ALASKA BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ASSOCIATION

JOHN SOLOMON

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH





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BEHAVIORAL
HEALTH
ASSOCIATION

INTRODUCTION

"WHAT IS PARITY?"

Parity ensures that behavioral health treatment has the same access and coverage as medical and surgical treatments.

The same service, provided to the same client, by the same provider should have the same regulations and access no matter the door a client enters.



PARITY LEGISLATION

"WHAT IT ISN'T"

Parity legislation does not limit the ability of the State to regulate and manage the Medicaid program.

Parity does not remove any oversight, accreditation standards, or regular work processes that ensure the medical neccessity of care.



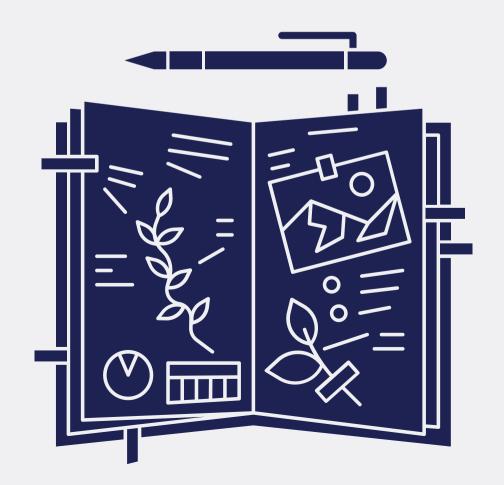
WHAT DO WE MEAN BY "BARRIERS"?

Outdated Medicaid regulations that limit how BH care is accessed

Extensive required paperwork and micromanagement applied exclusively to Community Behavioral Health & SU treatment centers vs. other medical settings.

Treatment Limitions exclusively for BH patients that restrict the amount of care patients receive

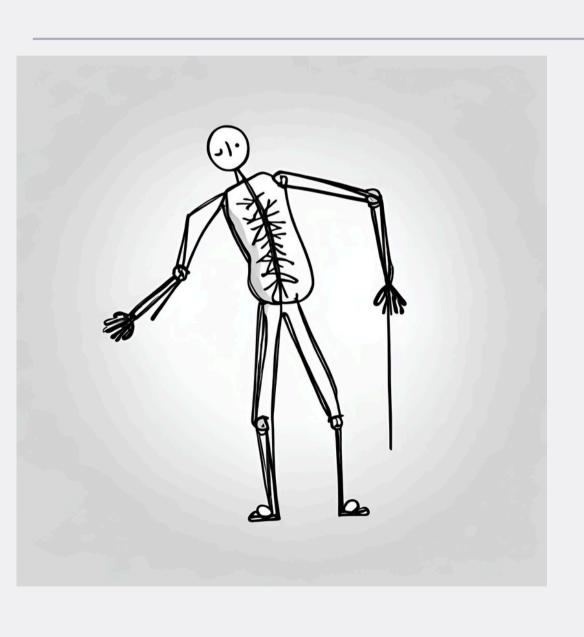
Health care stigma that doesnt recognise evidence based clinical decision making.



These are just some of the examples that have been highlighted across the country, including barriers currently in Alaska!.

PHYSICAL HEALTH

COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS



IN ONE APPOINTMENT

01 - Intake

02 - Brief Assessment

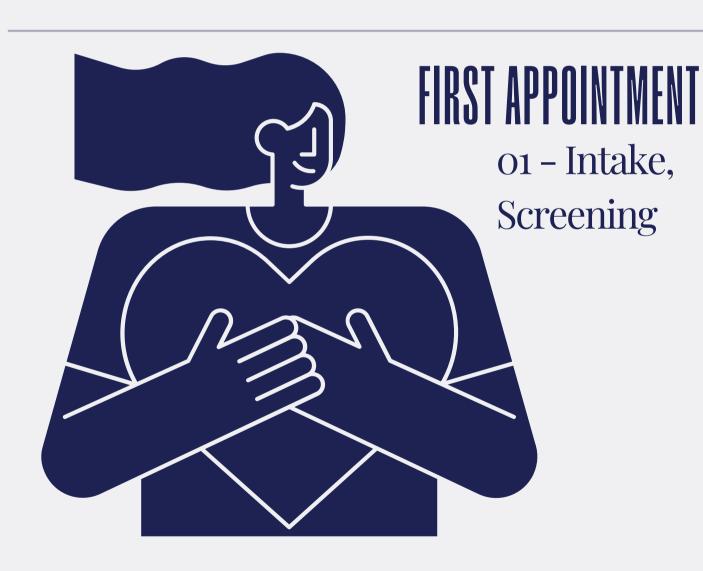
03 - Immediate Treatment

04 - Ongoing Plan

(FURTHER ASSESSMENT, ONGOING TREATMENT, FOLLOW UP APPOINTMENTS)

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

COMMUNITY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CENTERS



SECOND APPOINTMENT

o2 - Full Assessment

THIRD APPOINTMENT

o3 - Ongoing Planbefore treatment(90 days at a time)

4TH APPOINTMENT

04 - Treatment

THIS PROCESS OFTEN TAKES
MONTHS BEFORE A PATIENT CAN
EVEN START TREATMENT

BEHIND THE SCENES

COMMUNITY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CENTERS



MEDICAID ENROLLMENT

CLAIMS ADJUDICATION

DOCUMENTATION STANDARDS

STATE REPORTING

DEPARTMENT REVIEW

ACCREDITATION

Masters Level Clinicians leaving the public sector to go private

Provider organizations choosing not to take Medicaid

Organizations unable to bill both Medicaid and Private Insurance, creating a 2 tier system of care

Increasing cost of services to accomodate added administrative time

Programs built for audits, not outcomes

Matrix of Non-Quantitative Treatment Limitations (AKA – ADMIN Burden):

Community Behavioral Health Clinics/1115 Waiver Services (CBHC/1115) vs Health Professional Groups (HPG) vs Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs)

KEY: RED = More Burden; Yellow=Equal Burden; GREEN=Less burden

	Community Behavioral Health Clinics & 1115 waiver services	Health Professional Groups & outpatient 'Health Clinics' (Primary care, pediatricians, etc.)	FQHCs
Medicaid Enrollment	 Facility Enrollment (SPA) a. Healthcare Services (HMS) b. Div. BH c. Optum Individual Provider Enrollment (SPA) a. Healthcare Services (HMS) b. Div. BH c. Optum Facility Enrollment (1115 Waiver BH) a. Healthcare Services (HMS) b. Div. BH c. Optum Facility Enrollment (1115 Waiver SUD) a. Healthcare Services (HMS) b. Div. BH c. Optum Individual Provider (1115 Waiver SUD) Qualified Addiction Professional a. Healthcare Services (HMS) b. Div. BH c. Optum Coptum 	1) Facility/Group Enrollment a) Healthcare Services (HMS) 2) Individual Provider Enrollment a) Healthcare Services (HMS)	 Facility Enrollment a) Healthcare Services (HMS) Individual Provider Enrollment a) Healthcare Services (HMS)

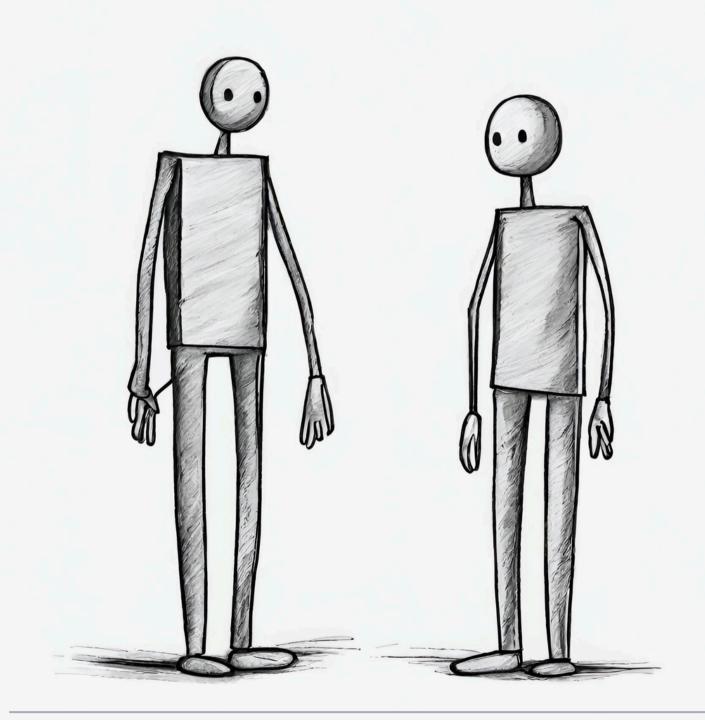
Medicaid Claims Adjudication Processes	 Claims submission to an ASO (Optum). Also requires Medicaid eligibility verification from HMS for patient & providers Significant errors in claims processing since ASO began service 	1. Claims submission to HMS	1. Claims submission to HMS
Documentation Standards Note: excludes additional standards for residential psychiatric providers, autism service provider, opioid treatment programs	7 AAC 105.230 (1 printed page) + 7 AAC 135.100 – 7 AAC 135.290 (7 printed pages) + 1115 Waiver SUD Manual (65 pages) + 1115 Waiver BH Manual (44 pages) + Accreditation Requirements (varies)	7 AAC 105.230 (1 printed page)	7 AAC105.230 (1 printed page) + Facility Licensing Requirements
	Total = 117+ pages	Total = 1 page	Total = 1+ page
State Reporting Requirements	AKAIMs – client-level, encounter-level data + Accreditation Reporting (All BH Services) + Facility Licensing (23 hour Crisis)	NONE	Year-end report per 150.990: Contains the following: The uniform Medicare cost report as submitted to the Medicare intermediary & Financial audits (note- clinical services provided in aggregate)
Accreditation Requirements	Outpatient Services a. Joint Commission, CARF, CoA	NONE	NONE
State Departmental Review Division Behavioral Health (DBH) Health Facility Licensing (HFL)	 1. Outpatient a. DBH Review 2. Crisis Settings (23 hour Crisis) a. DBH Review b. HFL - General Variance can apply (deemed status) 7 AAC 10.9500 	NONE	Licensed as Rural Health Clinic a. HFL General Variance can apply (deemed status) 7 AAC 10.9500

Rate-Setting Methodology & Unique	methodology, every 4 years	Cost-based – ANNUAL	Cost-based – ANNUAL*
timelines			PPS or APM
Service Authorizations 7 AAC 135.04	D (Temporary Suspension)	PENDING	PENDING

KEY: RED = More Burden; Yellow=Equal Burden; GREEN=Less burden

Note: PPS= Prospective Payment System; APM= Alternative Payment Methodology

PARITY LEGISLATION



ENSURING ACCESS

The Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act (federal parity law) was enacted in 2008, most recently it was updated in 2022. Alaska is currently exempt but can follow the example of many other states (including Wyoming, Missouri, Vermont, Maine, and New Mexico) and enact it's own parity standards and laws.

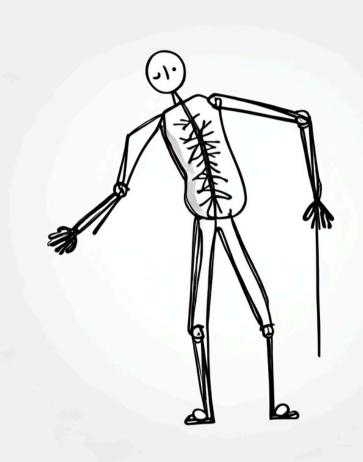
WHY Now?

BH provider organizations, and DOH & Division leadership are working closer together now than ever before.

Setting a standard for the future.

REAL WORLD OUTCOMES

EFFICIENT, ACCESSIBLE, THE ALASKA SOLUTION



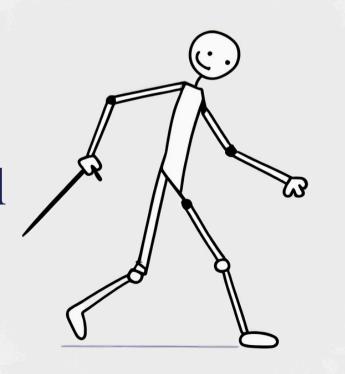
Lower wait times for BH care

Reduce our reliance on emergency rooms & correctional facilities

Efficient and cost effective care

More medicaid providers entering the system

Streamlined care coordination between physical and behavioral health providers



Programs based on outcomes and evidence



COMPONENTS OF PARITY LEGISLATION

Outlines federal parity standards

Directs the State to ensure compliance to parity standards through an evaluation of how services are designed and regulated.

Requires the State to submit an annual report to the legislature outlining their level of compliance and how decisions were made in the process.



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