

# ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE



## REPRESENTATIVE ANDY JOSEPHSON

### Side-by-Side HB 30 and Current Law

Current Statute	HB 30
If an employee suffers permanent physical loss because of a work injury, (s)he is owed <b>\$177,000</b> x (% of disability as defined by the American Medical Association Guides)	If an employee suffers permanent physical loss because of a work injury, (s)he is owed <b>\$273,000</b> x (% of disability as defined by the American Medical Association Guides)
If an employee dies on the job, the widow(er) and dependent children are owed <b>\$5,000 + up to 100%</b> of the allowable weekly compensation rate.	If an employee dies on the job, the widow(er) and dependent children are owed <b>\$8,000 + up to 100%</b> of the allowable weekly compensation rate.
If the employee dies on the job, there are no widow(er) or child dependents, but there are other dependent family, they split up to <b>\$20,000 + funeral expenses</b> .	If the employee dies on the job, there are no widow(er) or child dependents, but there are other dependent family, they split up to <b>\$150,000 + funeral expenses</b> .
If the employee dies on the job, they are allowed reasonable and necessary <b>funeral expenses not to exceed \$10,000</b> .	If the employee dies on the job, they are allowed reasonable and necessary <b>funeral expenses not to exceed \$12,000</b> .
Child orphaned due to workplace accident receives death benefits <b>until age 19</b> . These are extended for a subset of "persons of any age" who are completing post-secondary education or individuals found to be incapable of self-support due to physical or mental disability.	Child orphaned due to workplace accident continues to receive death benefits <b>until they reach age 23</b> , unless found incapable of self-support due to physical or mental disability.