

LAWS OF ALASKA

2009

Source HB 141

Chapter No.

AN ACT

Relating to the Interstate Compact for Juveniles; relating to the State Council for Interstate Adult and Juvenile Offender Supervision; amending Rules 4 and 24(b), Alaska Rules of Civil Procedure; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

THE ACT FOLLOWS ON PAGE 1

AN ACT

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Relating to the Interstate Compact for Juveniles; relating to the State Council for Interstate 2 Adult and Juvenile Offender Supervision; amending Rules 4 and 24(b), Alaska Rules of Civil 3 Procedure; and providing for an effective date. 4 5 * **Section 1.** AS 33.36.140(a) is amended to read: 6 (a) There is created the State Council for Interstate Adult and Juvenile 7 Offender Supervision to implement the provisions of the compact set out in 8 AS 33.36.110 as the State Council for Interstate Adult Offender Supervision and 9 the compact set out in AS 47.15.010 as the State Council for Interstate Juvenile 10 **Supervision**. The state council shall meet as frequently as necessary to carry out its 11 responsibilities. 12 * **Sec. 2.** AS 33.36.140(b) is amended to read: 13 (b) The state council consists of **nine** [SEVEN] members as follows: 14 (1) the commissioner of corrections; the commissioner of corrections

1	may name a designee to serve in this capacity;
2	(2) the compact administrator appointed under AS 33.36.130;
3	(3) an attorney employed in the Department of Law, appointed by the
4	governor;
5	(4) two members appointed by the governor from among the citizens
6	of the state, at least one of whom must be a representative from victims' groups;
7	(5) one ex officio nonvoting member from the legislative branch
8	selected by the legislature and one ex officio nonvoting member from the judicial
9	branch selected by the judiciary;
10	(6) the commissioner of health and social services; the
11	commissioner of health and social services may name a designee to serve in this
12	capacity;
13	(7) the compact administrator appointed under AS 47.15.020.
14	* Sec. 3. AS 44.21.410(a) is amended to read:
15	(a) The office of public advocacy shall
16	(1) perform the duties of the public guardian under AS 13.26.360 -
17	13.26.410;
18	(2) provide visitors and experts in guardianship proceedings under
19	AS 13.26.131;
20	(3) provide guardian ad litem services to children in child protection
21	actions under AS 47.17.030(e) and to wards and respondents in guardianship
22	proceedings who will suffer financial hardship or become dependent upon a
23	government agency or a private person or agency if the services are not provided at
24	state expense under AS 13.26.025;
25	(4) provide legal representation in cases involving judicial bypass
26	procedures for minors seeking abortions under AS 18.16.030, in guardianship
27	proceedings to respondents who are financially unable to employ attorneys under
28	AS 13.26.106(b), to indigent parties in cases involving child custody in which the
29	opposing party is represented by counsel provided by a public agency, and to indigent
30	parents or guardians of a minor respondent in a commitment proceeding concerning
31	the minor under AS 47.30.775;

(5) provide legal representation and guardian ad litem services under
AS 25.24.310; in cases arising under AS 47.15 ([UNIFORM] Interstate Compact for
[ON] Juveniles); in cases involving petitions to adopt a minor under AS 25.23.125(b)
or petitions for the termination of parental rights on grounds set out in
AS 25.23.180(c)(3); in cases involving petitions to remove the disabilities of a minor
under AS 09.55.590; in children's proceedings under AS 47.10.050(a) or under
AS 47.12.090; in cases involving appointments under AS 18.66.100(a) in petitions for
protective orders on behalf of a minor; and in cases involving indigent persons who
are entitled to representation under AS 18.85.100 and who cannot be represented by
the public defender agency because of a conflict of interests;

- (6) develop and coordinate a program to recruit, select, train, assign, and supervise volunteer guardians ad litem from local communities to aid in delivering services in cases in which the office of public advocacy is appointed as guardian ad litem:
- (7) provide guardian ad litem services in proceedings under AS 12.45.046 or AS 18.15.355 18.15.395;
- (8) establish a fee schedule and collect fees for services provided by the office, except as provided in AS 18.85.120 or when imposition or collection of a fee is not in the public interest as defined under regulations adopted by the commissioner of administration;
- (9) provide visitors and guardians ad litem in proceedings under AS 47.30.839;
- (10) provide legal representation to an indigent parent of a child with a disability; in this paragraph, "child with a disability" has the meaning given in AS 14.30.350;
- (11) investigate complaints and bring civil actions under AS 44.21.415(a) involving fraud committed against residents of the state who are 60 years of age or older; in this paragraph, "fraud" has the meaning given in AS 44.21.415.
- * Sec. 4. AS 47.15.010 is repealed and reenacted to read:
 - Sec. 47.15.010. Execution of interstate compact. The governor shall execute

a compact on the behalf of the state with any other state or states legally joining in it in
substantially the following form:
INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR JUVENILES

ARTICLE I

5 PURPOSE

The compacting states to this Interstate Compact recognize that each state is responsible for the proper supervision or return of juveniles, delinquents, and status offenders who are on probation or parole and who have absconded, escaped, or run away from supervision and control and in so doing have endangered their own safety and the safety of others. The compacting states also recognize that each state is responsible for the safe return of juveniles who have run away from home and in doing so have left their state of residence. The compacting states also recognize that Congress, by enacting the Crime Control Act, 4 U.S.C. 112 (1965), has authorized and encouraged compacts for cooperative efforts and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime. It is the purpose of this compact, through means of joint and cooperative action among the compacting states to

- (1) ensure that the adjudicated juveniles and status offenders subject to this compact are provided adequate supervision and services in the receiving state as ordered by the adjudicating judge or parole authority in the sending state;
- (2) ensure that the public safety interests of the citizens, including the victims of juvenile offenders, in both the sending and receiving states are adequately protected;
- (3) return juveniles who have run away, absconded, or escaped from supervision or control or have been accused of an offense to the state requesting their return;
- (4) make contracts for the cooperative institutionalization in public facilities in member states for delinquent youth needing special services;
 - (5) provide for the effective tracking and supervision of juveniles;
- (6) equitably allocate the costs, benefits, and obligations of the compacting states;
 - (7) establish procedures to manage the movement between states of

1	juvenile offenders released to the community under the jurisdiction of courts, juvenile
2	departments, or any other criminal or juvenile justice agency that has jurisdiction over
3	juvenile offenders;
4	(8) ensure immediate notice to jurisdictions where defined offenders
5	are authorized to travel or to relocate across state lines;
6	(9) establish procedures to resolve pending charges, including
7	detainers, against juvenile offenders before transfer or release to the community under
8	the terms of this compact;
9	(10) establish a system of uniform data collection on information
10	pertaining to juveniles subject to this compact that allows access by authorized
11	juvenile justice and criminal justice officials, and regular reporting of compact
12	activities to heads of state executive, judicial, and legislative branches and juvenile
13	and criminal justice administrators;
14	(11) monitor compliance with rules governing interstate movement of
15	juveniles and initiate interventions to address and correct noncompliance;
16	(12) coordinate training and education regarding the regulation of
17	interstate movement of juveniles for officials involved in such activity; and
18	(13) coordinate the implementation and operation of the compact with
19	the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, the Interstate Compact for Adult
20	Offender Supervision, and other compacts affecting juveniles particularly in those
21	cases where concurrent or overlapping supervision issues arise; it is the policy of the
22	compacting states that the activities conducted by the Interstate Commission created in
23	this section are the formation of public policies and therefore are public business;
24	furthermore, the compacting states shall cooperate and observe their individual and
25	collective duties and responsibilities for the prompt return and acceptance of juveniles
26	subject to the provisions of this compact. The provisions of this compact shall be
27	reasonably and liberally construed to accomplish the purposes and policies of the
28	compact.
29	ARTICLE II
30	DEFINITIONS
31	As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different

1	construction:
2	(1) "by-laws" means those by-laws established by the Interstate
3	Commission for its governance, or for directing or controlling its actions or conduct;
4	(2) "commissioner" means the voting representative of each
5	compacting state appointed under art. III of this compact;
6	(3) "compact administrator" means the individual in each compacting
7	state appointed under the terms of this compact, responsible for the administration and
8	management of the state's supervision and transfer of juveniles subject to the terms of
9	this compact, the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, and policies adopted by
10	the state council under this compact;
11	(4) "compacting state" means any state that has enacted the enabling
12	legislation for this compact;
13	(5) "court" means any court having jurisdiction over delinquent,
14	neglected, or dependent children;
15	(6) "deputy compact administrator" means the individual, if any, in
16	each compacting state appointed to act on behalf of a compact administrator under the
17	terms of this compact responsible for the administration and management of the state's
18	supervision and transfer of juveniles subject to the terms of this compact, the rules
19	adopted by the Interstate Commission, and policies adopted by the state council under
20	this compact;
21	(7) "Interstate Commission" means the Interstate Commission for
22	Juveniles created by art. III of this compact;
23	(8) "juvenile" means any person defined as a juvenile in any member
24	state or by the rules of the Interstate Commission, including
25	(A) accused delinquent, a person charged with an offense that,
26	if committed by an adult, would be a criminal offense;
27	(B) adjudicated delinquent, a person found to have committed
28	an offense that, if committed by an adult, would be a criminal offense;
29	(C) accused status offender, a person charged with an offense
30	that would not be a criminal offense if committed by an adult;
31	(D) adjudicated status offender, a person found to have

1	committed an offense that would not be a criminal offense if committed by an
2	adult; and
3	(E) non-offender, a person in need of supervision who has not
4	been accused or adjudicated a status offender or delinquent.
5	(9) "non-compacting state" means any state that has not enacted the
6	enabling legislation for this compact;
7	(10) "probation or parole" means any kind of supervision or
8	conditional release of juveniles authorized under the laws of the compacting states;
9	(11) "rule"
10	(A) means a written statement by the Interstate Commission
11	promulgated under art. VI of this compact that is of general applicability,
12	implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or
13	an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the commission, and
14	has the force and effect of statutory law in a compacting state;
15	(B) includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an
16	existing rule;
17	(12) "state" means a state of the United States, the District of
18	Columbia or its designee, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
19	Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas Islands.
20	ARTICLE III
21	INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR JUVENILES
22	(a) The compacting states hereby create the "Interstate Commission for
23	Juveniles." The commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the
24	compacting states. The commission shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and
25	duties set out in this section, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it
26	by subsequent action of the respective legislatures of the compacting states in
27	accordance with the terms of this compact.
28	(b) The Interstate Commission shall consist of commissioners appointed by
29	the appropriate appointing authority in each state under the rules and requirements of
30	each compacting state and in consultation with the State Council for Interstate
31	Juvenile Supervision created under this section. The commissioner shall be the

compact administrator, deputy compact administrator, or designee from that state who shall serve on the Interstate Commission in such capacity under the applicable law of the compacting state.

- (c) In addition to the commissioners who are the voting representatives of each state, the Interstate Commission shall include individuals who are not commissioners, but who are members of interested organizations. Such non-commissioner members must include a member of the national organizations of governors, legislators, state chief justices, attorneys general, Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision, Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, juvenile justice and juvenile corrections officials, and crime victims. All non-commissioner members of the Interstate Commission shall be ex-officio, non-voting, members. The Interstate Commission may provide in its by-laws for such additional ex-officio, non-voting, members, including members of other national organizations, in such numbers as shall be determined by the commission.
- (d) Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the by-laws of the Interstate Commission.
- (e) The commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple majority of the compacting states, shall call additional meetings. Public notice shall be given of all meetings and meetings shall be open to the public.
- (f) The Interstate Commission shall establish an executive committee, which shall include commission officers, members, and others as determined by the by-laws. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission during periods when the Interstate Commission is not in session, with the exception of rulemaking, amendment to the compact, or both. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact managed by an executive director and Interstate Commission staff; administer enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact and its by-laws and rules; and perform such other duties as directed by the Interstate Commission or set

out in the by-laws.

- (g) Each member of the Interstate Commission shall have the right and power to cast a vote to which that compacting state is entitled and to participate in the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission. A member shall vote in person and may not delegate a vote to another compacting state. However, a commissioner, in consultation with the state council, shall appoint another authorized representative, in the absence of the commissioner from that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the compacting state at a specified meeting. The by-laws may provide for members' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of telecommunication or electronic communication.
- (h) The Interstate Commission's by-laws shall establish conditions and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make its information and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from disclosure any information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary interests.
- (i) Public notice shall be given of all meetings. All meetings shall be open to the public, except as set out in the rules or as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate Commission and any of its committees may close a meeting to the public if it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be likely to
- (1) relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
 - (2) disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by law;
- (3) disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential;
- (4) involve accusing any person of a crime, or formally censuring any person;
- (5) disclose information of a personal nature if the disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (6) disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
 - (7) disclose information contained in or related to examination,

1 operating, or condition reports prepared by, or on behalf of or for the use of, the 2 Interstate Commission with respect to a regulated person or entity for the purpose of 3 regulation or supervision of such person or entity; 4 (8) disclose information, the premature disclosure of which would 5 significantly endanger the stability of a regulated person or entity; or 6 (9) specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's issuance of a 7 subpoena, or its participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding. 8 For every meeting closed under (i) of this section, the Interstate 9 Commission's legal counsel shall publicly certify that, in the legal counsel's opinion, 10 the meeting may be closed to the public, and shall reference each relevant exemptive 11 provision. The Interstate Commission shall keep minutes that shall fully and clearly 12 describe all matters discussed in any meeting and shall provide a full and accurate 13 summary of any actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of 14 each of the views expressed on any item and the record of any roll call vote, as 15 reflected in the vote of each member on the question. All documents considered in 16 connection with any action shall be identified in such minutes. 17 (k) The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized data concerning the 18 interstate movement of juveniles as directed through its rules, which shall specify the 19 data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange, and reporting 20 requirements. Such methods of data collection, exchange, and reporting shall insofar 21 as is reasonably possible conform to up-to-date technology and coordinate its 22 information functions with the appropriate repository of records. 23 ARTICLE IV 24 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION 25 The commission shall have the following powers and duties: 26 (1) to provide for dispute resolution among compacting states; 27 to promulgate rules to effect the purposes and obligations as 28 enumerated in this compact, which shall have the force and effect of statutory law and 29 shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided in 30 this compact;

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(3) to oversee, supervise, and coordinate the interstate movement of

1	juveniles subject to the terms of this compact and any by-laws adopted and rules
2	promulgated by the Interstate Commission;
3	(4) to enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the rules
4	promulgated by the Interstate Commission, and the by-laws, using all necessary and
5	proper means, including but not limited to the use of judicial process;
6	(5) to establish and maintain offices that shall be located within one or
7	more of the compacting states;
8	(6) to purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
9	(7) to borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of personnel;
10	(8) to establish and appoint committees and hire staff that it considers
11	necessary for the carrying out of its functions including, but not limited to, an
12	executive committee as required by art. III of the compact which shall have the power
13	to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties;
14	(9) to elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or
15	consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties and determine their
16	qualifications; and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and
17	programs relating to, inter alia, conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and
18	qualifications of personnel;
19	(10) to accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment,
20	supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of it;
21	(11) to lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or
22	otherwise to own, hold, improve or use any property, real, personal, or mixed;
23	(12) to sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or
24	otherwise dispose of any property, whether real, personal, or mixed;
25	(13) to establish a budget and make expenditures and levy dues as
26	provided in art. VIII of this compact;
27	(14) to sue and be sued;
28	(15) to adopt a seal and by-laws governing the management and
29	operation of the Interstate Commission;
30	(16) to perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to
31	achieve the purposes of this compact;

1	(17) to report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and
2	state councils of the compacting states concerning the activities of the Interstate
3	Commission during the preceding year; such reports shall also include any
4	recommendations that may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission;
5	(18) to coordinate education, training, and public awareness regarding
6	the interstate movement of juveniles for officials involved in such activity;
7	(19) to establish uniform standards of the reporting, collecting, and
8	exchanging of data;
9	(20) the Interstate Commission shall maintain its corporate books and
10	records in accordance with the by-laws.
11	ARTICLE V
12	ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
13	(a) By-laws
14	(1) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members
15	present and voting, within 12 months after the first Interstate Commission meeting,
16	adopt by-laws to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out
17	the purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to
18	(A) establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate Commission;
19	(B) establishing an executive committee and such other
20	committees as may be necessary;
21	(C) provide for the establishment of committees governing any
22	general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the Interstate
23	Commission;
24	(D) providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting
25	meetings of the Interstate Commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each
26	such meeting;
27	(E) establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers of
28	the Interstate Commission;
29	(F) providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the
30	Interstate Commission and the return of any surplus funds that may exist upon
31	the termination of the compact after the payment, reserving, or both, of all of

its debts and obligations;

- (G) providing start-up rules for initial administration of the compact; and
- (H) establishing standards and procedures for compliance and technical assistance in carrying out the compact.

(b) Officers and Staff

- (1) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson and a vice chairperson, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the by-laws; the chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice-chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate Commission; the officers elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission, provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for any ordinary and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties and responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission;
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall, through its executive committee, appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for such compensation as the Interstate Commission may consider appropriate; the executive director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, but may not be a member and shall hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.

(c) Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification

(1) The commission's executive director and employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities provided, that any such person may not be protected from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person;

- (2) The liability of any commissioner, or the employee or agent of a commissioner, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set out under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents; nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person;
- (3) The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive director or the employees or representatives of the Interstate Commission and, subject to the approval of the attorney general of the state represented by any commissioner of a compacting state, shall defend such commissioner or the commissioner's representatives or employees in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person;
- (4) The Interstate Commission shall indemnify and hold the commissioner of a compacting state, or the commissioner's representatives or employees, or the Interstate Commission's representatives or employees, harmless in the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.

ARTICLE VI

RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

(a) The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to

effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact.

- (b) Rulemaking shall occur under the criteria set out in this article and the bylaws and rules adopted under this article. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the Model State Administrative Procedures Act, 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 (2000), or such other administrative procedures act, as the Interstate Commission considers appropriate consistent with due process requirements under the United States Constitution as now or hereafter interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified, as published with the final version of the rule as approved by the Commission.
 - (c) When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum:
- (1) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reason or reasons for that proposed rule;
- (2) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which information shall be added to the record, and be made publicly available;
- (3) Provide an opportunity for an informal hearing if petitioned by 10 or more persons; and
- (4) Promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from state or local officials, or interested parties.
- (d) Allow, not later than 60 days after a rule is promulgated, any interested person to file a petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or in the Federal District Court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of such rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not supported by substantial evidence in the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. For purposes of this subsection, evidence is substantial if it would be considered substantial evidence under the Model State Administrative Procedures Act.
- (e) If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a rule, those states may, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact, cause that such rule shall have no further force and effect in any

1	compacting state.
2	(f) The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on
3	Juveniles superseded by this Act shall be null and void 12 months after the first
4	meeting of the Interstate Commission created under this compact.
5	(g) Upon determination by the Interstate Commission that a state-of-
6	emergency exists, it may promulgate an emergency rule that shall become effective
7	immediately upon adoption, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided
8	under the compact shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably
9	possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of the emergency rule.
10	ARTICLE VII
11	OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION BY
12	THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
13	(a) Oversight
14	(1) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and
15	operations of the interstate movement of juveniles subject to this compact in the
16	compacting states and shall monitor such activities being administered in non-
17	compacting states that may significantly affect compacting states;
18	(2) The courts and executive agencies in each compacting state shall
19	enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate
20	the compact's purposes and intent; the provisions of this compact and the rules
21	promulgated under this compact shall be received by all the judges, public officers,
22	commissions, and departments of the state government as evidence of the authorized
23	statute and administrative rules; all courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and
24	the rules; in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a compacting state pertaining
25	to the subject matter of this compact that may affect the powers, responsibilities, or

(b) Dispute Resolution

for all purposes;

(1) The compacting states shall report to the Interstate Commission on all issues and activities necessary for the administration of the compact as well as

actions of the Interstate Commission, it shall be entitled to receive all service of

process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding

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1	issues and activities pertaining to compliance with the provisions of the compact and
2	its by-laws and rules;
3	(2) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a
4	compacting state, to resolve any disputes or other issues which are subject to the
5	compact and which may arise among compacting states and between compacting and
6	non-compacting states; the commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both
7	mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among the compacting states;
8	(3) The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
9	discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact using any or all
10	means set out in art. XI of this compact.
11	ARTICLE VIII
12	FINANCE
13	(a) The Interstate Commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the
14	reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
15	(b) The Interstate Commission shall levy on and collect an annual assessment
16	from each compacting state to cover the cost of the internal operations and activities of
17	the Interstate Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to
18	cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year; the aggregate
19	annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined
20	by the Interstate Commission, taking into consideration the population of each
21	compacting state and the volume of interstate movement of juveniles in each
22	compacting state and shall promulgate a rule binding upon all compacting states which

(c) The Interstate Commission may not incur any obligations of any kind before securing the funds adequate to meet the same, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the credit of any of the compacting states, except by and with the authority of the compacting state.

governs said assessment.

(d) The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its by-laws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be

audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission.

ARTICLE IX

THE STATE COUNCIL

Each member state shall create a State Council for Interstate Juvenile Supervision. While each state may determine the membership of its own state council, its membership must include at least one representative from the legislative, judicial, and executive branches of government, victims groups, and the compact administrator, deputy compact administrator or designee. Each compacting state retains the right to determine the qualifications of the compact administrator or deputy compact administrator. Each state council will advise and may exercise oversight and advocacy concerning that state's participation in Interstate Commission activities and other duties as may be determined by that state, including but not limited to, development of policy concerning operations and procedures of the compact within that state.

ARTICLE X

COMPACTING STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT

- (a) Any state, the District of Columbia, or its designee, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas Islands as defined in art. II of this compact is eligible to become a compacting state.
- (b) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than 35 of the states. The initial effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2004 or upon enactment into law by the 35th jurisdiction. Thereafter it shall become effective and binding as to any other compacting state upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The governors of non-member states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis before adoption of the compact by all states and territories of the United States.
 - (c) The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for

1	enactment by the compacting states. No amendment shall become effective and
2	binding upon the Interstate Commission and the compacting states unless and until it
3	is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the compacting states.
4	ARTICLE XI
5	WITHDRAWAL, DEFAULT, TERMINATION, AND JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT
6	(a) Withdrawal
7	(1) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain
8	binding upon each and every compacting state, provided that a compacting state may
9	withdraw from the compact by specifically repealing the statute that enacted the
10	compact into law;
11	(2) The effective date of withdrawal is the effective date of the repeal;
12	(3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of
13	the Interstate Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation repealing this
14	compact in the withdrawing state; the Interstate Commission shall notify the other
15	compacting states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw within 60 days of its
16	receipt;
17	(4) The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments,
18	obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including
19	any obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of
20	withdrawal;
21	(5) Reinstatement following withdrawal of any compacting state shall
22	occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as
23	determined by the Interstate Commission,
24	(b) Technical Assistance, Fines, Suspension, Termination, and Default
25	(1) If the Interstate Commission determines that any compacting state
26	has at any time defaulted in the performance of any of its obligations or
27	responsibilities under this compact, or the by-laws or duly promulgated rules, the
28	Interstate Commission may impose any or all of the following penalties;
29	(A) remedial training and technical assistance as directed by
30	the Interstate Commission;
31	(B) alternative dispute resolution;

- (C) fines, fees, and costs in amounts as are considered to be reasonable as fixed by the Interstate Commission; and
- (D) suspension or termination of membership in the compact, which shall be imposed only after all other reasonable means of securing compliance under the by-laws and rules have been exhausted and the Interstate Commission has therefore determined that the offending state is in default; immediate notice of suspension shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the governor, the chief justice or the chief judicial officer of the state, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council; the grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of a compacting state to perform such obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact, the by-laws, or duly promulgated rules and any other grounds designated in commission bylaws and rules; the Interstate Commission shall immediately notify the defaulting state in writing of the penalty imposed by the Interstate Commission and of the default pending a cure of the default; the commission shall stipulate the conditions and the time period within which the defaulting state must cure its default; if the defaulting state fails to cure the default within the time period specified by the commission, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compacting states and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination:
- (2) Within sixty days of the effective date of termination of a defaulting state, the commission shall notify the governor, the chief justice or chief judicial officer, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council of the termination;
- (3) The defaulting state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination including any obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of termination;
 - (4) The Interstate Commission may not bear any costs relating to the

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1	defaulting state unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the
2	Interstate Commission and the defaulting state;
3	(5) Reinstatement following termination of any compacting state
4	requires both a reenactment of the compact by the defaulting state and the approval of
5	the Interstate Commission under the rules.
6	(c) Judicial Enforcement: the Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of
7	the members, initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of
8	Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district
9	where the Interstate Commission has its offices, to enforce compliance with the
10	provisions of the compact, its duly promulgated rules and by-laws, against any
11	compacting state in default. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary the
12	prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable
13	attorneys fees.
14	(d) Dissolution of Compact
15	(1) The compact dissolves effective upon the date of the withdrawal or
16	default of the compacting state, which reduces membership in the compact to one
17	compacting state;
18	(2) Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null
19	and void and shall be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of the
20	Interstate Commission shall be concluded and any surplus funds shall be distributed in
21	accordance with the by-laws.
22	ARTICLE XII
23	SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
24	(a) The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase,
25	clause, sentence, or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of
26	the compact shall be enforceable.
27	(b) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its
28	purposes.
29	ARTICLE XIII
30	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
31	(a) Other Laws

- (1) Nothing in this compact prevents the enforcement of any other law of a compacting state that is not inconsistent with this compact;
- (2) All compacting states' laws other than state constitutions and other interstate compacts conflicting with this compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.

(b) Binding Effect of the Compact

- (1) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission, including all rules and by-laws promulgated by the Interstate Commission, are binding upon the compacting states;
- (2) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the compacting states are binding in accordance with their terms;
- (3) Upon the request of a party to a conflict over meaning or interpretation of Interstate Commission actions, and upon a majority vote of the compacting states, the Interstate Commission may issue advisory opinions regarding such meaning or interpretation;
- (4) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any compacting state, the obligations, duties, powers, or jurisdiction sought to be conferred by such provision upon the Interstate Commission shall be ineffective and such obligations, duties, powers, or jurisdiction shall remain in the compacting state and shall be exercised by the agency to which such obligations, duties, powers, or jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect at the time this compact becomes effective.

* **Sec. 5.** AS 47.15.020 is amended to read:

Sec. 47.15.020. Juvenile compact administrator. Under the compact established under AS 47.15.010, the commissioner of health and social services [GOVERNOR] may designate an officer as the compact administrator. [THE ADMINISTRATOR, ACTING JOINTLY WITH LIKE OFFICERS OF OTHER PARTY STATES, SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS TO CARRY OUT MORE EFFECTIVELY THE TERMS OF THE COMPACT. THE COMPACT ADMINISTRATOR SERVES SUBJECT TO THE PLEASURE OF THE GOVERNOR.] The compact administrator shall cooperate with all departments,

1	agencies ₂ and officers of and in the government of this state and its subdivisions in
2	facilitating the proper administration of the compact or of a supplementary agreement
3	entered into by this state.
4	* Sec. 6. AS 47.15 is amended by adding a new section to read:
5	Sec. 47.15.025. State council. The State Council for Interstate Adult and
6	Juvenile Offender Supervision created in AS 33.36.140 shall serve as the state council
7	under AS 47.15.010.
8	* Sec. 7. AS 47.15 is amended by adding a new section to read:
9	Sec. 47.15.035. Regulations. The Department of Health and Social Services
10	may adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this chapter.
11	* Sec. 8. AS 47.15.070 is amended to read:
12	Sec. 47.15.070. Additional procedures not precluded. In addition to the
13	procedures provided under AS 47.15.010 [IN ARTICLES IV AND VI OF THE
14	COMPACT] for the return of a runaway juvenile, the [PARTICULAR] states that are
15	participants to the compact, the juvenile, [OR] the juvenile's parents [, THE
16	COURTS,] or other legal custodian, or the courts of the participating states
17	[INVOLVED] may agree upon and adopt any plan or procedure legally authorized
18	under the laws of this state and the other respective party states for the return of the
19	runaway juvenile.
20	* Sec. 9. AS 47.15.080 is amended to read:
21	Sec. 47.15.080. Short title. This chapter may be cited as the [UNIFORM]
22	Interstate Compact for [ON] Juveniles.
23	* Sec. 10. AS 47.15.050 is repealed.
24	* Sec. 11. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to
25	read:
26	INDIRECT COURT RULE AMENDMENTS. The changes made by sec. 4 of this Act
27	have the effect of changing
28	(1) Rule 4, Alaska Rules of Civil Procedure, by entitling the Interstate
29	Commission for Juveniles to receive service of process of a judicial proceeding in this state
30	that pertains to the Interstate Compact for Juveniles set out in AS 47.15.010, as repealed and
31	reenacted by sec. 4 of this Act, and in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is an

- 1 issue for which a judicial determination has been sought;
- 2 (2) Rule 24(b), Alaska Rules of Civil Procedure, by entitling the Interstate
- 3 Commission for Juveniles to have standing to intervene in a judicial proceeding in this state
- 4 that pertains to the Interstate Compact for Juveniles set out in AS 47.15.010, as repealed and
- 5 reenacted by sec. 4 of this Act, and in which the validity of a compact provision or rule is an
- 6 issue for which judicial determination has been sought.
- 7 * Sec. 12. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to
- 8 read:
- 9 TRANSITION: ACTIONS CONCERNING CERTAIN STATES. The Department of
- 10 Health and Social Services may continue to implement the provisions of former
- AS 47.15.010, as it read on the day before the effective date of this Act, to certain states that
- 12 are compacting states to the Uniform Interstate Compact on Juveniles, but have not yet
- 13 enacted the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, set out in AS 47.15.010, as repealed and
- reenacted by sec. 4 of this Act, or a substantially similar form of that compact.
- * Sec. 13. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to
- 16 read:
- 17 CONDITIONAL EFFECT OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS. The provisions of art.
- 18 VII(a)(2) of the Interstate Compact for Juveniles set out in AS 47.15.010, as repealed and
- reenacted by sec. 4 of this Act, concerning service of process and standing to intervene, take
- 20 effect only if sec. 11 of this Act receives the two-thirds majority vote of each house required
- by art. IV, sec. 15, Constitution of the State of Alaska.
- * Sec. 14. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to
- 23 read:
- 24 CONDITIONAL EFFECT OF ACT; COMMISSIONER'S DUTY TO NOTIFY. (a)
- 25 secs. 1 12 of this Act take effect only if at least 34 states other than this state ratify the
- 26 Interstate Compact for Juveniles.
- 27 (b) The commissioner of health and social services or the commissioner's designee
- shall notify the lieutenant governor and the revisor of statutes when at least 34 states other
- 29 than this state have ratified the Interstate Compact for Juveniles.
- * Sec. 15. If secs. 1 12 of this Act take effect under sec. 14 of this Act, they take effect the
- 31 day after the date on which the commissioner of health and social services or the

- 1 commissioner's designee notifies the revisor of statutes that at least 34 states other than this
- 2 state have ratified the Interstate Compact for Juveniles, set out in AS 47.15.010, as repealed
- 3 and reenacted by sec. 4 of this Act, or in a substantially similar form, or July 1, 2009,
- 4 whichever is later.