CS FOR SPONSOR SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 75(FIN)

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY THE HOUSE FINANCE COMMITTEE

Offered: 2/23/96 Referred: Rules

Sponsor(s): REPRESENTATIVES SANDERS, Finkelstein, Kott, Rokeberg

SENATORS Leman, Halford, Donley, Phillips, Pearce, Green, Miller, Salo, Taylor, Sharp, Ellis, Kelly

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

- 1 "An Act relating to vehicle theft and the consequences of vehicle theft, including 2 revocation of a driver's license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a license;
- 3 amending Rule 32.1, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure; and providing for an
- 4 effective date."

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

- *** Section 1.** AS 11.46 is amended by adding new sections to read:
- 7 ARTICLE 2A. VEHICLE THEFT.
- 8 Sec. 11.46.360. VEHICLE THEFT IN THE FIRST DEGREE. (a) A person
- 9 commits the crime of vehicle theft in the first degree if, having no right to do so or any
- reasonable ground to believe the person has such a right, the person drives, tows away,
- 11 or takes
- 12 (1) the car, truck, motorcycle, motor home, bus, aircraft, or watercraft of
- another;
- 14 (2) the propelled vehicle of another and the vehicle or any other property

HB0075c -1- CSSSHB 75(FIN)

1	of another is damaged, of the owner incurs reasonable expenses as a result of the loss
2	of use of the vehicle, in a total amount of \$500 or more;
3	(3) the propelled vehicle of another and the vehicle is marked as a police
4	or emergency vehicle; or
5	(4) the propelled vehicle of another and, within the preceding seven
6	years, the person was convicted under
7	(A) this section or AS 11.46.365;
8	(B) former AS 11.46.482(a)(4) or (5);
9	(C) former AS 11.46.484(a)(2);
10	(D) AS 11.46.120 - 11.46.140 of an offense involving the theft
11	of a propelled vehicle; or
12	(E) a law or ordinance of this or another jurisdiction with
13	elements substantially similar to those of an offense described in (A) - (D) of this
14	paragraph.
15	(b) In this section,
16	(1) "aircraft" has the meaning given in AS 02.15.260;
17	(2) "all-terrain vehicle" means a three-wheeled propelled vehicle less than
18	75 inches in width and having a dry weight of 800 pounds or less, equipped with low
19	pressure tires, and designed primarily for travel over unimproved terrain;
20	(3) "motorcycle" means a vehicle having a seat or saddle for the use of
21	the rider, designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground,
22	and having an engine with more than 50 cubic centimeters of displacement; "motorcycle"
23	does not include a tractor or an "all-terrain vehicle";
24	(4) "watercraft" means a propelled vehicle used or capable of being used
25	as a means of transportation, for recreational or commercial purposes, on water.
26	(c) Vehicle theft in the first degree is a class C felony.
27	Sec. 11.46.365. VEHICLE THEFT IN THE SECOND DEGREE. (a) A person
28	commits the crime of vehicle theft in the second degree if, having no right to do so or
29	a reasonable ground to believe the person has such a right,
30	(1) the person drives, tows away, or takes the propelled vehicle of
31	another, other than a vehicle described in AS 11.46.360(a)(1); or
32	(2) having custody of a propelled vehicle under a written agreement with

1	the owner of the vehicle that includes an agreement to return the vehicle to the owner
2	at a specified time, the person knowingly retains or withholds possession of the vehicle
3	without the consent of the owner for so long a period beyond the time specified as to
4	render the retention or possession of the vehicle an unreasonable deviation from the
5	agreement.
6	(b) Vehicle theft in the second degree is a class A misdemeanor.
7	* Sec. 2. AS 11.46.484(b) is amended to read:
8	(b) <u>Criminal</u> [EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN (c) OF THIS SECTION,
9	CRIMINAL] mischief in the third degree is a class A misdemeanor.
10	* Sec. 3. AS 11.46.486(a) is amended to read:
11	(a) A person commits the crime of criminal mischief in the fourth degree if,
12	having no right to do so or any reasonable ground to believe the person has such a right,
13	(1) with reckless disregard for the risk of harm to or loss of the property
14	or with intent to cause substantial inconvenience to another, the person tampers with
15	property of another;
16	(2) with intent to damage property of another, the person damages
17	property of another in an amount less than \$50; or
18	(3) the person rides in a propelled vehicle knowing it has been stolen or
19	that it is being used in violation of AS 11.46.360 or 11.46.365(a)(1) [AS 11.46.482(a)(4)
20	or 11.46.484(a)(2)].
21	* Sec. 4. AS 12.55.045(e) is amended to read:
22	(e) If a defendant is convicted of vehicle theft in the first degree in violation
23	of AS 11.46.360 or vehicle theft in the second [CRIMINAL MISCHIEF IN THE
24	THIRD] degree in violation of AS 11.46.365(a)(1) [AS 11.46.484(a)(2)], and the victim
25	of the offense incurs damage or loss as a result of the offense, the court shall order the
26	defendant to pay restitution.
27	* Sec. 5. AS 12.55.135(e) is amended to read:
28	(e) <u>If</u> [EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN AS 12.55.055(f), IF] a defendant is
29	sentenced under (c) or [,] (d) [, OR (f)] of this section,
30	(1) execution of sentence may not be suspended and probation or parole
31	may not be granted until the minimum term of imprisonment has been served;
32	(2) imposition of a sentence may not be suspended except upon condition

1	that the defendant be imprisoned for no less than the minimum term of imprisonment
2	provided in the section; and
3	(3) the minimum term of imprisonment may not otherwise be reduced.
4	* Sec. 6. AS 12.55.135(f) is amended to read:
5	(f) A defendant convicted of vehicle theft in the second degree in violation of
6	AS 11.46.365(a)(1) [CRIMINAL MISCHIEF IN THE THIRD DEGREE IN
7	VIOLATION OF AS 11.46.484(a)(2), WHOSE CONVICTION IS NOT A FELONY
8	UNDER AS 11.46.484(c),] shall be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of
9	at least 72 hours but not more than one year.
10	* Sec. 7. AS 28.15.181(a) is amended to read:
11	(a) Conviction of any of the following offenses is grounds for the immediate
12	revocation of a driver's license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a license:
13	(1) manslaughter or negligent homicide resulting from driving a motor
14	vehicle;
15	(2) a felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used;
16	(3) failure to stop and give aid as required by law when a motor
17	vehicle accident results in the death or personal injury of another;
18	(4) perjury or making a false affidavit or statement under oath to the
19	department under a law relating to motor vehicles;
20	(5) operating a motor vehicle or aircraft while intoxicated;
21	(6) reckless driving;
22	(7) using a motor vehicle in unlawful flight to avoid arrest by a peace
23	officer;
24	(8) refusal to submit to a chemical test authorized under
25	AS 28.33.031(a) or AS 28.35.031(a) while under arrest for operating a motor vehicle,
26	commercial motor vehicle, or aircraft while intoxicated, or authorized under
27	AS 28.35.031(g);
28	(9) driving while license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a
29	license, canceled, suspended, or revoked, or in violation of a limitation;
30	(10) vehicle theft in the first degree in violation of AS 11.46.360 or
31	vehicle theft in the second degree in violation of AS 11.46.365.

* **Sec. 8.** AS 28.15.181(b) is amended to read:

1

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

- 2 (b) A court convicting a person of an offense described in (a)(1) - (4), (6), 3 [OR] (7), or (10) of this section shall revoke that person's driver's license, privilege to drive, or privilege to obtain a license for not less than 30 days for the first 4 5 conviction, unless the court determines that the person's ability to earn a livelihood 6 would be severely impaired and a limitation under AS 28.15.201 can be placed on the 7 license that will enable the person to earn a livelihood without excessive danger to the 8 public. If a court limits a person's license under this subsection, it shall do so for not 9 less than 60 days. Upon a subsequent conviction of a person for any offense described **10** in (a)(1) - (4), (6), [OR] (7), or (10) of this section occurring within 10 years after a 11 prior conviction, the court shall revoke the person's license, privilege to drive, or 12 privilege to obtain a license and may not grant the person limited license privileges for 13 the following periods:
 - (1) not less than one year for the second conviction; and
 - (2) not less than three years for a third or subsequent conviction.
 - * Sec. 9. Rule 32.1(a), Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read:
 - (a) Scheduling. At the time guilt in a felony case is established by verdict or plea, the judge shall establish the date for a sentencing hearing and a presentencing hearing, if appropriate, and, except as provided in paragraph (f) of this rule, shall order a presentence investigation by the Department of Corrections. If the judge elects to schedule a single hearing, all of the procedures for the presentencing and sentencing hearings shall be applicable at the single hearing.
 - * **Sec. 10.** Rule 32.1, Alaska Rules of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
 - (f) When Presentence Investigation Not Required. Unless a person may be sentenced to a presumptive term of imprisonment under AS 12.55.125(e)(1) or (2), a presentence investigation by the Department of Corrections is not required for a defendant convicted of vehicle theft in the first degree in violation of AS 11.46.360.
- **99** * **Sec. 11.** AS 11.46.482(a)(4), 11.46.482(a)(5), 11.46.484(a)(2), 11.46.484(a)(3), **30** 11.46.484(c); and AS 12.55.055(f) are repealed.
- * Sec. 12. AS 11.46.360(a)(1), enacted by sec. 1 of this Act, applies to an act committed

- 1 on or after the effective date of this Act.
- * Sec. 13. This Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).