ALASKA REDISTRICTING BOARD Stocher P. Nonwight history Stocher P. Nonwight history Stocher P. Stocher P.

Roman zolT M

MAPPING CHALLENGES

Pt.L.

Balancing Constitutional Choices

E

1

R

N

G

NOWSK

PRIBYTOV ID S. S's S! George Sector a

IDS

Y

NORTH WESTER PUBLISHED www.akredistrict.org

olamplo

COMPLED FOR THE DEPARTMEN

A DELICATE DANCE

Alaska's Constitution establishes 4 redistricting principles for new districts. They are to be:

- <u>Compact</u> having a small perimeter in relation to the area encompassed. Compact districting should not yield bizarre designs. The Alaska Supreme Court looks to the relative compactness of proposed and possible districts in determining whether a district is sufficiently compact.
- **2.** <u>**Contiguous**</u> reachable from every other part of the district, islands allowed but open sea is not without limit
- **3.** <u>Socio-Economically Integrated</u> where people live together and work together and earn their living together. It has been described as occurring when a group of people live within a geographic unit, following, if possible, similar economic pursuits.
- 4. Equal Population 733,391 / 40 = 18,335 "as near as practicable" for Alaska law, 10% total deviation allowed under Federal law,

A DYNAMIC TENSION

- In some cases the 4 Constitutional criteria collide as the following challenges and map examples will show
- Only the Board can determine how best to resolve the dynamic tension between competing redistricting requirements
- Legal Counsel is on-hand to assist as needed
- Case law has clarified some points, but many tradeoffs are matters of judgement

A NATURAL TEMPTATION

- Because population numbers are empirical and precise, it's natural for map drawers to focus on "getting the numbers right" and look past the more nuanced criteria which require experience, judgement and reflection to properly assess: no simple answers
- Our first public map submission (anonymous) is a perfect example:
- Excellent population deviations, just 0.63% total deviation across all 40 districts
- Likely that this is the smallest possible deviation given the Census blocks contain more than one person each

ALASKA REDISTRICTING BOARD

Population

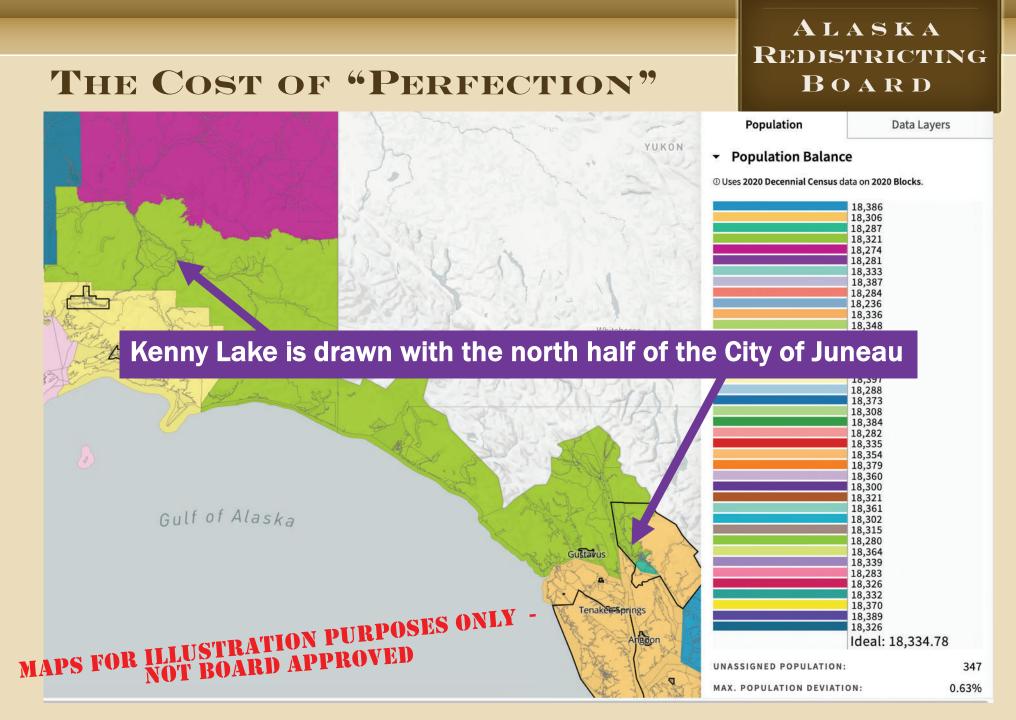
Data Layers

381

Population Balance

③ Uses 2020 Decennial Census data on 2020 Blocks.

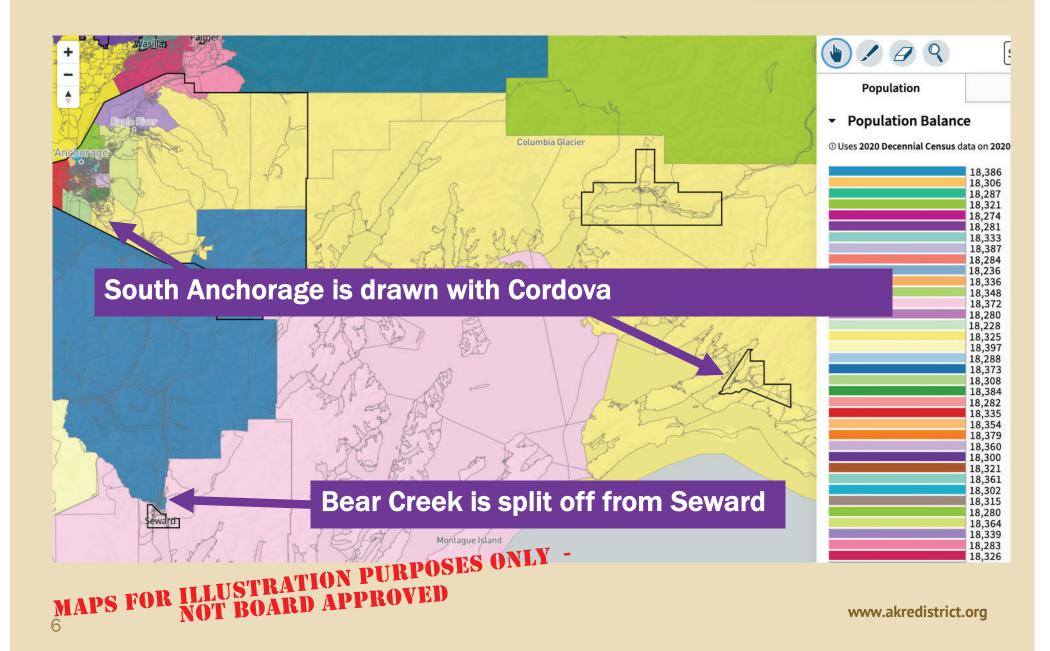




www.akredistrict.org

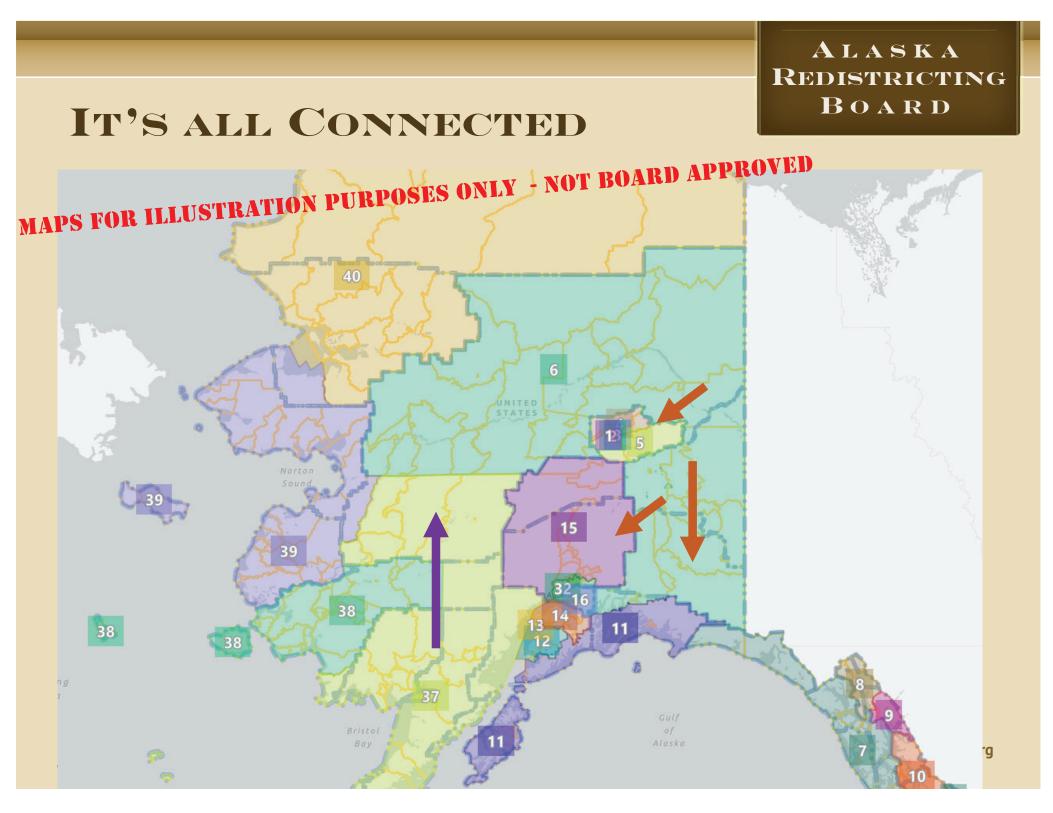
THE COST OF "PERFECTION"

ALASKA Redistricting BOARD

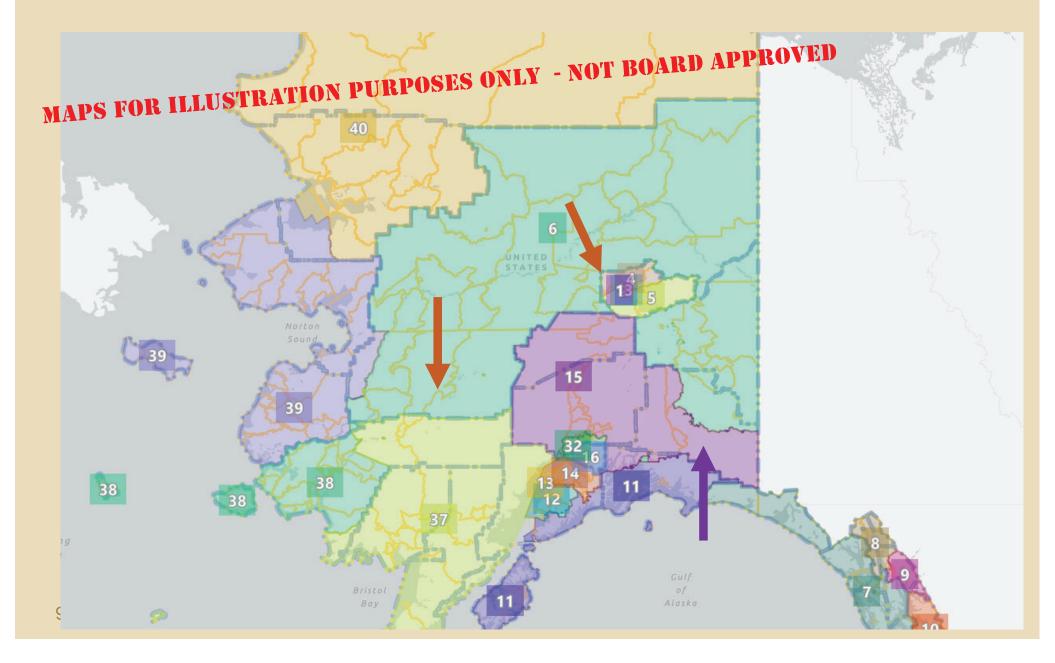


IT'S ALL CONNECTED

- Making a change in one area forms population waves which ripple outward to other districts, and even regions of the state
- Consider Alaska's vast interior:



IT'S ALL CONNECTED



EXPERIENCE COUNTS

ALASKA Redistricting BOARD

- There are 28,568 Census blocks in Alaska
- Technically there are millions of possible plans
- Alaska's vast size means there are many distinct socio-economic regions
- Alaska's vast size poses significant compactness challenges
- These factors restrict the number of Constitutionally balanced and practicable plans to few
- These practicable plans hinge on a short list of key challenges
- Board guidance on these points will reduce the number of possible plans from thousands to dozens or less

SOUTHEAST CHALLENGES

- Southeast Alaska as a region contains 72,254 people, enough for 3.91 seats.
- Results in an under population of 1,050 people total
- Spread across 4 districts mean each district would need to be 260 persons low, or 1.4% below ideal
- Do we combine population from Cordova with Southeast?
- Do we include population from the Copper River Valley?
- Cordova has 2,600 people. Adding to Southeast results in overpopulation of 1,500+, or about 2% above ideal per district
- Copper River Valley socio-economically distinct from Southeast

A DYNAMIC DANCE

ALASKA Redistricting Board

Yakutat Borough Boundary

Active Matrix	Show	w All Districts					
	Total Population Tabulation						
DISTRICT	All Persons	Target	Dev.	Difference			
7	18,075	18,335	-1.42%√	-260			
8	17,832	18,335	-2.74%√	-503			
9	17,830	18,335	-2.75%√	-505			
10	18,539	18,335	1.11%√	204			
11	18 638	18 225	1 65%./	203			
IN N F FI Popul	ation Totals Raci	al Demogra		Þ			

Deviation total: 3.86%

Petersburg. Wrangell and Ketchikan united

S FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY - NOT BOARD APPROVED

Lynn Canal connected to Auke Bay

GULF COAST CHALLENGES

- Cordova has 2,600 people, Valdez has 4,000, Seward has 5,000, Kodiak has 13,000: Total 24,600 = not possible to combine
- Cordova, Seward and Kodiak combined is 20,600
- Combining the Kenai Peninsula, Kodiak, and Cordova results in overpopulation of about 1.9% per district (+340 average across 4 districts)
- The neighboring Aleutian Islands district to the west is underpopulated
- Assigning Tyonek/Beluga to the Aleutians district reduces the overpopulation in the Kenai area by 600 people (350 overage averages down to 200 per district for an overpopulation average decrease from 1.9% to 1.2%).
- Do we include Tyonek/Beluga with the Aleutians district?

A DYNAMIC DANCE

Tyonek could be drawn in rural district

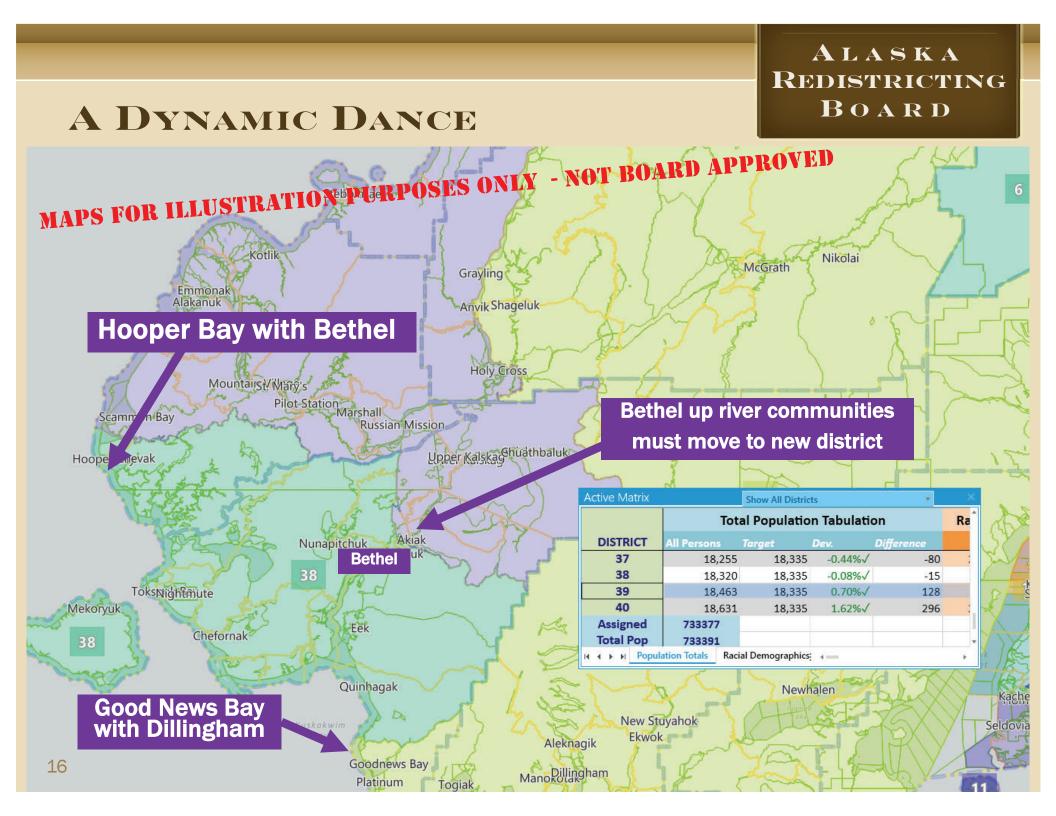
Kodiak, Cordova together

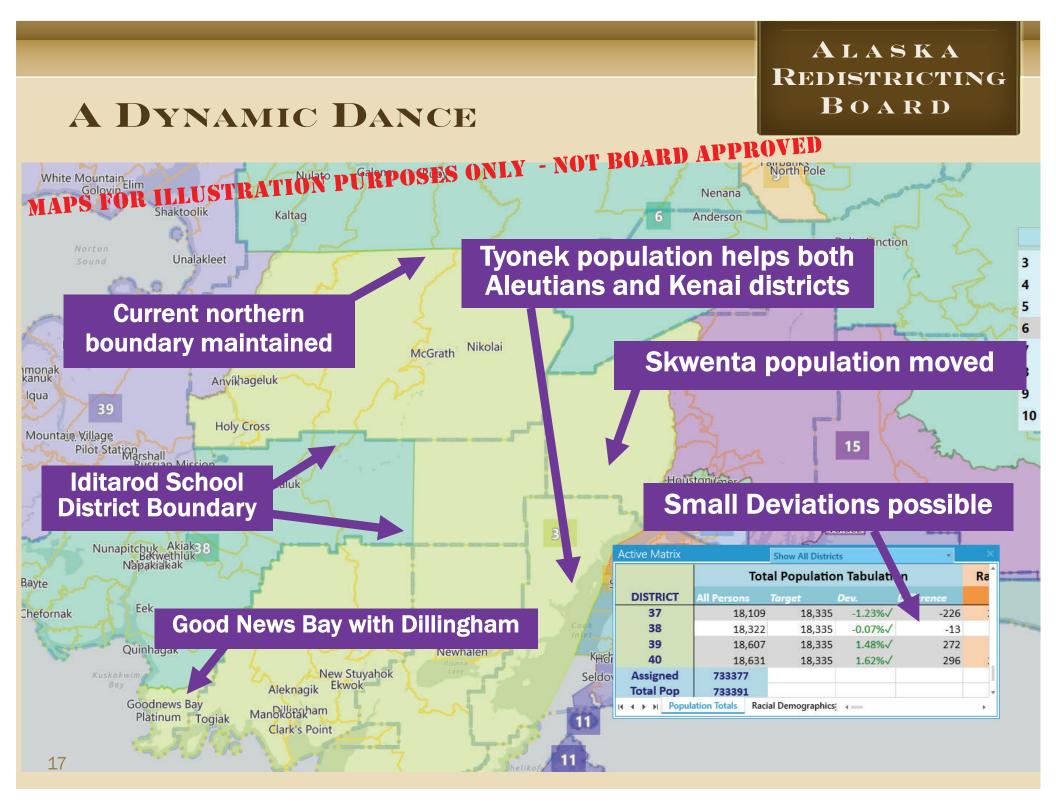
Active Matrix	Sho	Show All Districts		*		
	Total Population Tabulation					
DISTRICT	All Persons	Target	Dev.	Difference	h	
11	18,638	18,335	1.65%√	303		
12	18,717	18,335	2.08%√	382		
13	18,573	18,335	1.30%√	238		
14	18,558	18,335	1.22%√	223		
10	10 224	40 225	0 000/ (4		
н н н Рори	lation Totals Rac	ial Demograpț	-		£.,	

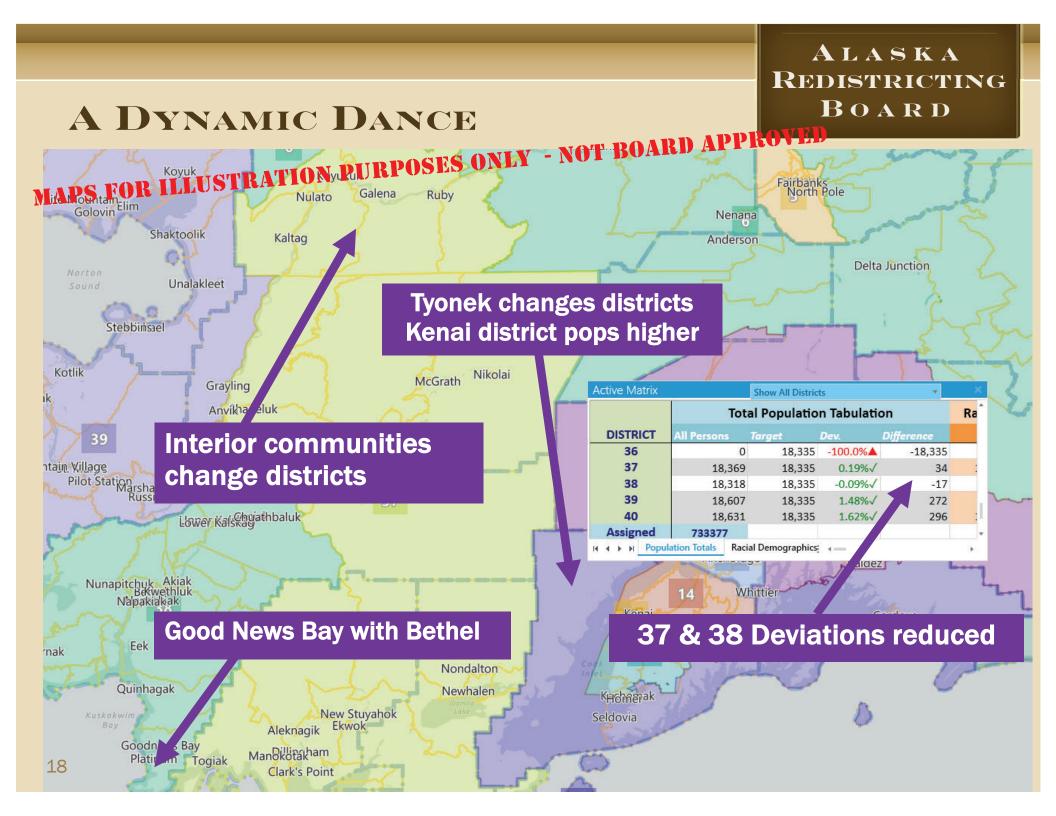
MAPS FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY - NOT BOARD APPROVED District average 1.6% high, but Cordova is not with a road system community

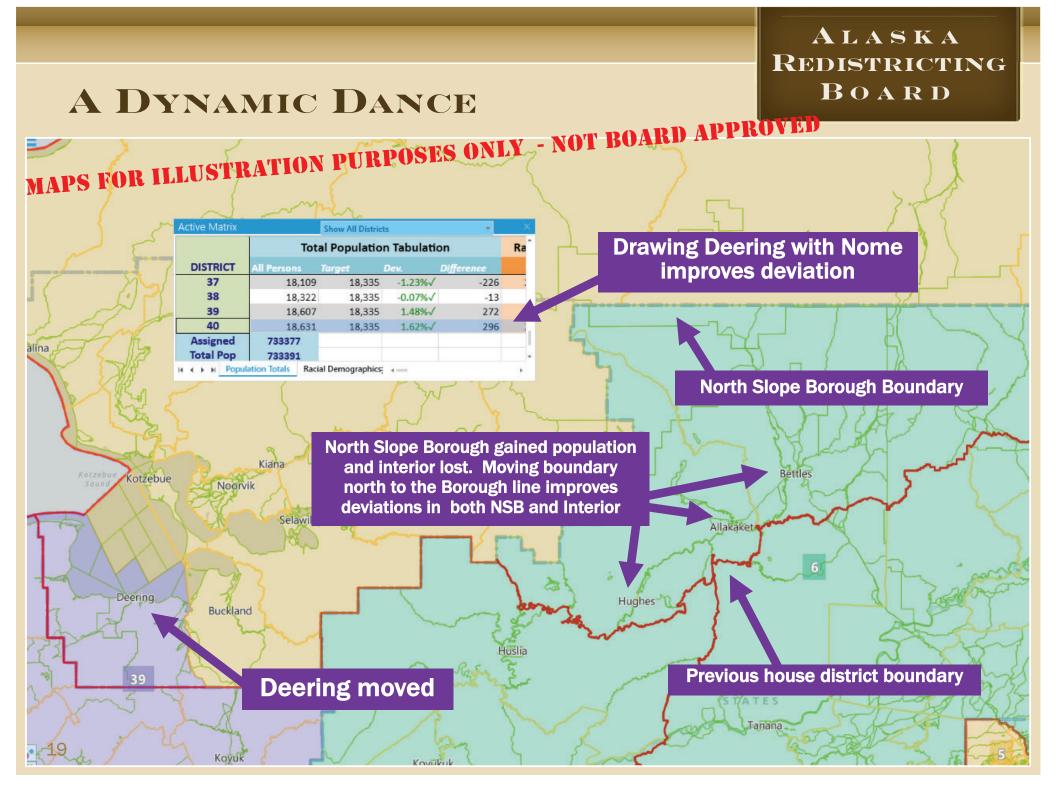
NORTHWEST CHALLENGES

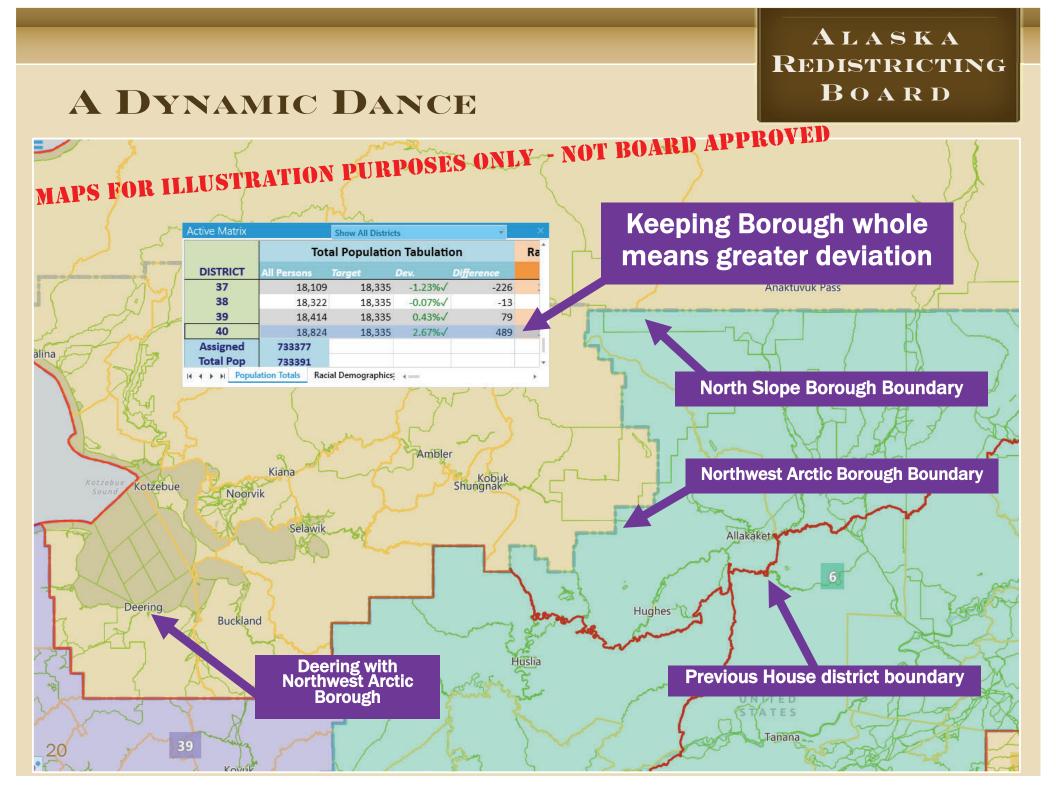
- Growth in the North Slope, Bethel and Nome regions is offset by losses in the Interior and Dillingham and Bristol Bay areas.
- Hooper Bay requests to be added to Bethel district, but adding 1,000 people to Bethel, which is already over populated, necessitates losses of other upriver Bethel region communities.
- The Dillingham/Aleutian Islands district lost population. Additional population may be found to the East (Tyonek), North (Kaltag, Galena, Ruby, Nulato) or West (Good News Bay, Platinum).
- Is it possible to redistrict some areas to better reflect historical socio-economic ties between interior communities while rebalancing the population changes?











CONCLUSION

ALASKA Redistricting BOARD

- Staff encourages the Board to focus on high level questions as we review member drawn map options
- Prepared list of key questions is available if requested
- Should guidance on key questions be provided, map drawing will proceed with increased focus and efficiency
- Any direction can be re-considered or adapted should new information come to light