Idaho National Laboratory

Nuclear Science Statement Technology

Advanced Reactor Safety & Deployment

Dr. Corey McDanielNS&T Chief Commercial Officer





Strong Interest in Clean Energy Driving Renewed Interest in Nuclear

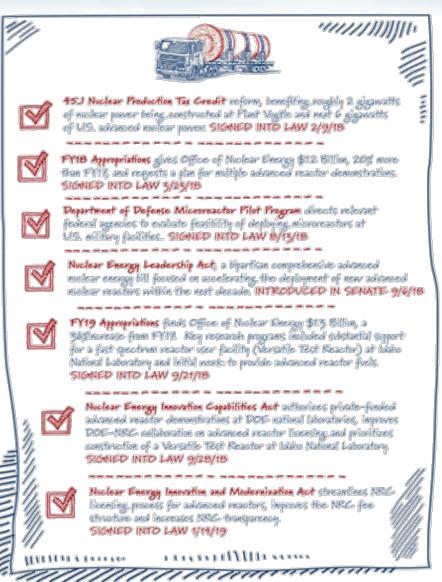
- Unprecedented bi-partisan support
- Favorable appropriations
- Several new authorizing legislation
- NEICA signed into law Sept. 2018
- NELA re-introduced, Mar. 2019
- NRIC launched, Aug. 2020



Sen. Murkowski: An opportunity for nuclear energy in Alaska "I'm thrilled that senators from both sides of the aisle have come together to support advanced nuclear. This is exactly the kind of leadership our country needs to both solve the climate

challenge and reassert our leadership in this important industry" Bill Gates, Mar. 2019



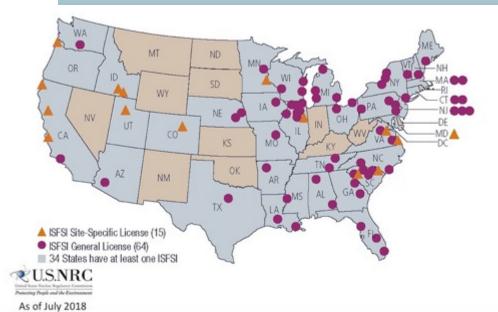




Political Indecision/Inaction, but the Industry Continues to Manage Spent Nuclear Fuel Safely and Securely

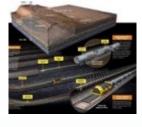
"We have to find a solution;" leaving the hazardous nuclear waste scattered around the country "is not an appropriate solution."

U.S. House Committee on Appropriations Energy and Water Development Subcommittee March 26, 2019



Inaction Results

SNF inventory 80,000 MT, increasing 2,000 MT/yr. Suboptimal storage at utilities, double in the last 20 yrs. Tax payer's liability of \$2.2 M per day



YMP - Stalemate to date, no consensus between the Administration and Congress

- **2010 –** DOE stops license application; BRC established
- 2011 NRC suspended licenses review process
- **2012 –** BRC issued recommendations
- **2013 –** DOE new strategy; NRC resumed licenses
- **2015 –** NRC reported YMP satisfies regulations
- **2015 –** Interim Storage Partners, LLC and Holtec
- **2016 –** International submitted applications to NRC for building a CISF
- **2019 –** Budget Request of \$116 M for YMP regulatory activities and initiating interim storage



Idaho National Laboratory Evolving to Meet the Nation's Needs





Energy Mission – Reactor Science, Safety and Sustainability Solutions



Environmental Management Mission



INEEL & ANL-W combined to create the new Idaho National Laboratory

Nuclear Energy

National and Homeland Security

Energy and Environment

Advancing Nuclear Energy

Securing & Modernizing Critical Infrastructure

Enabling Clean Energy Systems



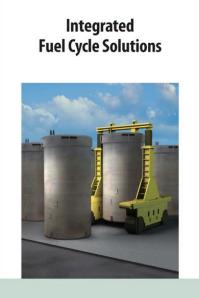
1949 1974 1997 2005 2019



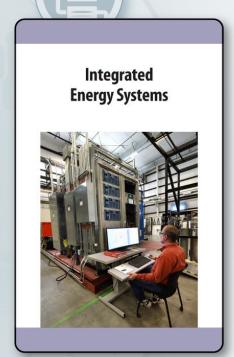
Strategic S&T Initiatives Address Grand Challenges and Advance Energy and Security Goals for the Nation

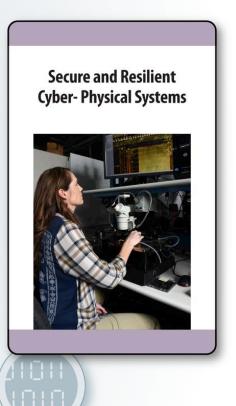














Vision for INL Nuclear

INL is the laboratory that:

- Challenges conventional thinking and approaches and leads a paradigm shift in developing and licensing new nuclear materials, concepts, and technologies.
- Provides both directly and through collaborations

 the technology breakthroughs, technical solutions,
 and capabilities, across the entire nuclear fuel cycle,
 that preserve and expand the use of nuclear systems.
- Develops solutions that enable:
 - continued operation of the existing fleet
 - replacement and expansion of existing fleet
 - management and disposition of spent fuel









Analytical laboratories
 Post-irradiation examination

Advanced characterization

• 187 Bachelor

84 Associates

Nuclear RD&D Team at INL

staff working to revive, revitalize, and expand nuclear energy, enabled by unique research facilities, infrastructure & capabilities

Nuclear Science & Technology

Change the world's energy future by advancing nuclear energy.

- Nuclear fuels and materials
- Nuclear safety and regulatory research

• 13 Postdocs

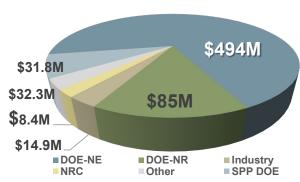
- Nuclear systems design and analysis
- Advanced Scientific Computing
- Fuel cycle science and technology

398

Employees

- 149 Ph.D. • 90 Master
- 94 Bachelor
- 4 Associates

FY-18 Budget Authority - \$666M



Advanced Test Reactor

Materials & Fuels Complex

Experiments and engineering that drive the world's nuclear energy future.

Fuel Fabrication

• 39 Ph.D.

• 65 Master

Provide unique irradiation capabilities for nuclear technology research and development. Steady-state neutron irradiation of materials and fuels

- Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program
 National laboratories and universities
- Industry

 Transient testing Space nuclear power and

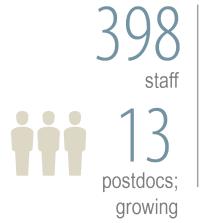
isotope technologies

614 **Employees**

- 388 **Employees**
- 2 Ph.D. • 36 Master
- 121 Bachelor 43 Associates



Nuclear S&T Directorate









FY18 Budget Authority \$253M Other DOE \$1M SPP Other \$14.9M Industry 19-50373 DOE-NE

SPONSORS

DOE Office of Nuclear Energy

5.9%

Industry

3.3%

Nuclear Regulatory Commission 4.7%

Other

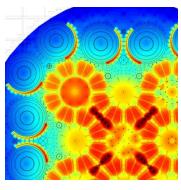
J.4% SPP

DOE



Nuclear S&T Directorate

Reactor Systems Design & Analysis



Nuclear Safety & Regulatory Research



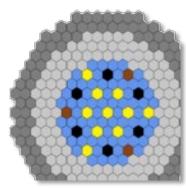
Advanced Scientific Computing



Fuel Cycle Science & Technology



Advanced Nuclear Facilities R&D



Nuclear Fuels & Materials



Leadership Positions in Major DOE-NE Initiatives/Programs

















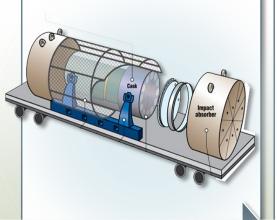


Creating the Next-Generation National Reactor Testing Station:

Advanced Reactor Pipeline Vision at Idaho National Laboratory

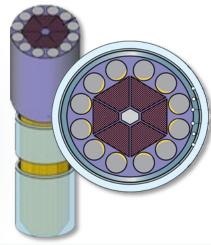
Microreactor (<10MW) demonstration by early 2020s

- Resolve key advanced reactor issues
- Open new markets for nuclear energy
- Provide a 'win' to build positive momentum



Commercial microreactors deployed

 Support deployment of of micro-reactors for key remote site power and process heat customers



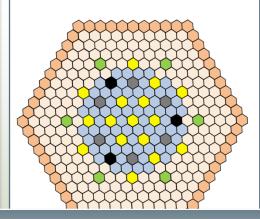
SMR(s) operating by 2026

- Enable deployment through siting and technical support
- Joint Use Modular Plant leased for federal RDD&D



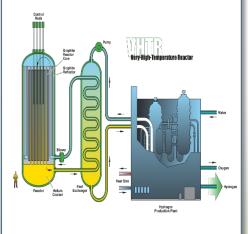
Versatile Test Reactor (VTR) operating by 2026

- Establish fast-spectrum testing and fuel development capability
- Support non-LWR advanced reactor demonstration



Non-LWR advanced demonstration reactor by 2030

Demonstrate non-LWR technology replacement of US baseload clean power capacity



2023 2030



Enabling the future of nuclear energy systems:

Vision for Effective, Integrated Fuel Cycle Solutions

Address interim HALEU supply-chain

- Recover and down-blend HEU from irradiated fuels utilizing Hybrid-ZIRCEX and electrochemical processes
- Provide HALEU to support advanced reactor start-up cores
- Inform HALEU transportation



Develop and demonstrate real-time instrumentation

- Interrogate SNF treatment processes
- Monitor back-end fuel and canister integrity



Support management and treatment of SNF

- Demonstrate decrease in proliferation risk by SNF immobilization processes
- Demonstrate dramatically simpler integrated SNF treatment process, potentially reducing cost and waste



Support disposition of SNF

- Develop process flowsheets for predicting all waste streams and SNF generated from non-LWR-based advanced reactors
- Inform storage, transportation, disposition, and safeguards requirements for current and future SNF



R&D facilities to support SNF long-term challenges

 Upgrade and expand relevant site facilities to provide data needed to support safe and secure management and treatment of SNF and high-level waste



2024 2027 2030



National Reactor Innovation Center Will Provide Capabilities to Accelerate Technology Readiness From Proof-of-concept Through Proof-of-operation



NEICA

Nuclear Energy Innovation Capabilities Act

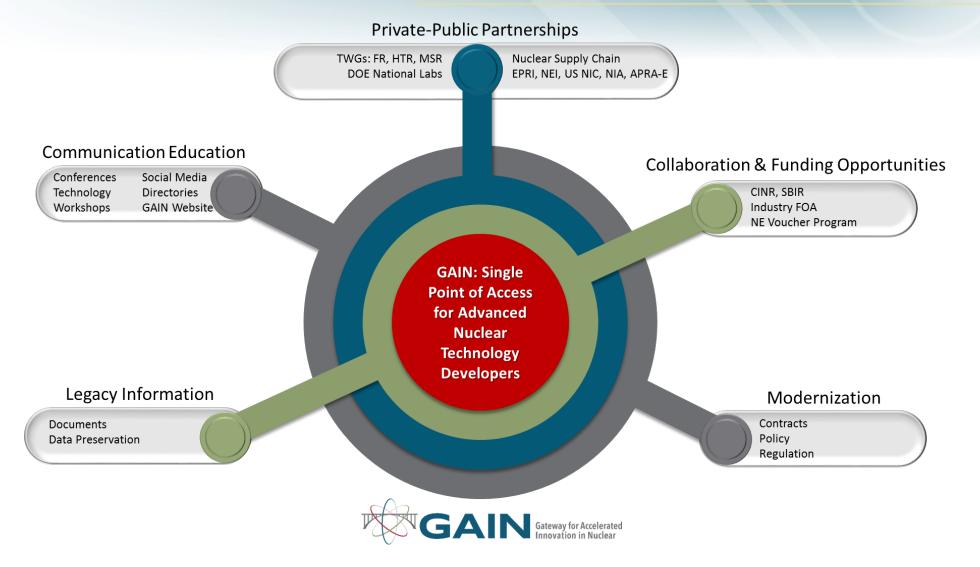
Signed into law September 2018, NEICA calls for the creation of a National Reactor Innovation Center to support demonstration of cost-shared private reactors.

NRIC

National Reactor Innovation Center

NRIC is a place where government and private companies can test and demonstrate new reactor designs, as well as materials, fuels, and other nuclear energy technologies.



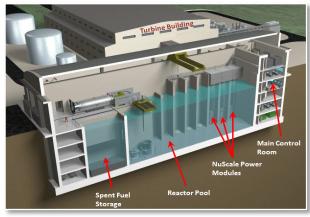




Looking Ahead:

Continued Challenges for Nuclear Energy, but Reasons for Optimism

- Funding (federal budget, private industry)
- Political support
- TREAT completely restored
- Research Collaboration Building, Sample Prep Laboratory
- SMR demonstration and JUMP
- Versatile test reactor
- Microreactor demonstrations
- INL Scientific Computing Strategy; Collaborative Computing Center
- Improved MFC and ATR operations and output/reliability
- NEICA, NEIMA, NELA ...



3-D view of Six NuScale Modules



Collaborative Computing Center (C3)





Questions?