



# 4.7

TONS OF FUELAND CARGO IN 2020

HANDLES GOODS CONSUNSUMED BY 90% OF ALL ALASKA RESIDENTS STATEWIDE

OF ALL ALASKA
INBOUND FREIGHT
CROSSES
ANCHORAGE'S DOCK

HALF
OF ALL THE FREIGHT THAT
CROSSES ANCHORAGE'S DOCK IS
DELIVERED TO FINAL DESTINATION
OUTSIDE OF ANCHORAGE

OF ALL
NON-PETROLEUM
MARINE CARGO
SHIPPED INTO ALASKA







125+ ACRES OF CARGO-HANDLING INFRASTRUCTURE



3.1 MILLION BARRELS OF LIQUID FUEL STORAGE



**60,000 TONS** OF CEMENT STORAGE



DOCK CRANES, RO-RO TRESTLES, RAIL, PIPLINES, ETC.



SKILLED WORKFORCE





#### 3 FUNCTIONS



**COMMERCE** 



NATIONAL DEFENSE



DISASTER RESPONSE



**Docks have** exceeded economic and design life and are failing from age-related corrosion and obsolescence



### Port of Alaska Modernization Program

- Replace aging docks and related infrastructure
- Improve operational safety and efficiency
- Accommodate modern shipping operations
- Improve resiliency –
  to survive extreme
  seismic events and Cook
  Inlet's harsh marine
  environment





ASKA ANCHERAGE

2021

#### Petroleum & Cement Terminal Funding

Source	Amount
Remaining PIEP funds	
State Capital Grant (2012)	\$28 Million
<b>SB160 State Grant (2013)</b>	\$48 Million
State GO Bond (2013)	\$50 Million
State Grant (2019)	\$20 Million
Federal Grants	
MARAD BUILD II Grant (2019)	\$25 Million
MARAD PIDP Grant (2019)	\$20 Million
Port Cash/Equity	\$2 Million
Bond Proceeds (repaid w/ PoA tariffs)	\$60 Million

#### **North Extension Stabilization**



#### 2022 construction: \$121 million



#### Balance of North Extension: \$128 million



## What's next?

#### \$1 Billion+

#### **General Cargo Terminal Replacement**

- Cargo Terminal Design and Permitting (2021-24)
- Phase 1 North Extension Stabilization (2022)
- Administration Building (2022-23)
- Phase 2 North Extension Stabilization (>2022)
- Cargo Terminal 1 Replacement (2025)
- Cargo Terminal 2 Replacement (2028)
- Fuels Terminal Incorporation (>2028)
- Terminal 3 Demolition (>2030)

