

Highways & Aviation

CHALLENGES

Unrealizable Aviation & Motor Fuel Tax Receipts

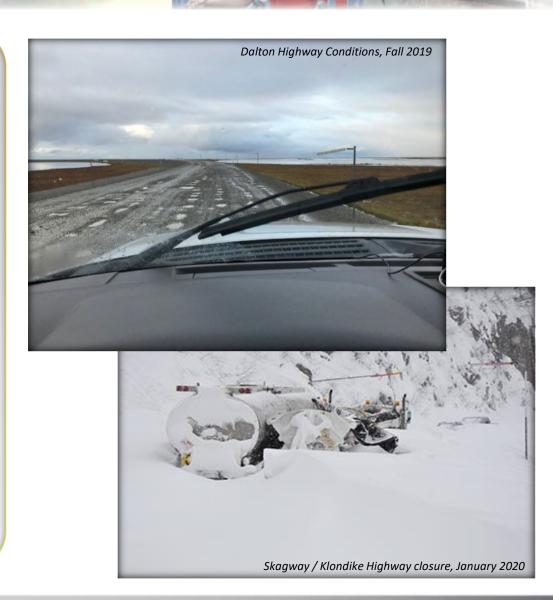
Limited personnel at some maintenance stations

Changing weather patterns

Increase in commodities costs

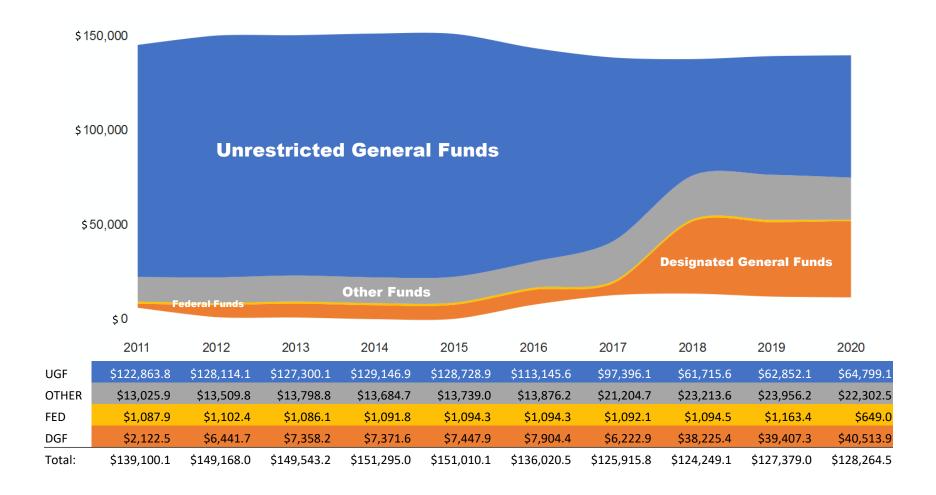
Deferred maintenance

Turnover and recruitment





Highways & Aviation Components





Budgeted, Management Plan

\$ in Thousands (1,000)

FY2021 Operating Budget Comparison Highways & Aviation Components



\$ in	Tho	usand	ds (1	000)

EV2020

	Total	\$128,264.5	\$129,215.6	\$951.1	0.74%
	Federal	\$649.0	\$655.2	\$6.2	0.96%
	Other	\$22,302.5	\$22,647.7	\$345.2	1.55%
	DGF	\$40,513.9	\$41,043.4	\$529.5	1.31%
	UGF	\$64,799.1	\$64,869.3	\$70.2	0.11%
))		Management Plan	Governor's Proposed	FY2020 and FY2021	FY2020 and FY2021
		FY2U2U	FYZUZI	Difference	% Difference Between

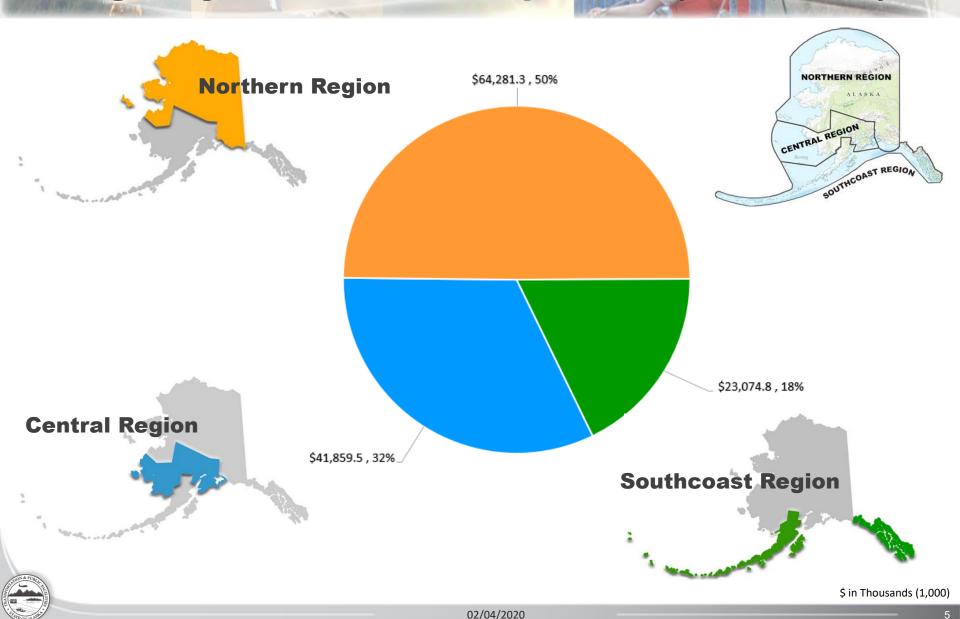
EV2021

02/04/2020

0/ Difference Between

Difference

FY2021 Proposed Operating Budget Highways & Aviation Components (\$129,215.6)



FY2021 Proposed Operating Budget Highways & Aviation Components (\$129,215.6)

Funds • Expenditures Components -(All H&A Components) 1004 General Fund Receipts, \$64,869.3 1249 Motor Fuel Tax Receipts, \$33,617.8 Northern Highways & Aviation, \$64,281.3 Personal Services, \$64,890.4 1061 Capital Improvement Project Receipts, \$13,041.8 1239 Aviation Fuel Tax Revenue, \$4,809.1 Central Highways & Aviation, \$41,859.5 1244 Rural Airport Receipts, \$2,613.9 Travel, \$1,520.9 ___ 1200 Vehicle Rental Tax Receipts, \$6,349.0 1005 General Fund/Program Receipts, \$1,076.6 Contractual Services, \$39,958.1 Southcoast Highways & Aviation, \$23,074.8 — 1007 Interagency Receipts, \$397.5 — 1108 Statutory Designated Program Receipts, \$314.8 1214 Whittier Tunnel Toll Receipts, \$55.0 Commodities, \$22,841.2 — 1002 Federal Receipts, \$655.2 1027 International Airport Revenue Fund, \$1,415.6 Capital Outlay, \$5.0 ___



\$ in Thousands (1,000)

FY2020 Budget Impact Updates

Motor and Aviation Fuel Tax – Impacts of reduced tax collections

- Deletion of eight full-time and two part-time positions
- Reduction in expenditures of surface chemicals and sand for lower priority roads
- FY2021
 - Tax collections reduced
 - Authority increase due to salary adjustments

Travel Reductions

HIGHWAYS & AVIATION	Central Region	Northern Region	Southcoast Region
FY2020 Travel Reduction	\$55.2	\$341.4	\$66.2
Transfer to Meet Mission Critical Travel	\$83.8	\$821.4	-



\$ in Thousands (1,000)

FY2021 Increments / Decrements

INCREMENT

Central Region Highways & Aviation

Added authority for highway damages collections \$251.1 General Fund/Program Receipts

DECREMENT

Southcoast Region Highways & Aviation

Deleted inter-agency and capital improvement project receipt authority no longer needed (-\$376.2)



\$ in Thousands (1,000)

Public Airport Directive Update

Public Airport Directive: Investigate options available for reducing the number of public airports owned and operated by the State of Alaska, with the intent of reducing the State's financial obligation and/or liability.

Alaska Department of Transportation & Public Facilities Inventory Breakdown

Owns and operates 237 rural airports:

- 23 airports are Part 139 certificated "hubs"
- 24 are Primary airports (over 10,000 annual enplanements),
- 58 are classified as Commercial Service, and 165 as General Aviation or Unclassifiable.

200 of the 237 airports are off the contiguous road system; 37 access the Alaska Marine Highway



Public Airport Directive Update

What options is DOT&PF pursuing to reduce the State's rural airport maintenance burden?



Each airport must be addressed on a case by case basis as different considerations exist (federal grant requirements, airport use by industry/guide services, etc.). Significant public engagement is required for each action.

Many of the rural airports are either on the highway system or no longer have an associated community to serve. DOT&PF has identified locations where airport maintenance can be reduced and/or eliminated to either save money or to reallocate essential resources (staff/equipment) to other priorities.

Options for reducing maintenance costs include: transferring airport to another entity (borough, community, tribe, etc.), reclassify to a "back-country" airport with no regular maintenance provided, or closure of the airport.

Eighteen airports have been initially identified for potentially modifying maintenance, operations and/or ownership. Actions recommended for these airports include discontinuing scheduled maintenance (m), closing (c), or transferring airport ownership (t) to another sponsor and are discussed in greater detail in the report.

DOT&PF is actively working initial actions for Aleknakik, Portage Creek, and Ugashik.

Aleknagik (t)	Basin Creek (m)	Bettles SPB (m)	Excursion Inlet SPB (m)
Flat (m)	Funter Bay (m)	Goose Bay (m)	Kasilof (m)
Lawing (m)	Livengood (m)	Naknek (m)	Ninichik (m)
Ophir (m)	Portage Creek (m)	Quartz Creek (Cooper Landing) (m)	Quartz Creek (Kougarak) (m)
Sheep Mountain (m)	Ugashik (c)		

