# CS FOR HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7(RES) am

## IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

### TWENTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

#### BY THE HOUSE RESOURCES COMMITTEE

Amended: 2/14/01 Offered: 2/9/01

Sponsor(s): REPRESENTATIVES MASEK, Ogan, James, Wilson, McGuire, Green, Mulder, Harris, Kott,

Bunde, Rokeberg

SENATORS Pearce, Leman, Ward, Donley, Green, Taylor, Kelly, Therriault, Cowdery, Phillips, Halford

## **A RESOLUTION**

- 1 Urging the United States Congress to pass legislation to open the coastal plain of the
- 2 Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska, to oil and gas exploration, development, and
- 3 production.

### 4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

- 5 WHEREAS, in sec. 1002 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act
- 6 (ANILCA), the United States Congress reserved the right to permit further oil and gas
- 7 exploration, development, and production within the coastal plain of the Arctic National
- 8 Wildlife Refuge, Alaska; and
- 9 WHEREAS the oil industry, the state, and the United States Department of the
- 10 Interior consider the coastal plain to have the highest potential for discovery of very large oil
- and gas accumulations on the continent of North America, estimated to be as much as
- 12 10,000,000,000 barrels of recoverable oil; and
- 13 **WHEREAS** the "1002 study area" is part of the coastal plain located within the North
- 14 Slope Borough, and residents of the North Slope Borough, who are predominantly Inupiat
- 15 Eskimo, are supportive of development in the "1002 study area"; and

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1	WHEREAS oil and gas exploration and development of the coastal plain of the refuge
2	and adjacent land could result in major discoveries that would reduce our nation's future need
3	for imported oil, help balance the nation's trade deficit, and significantly increase the nation's
4	security; and
5	WHEREAS domestic demand for oil continues to rise while domestic crude
6	production continues to fall with the result that the United States imports additional oil from
7	foreign sources; and
8	WHEREAS development of oil at Prudhoe Bay, Kuparuk, Endicott, Lisburne, and
9	Milne Point has resulted in thousands of jobs throughout the United States, and projected job
10	creation as a result of coastal plain oil development will have a positive effect in all 50 states
11	and
12	WHEREAS Prudhoe Bay production is declining by approximately 10 percent a year
13	and
14	WHEREAS, while new oil field developments on the North Slope of Alaska, such as
15	Alpine, Badami, and West Sak, may slow or temporarily stop the decline in production, only
16	giant coastal plain fields have the theoretical capability of increasing the production volume
17	of Alaska oil to a significant degree; and
18	WHEREAS opening the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge now
19	allows sufficient time for planning environmental safeguards, development, and national
20	security review; and
21	WHEREAS the 1,500,000-acre coastal plain of the refuge makes up only eigh
22	percent of the 19,000,000-acre refuge, and the development of the oil and gas reserves in the
23	refuge's coastal plain would affect an area of only 2,000 to 7,000 acres, which is less than
24	one-half of one percent of the area of the coastal plain; and
25	WHEREAS 8,000,000 of the 19,000,000 acres of the refuge have already been se
26	aside as wilderness; and
27	WHEREAS the oil industry has shown at Prudhoe Bay, as well as at other locations
28	along the Arctic coastal plain, that it can safely conduct oil and gas activity without adversely
29	affecting the environment or wildlife populations; and

Porcupine Caribou herd and the protection of land, water, and wildlife resources during the

WHEREAS the state will ensure the continued health and productivity of the

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exploration and development of the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge,
Alaska; and

WHEREAS the oil industry is using innovative technology and environmental practices in the new field developments at Alpine and Northstar, and those techniques are directly applicable to operating on the coastal plain and would enhance environmental protection beyond traditionally high standards;

**BE IT RESOLVED** by the Alaska State Legislature that the Congress of the United States is urged to pass legislation to open the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska, to oil and gas exploration, development, and production, and that the Alaska State Legislature is adamantly opposed to further wilderness or other restrictive designation in the area of the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska; and be it

**FURTHER RESOLVED** that that activity be conducted in a manner that protects the environment, naturally occurring population levels of the Porcupine Caribou herd and uses the state's work force to the maximum extent possible; and be it

**FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature opposes any unilateral reduction in royalty revenue from exploration and development of the coastal plain of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge, Alaska, and any attempt to coerce the State of Alaska into accepting less than the 90 percent of the oil, gas, and mineral royalties from the federal land in Alaska that was promised to the state at statehood.

COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to the Honorable George W. Bush, President of the United States; the Honorable Richard B. Cheney, Vice-President of the United States and president of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable Gale Norton, Secretary of the Interior; the Honorable J. Dennis Hastert, Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives; the Honorable Trent Lott, Majority Leader of the U.S. Senate; to the Honorable Ted Stevens and the Honorable Frank Murkowski, U.S. Senators, and the Honorable Don Young, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress; and to all other members of the U.S. Senate and the U.S. House of Representatives serving in the 107th United States Congress.

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