety and compliance, while also transitioning to vendor-based maintenance to ensure all aircraft maintenance was completed on time, accurately and within budget.

### Recruitment:

Recruitment strategies improved hiring outcomes for trooper positions across various units. A targeted approach prioritized high-quality candidates and reduced time-to-hire through a streamlined background processes. These efforts led to the successful hiring of 20 trooper applicants in the first few months of FY2025.

Enhanced recruitment outreach through collaboration with the Public Information Officer, developing videos and visual content to increase visibility of vacant positions. These efforts leveraged social media platforms and promotional links to direct potential candidates to the recruitment website.

Added a full-time, long-term, non-permanent Trooper Recruiter, which doubled the number of recruitment events attended, increasing outreach. Established a Recruitment Liaison Officer Program to provide candidates with direct support, answering questions and keeping them engaged throughout the hiring process.

Processed 1,091 trooper applications, reflecting a nine percent increase from FY2023's 1,001 applicants, and resulting in the hiring of 29 recruits. Additionally, processed 75 Court Services Officer (CSO) applications, resulting in three new hires.

### **Rural Trooper Housing:**

Completed Phase 1 of a new trooper housing complex in Nome, adding seven new housing units.

Continued implementing a grant award from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to acquire and repair rural trooper housing properties. Identified properties for acquisition and began collaborating with the Alaska Department of Natural Resources Realty Services Section for assessments and purchases.

### Search and Rescue (SAR):

Responded to 598 search and rescue (SAR) incidents statewide, including overdue hunters, snowmobilers, hikers, boaters, aircraft crashes, and medical evacuations, assisting or recovering over 600 individuals. Issued 11 Silver Alerts and no Amber Alerts. Partnered with SAR organizations to respond to over 100 emergency beacon alerts and 23 reported aircraft crashes.

Collaborated with the Alaska Avalanche Information Center to provide backcountry safety training to the public in key areas, including Anchorage, Fairbanks, Juneau, Kenai, and more.

Continued support for the Alaska Search and Rescue Association (ASARA) by providing training, coordination, and administrative support. Under ASARA, the Alaska Incident Management Team (AIMT) managed large-scale, complex SAR missions and offered virtual search support.

Utilized Tactical Flight Officers equipped with advanced tools such as infrared cameras and mapping systems to enhance search and rescue operations.

### Fire and Life Safety:

Provided 38 fire training classes for urban, rural, and industry-based personnel, and supported the revised Rural Fire Protection Program with fire training for the Village Public Safety Officer (VPSO) program in Kotzebue and Bethel.

Delivered direct and indirect fire safety education presentations, using inspections, briefings, media campaigns, and "Train the Trainer" efforts. Partnered with the Northwest Arctic Borough to train and equip local fire departments, including a smoke alarm installation program in Noorvik and Shungnak.

Conducted over 1,200 building fire and life safety inspections statewide, including 214 annual inspections on the Trans Alaska Pipeline. Achieved a 35 percent compliance rate, exceeding the goal of 30 percent, and maintained a 99.3 percent in-service rate for 995 tracked fire systems.

Completed and reported 87,411 fire and emergency incident reports from 157 fire departments statewide, contributing data to the national fire incident reporting database and the annual "Fire in Alaska" report.

Performed 961 Fire and Building Plan Reviews, 23 Applications for Modifications, 116 Alcohol Marijuana Control Office applications, and 35 Impairment Plans. Added two positions in the Plan Review Bureau, reducing review times by over 33 percent and achieving a 95 percent completion rate within 14 days.

Investigated 41 significant fires involving fatalities and/or substantial damage outside of deferral jurisdictions.

Issued 294 permits for fire extinguisher maintenance, fire alarm and suppression system licensing, and fireworks retail sales.

Provided testimony and technical resources supporting the passage of HB 146 (Chapter 33, SLA 24), updating decades-old fireworks regulations.

Awarded fire certifications to 1,060 applicants and administered testing for 183 examination groups. Supported 46 local fire departments with accreditation efforts.

Alaska Fire Standards Council enhanced standards update timelines, reducing the process from seven to nine months to just two days through the implementation of a Technical Committee symposium.

Successfully hosted an audit by the International Fire Accreditation Congress for third-party accreditation compliance, resulting in reaccreditation with no major findings.

### Village Public Safety Operations:

Passed comprehensive regulatory reforms to align existing regulations with 2023 statutory changes, ensuring consistency, clarity, and improved oversight across the VPSO program. These reforms streamlined processes for certification, reporting, and operational oversight.

Clarified the jurisdictional range for VPSOs to include duties that extend beyond a community's boundaries, enabling more effective responses to public safety needs across rural areas.

Launched the Regional Public Safety Officer (RPSO) initiative, appointing the first two RPSOs in over 20 years to the Central Council Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska VPSO program. The introduction of RPSOs improved investigative and training capabilities and strengthened cooperation with the AST.

Made significant infrastructure improvements using a combination of state Capital Improvement Project and federal funding. Public safety buildings in multiple communities, including Adak, Alakanuk, Allakaket, Gambell, Golovin, Koyuk, Noorvik, and Shaktoolik, underwent construction and repairs. Additional facility projects in Shishmaref, Stebbins, Savoonga, and Chenega Bay are underway.

Engaged in extensive community outreach and recruitment efforts, participating in major events such as the Alaska Federation of Natives conference, the Alaska State Fair, and various employment fairs. VPSOs supported community meetings, local events, and strategic planning sessions with regional organizations.

Launched the armed VPSO program in the Northwest Arctic Borough, successfully completing firearms training and psychological evaluations for all participating officers to enhance their response capabilities in higher-risk situations.

Expanded the VPSO rovers under the Tanana Chiefs Conference program, successfully returning VPSO services to communities in the Interior after years of absence, earning appreciation from local residents for the increased presence of law enforcement.

By the end of FY2024, increased the number of employed VPSOs from 69 to 71 across the 10 regional programs, reflecting steady growth despite challenges in recruitment and retention. VPSOs served 140 rural communities through memorandums of understanding.

### Alaska Police Standards Council (APSC):

Sponsored 27 recruits for basic academy training and 712 officers in 48 training events, delivering a total of 23,983 officer-hours of training. Through the Mental Health Trust Authority Authorized Receipts grant, APSC sponsored an additional 2,103 officers in six training events, delivering 10,334 officer-hours of training.

Responded to 580 formal records requests and conducted 137 individual training evaluations for officers pursuing reciprocal Alaska police certification. Issued certifications to 274 officers who met training, education, and experience requirements for basic, intermediate, and advanced certification. Additionally, certified 17 courses and

39 instructors during FY2024.

Opened 30 new misconduct or disqualification cases and closed 27 cases. Thirteen cases were resolved with revocation, disqualification, or surrender actions. As of October 2024, APSC had 65 open cases at various stages of investigation or administrative action.

Received 70 formal complaints in FY2024 that did not rise to the level of a formal investigation. These cases were dismissed, determined to be outside the council's authority, or referred to another agency for further investigation.

### **Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault (CDVSA):**

Maintained full funding for 35 community-based subgrantees, supporting four grant programs: victim services, enhanced victim services, prevention, and battering intervention programs. These programs reached both urban and rural communities from Unalaska to Utqiagvik.

Underwent a significant office reorganization and stabilization, filling 10 of 11 staff positions by the end of FY2024. This included hiring a new Executive Director and implementing structural changes to improve financial oversight and program supervision. Staff were strategically placed into leadership roles, opening their previous positions for recruitment.

Laid substantial groundwork to improve perpetrator rehabilitation programming by collaborating with agency partners and subject matter experts. This effort included drafting and revising best-practice standards and training approaches aimed at ending domestic violence, not just reducing recidivism.

Continued to enhance the council's programs and operations by leveraging partnerships and collaboration with communities and stakeholders to ensure consistent delivery of services and progress in addressing domestic violence and sexual assault.

### Violent Crimes Compensation Board (VCCB):

Distributed \$1,256,452 in assistance to help victims deal with the aftermath of violent incidents. A total of 751 claims were processed, with 644 approved, 29 deferred for further information, and 78 denied for not meeting statutory requirements.

Of the approved claims, funds were allocated as follows: 27 percent to support families of homicide victims, 15 percent to support victims of assault, 21 percent to support victims of child sexual abuse, and 21 percent to support victims of domestic violence. Additional victims of arson, child physical abuse, DUIs, kidnapping, robbery, sexual assault, and stalking were also assisted.

Subsidized various expenses connected to the crimes, with the breakdown as follows: 14 percent for funeral expenses, 25 percent for mental health services, 23 percent for loss of income and support for dependents, 13 percent for uncovered medical and dental expenses, 14 pecent for relocation expenses, 10 percent for travel for trial attendance and medical appointments, and just over 2 percent for other expenses such as security modifications or replacement of seized items.

Processed over 25percent more applications compared to FY2023, distributing funds to applicants from 80 communities statewide. Approximately 10percent of applications were deemed ineligible due to administrative or statutory reasons, such as incomplete applications or crimes that did not meet eligibility criteria.

Improved accessibility and responsiveness to victims by launching a new website and online application system, which connects directly to an internal database.

### Victim Services Administration and Support:

Launched the Victim Services Tracker software on March 1, 2024, which captured data for discrete services provided by navigators (paralegals). From the launch date to June 30, 2024, navigators provided 462 contacts for 95 victims of crime.

Navigators continued to assist with tasks such as reviewing jail calls, facilitating transportation for forensic exams or follow-up interviews, preparing victims for hearings, coordinating victim interviews, and participating in monthly case meetings.

The Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault (DVSA) training unit conducted or supported 57 training sessions or meetings, delivering a total of 564.5 hours of training.

### **Training Academy:**

Provided comprehensive public safety training, including two 17-week Basic Police Training sessions, which trained a total of 12 Alaska State Troopers, five Alaska Wildlife Troopers, 13 Municipal Police Officers, three State Airport Police Officers, and six Department of Natural Resources officers.

Conducted two nine-week training sessions for Village Public Safety Officers (VPSOs), resulting in eight new VPSOs prepared to serve rural communities.

Facilitated specialized training, including two eight-week Lateral Recruit Training sessions for new Alaska State Troopers and Wildlife Troopers, and two one-week trooper-specific training sessions focused on advanced law enforcement skills.

Delivered the APSC mandated training, which included a 2.5-week session for officers new to Alaska but certified in other jurisdictions. This training included 13 municipal police officers, one VPSO, and three municipal police chiefs.

The academy hosted multiple instructor development courses, such as a 14-day Firearms Instructor Course, a 14-day Control Tactics Instructor Course, and two seven-day Alaska Wildlife Trooper Boater Instructor Courses, building specialized skills among Alaska's law enforcement personnel.

Completed CSO training through two five-week sessions, training a total of three CSOs to serve across the state.

### Alaska Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory (ASCDL):

Maintained full staffing in the forensic scientist job class throughout the third and fourth quarters of FY2024, which supported the submission of 9,743 deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) database samples from arrestees and convicted offenders, resulting in 112 DNA hits. The lab also searched 172 cases against the Automated Biometric Identification System, leading to 143 fingerprint hits that aided case resolutions.

The ASCDL complied with the six-month testing timeline for sexual assault kits mandated in AS 44.41.065 and successfully deployed the Statewide Sexual Assault Kit Tracking Program in quarter one of FY2024. Early analysis indicated that over 60 percent of victim survivors or their advocates logged into the system to track their kits in a non-invasive, survivor-centric manner, enhancing transparency and accountability.

The ASCDL partnered with local and federal law enforcement agencies to utilize the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF) National Integrated Ballistics Information Network (NIBIN). This advanced 3D scanning and comparison technology allows the lab to compare fired cartridge casings and link crimes through investigative leads.

The ASCDL eliminated the backlog in the seized drugs discipline, reducing 372 pending cases at the beginning of the reporting period to zero by its conclusion.

### Administrative Services (DAS) & Commissioner's Office:

The DAS administered approximately 194 Reimbursable Services Agreements and collected \$19.2 million in federal funds. The division established federal grant monitoring procedures, processed 226 federal financial reports for around 70 federal awards, and provided grant administrative and fiscal support to approximately 35 programs. Additionally, DAS acquired two new trooper housing units in Kotzebue and seven new housing units in Nome, supporting 232 leases for rural trooper housing, posts, hangars, land, and float plane tie-downs. Facility improvements were completed in Cordova, Anchorage, Ketchikan, Bethel, and Fairbanks. The DAS team also administered 156 contracts, fully supporting drug enforcement activities across multiple units.

The Commissioner's Office fully deployed body-worn cameras within the Alaska State Troopers, Alaska Wildlife Troopers, Court Services Officers, and Fire and Life Safety Deputy Fire Marshals to enhance accountability and transparency. Additionally, the office completed 230 trooper investigations of commissioned law enforcement officers in calendar year 2024. Partnering with the Department of Transportation and Public Facilities, the Commissioner's Office placed retired, certified police officers at the Gustavus airport to support and enhance public safety. The office also successfully implemented the Regional Public Safety Officer program within the VPSO division to improve public safety in rural Alaska.

### **Key Department Challenges**

### Criminal Justice Information Systems (CJIS) Program:

Managing recurring work interruptions caused by technical issues with aging systems presents a significant

challenge. The CJIS Modernization project is on track for mid-FY2026 deployment, but the transition period requires key staff to balance regular duties with extensive system testing.

Implementing and complying with numerous upcoming changes in the Federal Bureau of Investigation CJIS Security Policy will necessitate a variety of new projects and additional resources.

### **Information Systems:**

The aging APSIN mainframe environment continues to degrade, increasing risks and posing challenges as contracted subject matter experts retire. While hourly data synchronization is in place, the system will remain in a degraded state until the CJIS Modernization project is completed.

Limited network staff face a heavy workload, balancing aging infrastructure upgrades and new projects. The department must navigate capacity constraints while addressing critical network failures and long-standing outages.

### Alaska Public Safety Communication Services (APSCS):

The ALMR system faces ongoing challenges with maintaining and upgrading aging infrastructure, ensuring cybersecurity, and managing increasing service costs.

Coordination with numerous member agencies and supporting the transition to TDMA standards remains a priority amid staffing and resource limitations.

### Alaska State Troopers (AST) Patrol and Investigations:

Increasing service demands across Alaska strain Alaska State Troopers' (AST) capacity for proactive work in highway safety, drug enforcement, and community outreach. Persistent staffing shortages impact the ability to meet minimum staffing levels, while frequent retirements, limited training resources, and the need for specialized roles—such as Field Training Officers and Court Services Officers—create ongoing recruitment and retention challenges.

The statewide impact of drug-related crimes contributes to a rise in property crimes, robberies, and offenses against individuals, consuming law enforcement resources. Efforts to disrupt drug trafficking and distribution are hindered by limited coordination with smaller municipal agencies, which often lack personnel for consistent support on statewide task forces.

High call volumes in regions like the Matanuska-Susitna Borough and the Palmer courts generate substantial demands for services, including prisoner transport, court security, and emergency response. These workload burdens reduce available time for proactive enforcement and add strain to both Court Services Officers and troopers.

AST's technology infrastructure, including rural bandwidth limitations and inadequate internet speeds, restricts data entry into critical systems like the ARMS and hampers the uploading of digital evidence. In addition, radio communication reliability issues in remote areas impact both officer safety and response efficiency.

Rising mental health-related calls throughout Alaska challenge law enforcement's ability to provide timely and suitable responses. Limited mental health resources in many areas often leave law enforcement as the only responder, leading to extended response times with limited resolution for individuals in crisis.

Persistent staffing shortages in dispatch services affect DPS's capacity to provide consistent, 24/7 support across all regions. Delays in implementing Phase 2 Wireless 911 and text-to-911 services restrict effective communication in remote areas, limiting emergency access for those in need.

Equipment maintenance, including vehicles, aircraft, and watercraft, remains a constant challenge under Alaska's extreme conditions, with rising costs impacting the department's operational budget.

Limited personnel in ABI's Cold Case Unit restricts the capacity to address unsolved homicides and missing person cases. Increasing costs for essential tools like DNA testing and digital forensics, combined with the complex nature of cold cases, further strain specialized investigation efforts amidst growing caseloads

### Alaska Wildlife Troopers (AWT):

Alaska's vast marine patrol area and the need for adequate law enforcement in commercial fisheries present ongoing challenges, exacerbated by aging equipment and maintenance costs. The AWT fleet requires continuous preventative maintenance and upgrades to remain operationally effective.

### **Aircraft Section:**

Maintaining a highly specialized fleet of fixed-wing and rotorcraft in challenging environments requires significant resources and frequent maintenance, especially as aging equipment is more prone to failures. The department must also overcome challenges in securing rural contracts and logistics support for fleet upkeep.

Recruiting and retaining qualified pilots and mechanics for specialized roles is critical to maintaining operational readiness and ensuring safe and efficient air transportation throughout Alaska.

### Recruitment:

Statewide hiring challenges have significantly impacted the department's ability to recruit and retain essential personnel, including troopers, VPSOs, CSOs, and Emergency Services Dispatchers. High vacancy rates and demanding job requirements have reduced applicant pools, especially in rural and remote areas.

Emergency Services Dispatchers face additional recruitment and retention issues due to the demanding nature of the job and limited local applicant pools..

Attracting and retaining VPSOs remains a persistent challenge due to high turnover rates, remote postings, and the extensive training required. This challenge is exacerbated by infrastructure limitations and resource constraints in many rural communities.

Competitive job markets and limited opportunities for career advancement within specialized roles, such as troopers and forensic scientists, continue to hinder the department's ability to maintain adequate staffing levels in key units and specialized functions.

### **Rural Trooper Housing:**

Accessibility to quality housing remains a key issue for the AST, AWT, and other key personnel stationed in remote areas. High construction and transportation costs, lack of available contractors, and the logistical challenges of building and maintaining housing in extreme conditions increase costs and impact retention rates.

### Fire and Life Safety (FLS):

Alaska's high fire loss rate and increasing civilian fire-related fatalities remain critical challenges. Alcohol and drugs are leading contributors to fire-related deaths, with the division struggling to cost-effectively reach high-risk groups through public education efforts.

The Bureau of Fire Accreditation, Standards and Training (BFAST) serves as Alaska's primary source of fire service training and technical assistance. Rural fire departments face persistent challenges due to insufficient equipment, training, and qualified personnel, hindering emergency response operations. Many rural departments fail to meet National Consensus Standards, limiting their access to critical grant funding.

The Plan Review Bureau relies on an outdated electronic database that is not web-based, complicating application and inspection processes. Limited offline synchronization further reduces efficiency, particularly with increased telework. Efforts are underway to implement a digital system to streamline plan reviews, permitting, and inspections for stakeholders.

### Village Public Safety Operations:

Retaining and training Village Public Safety Officers remains a significant challenge, compounded by high turnover rates and limited availability of qualified candidates. Expanding program coverage and integrating new roles like the Regional Public Safety Officers require ongoing investment and strategic coordination.

Infrastructure and support limitations in rural communities strain the program's ability to maintain effective public safety presence and response capabilities.

### Alaska Police Standards Council (APSC):

Meeting the growing demand for advanced training opportunities amid ongoing staffing shortages in police departments remains a challenge. Agencies face vacancies that hinder officer participation in training events, even when those events are sponsored.

An increased case workload for the council adds strain to the processing of officer certifications, investigations, and compliance checks.

### Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault (CDVSA):

The decline in federal Victims of Crime Act (VOCA) funds creates a significant financial shortfall, jeopardizing the

stability of victim services and prevention programs. Adapting to fluctuating revenue streams remains a pressing challenge.

Comprehensive and balanced programming across victim services, prevention initiatives, and intervention services remains essential to addressing domestic and sexual violence in Alaska, but limited resources restrict the Council's ability to expand programming to all communities in need.

### **Violent Crimes Compensation Board (VCCB):**

Staffing shortages have posed challenges in meeting federal monitoring requirements and maintaining daily operations. Meeting the growing demand for restitution recovery and assistance to victims requires ongoing resource allocation and strategic adjustments.

Dependence on fluctuating state and federal funding presents challenges in maintaining consistent levels of assistance for victims of violent crimes.

### Victim Services Administration and Support (VSAS):

The transition to the Victim Services Tracker software and managing the associated data demands present an ongoing challenge as the program scales up. Ensuring that navigators remain effectively trained and resourced to provide essential services is critical for supporting victims of crime.

### **Training Academy:**

Facility limitations restrict the Training Academy's ability to provide comprehensive emergency vehicle operations instruction. The lack of a dedicated driving range and deteriorating surfaces on existing training sites hinder safety and training effectiveness.

Unpredictable enrollment numbers create planning challenges, particularly as the academy balances rising demand for training with fluctuating class sizes and resources.

### Alaska State Crime Detection Laboratory (SCDL):

Increasing submission complexity and technological advancements strain existing resources and require ongoing investments in personnel, equipment, and training. The continuous need to meet statutory timelines and maintain third-party accreditation standards adds to the workload.

Retaining specialized forensic scientists in a highly competitive job market remains a challenge

### Administrative Services (DAS) & Commissioner's Office:

The DAS faces ongoing challenges in managing and administering hundreds of contracts, leases, and grant agreements amid rising costs and funding limitations. Administering trooper housing and supporting program facilities requires substantial investments and close collaboration across regions.

The Commissioner's Office must navigate complex regulatory environments and maintain transparency and accountability in law enforcement practices. Implementing and overseeing key public safety programs like the VPSO division's Regional Public Safety Officer initiative requires sustained collaboration with local and state partners.

### Significant Changes in Results to be Delivered in FY2026

### Criminal Justice Information Systems (CJIS) Program:

The department will continue advancing the CJIS Modernization project, moving through the discovery, testing, and implementation phases. Staff will provide subject matter expertise on processes like biometric processing, arrest processing, and sex offender registration management. Additional federal grant funding will be sought to support non-permanent positions, stabilizing workloads in the CJIS Program unit.

### Information Systems (IS):

The IS will launch core components of the CJIS Modernization project by mid-FY2026, facilitating DPS's exit from the aging APSIN mainframe. Planned replacements of firewalls, switches, and Wi-Fi access points, transitioning these to OIT-supported services, will enhance network security and operational efficiency.

### Alaska Public Safety Communication Services (APSCS):

Finalizing certification efforts and the transition to TDMA standards will improve the ALMR system's performance and spectrum efficiency. APSCS will continue to bolster interoperability by upgrading radio infrastructure, implementing system improvements, and expanding training and support for ALMR users.

### Alaska State Troopers (AST) Patrol and Investigations:

The launch of a Digital Evidence Management System will enable Troopers and staff to share digital evidence like body-worn camera footage and in-car video seamlessly with the Department of Law, streamlining processes and saving time.

Expanded access to the ARMS for State and municipal agencies will further improve real-time data sharing among Alaska's law enforcement, strengthening collaboration and supporting timely responses to statewide public safety issues.

The Strategic Highway Safety Plan will remain a central initiative to reduce serious injuries and fatalities on Alaska's roadways, with AST and ABHP prioritizing proactive traffic enforcement efforts despite staffing challenges.

Enhanced mental health and wellness support for DPS personnel will continue, promoting employee well-being and resilience, which are crucial for effective public service.

The AST will work to expand outreach initiatives, focusing on underserved communities, strengthening partnerships, and fostering collaboration on public safety initiatives.

The AST will seek additional grant funding to enable troopers to conduct proactive highway safety patrols.

The department will conduct a thorough assessment of facilities across AST and other law enforcement groups, identifying necessary repairs and upgrades to meet current operational standards and ensure personnel safety and efficiency.

### Alaska Wildlife Troopers (AWT):

The AWT Marine Enforcement will maintain current service levels and continue to enhance patrol capacity through joint enforcement agreements and vessel upgrades. The design phase for a new large-class vessel for Southeast Alaska will begin in FY2025, with construction projected for FY2026. Increased vessel training across Alaska will reduce liability and enhance the marine enforcement team's capabilities.

### **Aircraft Section:**

DPS will ensure regulatory compliance and safety through recurrent training, including essential flight safety maneuvers. Formalized programs for Aviation Life Support Equipment and Ground Support Equipment will enhance the safety and operational readiness of DPS's aviation personnel.

### Recruitment:

Recruitment efforts will focus on filling key roles in law enforcement and dispatch, expanding outreach to Alaskan residents, transitioning military members, and other local candidates. These strategies, including the Recruitment Liaison Officer Program, aim to address staffing needs statewide and reduce time-to-hire.

### **Rural Trooper Housing:**

Deferred maintenance funding and the trooper housing rehabilitation program will enable proactive management of rural housing needs, ensuring safe and habitable accommodations. Federal grants will support the acquisition and renovation of housing in areas like Dillingham, Aniak, and St. Mary's.

### Search and Rescue (SAR):

The AST will strengthen SAR capabilities through partnerships with volunteer organizations, federal partners, and local agencies, enhancing coordination and response. The AST will also modernize its radio systems to increase spectrum efficiency, improve officer safety, and expand communication in underserved rural areas.

### Fire and Life Safety (FLS):

The division will expand public education and fire prevention initiatives, prioritizing outreach to high-risk groups. Continued efforts to streamline fire department accreditation audits and emergency responder training will support fire safety in communities statewide.

### Village Public Safety Operations Division:

The division will expand the regional VPSO programs, increasing recruitment and training efforts, especially in underserved rural areas. Infrastructure improvements, including upgrades to public safety buildings, will support VPSOs in effectively serving their communities.

### Alaska Police Standards Council (APSC):

APSC will expand regional training opportunities for officers from smaller, rural agencies and enhance access to in-service, advanced, and academy training programs. The council will continue to focus on leadership development, de-escalation tactics, and field training to ensure officers receive relevant, high-quality training.

### Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault (CDVSA):

The CDVSA will issue a competitive Request for Proposal for new prevention programs and expand public education campaigns, working toward broader prevention efforts across Alaska communities. Updated metrics will reflect the impact of prevention work, with additional efforts to improve processing times and services for victims seeking support.

### **Violent Crimes Compensation Board (VCCB):**

Stabilizing staffing levels and processing efficiencies will be priorities to reduce backlogs and enhance data accuracy. The board will explore federal matching funds for processing sexual assault forensic exams (SAFE), which could significantly increase resources available to victims.

### Victim Services Administration and Support (VSAS):

The VSAS will expand the Victim Services Tracker software's capabilities, enhancing navigator support and data collection to better assist crime victims. Training efforts for navigators will continue, ensuring comprehensive services are provided across communities.

### **Training Academy:**

The Training Academy will continue delivering APSC certified training programs and outreach support. Planned facility upgrades will address training limitations, especially in emergency vehicle operations, to meet the growing demand for police and specialized training.

### Alaska Scientific Crime Detection Laboratory:

Laboratory Services will continue collaborating with law enforcement partners, using advanced technologies like the National Integrated Ballistic Information Network (NIBIN) to link crimes through ballistic evidence. Staffing will be maintained to reduce case backlogs, and efforts to streamline case processing will support efficiency in forensic disciplines.

### Division Administrative Services (DAS) & Commissioner's Office:

DAS will prioritize trooper housing and facility maintenance needs through proactive management and federal grants, while the Commissioner's Office will focus on law enforcement transparency initiatives, including body-worn camera programs and the VPSO program's expansion in rural areas.

### **Contact Information**

Administrative

Commissioner: James E. Cockrell Services Director: Dianna Thornton

Phone: (907) 269-5086 Phone: (907) 465-5501

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Project Title	Unrestricted	Designated	Other	Federal	Total
	Gen (UGF)	Gen (DGF)	Funds	Funds	Funds
Dilatus DC 10 for Emergency Rural Response	6.500,000	0	0	0	6,500,000
Pliates FC-12 to Line geney that a recognition	750,000	0	0	0	750,000
Alle-Nated Allied and Less Letrial 40mm 10gram Alacka Wildlife Trooper Marine Vessel Maintenance and Renair	2 775,000	0	0	0	2,775,000
Alaska Wilder Hooper Maline Vessel Maniferial Copy	1,400,000	0	0	0	1,400,000
Department Total	11,425,000	0	0	0	11,425,000

This is an appropriation level summary only. For allocations and the full project details see the capital budget.

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Sur	nmary of Depa	rtment Budge	et Changes by F	RDU	
	From FY2025 Mar	nagement Plan to	FY2026 Governor	All dollars	shown in thousands
	Unrestricted Gen (UGF)	Designated Gen (DGF)	Other Funds	<u>Federal</u> <u>Funds</u>	Total Funds
FY2025 Management Plan	262,503.9	9,883.5	14,330.6	40,974.1	327,692.1
One-time items:				0.0	0.475.0
-Alaska State Troopers	-2,125.2 0.0	0.0 -18.4	-50.0 -80.0	0.0 0.0	-2,175.2 -98.4
-AK Police Standards Council	0.0	-10.4	00.0	0.0	
-Integrated Victim	-36.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	-36.8
Assistance -Statewide Support	-132.0	-328.0	0.0	0.0	-460.0
Adjustments which continue current level of service:					
-Fire and Life Safety	83.8	25.0	1.4	0.0	110.2
-Alaska State Troopers	10,431.0	0.5	87.9	133.3	10,652.7
-Village Public Safety Ops	19.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.8
-AK Police Standards Council	0.0	15.4	80.0	0.0	95.4
-Integrated Victim	825.6	0.0	-72.3	7.3	760.6
Assistance -Statewide Support	1,660.7	23.9	65.1	9.6	1,759.3
Proposed budget					
increases:	7,536.9	0.0	980.0	0.0	8,516.9
-Alaska State Troopers -Village Public Safety Ops	1,215.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,215.2
-Statewide Support	0.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	30.0
Proposed budget					
decreases: -Integrated Victim	0.0	-387.1	-361.6	0.0	-748.7
Assistance FY2026 Governor	281,982.9	9,214.8	15,011.1	41,124.3	347,333.1

## Department Totals Department of Public Safety

nagement Plan vs FY2026 Governor	%0.9 0.1	123.2 9.4% 176.0 1.8% 370.8 0.6% 394.8 3.5% 722.6 9.7% 853.6 1.6% 0.0 0.0%	244	479.0 7.4% 668.7 -6.8% 680.5 4.7% 150.2 0.4%	5 0.5%
FY2025 Management Plan vs FY2026 Governor	19,641.0	17,123.2 176.0 370.8 394.8 722.6 853.6 0.0	150.2 19,479.0 281.6 1,115.6 0.0 0.0 -87.0 -348.1	19,479.0 -668.7 -680.5 150.2	
FY2026 Governor	347,333.1	199,172.0 9,737.1 64,436.2 11,650.5 8,147.0 54,190.3	41,124.3 281,932.9 7,597.3 11,160.6 50.0 2,449.3 204.4 210.4 856.4 1,617.5	281,982.9 9,214.8 15,011.1 41,124.3	1,008
FY2026 Governor Adjusted Base	338,319.7	194,781.1 9,561.1 63,136,9 10,291,5 7,212.4 53,336.7	41,124.3 273,093.8 7,597.3 10,150.6 50.0 2,449.3 130.0 204.4 1,218.0 2,004.6	273,143.8 9,601.9 14,449.7 41,124.3	1,002
Y2025 Management Plan	327,692.1	182,048.8 9,561.1 64,065.4 11,255.7 7,424.4 53,336.7	40,974.1 262,453.9 7,878.9 10,045.0 50.0 2,449.3 130.0 297.4 1,204.5 2,004.6	262,503.9 9,883.5 14,330.6 40,974.1	1,003
FY2025 Authorized FY2025 Management PY2025 Plan	327,692.1	174,856.0 9,418.7 69,959.1 12,530.7 7,595.4 53,332.2	40,974.1 262,453.9 7,878.9 10,045.0 50.0 2,449.3 130.0 297.4 1,204.5 2,004.6	262,503.9 9,883.5 14,330.6 40,974.1	1,002
FY2025 Enrolled	326,443.7	174,376.0 9,412.7 69,233.1 12,494.3 7,595.4 53,332.2	40,938.4 261,608.5 7,532.0 10,039.5 50.0 2,449.3 130.0 297.4 1,189.6 2,004.6	261,658.5 9,536.6 14,310.2 40,938.4	1,001
FY2024 Actuals	282,242.9	160,904.7 6,727.1 55,019.1 10,326.6 3,299.8 45,965.6	21,909.3 243,512.7 3,154.2 7,834.8 0.0 774.8 123.5 113.6 489.6 2,361.1	243,512.7 5,123.5 11,697.4 21,909.3	991
Description	Department Totals	Objects of Expenditure: 1000 Personal Services 2000 Travel 3000 Services 4000 Commodities 5000 Capital Outlay 7000 Grants, Benefits 8000 Miscellaneous	Funding Source: 1002 Fed Repts (Fed) 1004 Gen Fund (UGF) 1007 I/A Repts (Other) 1037 GF/MH (UGF) 1061 CIP Repts (Other) 11092 MHTAAR (Other) 1108 Stat Desig (Other) 1171 Rest Just (Other) 1220 Crime VCF (Other) 1246 RedvsmFund (DGF)	Unrestricted Gen (UGF) Designated Gen (DGF) Other Funds Federal Funds	Positions: Permanent Full Time

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# Component Summary Unrestricted General Funds Only

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Results Delivery Unit/ Component	FY2024 Actuals	FY2025 Enrolled	FY2025 Authorized	FY2025 Management Plan	FY2026 Governor Adjusted Base	FY2026 Governor	FY2025 Management Plan vs FY2026 Governor	25 Management Plan vs FY2026 Governor
Fire and Life Safety Fire and Life Safety AK Fire Standards Council FLS Facility M&O RDU Totals:	4,659.9 126.8 0.0 4,786.7	4,949.6 123.7 0.0 5,073.3	4,967.5 123.7 0.0 <b>5,091.2</b>	4,967.5 123.7 0.0 5,091.2	5,005.9 124.1 45.0 5,175.0	5,005.9 124.1 45.0 <b>5,175.0</b>	38.4 0.4 83.8	0.8% 0.3% 100.0% 1.6%
	166.7	1,194.8	19.7	158.4 1,194.8	159.7 1,253.0 5,169.4	159.7 1,253.0 5,169.4	1.3 58.2 285.8	0.8% 4.9% 9.9%
AK Bureau of Judicial Svcs Prisoner Transportation Search and Rescue	2,370.5 2,370.5 206.7 1,622.7	5,027.4 1,940.5 317.0 2,472.4	3,027,4 1,940.5 317.0 2,472.4	1,940.5 317.0 2,472.4	1,940.5 317.0 869.6	1,940.5 317.0 869.6	0.0 0.0 -1,602.8	0.0% 0.0% 64.8%
Notal Hooper Housing Dispatch Services SW Drug and Alcohol Enforcement AST Detachments	6,872.0 7,451.7 87,475.2	7,024.8 7,232.7 89,713.1	7,024.8 7,232.7 90,424.6	6,727.6 7,884.1 90,610.3	6,772.1 8,220.4 92,529.2	6,895.9 8,220.4 97,416.9	168.3 336.3 6,806.6	2.5% 4.3% 7.5%
Training Academy Recruit Sal. Alaska Bureau of Investigation Aircraft Section	1,131.2 16,090.4 9,274.6	1,753.4 17,131.2 10,205.9	1,753.4 17,131.2 10,205.9	1,753.4 16,596.4 10,205.9 30,599.7	1,925.2 17,513.3 9,479.1 31,451.5	1,925.2 18,908.8 9,879.1 32,181.4	2,312.4 -326.8 -1.881.7	13.9% -3.2% 6.2%
Alaska Wildlife Troopers AK W-life Troopers Marine Enforc AST Facility M&O RDU Totals:	29,010,4 2,622.4 0.0 <b>169,784.9</b>	3,482.4 3,482.4 0.0 177,791.9	3,482.4 3,482.4 0.0 178,526.5	3,482.4 0.0 178,526.5	3,315.9 5,916.4 <b>186,832.3</b>	3,315.9 5,916.4 <b>194,369.2</b>	-166.5 5,916.4 <b>15,842.7</b>	4.8% 100.0% <b>8.9%</b>
Village Public Safety Operations Village Public Safety Operations VPSO Facility M&O RDU Totals:	20,888.6 0.0 <b>20,888.6</b>	24,322.3 0.0 <b>24,322</b> .3	24,337.0 0.0 <b>24,337.0</b>	24,337.0 0.0 <b>24,337.0</b>	24,352.7 4.1 24,356.8	25,567.9 4.1 25,572.0	1,230.9 4.1 1,235.0	5.1% 100.0% <b>5.1%</b>
Council on Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault RDU Totals:	15,004.2 15,004.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0% 0.0%
Integrated Victim Assistance Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault Victim Services Administration IVA Facility M&O RDU Totals:	0.000 <b>0</b>	16,066.1 1,868.2 0.0 17,934.3	16,074.2 1,868.2 0.0 17,942.4	16,074.2 1,868.2 0.0 17,942.4	16,059.0 2,542.2 43.0 18,644.2	16,146.0 2,542.2 43.0 <b>18,731.2</b>	71.8 674.0 43.0 <b>788.8</b>	0.4% 36.1% 100.0% <b>4.4%</b>
te Ses mmunik	3,476.1 2,848.7 3,236.9 6,913.2	3,298.2 2,764.8 4,071.4 7,799.4	3,344.5 2,764.8 4,082.0 7,799.4		4,183.2 2,902.8 4,186.1 7,278.2	4,183.2 2,902.8 4,186.1 7,278.2	733.9 138.0 208.9 -521.2	21.3% 5.0% 5.3% -6.7%
Information Systems Crim Just Information Systems Laboratory Services SWS Facility M&O DPS State Facilities Rent RDU Totals:	2.853.3 5.066.1 8.076.3 0.0 577.7 33,048.3	3,166.6 5,400.5 9,188.1 468.3 38.4.3 36,536.7	3,155.6 5,413.7 9,188.1 463.3 384.4 36,606.8	5,100.0 5,413.7 9,188.1 0,0 847.7 36,606.8	38,135.5	38,135.5	2,150.8 -453.6 -2,150.8 -847.7 1,528.7	1.0% 4.9% 100.0% -100.0%
			FY2026 Governor Department of Public Safety	or : Safety		Released D	Released December 12, Pa	2, 2024 Page 19

# Component Summary Unrestricted General Funds Only Department of Public Safety

Results Delivery Unit/ Component	FY2024 Actuals	FY2025 Enrolled	Enrolled FY2025 Authorized	FY2025 Management Plan	FY2026 Governor Adjusted Base	FY2026 Governor	FY2025 Mans Plan vs	gement FY2026 overnor
Unrestricted Gen (UGF): Designated Gen (DGF): Other Funds: Federal Funds:	243,512.7 0.0 0.0 0.0	261,658.5	262,503.9	262,503.9	273,143.8 0.0 0.0 0.0	281,982.9 0.0 0.0 0.0	19,479.0 7.4% 0.0 0.0% 0.0 0.0% 19,479.0 7.4%	%4.7 %0.0 %4.7 %4.7

FY2026 Governor Department of Public Safety

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## Component Summary All Funds Department of Public Safety

Results Delivery Unit/ Component	FY2024 Actuals	FY2025 Enrolled	FY2025 Authorized	FY2025 Management Plan	FY2026 Governor Adjusted Base	FY2026 Governor	FY2025 Management Plan vs FY2026 Governor	25 Management Plan vs FY2026 Governor
Fire and Life Safety Fire and Life Safety AK Fire Standards Council FLS Facility M&O RDU Totals:	5,164.5 240.4 0.0 5,404.9	7,050.7 387.5 0.0 7,438.2	7,068.9 387.5 0.0 7,456.4	7,068.9 387.5 0.0 7,4 <b>56.4</b>	7,133.7 387.9 45.0 <b>7,566.6</b>	7,133.7 387.9 45.0 <b>7,566.6</b>	64.8 0.4 45.0 110.2	0.9% 0.1% 100.0% 1.5%
Alaska State Troopers Special Projects	5,138.2	7,198.9	7,228.9	7,367.6	7,393.1 2,798.6	7,393.1 2,798.6	25.5 58.2	0.3%
Alaska bureau of nignway ration AK Bureau of Judicial Svcs Prisoner Transportation	4,997.3 2,405.6	5,090.3 2,010.5	5,090.3	4,946.5 2,035.0	5,232.8 2,035.0	5,232.8 2,035.0	286.3	8.0 0.0 % % % %
Search and Rescue Rural Trooper Housing	206.7 2,553.1 6,872.0	317.0 7,506.0 7,024.8	317.0 7,506.0 7,024.8	317.0 7,506.0 6.727.6	5,903.2 6,772.1	5,903.2 6,895.9	-1,602.8 168.3	-21.4% 2.5%
Dispatch Services SW Drug and Alcohol Enforcement AST Detachments	8,930.5 87,976.4	9,895.4	9,895.4 90,983.2	10,546.8 91,144.4	10,992.2	10,992.2 97,975.5	445.4 6,831.1	7.5%
Training Academy Recruit Sal. Alaska Bureau of Investigation	1,131.2	1,753.4	1753.4	1,753,4	1,925.2	1,925.2 19,325.6	1/1.8 2,325.8 -326.8	13.7% 13.7%
Aircraft Section Alaska Wildlife Troopers	10,600.8 29,668.0	11,085.8 31,262.0	31,285.1	31,285.1	32,436.9	33,166.8	1,881.7	6.0% 8.0%
AK W-life Troopers Marine Enforc AST Facility M&O RDI Totals:	3,103.3 0.0 <b>180.653.0</b>	4,982.4 0.0 198,673.2	4,962.4 0.0 199,437.8	4,962.4 0.0 199,437.8	5,916.4 207,915.3	6,896.4 216,432.2	6,896.4 <b>16,994.4</b>	100.0% 8.5%
Village Public Safety Operations Village Public Safety Operations VPSO Facility M&O RDU Totals:	20,888.6 0.0 <b>20,888.6</b>	24,347.3 0.0 <b>24,347.3</b>	24,362.0 0.0 <b>24,362.0</b>	24,362.0 0.0 <b>24,362.0</b>	24,377.7 4.1 <b>24,381.8</b>	25,592.9 4.1 <b>25,597.0</b>	1,230.9 4.1 <b>1,235.0</b>	5.1% 100.0% 5.1%
Alaska Police Standards Council AK Police Standards Council APSC Facility M&O RDU Totals: Council on Domestic Violence and	1,407.7 0.0 1,407.7	1,637.4 0.0 1,637.4	1,653.1 0.0 1,653.1	1,653.1 0.0 <b>1,653.1</b>	1,621.1 29.0 1,650.1	1,621.1 29.0 <b>1,650.1</b>	-32.0 29.0 -3.0	-1.9% 100.0% <b>-0.2%</b>
Sexual Assault Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault RDU Totals:	26,541.3 <b>26,541.3</b>	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 <b>0.0</b>	0.0% 0.0%
Integrated Victim Assistance Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault Violent Crimes Comp Board Victim Services Administration IVA Facility M&O	00000	32,465.0 2,189.6 2,184.5 0.0 36,839.1	32,478.8 2,204.5 2,184.5 0.0 36,867.8	32,478.8 2,204.5 2,184.5 0.0 36,867.8	32,471.0 2,215.7 2,859.6 45.3 37,591.6	32,083.9 1,854.1 2,859.5 453.3 36,842.9	-394.9 -350.4 675.1 45.3 -24.9	-1.2% -15.9% 30.9% 100.0%
Statewide Support Commissioner's Office Training Academy Administrative Services AK Public Safety Communic. Svcs Information Systems	4,083.7 3,637.9 4,385.9 9,456.5 3,295.0	3,977.4 4,267.3 5,607.9 10,749.4 4,646.5	4,023.7 4,267.3 5,624.0 10,749.4 4,646.5	4,128.5 4,267.3 5,698.4 10,570.2 4,646.5	4,877.7 4,405.3 5,946.9 10,049.0 4,721.1	4,877.7 4,405.3 5,946.9 10,049.0 4,721.1	749.2 138.0 248.5 -521.2 74.6	3.2% 3.2% 4.4% 1.6%
			FY2026 Governor Department of Public Safety	or : Safety		Released December	<del> </del>	12, 2024 Page 21

## Component Summary All Funds Department of Public Safety

Results Delivery Unit/ Component	FY2024 Actuals	FY2025 Enrolled	FY2025 Authorized	FY2025 Management Plan	FY2026 Governor Adjusted Base	FY2026 Governor	FY2025 Management Plan vs FY2026	25 Management Plan vs FY2026
	0 444 4	15 351 8	15,695.9	15.695.9	15.455.7	15,455.7	-240.2	-1.5%
Crim Just Information Systems	t'- tt'0	0.000	00000	0 7 10 7	10.601.0	10,601.0	7 627	A 1%
Laboratory Services	9,377.2	11,054.6	11,054.6	0.400,11	6.100,01	6.100,01	1.77	2
CIAC Escilia MACO	0.0	1.469.2	1,469.2	1,005.9	3,156.7	3,186.7	2,180.8	216.8%
DOO Otato Confision Door	57777	384.4		847.7	0.0	0.0	-847.7	-100.0%
DEC State Facilities Notice	845.1	00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	%0.0
Facility Maintenance  ROLL Totals:	45,100.4	57.508,5	57.915.0	57,915.0	59,214.3	59,244.3	1,329.3	2.3%
Violent Crimes Compensation Board								
Violent Clinics Compensation Comp	0.247.0	00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	%0.0
Violent Crimes Comp Board	0. 144.5		00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	%0.0
KDO LOCAIS:	0.142,2	2.0	0000	0 000	070 440 0	000 100	10 479 0	70 P Z
Unrestricted Gen (UGF):	243,512.7	261,658.5	262,503.9	262,503.9	2/3,143.0	201,302.9	0.014.0.0	07
Designated Gen (DGF):	5,123.5	9.536.6	9,883.5	9,883.5	9,601.9	9,214.8	-668.7	-6.8%
Configuration Company Configuration Company Co	11 697 4	14 310.2	14.330.6	14,330.6	14,449.7	15,011.1	680.5	4.7%
	21 909 3	40 938.4	40.974.1	40.974.1	41,124.3	41,124.3	150.2	0.4%
Legeral Langs:	71.000.0	1 000	4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	7 000 200	2000 040 7	247 222 4	10 641 0	6 no.
Total Funds:	282,242.9	326,443.7	327,692.1	321,692.1	200,019.1		2.6	2
							,	i
Permanent Full Time	1981	1.001	1,002	1,003	1,002	1,008	2	0.5%
Demander Dart Time	12	12	12	12	12	12	0	%0.0
Non Domonant:	27	30	90	31	31	34	က	8.1%
Total Positions:	1,030	1,043	1,044	1,046	1,045	1,054	8	%8.0

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### Inter-Agency Revenue Summary Department of Public Safety Revenue Type Inter-Agency Receipts Only

Scenario: FY2026 Governor (22363)

IRIS Revenue Type	IRIS Revenue Source Code	Component	Total
			5.608.9
Department of Public Saf			-,
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Correct - Department-wide	364.5 65.9
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Gov - Department-wide	15.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	H&SS - Department-wide	135.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	NatRes - Department-wide	20.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Administrative Services (525)	70.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Aircraft Section (2537)	75.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Bureau of Judicial Svcs (2885)	8.2
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Fire Standards Council (2428)	10.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Police Standards Council (519) PubSaf - AK Public Safety Communic. Svcs (3374)	45.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts		25.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK W-life Troopers Marine Enforc (493) PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Highway Patrol (3073)	8.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Investigation (2744)	120.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Wildlife Troopers (2746)	230.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AST Detachments (2325)	675.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Commissioner's Office (523)	20.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Crim Just Information Systems (3200)	136.9
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Dispatch Services (3346)	53.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts 5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault (521)	23.6
5007 I/A Ropts		PubSaf - DPS State Facilities Rent (2469)	1.008.2
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Fire and Life Safety (3051)	87.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Information Systems (3199)	35.8
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts 5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Laboratory Services (527)	88.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Prisoner Transportation (512)	700.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Rural Trooper Housing (515)	969.4
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Search and Rescue (513)	79.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Special Projects (1001)	50.1
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - SW Drug and Alcohol Enforcement (3052)	72.0
5007 I/A Rcpts 5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Training Academy (524)	23.0
•	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	246.1
5007 I/A Ropts 5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Violent Crimes Comp Board (520)	8.0
5007 I/A Repts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Rev - Department-wide	6.4
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Trans - Department-wide	133.5
6220 Crime VCF	6892 Crime Victim Compensation Fund		2.3
0220 011110 1 0.	- Miscellaneous	, , ,	
RDU: Fire and Life	***************************************		56.2
Safety (556)			
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Fire Standards Council (2428)	6.2
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	50.0
Component: Fire and			50.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	50.0
	Fire Standards Council (2428)		6.2
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Fire Standards Council (2428)	6.2
RDU: Alaska State			2,515.2
Troopers (160)			201.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Correct - Department-wide	201.8
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Gov - Department-wide	65.9
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	NatRes - Department-wide	135.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Prisoner Transportation (512)	700.0
5007 I/A Repts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Rural Trooper Housing (515)	969.4
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Search and Rescue (513)	79.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Special Projects (1001)	38.1
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	186.1
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Rev - Department-wide	6.4
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Trans - Department-wide	133.5
Component: Rural T	rooper Housing (515)	- 10 4 D 4 T 4 4 11 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 1	36.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Rural Trooper Housing (515)	27.5
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Trans - Department-wide	8.5 434.4
	State Trooper Detachments (2325)	David David mant wide	<b>131.4</b> 6.4
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Rey - Department-wide	125.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Trans - Department-wide	166.8
Component: Alaska	Bureau of Investigation (2744)		100.0

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### Inter-Agency Revenue Summary Department of Public Safety Revenue Type Inter-Agency Receipts Only

Scenario: FY2026 Governor (22363)

IRIS Revenue Type	IRIS Revenue Source Code	Component	Total
E007 I/A Bonto	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Correct - Department-wide	166.8
5007 I/A Ropts		Concot - Department was	879.9
Component: Aircraft	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Correct - Department-wide	35.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Gov - Department-wide	65.9
5007 I/A Ropts		PubSaf - Prisoner Transportation (512)	700.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Search and Rescue (513)	79.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Fubbal - Search and Nescue (515)	321.1
	Wildlife Troopers (2746)	NatRes - Department-wide	135.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	186.1
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts		980.0
	cility Maintenance and Operations (353	DubCof Burel Tenance Housing (616)	941.9
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Rural Trooper Housing (515)	38.1
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Special Projects (1001)	180.6
RDU: Integrated Victim			100.0
Assistance (738)		Out of Designation of the	162.7
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Correct - Department-wide	15.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	H&SS - Department-wide	0.6
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault (521)	
6220 Crime VCF	6892 Crime Victim Compensation Fun	d PubSaf - Violent Crimes Comp Board (520)	2.3
	- Miscellaneous		470.2
Component: Counc	il on Domestic Violence and Sexual Ass	ault (521)	178.3
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Correct - Department-wide	162.7
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	H&SS - Department-wide	15.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault (521)	0.6
Component: IVA Fa	cility Maintenance and Operations (3539	9)	2.3
6220 Crime VCF	6892 Crime Victim Compensation Fun	d PubSaf - Violent Crimes Comp Board (520)	2.3
RDU: Statewide Suppo	- Miscellaneous		2,856.9
(165)	· ·		·
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Administrative Services (525)	20.0
-	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Aircraft Section (2537)	70.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Bureau of Judicial Svcs (2885)	75.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Fire Standards Council (2428)	2.0
5007 I/A Ropts		PubSaf - AK Police Standards Council (519)	10.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Public Safety Communic. Svcs (3374)	45.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK W-life Troopers Marine Enforc (493)	25.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Highway Patrol (3073)	8.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Investigation (2744)	120.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts		230.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Wildlife Troopers (2746)	675.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AST Detachments (2325)	20.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Commissioner's Office (523)	
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Crim Just Information Systems (3200)	136.9
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Dispatch Services (3346)	53.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault (521)	23.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - DPS State Facilities Rent (2469)	1,008.2
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Fire and Life Safety (3051)	87.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Information Systems (3199)	35.8
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Laboratory Services (527)	88.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Special Projects (1001)	12.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - SW Drug and Alcohol Enforcement (3052)	72.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Training Academy (524)	23.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	10.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Violent Crimes Comp Board (520)	8.0
	nissioner's Office (523)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	611.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Administrative Services (525)	20.0
5007 I/A Repts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Aircraft Section (2537)	20.0
5007 I/A Repts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Bureau of Judicial Svcs (2885)	25.0
	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Fire Standards Council (2428)	1.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Police Standards Council (519)	5.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Public Safety Communic. Svcs (3374)	15.0
5007 I/A Ropts		PubSaf - AK W-life Troopers Marine Enforc (493)	10.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts 5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Highway Patrol (3073)	5.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts 5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Investigation (2744)	40.0
5007 I/A Ropts		PubSaf - Alaska Wildlife Troopers (2746)	80.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	i upodi - Alaska frikulijo i roopoja (2170)	25.5

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### Inter-Agency Revenue Summary Department of Public Safety Revenue Type Inter-Agency Receipts Only

Scenario: FY2026 Governor (22363)

IRIS Revenue Type	IRIS Revenue Source Code	Component	Total
5007 I/A Flants	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AST Detachments (2325)	225.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Crim Just Information Systems (3200)	30.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Dispatch Services (3346)	20.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault (521)	10.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Fire and Life Safety (3051)	20.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Information Systems (3199)	10.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Laboratory Services (527)	30.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Special Projects (1001)	5.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - SW Drug and Alcohol Enforcement (3052)	20.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Training Academy (524)	10.0
5007 I/A Ropts		PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	5.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Violent Crimes Comp Board (520)	5.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	Pubdai - Violent Offines Comp Board (020)	1,210.0
	strative Services (525)	PubSaf - Aircraft Section (2537)	50.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - All Bureau of Judicial Svcs (2885)	50.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Fire Standards Council (2428)	1.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Police Standards Council (519)	5.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK Public Safety Communic. Svcs (3374)	30.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AK W-life Troopers Marine Enforc (493)	15.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Highway Patrol (3073)	3.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Bureau of Investigation (2744)	80.0
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Alaska Wildlife Troopers (2746)	150.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - AST Detachments (2325)	450.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Commissioner's Office (523)	20.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Crim Just Information Systems (3200)	85.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Dispatch Services (3346)	33.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Dispatch Setvices (3340) PubSaf - Domestic Viol/Sexual Assault (521)	13.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Fire and Life Safety (3051)	67.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Information Systems (3199)	20.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Information Systems (3199) PubSaf - Laboratory Services (527)	58.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Special Projects (1001)	7.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts		52.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - SW Drug and Alcohol Enforcement (3052)	13.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Training Academy (524) PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)	5.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Village Public Safety Operations (3047)  PubSaf - Violent Crimes Comp Board (520)	3.0
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts		1,035.9
	acility Maintenance and Operations	(J400)	21.9
5007 I/A Ropts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Crim Just Information Systems (3200)	1,008.2
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - DPS State Facilities Rent (2469)	5.8
5007 I/A Rcpts	5301 Inter-Agency Receipts	PubSaf - Information Systems (3199)	5.0