11:00 p.m. February 2, 1956, Article XV was assigned to the Schedule, and the Apportionement Schedule which had been tentatively Article XV was made Article XIV.
RESOLVED, that the following be agreed upon as part of the schedule appended to the Alaska State Constitution:

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

Ordinance to Abolish Fish Traps

1. Section 26. Each elector who offers to vote upon the ratification of the constitution may,
2. upon the same ballot, vote on a third proposition, which shall be as follows:
3. "Shall Ordinance Number Three of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, prohibiting the use of fish traps for the taking of salmon for commercial purposes in the coastal waters of the State, be adopted?"
4. If the constitution shall be adopted by the electors and if a majority of all the votes cast for and against this ordinance favor its adoption, then the following shall become operative upon the effective date of the constitution:
"As a matter of immediate public necessity, to relieve economic distress among individual fishermen and those dependent upon them for a livelihood, to conserve the rapidly dwindling supply of salmon in Alaska, to insure fair competition among those engaged in commercial fishing, and to make manifest the will of the people of Alaska, the use of fish traps for the taking of salmon for commercial purposes is hereby prohibited in all the coastal waters of the State."
Section 14. The State of Alaska and its people disclaim all right and title in or to any property belonging to the United States, or subject to its disposition, and not granted or confirmed to the State or its political subdivisions, by or under the act admitting Alaska to the Union. The State and its people further disclaim all right or title in or to any property the right or title to which may be held by any Indian, Eskimo or Aleut, or community thereof, as that right or title is defined in the act of admission. The State and its people agree that the property, as described in this section, shall remain subject to the disposition of the United States and that no taxes will be imposed upon any such property, unless otherwise provided by the Congress. This tax exemption shall not apply to property held by individuals in fee simple without restrictions on alienation.
ALASKA CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

RESOLVED, that the following be agreed upon as part of the schedule appended to the Alaska State Constitution:

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

Ordinance to Abolish Fish Traps

1. Section 26. Each elector who offers to vote upon the ratification of the Constitution may, upon the same ballot, vote on the following, which shall be the third proposition:

   "Shall Ordinance No. Three of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, prohibiting the use of fish traps for the taking of salmon for commercial purposes in the coastal waters of the State, be adopted?"

2. If the Constitution shall be adopted by the electors and if a majority of all the votes cast for and against this ordinance shall be cast for its adoption, then the following shall become operative upon the effective date of the Constitution:

   Style and Drafting/Article XIV
"As a matter of immediate public necessity, to relieve economic distress among individual fishermen and those dependent upon them for a livelihood, to conserve the rapidly dwindling supply of salmon in Alaska, to insure fair competition among those engaged in commercial fishing, and to make manifest the will of the people of Alaska, the use of fish traps for the taking of salmon for commercial purposes is hereby prohibited in all the coastal waters of the State."
ALASKA CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON STYLE AND DRAFTING

Hon. William A. Egan, President
Alaska Constitutional Convention

Dear President Egan:

Your Committee on Style and Drafting herewith presents its redraft of the Article on Schedule for consideration by the Convention.

Respectfully submitted,

George Sundborg, Chairman
R. Rolland Armstrong
Edward V. Davis
Victor Fischer
Mildred R. Hermann
James J. Hurley
Maurice T. Johnson
George M. McLaughlin
Katherine D. Nordale
RESOLVED, that the following be agreed upon as part of the Alaska State Constitution:

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

To provide an orderly transition from a territorial to a state form of government, it is declared and ordained:

Effective Date

Section 1. This constitution shall take effect immediately upon the admission of Alaska into the Union as a State.

State Capital

Section 2. The capital of the State of Alaska shall be at Juneau.

Continuance of Laws

Section 3. All laws in force in the Territory of Alaska on the effective date of this constitution and consistent therewith shall continue in force until they expire by their own limitation, are amended or repealed.

Saving of Existing Rights and Liabilities

Section 4. Except as otherwise provided in this constitution, all rights, titles, actions, suits, contracts, liabilities and civil, criminal or administrative proceedings shall continue...
Local Government

Continuance of Office

Corresponding Qualifications

1. unaffected by the change from territorial to state government, and the state shall be the legal successor to the Territory in these matters.

Section 5. Cities, school districts, health districts, public utility districts and other local subdivisions of government existing on the effective date of this constitution shall continue to exercise their powers and functions under existing law pending enactment of laws to carry out the provisions of this constitution.

New local subdivisions of government shall be created only in accordance with this constitution.

Section 6. All officers of the Territory, or under its laws, on the effective date of this constitution shall continue to perform the duties of their offices in a manner consistent with this constitution until they are superseded by officers of the State.

Section 7. Residence or other qualifications prescribed by this constitution shall be satisfied by corresponding qualifications under the Territory.
Section 8. The seal of the Territory, substituting the word "State" for "Territory", shall be the seal of the State.

Section 9. The flag of the Territory shall be the flag of the State.

Section 10. This constitution shall be submitted to the voters of Alaska for ratification or rejection at the territorial primary election to be held on April 24, 1956. The election shall be conducted according to existing laws regulating primary elections so far as applicable.

Section 11. Each elector who offers to vote upon this constitution shall be given a ballot by the election judges which in substance shall contain the following proposition:

"Shall the Constitution for the State of Alaska prepared and agreed upon by the Alaska Constitutional Convention be adopted?"

Section 12. The returns of this election shall be made to the governor of the Territory of Alaska, and shall be canvassed in substantially the same manner provided by law for territorial elections.
Acceptance and Approval

Section 13. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition favor the constitution, then the constitution shall be deemed to be ratified by the people of Alaska. The governor of the Territory shall forthwith submit a certified copy of the constitution through the President of the United States to the Congress for approval, together with a statement of the votes cast thereon.

Governor to Proclaim Election

Section 14. When the people of the Territory ratify this constitution and it is approved by the duly constituted authority of the United States, the governor of the Territory shall, within thirty days after receipt of the official notification of such approval, issue a proclamation and take necessary measures to hold primary and general elections for all state elective offices provided for by this constitution.

First State Elections

Section 15. The primary election shall take place not less than forty nor more than ninety days after the proclamation by the governor of the Territory. The general election shall take place not less than ninety days after the primary election. The elections shall be
Senators and Representative

governed by this constitution and by applicable territorial laws.

Section 16. The officers to be elected at the first general election shall include two senators and one representative to serve in the Congress of the United States, unless senators and a representative have been previously elected and seated. One senator shall be elected for the long term and one senator for the short term, each term to expire on the third day of January in an odd-numbered year to be determined by authority of the United States. The term of the representative shall expire on the third day of January in the odd-numbered year immediately following his assuming office. If the first representative is elected in an even-numbered year to take office in that year, a representative shall be elected at the same time to fill the full term commencing on the third day of January of the following year, and the same person may be elected for both terms.

Section 17. The first governor and secretary of state shall hold office for a
term beginning with the day on which they qualify and ending at noon on the first Monday in December of the even-numbered year following the next presidential election. This term shall count as a full term for purposes of determining eligibility for reelection only if it is four years or more in duration.

Section 18. The returns of the first general election shall be made, canvassed and certified in the manner prescribed by law. The governor of the Territory shall certify the results to the President of the United States.

Section 19. When the President of the United States issues a proclamation announcing the results of the election, and the State has been admitted into the Union, the officers elected and qualified shall assume office.

Section 20. The governor shall call a special session of the first state legislature within thirty days after the presidential proclamation unless a regular session of the legislature falls within that period. The
First Judicial Council

transfer of court jurisdiction

special session shall not be limited as to duration.

Section 21. The first members of the judicial council shall, notwithstanding Section 8 of Article IV, be appointed for terms as follows: three attorney members for one, three and five years respectively, and three non-attorney members for two, four and six years respectively. The six members so appointed shall, in accordance with Section 5 of Article IV, submit to the governor nominations to fill the initial vacancies on the supreme court, including the office of chief justice. Once the chief justice is appointed, he shall assume his seat on the judicial council.

Section 22. Until the courts provided for in Article IV are organized, the courts, their jurisdiction and the judicial system shall remain as constituted on the date of admission unless otherwise provided by law. When the state courts are organized, new actions shall be commenced and filed therein, and all causes, other than those under the jurisdiction of the United States, pending
First Legislators:
Office Holding

Special Voting Provision

1. in the courts existing on the date of admission
2. shall be transferred to the proper state court as though commenced, filed or lodged
3. in those courts in the first instance, subject
4. to applicable acts of congress.

Section 23. The provisions of Section 5 of Article II shall not prohibit any member
of the first state legislature from holding any office or position created during his
first term.

Section 24. Citizens who legally voted in the general election of November 4, 1924,
and who meet the residence requirements for voting, shall be entitled to vote notwith-
standing the provisions of Section 1 of Article V.
ALASKA CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

COMMITTEE PROPOSAL NO. 17b

Introduced by Committee on Ordinances and Transitional Measures

RESOLVED, that the following be agreed-upon as part of the Alaska State Constitution:

SCHEDULE

To provide an orderly transition from a territorial to a state form of government, it is declared and ordained:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effective Date</th>
<th>Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1. This constitution shall take effect immediately upon the admission of Alaska into the Union as a State.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2. The capital of the State of Alaska shall be at Juneau.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3. All laws in force in the Territory of Alaska on the effective date of this constitution and consistent therewith shall continue in force until they expire by their own limitation, are amended or repealed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4. Except as otherwise provided in this constitution, all rights, titles, actions, suits, contracts, liabilities and civil, criminal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Committee Proposal No. 17b/First Enrolled
or administrative proceedings shall continue unaltered by
unaffected notwithstanding the change from
territorial to state government, and the state
shall be the legal successor to the
Territory in these matters.

Section 5. Cities, school districts,
health districts, public utility districts and
other local government units existing on the
effective date of this constitution shall
continue to exercise their powers and
functions under existing law pending enactment
of laws to carry out the provisions of this
local government article of this constitution. New, subordinate
boroughs, cities or special service areas shall
be created only in accordance with this constitu-
tion.

Section 6. All officers of the Territory,
or under its laws, on the effective date of this
constitution shall continue to perform the
duties of their offices in a manner consistent
with this constitution until they are superseded
by officers of the state.

Section 7. Residence or other qualifica-
tions prescribed by this constitution shall be
satisfied by corresponding qualifications under the Territory.

Section 8. The seal of the Territory substituting the word "State" for "Territory", shall be the seal of the State.

Section 9. The flag of the Territory shall be the flag of the State.

Section 10. This constitution shall be submitted to the voters of Alaska for ratification or rejection at the territorial primary election to be held on the 24th day of April, 1956. The election shall be conducted according to existing laws regulating primary elections so far as applicable.

Section 11. Each who offers to vote upon this constitution shall be given a ballot by the election judges which in substance shall contain the following proposition:

"SHALL THE CONSTITUTION FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA, WHICH IS PREPARED AND AGREED UPON BY THE ALASKA CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION, BE ADOPTED?"

The returns of this election shall be made to the Governor of Alaska, and shall be canvassed in substantially the same manner provided by law.
Section 13. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition favor the constitution, then the constitution shall be deemed to be ratified by the people of Alaska. The governor of Alaska shall forthwith submit a certified copy of the constitution through the President to the Congress for approval, together with a statement of the votes cast thereon.

Section 14. When the people of the Territory ratify this constitution and it is approved by the duly constituted authority of the United States, the governor of the Territory shall, within 90 days after receipt of the official notification of such approval, issue a proclamation and take other steps required primary and general elections for all state elective offices provided for by this constitution.

Section 15. The primary election shall take place not less than forty nor more than ninety days after the proclamation of the governor. The general election shall take place not less than ninety days after the primary election. The elections shall be governed by this constitution and by territorial laws.
Section 16. The officers to be elected at the first general election shall include two senators and one representative to the Congress of the United States, unless senators and a representative have been previously elected and seated. One United States Senator shall be elected for the "long term" and one Senator for the "short term", each term to expire on the third day of January in an odd-numbered year to be determined by authority of the United States. The term of the United States Representative shall expire on the third day of January in the odd-numbered year immediately following the taking of his seat. If the first Representative is elected in an even-numbered year to take office before the third day of January next, a Representative to fill the full term commencing on said third day of January of the following year shall be elected simultaneously, and the same person may be elected for both terms.

Section 17. The first state legislators shall hold office for a term beginning with the day on which they are elected and qualified and ending at noon on the fourth Monday in January after the next general election. If the first
1. election occurs at any time during an even-numbered year, that election shall be deemed to be the general election for that year.
2. Senators elected for "four year" terms shall serve an additional two years.

Section 19. The first governor and secretary of state shall hold office for a term beginning with the day on which they are elected and qualified and ending at noon on the first Monday in December of the even-numbered year following the next presidential election. This term shall count as a full term for purposes of determining eligibility for re-election only if it is four years or more in duration.

Section 17. The returns of the first general election shall be made, canvassed and certified in the manner prescribed by law. The governor of the Territory shall certify the results to the President of the United States.

Section 18. When the President issues a proclamation announcing the results of said election, and the State has been admitted into the Union, the officers elected and qualified shall proceed to discharge their duties.

Section 20. The governor shall convene a special session of the first state legislature.
Within 30 days after the President's proclamation unless a regular session of the legislature falls within that period, the special session shall not be limited as to duration.

Section 21. The first members of the Judicial Council shall, notwithstanding Section 5, Article IV, be appointed for terms as follows: three attorney members for one, three and five years respectively, and three non-attorney members for two, four, and six years respectively. The six members so appointed shall submit to the governor nominations to fill the initial vacancies on the Supreme Court, including the office of Chief Justice. Once the Chief Justice is appointed, he shall assume his seat on the Judicial Council.

Section 22. Until the courts provided for in Article IV are organized, the courts, jurisdiction and judicial system shall remain as constituted on the date of admission or otherwise provided by law or this constitution. When the state courts are organized, new actions shall be commenced and filed therein, and all causes, other than those under the jurisdiction of the United States, pending in the courts existing on the date of admission shall be transferred to the proper state court as though commenced, filed or lodged in these courts in the first instance, subject to applicable Acts of Congress.
Questions
1 Sections 24 and 25. (See Committee Proposal. 10.4.)
2 Sections 20 and 21.

First Legislators: Office Holding
3 Section 2%. The provisions of Section 5 of Article II shall not prohibit any member of the first state legislature from holding any office or position created during his first term.

Special Voting Provision
7 Section 2%. Citizens who legally voted in the general election of November 4, 1924, and who meet the residence requirements for voting, shall be entitled to vote notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1 of Article V.
Independent Candidates

(8) Persons not members of any political party may become independent candidates for these offices by filing an application in substantially the form set forth in Section 38--5-10, ACLA 1949, in the office of the Director of Finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956.

Party Nominations

(9) Party nominations for senators and representative shall, for this election only, be made by party conventions in the manner prescribed in Section 38-4-11, ACLA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination occurring in a primary election. The chairman and secretary of the central committee of each political party shall certify the names of the candidate nominated to the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956. The nominated candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy in substantially the form prescribed in Chapter 17, Session Laws of Alaska, 1953, on or before the same date.
CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF ALASKA

RESOLVED, that the following sections be adopted as a part of the schedule of the Alaska State Constitution:

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Text</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Section 25. The election of senators and a representative to serve in the Congress of the United States being necessary and proper to prepare for the admission of Alaska as a State of the Union, the following is hereby ordained, pursuant to Chapter 46, SLA 1955:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>(1) Each elector who offers to vote upon this constitution at the ratification election shall be given a separate ballot by the election judges which shall contain the following proposition:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>&quot;Shall ordinance No. ___(Alaska-Tennessee Plan) of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, calling for the immediate election of two</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Style and Drafting/Article XIV
United State Senators and one United States Representative, be adopted?

Approval

(2) Upon ratification of the constitution by the people of Alaska and separate approval of this ordinance by a majority of all votes cast for and against it, the remainder of this ordinance shall become effective.

Election of Senators and Representative

(3) Two persons to serve as members of the senate of the United States and one person to serve as a member of the house of representatives of the United States shall be chosen at the 1956 general election.

Terms

(4) One senator shall be chosen for the regular term expiring on January 3, 1963, and the other for an initial short term expiring on January 3, 1961, unless when they are seated the senate prescribes other expiration dates. The representative shall be chosen for the regular term of two years expiring January 3, 1959.

Qualifications

(5) Candidates for senators and representative shall have the qualifications prescribed in the constitution of the United States and shall be qualified voters of Alaska.

Other Office Holding

(6) Until the admission of Alaska as a state, the senators and representative may also hold or be
nominated and elected to other offices of the United States or of the Territory of Alaska, provided that no person may receive compensation for more than one office.

(7) Except as provided herein, the laws of the Territory governing elections to the office of delegate to congress shall, to the extent applicable, govern the election of the senators and representative. Territorial and other officials shall perform their duties with reference to this election accordingly.

(8) Persons not representing any political party may become independent candidates for the offices of senator or representative by filing applications in the manner provided in Section 38-5-10, ACLA 1949, insofar as applicable. Applications must be filed in the office of the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956.

(9) Party nominations for senators and representative shall, for this election only, be made by party conventions in the manner prescribed in Section 38-4-11, ACLA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination occurring in a primary election. The names of the candidates
nominated shall be certified by the chairman and
secretary of the central committee of each political
party to the director of finance of the Territory
on or before June 30, 1956.

(10) The director of finance shall certify
the names of all candidates for senators and
representative to the clerks of court by July 15,
1956. The clerks of court shall cause the names
to be printed on the official ballot for the
general election. Independent candidates shall be
identified as provided in Section 38-5-10, ACLA
1949. Candidates nominated at party conventions
shall be identified with appropriate party designa-
tions as is provided by law for nominations at
primary elections.

(11) The ballot form shall group separately
the candidates seeking the regular senate term,
those seeking the short senate term and candidates
for representative. The candidate for each office
receiving the largest number of votes cast for
that office shall be elected.

(12) The duties and emoluments of the offices
of senator and representative shall be as prescribed
by law.
(13) The president of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, or person designated by him, may assist in carrying out the purposes of this ordinance. The unexpended and unobligated funds appropriated to the Alaska Constitutional Convention by Chapter 46, SLA 1955, may be used to defray expenses attributable to the referendum and the election required by this ordinance.

(14) If the Congress of the United States seats the senators and representative elected pursuant to this ordinance and approves the constitution before the first election of state officers, then Section 1 of Article XIV shall be void and shall be replaced by the following:

"The provisions of the constitution applicable to the first election of state officers shall take effect immediately upon the admission of Alaska into the Union as a State. The remainder of the constitution shall take effect when the elected governor takes office."
CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF ALASKA

RESOLVED, that the following sections be adopted as a part of the schedule of the Alaska State Constitution:

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

1 Section 25. The election of senators and a representative to serve in the Congress of the United States being necessary and proper to prepare for the admission of Alaska as a State of the Union, the following is hereby ordained, pursuant to Chapter 46, SLA 1955:

(1) Each person who offers to vote upon this constitution at the ratification election by the election judges shall be given a separate ballot which shall contain the following proposition:

"Shall ordinance No. (Alaska-Tennessee Plan) of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, calling for the immediate election
of two United States Senators and one United States Representative, be adopted?"  

(2) Upon ratification of the constitution by the people of Alaska and separate approval of this ordinance by a majority of all votes cast for and against it, the remainder of this ordinance shall become effective.

(3) Two persons to serve as members of the Senate of the United States and one person to serve as a member of the House of Representatives of the United States shall be chosen at the 1956 general election.

(4) One senator shall be chosen for the regular term expiring on January 3, 1963, and the other for an initial short term expiring on January 3, 1961, unless when they are seated the Senate prescribes other expiration dates. The representative shall be chosen for the regular term of two years expiring January 3, 1959.

(5) Candidates for senators and representative shall have the qualifications prescribed in the Constitution of the United States and shall be qualified voters of Alaska.

(6) Until the admission of Alaska as a state, the senators and representative may also hold or be nominated and elected to other offices of the United States or of the Territory of Alaska, provided that no person may receive compensation for more than one office.
(8) Persons not members of any political party may become independent candidates for these offices by filing an application in substantially the form prescribed in Section 38-5-10, ACLA 1949, in the office of the Director of Finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956.

(9) Party nominations for senators and representative shall, for this election only, be made by party conventions in the manner prescribed in Section 38-4-11, ACLA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination occurring in a primary election. The chairman and secretary of the central committee of each political party shall certify the names of the candidates nominated to the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956. The nominated candidates shall file a declaration of candidacy in substantially the form prescribed in Chapter 17, Section 110, ACLA 1953, on or before the same date.
Except as provided herein, the laws of the Territory governing elections to the office of delegate to congress shall, to the extent applicable, govern the election of the senators and representative. Territorial and other officials shall perform their duties with reference to this election accordingly.

All candidates for senators and representative must file declarations of candidacy with the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956. Each candidate shall pay a filing fee of forty dollars.

Independent candidates who meet the requirements set forth in Section 38-5-10, ACLA 1949, may file for the office of senator or representative. According to Section 38-4-11, ACLA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination occurring in a primary election. The chairman and secretary of the central committee of each political party shall certify the names of the candidate nominated to the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956.

The director of finance shall certify the names of all candidates for senators and representative to the clerks of court by July 15, 1956. The clerks of
Except as provided herein, the laws of the Territory governing elections to the office of delegate to congress shall, to the extent applicable, govern the election of the senators and representatives. Territory officials shall perform their duties with reference to this election accordingly.

Each candidate shall pay a filing fee of forty dollars.

Party nominations for the office of senator or representative, occurring in the manner prescribed in Section 34-4-11, ACA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination, shall, for this election only, be made by party conventions occurring in the Territory.

The chairman and secretary of the central committee of each political party shall, for this election only, make by party convention nominations for senators and representatives who meet the requirements prescribed in Section 34-5-19, ACA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination.

Independent candidates who meet the requirements prescribed in Section 34-5-19, ACA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination, may file declarations of candidacy with the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956.

All candidates for senators and representatives shall, to the extent applicable, perform their duties with reference to this election accordingly.

The director of finance shall certify the names of all candidates for senators and representatives by July 15, 1956. The clerks of court shall certify the names of all candidates for senators and representatives.

The director of finance shall certify the names of all candidates for senators and representatives.
court shall cause the names to be printed on the
official ballot for the general election. Independent
candidates shall be identified as provided in
Section 38-5-10, ACLA 1949. Candidates nominated
at party conventions shall be identified with appro-
priate party designations as is provided by law for
nominations at primary elections.

(12) Each declaration of candidacy shall clear-
ly indicate whether the candidate for senator is
seeking the regular or the short term. The ballot
form shall group separately the candidates seeking
the senate regular term, those seeking the senate short
term and candidates for representative. The candi-
date for each office receiving the largest number
of votes cast for that office shall be elected.

(13) The duties and emoluments of the offices
of senator and representative shall be as prescribed
by law.

(13) The president of the Alaska Constitutional
Convention, or person designated by him, may assist
in carrying out the purposes of this ordinance. The
unexpended and unobligated funds appropriated to the
Alaska Constitutional Convention by Chapter 46, SLA
1955, may be used to defray expenses attributable
to the referendum and the election required by this
ordinance.
If the Congress of the United States seats the senators and representative elected pursuant to this ordinance and approves the constitution prior to the first election of state officers, then Section 1 of Article XIV shall be void and shall be replaced by the following:

"The provisions of the constitution applicable to the first election of state officers shall take effect immediately upon the admission of Alaska into the Union as a State. The remainder of the constitution shall take effect when the elected governor takes office."
RESOLVED, that the following sections be adopted as a part of the schedule of the Alaska State Constitution:

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The election of senators and a representative to serve in the Congress of the United States being necessary and proper to prepare for the admission of Alaska as a State of the Union, the following is hereby ordained, pursuant to Chapter 46, SLA 1955:</td>
</tr>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Shall ordinance No. (Alaska-Tennessee Plan) of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, calling for the immediate election</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approval</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Election of Senators and Representative</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terms</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qualifications</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Office Holding</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
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</table>
court shall cause the names to be printed on the
official ballot for the general election. Independent candidates shall be identified as provided in
Section 38-5-10, ACLA 1949. Candidates nominated at party conventions shall be identified with appropriate party designations as is provided by law for nominations at primary elections.

(12) Each declaration of candidacy shall clearly indicate whether the candidate for senator is seeking the regular or the short term. The ballot form shall group separately the candidates seeking the senate long term, those seeking the senate short term and candidates for representative. The candidate for each office receiving the largest number of votes cast for that office shall be elected.

(13) The duties and emoluments of the offices of senator and representative shall be as prescribed by law.

(14) The president of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, or person designated by him, may assist in carrying out the purposes of this ordinance. The unexpended and unobligated funds appropriated to the Alaska Constitutional Convention by Chapter 46, SLA 1955, may be used to defray expenses attributable to the referendum and the election required by this ordinance.
(15) If the Congress of the United States seats the senators and representative elected pursuant to this ordinance and approves the constitution prior to the first election of state officers, then Section 1 of Article XIV shall be void and shall be replaced by the following:

"The provisions of the constitution applicable to the first election of state officers shall take effect immediately upon the admission of Alaska into the Union as a State. The balance of the constitution shall take effect when the elected governor takes office."
CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF ALASKA

RESOLVED, that the following sections be adopted as a part of the schedule of the Alaska State Constitution:

ARTICLE XIV

SCHEDULE

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Section _____. The election of senators and a representative to serve in the Congress of the United States being necessary and proper to prepare for the admission of Alaska as a State of the Union, the following is hereby ordained, pursuant to Chapter 46, SLA 1955:</td>
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<td>(i) Each qualified voter who offers to vote upon this constitution at the ratification election shall be given a separate ballot which, in substance, shall contain the following proposition:</td>
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<td>&quot;Shall ordinance No.____ Alaska-Tennessee Plan of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, calling for the immediate election</td>
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Style & Drafting/Article XIV
Approval

(2) Upon ratification of the constitution by the people of Alaska and separate approval of this ordinance by a majority of all votes cast for and against it, the balance of this ordinance shall become effective.

Election of Senators and Representatives

(3) Two persons to serve as members of the Senate of the United States and one person to serve as a member of the House of Representatives of the United States shall be chosen at the 1956 general election.

Terms

(4) One senator shall be chosen for the regular term expiring on January 3, 1963, and the other for an initial short term expiring on January 3, 1961, unless when they are seated the Senate prescribes other expiration dates. The representative shall be chosen for the regular term of two years expiring January 3, 1959.

Qualifications

(5) Candidates for senators and representative shall have the qualifications prescribed in the Constitution of the United States and shall be qualified voters of Alaska.

Other Office Holding

(6) Until the admission of Alaska as a state, the senators and representative may also hold or be nominated and elected to other offices of the United States or of the Territory of Alaska, provided that no person may receive compensation for more than one office.
(7) Except as provided herein, the laws of the Territory governing elections to the office of delegate to congress shall, to the extent applicable, govern the election of the senators and representative. Territorial and other officials shall perform their duties with reference to this election accordingly.

(8) All candidates for senators and representative must file declarations of candidacy with the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956. Each candidate shall pay a filing fee of forty dollars.

(9) Independent candidates who meet the requirements set forth in Section 38-5-10, ACLA 1949, may file for the office of senator or representative.

(10) Party nominations for senators and representative shall, for this election only, be made by party conventions in the manner prescribed in Section 38-4-11, ACLA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination occurring in a primary election. The chairman and secretary of the central committee of each political party shall certify the names of the candidate nominated to the director of finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956.

(11) The director of finance shall certify the names of all candidates for senators and representative to the clerks of court by July 15, 1956. The clerks of
court shall cause the names to be printed on the official ballot for the general election. Independent candidates shall be identified as provided in Section 38-5-10, ACLA 1949. Candidates nominated at party conventions shall be identified with appropriate party designations as is provided by law for nominations at primary elections.

(12) Each declaration of candidacy shall clearly indicate whether the candidate for senator is seeking the regular or the short term. The ballot form shall group separately the candidates seeking the senate long term, those seeking the senate short term and candidates for representative. The candidate for each office receiving the largest number of votes cast for that office shall be elected.

(13) The duties and emoluments of the offices of senator and representative shall be as prescribed by law.

(14) The president of the Alaska Constitutional Convention, or person designated by him, may assist in carrying out the purposes of this ordinance. The unexpended and unobligated funds appropriated to the Alaska Constitutional Convention by Chapter 46, SLA 1955, may be used to defray expenses attributable to the referendum and the election required by this ordinance.
(15) If the Congress of the United States seats the senators and representative elected pursuant to this ordinance and approves the constitution prior to the first election of state officers, then Section 1 of Article XIV shall be void and shall be replaced by the following:

"The provisions of the constitution applicable to the first election of state officers shall take effect immediately upon the admission of Alaska into the Union as a State. The balance of the constitution shall take effect when the elected governor takes office."
Alaska Constitutional Convention

Committee Proposal No. 17c/Second Revision

Introduced by Committee on Ordinances and Transitional Measures

RESOLVED, that the following sections be adopted as part of the schedule of the Alaska State Constitution:

**SCHEDULE**

1. Section 27. The provisions of Section 5 of Article III shall not prohibit the appointment of any member of the first state legislature or any office or position created by this constitution or created during his first term.

2. Section 28. Citizens who legally voted in the general election of November 4, 1924, and who fulfilled the residence requirements for voting, shall be entitled to vote notwithstanding the provisions of Article V.

3. Section 29. Congress of the United States is a necessary and proper measure in preparation for the admission of Alaska as a State of the Union, it is hereby ordered, pursuant to Chapter 46, Session Laws of Alaska, 1955, and in order to carry out the purposes of this Convention, as follows:

Committee Proposal No. 17c/Second Revision
Election of U. S. Senators and Representatives

(1) Upon ratification of this constitution by the people of Alaska, and separate approval of this ordinance by a majority of all the votes cast for and against this ordinance, there shall be chosen at the general election immediately following such ratification two persons to serve as members of the Senate of the United States, one for the regular term, expiring on January 3, 1963, and the other for an initial short term, expiring on January 3, 1961, unless when they are seated the Senate prescribes earlier expiration dates for one or both of them, and one person to serve as a member of the House of Representatives of the United States for the regular term of two years, expiring January 3, 1959. Such persons shall meet the qualifications for these offices as set forth in the Constitution of the United States and shall be qualified voters of Alaska.

(2) Until the admission of Alaska into the Union as a State, the persons nominated and elected to these offices may also hold or be nominated and elected to other offices of the Territory or of the United States, provided that such a person shall receive the compensation assigned to only one of the positions held.

(3) Except as provided herein, the laws of the
of the territory governing elections to the Office of Delegate to Congress shall, to the extent applicable, govern elections to these offices, and territorial and other officials shall perform their duties with reference to these elections accordingly. All candidates for these offices shall pay a filing fee of $4.00.00 in the Office of the Director of Finance.

4. Party nominations for each of these offices shall, for this election only, be made by party conventions in the same manner as set forth in Section 38-4-11, AGLA 1949, for filling a vacancy in a party nomination occurring in a primary election. The chairman and secretary of the Central Committee of each major political party shall, immediately upon such nominations being made and in no event later than June 30, 1956, certify to the Director of Finance of the Territory by telegraph, followed by an official certification by registered mail, the names of the candidates nominated.

5. The names of independent candidates for these offices who file a declaration of their candidacy in the office of the Director of Finance of the Territory on or before June 30, 1956 and who meet other requirements set forth in Section 38-5-10
ACLA 1949 shall also be placed on the ballot for the general election.

(6) The Director of Finance shall certify the names of all candidates for these offices to the Clerks of Court by July 15, 1956. The Clerks of the Courts shall cause these names to be printed on the official ballot for the general election, identifying candidates nominated at party conventions with the appropriate party designation as provided by law in case of a nomination at a primary election and identifying independent candidates as provided in Section 38-5-10 ACLA 1949.

(7) The Secretary of the Alaska Constitutional Convention may take steps to assist in carrying out the purposes of this ordinance.

(8) The applications for filing and the ballot form shall clearly indicate whether the candidates for United States Senator are running for the office carrying the regular or the short term. The candidates receiving the largest number of the votes cast for the office shall be elected. The duties and the emoluments of these offices shall be as prescribed by law. The unexpended and unobligated funds appropriated to the Alaska Constitutional Convention by Chapter 46, Session Laws of Alaska, 1955, may be used to
Entry into Force of Constitution

(9) Should the Senators and the Representative be elected and seated in the Congress of the United States after the Congress approves this Constitution but before the first elections are held for elective state offices under this constitution, then the following section shall be substituted for Section 1 of this schedule.

"The provisions of the constitution applicable to the first election of state officers shall take effect immediately upon the admission of Alaska to the Union as a State. The rest of the Constitution shall take effect on the date that the elected Governor takes office."?

(10) Each qualified voter who offers to vote upon this constitution shall be given a ballot by the election judges which in substance shall contain the following proposition:

SHALL ORDINANCE NO. 27 (TENNESSEE PLAN)
SET FORTH IN THE PROPOSED CONSTITUTION
FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA, CALLING FOR THE IMMEDIATE ELECTION OF TWO UNITED STATES SENATORS AND ONE UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE, BE ADOPTED?

YES

NO