Port of Alaska Modernization Program History & Status





Why care about the Port?







<u>Critical</u>: Alaska's premier inbound cargo port

- Half of state's inbound, marine freight
- Half of Port freight delivered <u>outside of Anchorage</u>
- DOD-designated <u>National</u> Strategic Defense Port



Old: Time is running out

- Half-century old docks are failing due to corrosion
- <u>Docks will start closing in</u> <u>about 10 years</u> regardless of seismic activity or anything else





Short of Funds

PHASE 1 COMPLETION + PHASE 2 DESIGN COMMITMENT SCHEDULE

Thru 2/22/2019

Enter

2012 State Capital Grant	\$29,266,015
2013 SB160 State Grant	\$47,530,000
2013 State GO Bond	\$50,000,000
Port of Alaska Cash 2017	\$2,000,000
AR 2018-378 Grant	\$19,600,000
Port of Alaska Cash 2019	\$11,000,000
SBS Land Transfer	(\$1,500,000)
rprise Oversight Committee POA Analyst	(\$100,000)
CURRENT FUNDING	\$157,796,015

First
 replacement
 facility is 100%
 designed:
 Petroleum /
 Cement
 Terminal

• Total funding is not enough to complete shovel-ready construction



DATE BASED ON 90 DAY LEAD PRIOR TO SCHEDULED COMMITMENT

			CURRENT FUNDING	CURRENT FUNDING	FUNDING
ACTIVITY	DATE***	AMOUNT	ALLOCATED	REMAINING	SHORTFALL
PHASE 1 COMPLETION					
Current Commitment - As of 1/2019		\$90,581,700		\$67,214,315	
PCT CMAR Pre-Construction Services Extension Change Order #3	9/1/2018	\$766,256	\$766,256	\$66,448,059	
PCT 2020 Construction (Budget)	1/1/2019	\$56,900,000	\$56,900,000	\$9,548,059	
PCT 2020 Construction Risk Contingency		\$3,100,000	\$3,100,000	\$6,448,059	
PCT 2019 Builder's Risk Insurance	2/1/2019	\$18,862	\$18,862	\$6,429,197	
PCT 2019 PMC Construction Management (TO 13 CO 3)	2/1/2019	\$1,340,301	\$1,340,301	\$5,088,896	
SBS Builders Risk Insurance	2/1/2019	\$56,500	\$56,500	\$5,032,396	
SBS PMC Construction Management (TO 7 CO 4)	2/1/2019	\$357,895	\$357,895	\$4,674,501	
2019 PMO (3/19 - 2/20) (TO 2 CO 7)	2/1/2019	\$3,050,407	\$3,050,407	\$1,624,094	
BS Construction Revisions	4/1/2019	\$150,705	\$150,705	\$1,473,389	
PCT Independent Cost Estimator 2021 Estimate	9/1/2019	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$1,423,389	
SBS Construction Contingency		\$564,991	\$564,991	\$858,398	
PCT 2019 Transitional Dredging Risk Contingency		\$752,681	\$752,681	\$105,717	
PCT 2019 South Floating Dock Risk Contingency		\$98,460	\$98,460	\$7,257	
PCT 2020 PMC Construction Management	12/16/2019	\$867,427	\$7,257	\$0	(\$860,
PCT 2020 Hydroacoustic Monitoring	12/16/2019	\$500,000	\$0	\$0	(\$500,
Phase 1 Stakeholder Engagement	12/16/2019	\$100,000	\$0	\$0	(\$100,
2020 PMO (3/20 - 2/21)	12/16/2019	\$3,500,000	\$0	\$0	(\$3,500,
PCT 2021 Construction (Includes escalation and risk contingency)	12/16/2019	\$101,686,241	\$0	\$0	(\$101,686,
PCT 2020 DOR Construction Services	12/31/2019	\$337,792	\$0	\$0	(\$337,
PCT Builders Risk Insurance	1/1/2020	\$253,701	\$0	\$0	(\$253,
PCT 2021 DOR Construction Services	12/31/2020	\$337,792	\$0	\$0	(\$337,
PCT 2021 Hydroacoustic Monitoring	12/31/2020	\$500,000	\$0	\$0	(\$500,
PCT 2021 PMC Construction Management	12/31/2020	\$867,427	\$0	\$0	(\$867,
2021 PMO (PCT Construction Portion @ 50%) (3/21 - 9/21)	12/31/2020	\$1,750,000	\$0	\$0	(\$1.750.)
				TOTAL	(\$110,693,

In the beginning (pre-"Port Expansion")





The Port of Anchorage Intermodal Expansion Project (PIEP) Vision



Not standard "piles"



1976 construction of Terminal 3



"Open Cell Sheet Pile" Construction





The Port of Anchorage Intermodal Expansion Project (PIEP) Construction



Sheet Pile Failure



The Port of Anchorage when PIEP was Stopped





Vision After 2013 Concept Design Study (still partnered with MARAD, still trying to use the North Extension)





2013 CH2MHill Concludes Design Not Suitable

FINAL SUMMARY REPORT

Port of Anchorage Intermodal Expansion Project Suitability Study



February 14, 2013



Prepared by CH2MHILL。

Dry Barge, Wet Barge, NE 1, NE 2



DBB

26-ft

EL+36 ft MLLW



63-ft

Height

EL-25



79-ft

Height

EL-41





NE2

16

2013 CH2MHill Concludes Design Not Suitable



- <u>Dry barge berth</u> can be used
- <u>Wet barge berth has "major defects</u>" and its "factor of safety" for "static global stability" is inadequate
- <u>North Extension 1</u> has "even lower [factor of safety] for static global stability"
- <u>North Extension 2</u> has "most dramatic construction defects" and is globally unstable

Dry Barge, Wet Barge, NE 1, NE 2



DBB







EL+38 ft MLLW

NE2

18

ANCHORAGE DAILY NEWS

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 2, 2018

ALASKA'S NEWSPAPER

Picking up the pieces



\$2.00



Dry Barge, Wet Barge, NE 1, NE 2



DBB







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ANCHORAGE

PORT MODERNIZATION PROJECT



Vision from the 2014 Concept Design Study

Modernization – NOT Expansion

(Just replace what we have)





2014 Charrette Stakeholder Representation

- Municipality of Anchorage (MOA)
 - Geotechnical Advisory Commission (GAC)
- Port of Alaska (POA)
- Totem Ocean Trailer Express (TOTE)
- Horizon Lines (Now Matson)
- ABI Cement
- Southwest Alaska Pilots Association
- Cook Inlet Tug & Barge
- US Army Corps of Engineers Alaska District (USACE)
- Alaska Railroad Corporation (ARRC)
- CH2M HILL/HDR Program Team





ANCHORAGE

PORT MODERNIZATION PROJECT



Vision from the 2014 Concept Design Study

Modernization – NOT Expansion

(Just replace what we have)



PORT OF ALASKA MODERNIZATION PROGRAM









Post-2015 Direction and Changes

- Begin with design and \$128 million
- Prioritize construction of useful facilities deferring second portion of North Extension Stabilization
- Advance Design
- Secure Funding



The Path We Are On Now





Two Seasons: PCT 2020 Construction Scope



Access <u>trestle</u> up to top of deck, no piping or utilities Platform piles Temporary bracing of platform piles

Temporary impressed current cathodic protection







Season 2: PCT 2021 Construction Scope



NOTES

PCT SEASON 2 WORK

1 REMOVE LOADING PLATFORM TEMPORARY PILE BRACING. REPAIR PILE COATINGS AS REQUIRED.

DEWATER LOADING PLATFORM PILES AND CONSTRUCT CONCRETE CORE CONNECTION TO DECK. CONSTRUCT LOADING PLATFORM DECK SYSTEM, COMPLETE.

INSTALL ALL REMAINING PCT WORK ITEMS NOT EXPLICITLY ITEMIZED FOR SEASON 1 WORK, COMPLETE, INCLUDING ICCP SYSTEM FOR PCT AND SOUTH FLOATING DOCK.

Complete <u>platform</u> Mooring and breasting dolphins Petroleum piping and utilities Hose tower and control building Impressed current cathodic protection





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 replacement
 facility is 100%
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 Petroleum /
 Cement
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2020,	but	n	ot	202
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2021 PMO (PCT Construction Portion @ 50%) (3/21 - 9/21)	12/31/2020	\$1,750,000	\$0	\$0	(\$1.750

Municipality of Anchorage

2016 State Legislative Program

(State Fiscal Year 2017)

Ethan Berkowitz, Mayor

Assembly

Andre

Dick Traini, Chair

Elvi Gray-Jackson, Vice Chair

Amy Demboski

Bill Evans

Patrick Flynn

Ernie Hall

Paul Honeman

Jennifer Johnston

Pete Petersen

Bill Starr

Tim Steele

Priority Capital Request

Note: The Municipality of Anchorage is not submitting any State Capital Budget request in 2016. Instead, it asks the Legislature to include the Port of Anchorage Modernization Project as a 2016 State General Obligation (GO) Bond proposition.

Port of Anchorage Modernization Project bond request \$290 million

Funding is requested for design and modernization of facilities at Alaska's largest port, which handles three-quarters of all Southcentral Alaska /Railbelt-bound, waterborne, non-fuel, freight and 95 percent of all refined petroleum products. The Port of Anchorage is Alaska's port. It directly serves 85 percent of the state's population living and working in more than 250 cities, villages and communities. The Port is critical infrastructure for individuals, families and businesses across the state and is necessary to ensure Alaska's continued economic viability. The Port also serves the nation as one of 23 Department of Defense designated strategic seaports used to deploy U.S. warfighters' equipment and supplies internationally. However, the Port is more than half a century old and much of its critical infrastructure has exceeded its economic and design life. The Port needs modernization to safely and efficiently meet current and projected statewide shipping needs and to restore its resiliency to survive Alaska's harsh climate and seismic environment.

Terminal	Age (years)
Terminal 1 (general cargo)	54
Terminal 2 (cargo containers)	46
Terminal 3 (cargo containers)	40
POL Terminal 1 (petroleum, oil and lubricants)	50
POL Terminal 2 (cement, petroleum, oil and lubricants)	20



DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, COMMUNITY, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF COMMUNITY AND REGIONAL AFFAIRS

Designated Legislative Grant Program Grant Agreement

		and the second se	the second s	the second se		and the second s		
Grant Agreement Num	ber	Vendor N	Jumber	Amount of State Funds				
19-DC-006	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		635	\$20,000,000.0				
GAE	Appropriat	ion Unit	Lapse Date	Project Title				
19000 3935	086211004		06/30/2023	Port of Anchorage				
Grantee				Department Contact Person				
Name				Name				
Municipality of Anch	inicipality of Anchorage			Jill Furbish				
Street/PO Box		Title .		Title				
PO Box 196650			Grants Administrator II					
City/State/Zip				Street/PO Box			Street/PO Box	
Anchorage, AK 9951	.9-6650			550 W 7th Avenue, Suit	e 1640			
Contact Person				City/Stare/Zip	£			
Courtney Petersen, B	ludget Analys	st II		Anchorage, AK 99501-3	3569			
Phone		Fax		Phone	Fax			
(907) 343-4479		(907) 34:	3-6998	(907) 269-4537	(907) 269-4066			
Email			in a line of the prove of grant of the state	Email				
PetersenCL@muni.oz	etersenCL@muni.org			jill.furbish@alaska.gov				
						The second value of the se		

Application for Federal Assista	ince SF-424	
* 1. Type of Submission:	* 2. Type of Application:	* If Revision,
Preapplication Application	Continuation	* Other (Spec
Changed/Corrected Application	Revision	
* 3. Date Received:	4. Applicant Identifier:	
01/16/2019		
* 12. Funding Opportunity	Number:	
DHS-18-MT-047-000-99	9	
* Title:		
FY 2018 Pre-Disaster	Mitigation	_

INFRA FY 2019

Port of Alaska Petroleum and Cement Terminal



Point of Contact: Sharen Walsh P.E., Deputy Director Walshsa@muni.org (907) 343-6203 NEFHP-19-INFEALS

33

PORTO ALASKA

Public/Private Partnership?: RFP

Purchasing Department

- Purchasing Department
- Current Bidding Opportunities
- New Vendor Instructions
- New Vendor Registration
- Registered Vendor Access
- Competitive Process
- Staff

Current Bidding Opportunities

The Purchasing Department is responsible for acquiring supplies, services, professional services and construction in support of the Municipality of Anchorage's operations. All informal Request for Quotations (RFQ's), Request for Proposals (RFP's), and Invitations to Bid (ITB's) are written, advertised and awarded by the Purchasing Department. Purchasing also facilitates the public bid process (pre-bid meetings, bid opening and post-bid meetings), issues purchase orders and prepares/executes contracts. To view current bidding opportunities, click on the "open" solicitations below.

Open: Solicitations prior to bid opening or proposal due date. Closed: Solicitations post bid opening or proposal receipt date. History: Solicitations post award and/or no further procurement action planned.

- Organization Chart
- Contact Information

Information for Bidders

Email us: wwpur@muni.org



Prepared by Capstan Consulting LLC and Davenport & Company, LLC



DAVENPORT & OMPANY

FINAL – FOR PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION

Public-Private Partnerships (P3)

- Use of one or more P3's, likely combined with some public sector capital, is an alternative financing strategy to consider depending on the MOA's risk preferences and priorities
- Unless "guarantees" can be secured to support use of public finance; pursuing a P3 strategy may not necessarily impact the timeline of the PAMP or cost to end users any more than using revenue bonds to fund one or more phases of the program



Final – For Public Distribution Page | 33




Goals For Setting Tariff Rates for Port

Rates set to achieve revenue requirement, meaning...

- 1. meet its debt service coverage ratio of 1.3 or the ratio set by lender.
- 2. meet its fiscal policy for operating reserves set at a minimum of 60 and maximum of 90 days coverage of operating expenses following GFOA best practices.
- 3. meet its fiscal policy for capital reserves set a 2% of plant in service for coverage of unexpected events (earthquake, fire or catastrophic failure of facilities).
- 4. meet is fiscal policy for debt reserves when revenue bonds are issued for capital improvements consistent with bond covenants.
- 5. each project pays for itself.

The "All In" PCT Price Tag (95% Design)



Project	Preliminary Cost Estimate	Revised Cost Estimate
Petroleum and Cement Terminal	\$124,367,280	<u>\$223,117,951</u>
Minus Pro-Rata Portion of Prior Ca	ash on Hand and State	e Grants - <u>\$20,895,337</u>

<u>Outstanding Need = ~\$200 million</u>





Municipality of Anchorage Port of Alaska





Port of Alaska Tariff Rate Projections Based on Parrish Blessing and Associates Analysis (DSCR 1.3) on Borrowing of \$200 million

Revenues												
Year		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Petroleum Gallons (Assumed Demand)		11,366,194		11,366,194		11,366,194		11,366,194		11,366,194		11,366,194
Petroleum Tariff/Barrel Rate	\$	0.1579		0.2290		0.3321		0.4817		0.6986	\$	1.0132
Customer Cost Per Gallon	\$	0.0038		0.0055	\$	0.0079	-	0.0115	\$	0.0166	\$	0.0241
%^YoY		0.00%		45.03%		45.03%		45.03%		45.03%		45.03%
Petroleum Tariff "REVENUE REQUIREMENT"	\$	1,794,722	\$	2,602,938	\$	3,775,118	\$	5,475,166	\$	7,940,794	\$	11,516,769
Convert Deverte (Assumed Deveral)		405 000		405 000		405 000		405 000		405 000		405 000
Cement Pounds (Assumed Demand)	~	105,326	~	105,326	~	105,326	~	105,326	_	105,326	~	105,326
Cement Tariff/Ton	5	1.6100		2.2355		3.1039		4.3098		5.9841		8.3089
Customer Cost Per Pound	Ф	0.0008	\$	0.0011		0.0016		0.0022	\$	0.0030		0.0042
		0.00%		38.85%		38.85%		38.85%		38.85%		38.85%
Cement Tariff "REVENUE REQUIREMENT"	\$	169,575	>	235,454	۵	326,926	۵.	453,934	>	630,284	۵.	875,145
Petroleum Tariff Revenue	s	1,794,722	S	2,602,938	\$	3,775,118	s	5,475,166	S	7,940,794	\$	11,516,769
Cement Tariff Revenue	š	169,575		235,454		326,926	ŝ	453,934		630,284		875,145
Total Tariff Revenue	<u>+</u>	1,964,297	<u> </u>	2,838,392	-	4,102,044	<u> </u>	5,929,100	÷	8,571,078	-	12,391,913
SBTP Revenue				2,000,002		-,102,014						-
Other Revenue		12,644,491		11,770,396		11,770,396		11,770,396		11,770,396		11,770,396
Total Revenue	\$	14,608,788	ŝ	14,608,788	\$	15,872,440	\$	17,699,496	\$	20,341,474	\$	24,162,309
												,,
Expenses												
Year		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Operating and Non-Operating Expenses	\$	14,896,590	\$	15,218,384	\$	11,765,414	\$	12,043,462	\$	12,340,677	\$	12,655,653
Projected Debt Service Petroleum/Cement		-		487,342		1,712,467		4,196,497		6,938,484		9,098,329
Projected Debt Allocated "All Other Sacs"		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenses	\$	14,896,590	\$	15,705,726	\$	13,477,882	\$	16,239,959	\$	19,279,161	\$	21,753,982
Debt Service Coverage		N/A		N/A		3.86		1.64		1.30		1.30
		N - + -		ام ملم ما	- ام م	at arian for			.	с́1гг /нан //		Dent of Ma
		NOte	e: F	stimated m	ark	et price for	cen	nent is appro	OX.	\$122/ton (FOR	Port of Ala

Goals for setting rates for Port of Alaska:

1. Rates set to achieve revenue requirement, meaning...

a. meet its debt service coverage ratio of 1.3 or the ratio set by lender.

b. meet its fiscal policy for operating reserves set at a minimum of 60 and maximum of 90 days coverage of operating expenses following GFOA best practices.

c. meet is fiscal policy for debt reserves when revenue bonds are issued for capital improvements consistent with bond covenants.

ANCHORAGE DAILY NEWS

Study: <u>Much higher import fees needed</u> to pay for Anchorage port work

🖋 Auther: Elwood Brehmer, Alaska Journal of Commerce 🛛 Updated: February 18 🛗 Published February 17



Tankers Atalanta T and Atlantic Frontier offload a combined 525,000 barrels of jet fuel at the Port of Alaska on Friday, Nov. 16, 2018. The port has a total liquid fuel storage capacity of 3.4 million barrels, or over 140 million gallons. (Loren Holmes / ADN)

Import charges levied on basic commodities at the Anchorage port could increase fivefold or more if the municipality is forced to rebuild decrepit shoreside infrastructure on its own dime, according to an analysis released last week.

Municipality of Anchorage Port of Alaska





Port of Alaska Tariff Rate Projections Based on Parrish Blessing and Associates Analysis (DSCR 1.3) on Borrowing of \$200 million

		0040		0040		0000		0001		0.000		0000
ear Difference in the second		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
etroleum Gallons (Assumed Demand)	~	11,366,194	~	11,366,194	~	11,366,194	~	11,366,194	_	11,366,194	~	11,366,194
etroleum Tariff/Barrel Rate	\$	0.1579		0.2290		0.3321		0.4817		0.6986		1.0132
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AVOY		0.00%		45.03%		45.03%		45.03%		45.03%		45.03%
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ement Pounts (Assumed Demand)		105,326		105,326		105,326		105,326		105,326		105,326
ement Tariff/Ton	¢	1.6100	¢	2.2355	s	3.1039	\$	4.3098	¢	5.9841	s	8,3089
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^YoY	Ť	0.00%	Ť.,	38.85%	Ť.,	38.85%	Ť	38.85%	Ť.,	38.85%		38.85%
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	•	,	•	200,000	•		•	,	•	,	•	,
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BTP Revenue		- ¹		- ¹		- i i -		- i i -		- i i -		- i i -
ther Revenue		12,644,491		11,770,396		11,770,396		11,770,396		11,770,396		11,770,396
otal Revenue	\$	14,608,788	\$	14,608,788	\$	15,872,440	\$	17,699,496	\$	20,341,474	\$	24,162,309
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ear		2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021	_	2022	_	2023
perating and Non-Operating Expenses	\$	14,896,590	\$	15,218,384	\$	11,765,414	\$	12,043,462	\$	12,340,677	\$	12,655,653
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otal Expenses	\$	14,896,590	\$	15,705,726	\$	13,477,882	\$	16,239,959	\$	19,279,161	\$	21,753,982
ebt Service Coverage		N/A		N/A		3.86		1.64		1.30		1.30
ent sei vice coverage		000		01/0		5.00		1.04		1.50		1.50

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Journal of Commerce

Users say fuel tariff hikes would <u>impact</u> cargo operations at a rport

By: Elwood Brehmer

Alaska Journal of Commerce

Post date: Mon, 03/18/2019 - 4:23pm



Cargo aircraft are seen at Ted Stevens Anchorage International Airport in this 2015 photo. Possible tariff hikes for fuel offloaded at the Port of Alaska may impact the decisions of operators who now stop to refuel in Anchorage, company officials said at a March 15 Assembly meeting. (Photo/Rob Stapleton/Anchorage Chamber of Commerce)



ANCHORAGE

Cost doubles to \$2 billion to fix port

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Newest estimate sets the stage for higher gas, grocery prices.

Devin Kelly Anchorage Daily News

The estimated cost of replacing corroding docks and facilities at the Port of Alaska has ballooned to nearly \$2 billion, the project contractor said recently — a sum that will likely translate into price increases for gas, groceries and other consumer goods in the coming years.

stunned by the new figure, which is double what the city expected to pay.

"When we saw that number, (we)

said, how can that possibly be true? crmin What can we do to make that n ion. Eve true?" said city manager Bill Fals "And we will figure out what to do i is unavoidably true."

The new cost estimate comes as commit the city has been preparing to build the first phase of a "modernization" project that launched in 2014. That phase includes a new petroleum and cement terminal, which delivers gasoline, diesel, jet fuel and cement to the rest of the state. The docks at the Port of Alaska have been crippled by City officials said they were corrosion and will begin closing in a decade without major repairs, officials have warned.

The new petroleum and cement

budgeted at \$124 milthe city was short arting to scramble.

nchorage Assembly eting, a dramatically *k*e tag emerged for the 223 million.

e was no one cause for the high cost, officials said. Instead, a litar of price changes had added up, from dredging work to risk mitigation to protections for marine mammals. a project manager with the ng firm CH2M, said during ing. CH2M is the project



The Port of Alaska, as viewed from the Ship Creek boat launch, on Thursday.

See PORT, A4

PCT Cost Extrapolation across the Program

Analogous Method

- Apply percentage increase of PCT to all remaining projects
- Least precise method due to variations between project components

Selective Parametric Method

- Adjust major cost driving elements based on PCT unit costs
- Provides a reasonable "order of magnitude" estimate with limited effort and information

Deterministic Method

- Requires updates to the preliminary designs based on lessons learned from PCT
- Most precise method to determine costs
- Quantify the revised design and estimate using cost information learned from PCT construction

All estimates are highly sensitive to funding availability (escalation) and marine mammal restrictions or requirements







Total Program Costs Extrapolated from 65% PCT Construction Cost Estimate

Project	Preliminary Cost Estimate	Revised Cost Estimate
South Backlands Stabilization	\$15,012,914	\$16,706,096
Petroleum and Cement Terminal	\$124,367,280	\$223,117,951
Landside Buildings	\$20,327,727	\$15,496,126
NES Step 1	\$78,067,277	\$120,606,001
Terminal 1	\$455,688,005	\$747,213,621
Terminal 2	\$214,624,691	\$448,108,832
Petroleum Terminal	\$84,169,834	\$176,580,322
NES Step 2	\$51,857,198	\$132,680,757
Terminal 3 Demolition	\$35,698,496	\$48,016,808
Total Program	\$1,079,813,422	<u>\$1,928,526,515</u>





Major Cost Drivers

- 1. Risk Contingency
 - \$298M included in the cost estimate (15% of total program cost)
 - Marine Mammal Impacts construction means and methods

2. Escalation

- \$202M included in the cost estimate (10% of total program cost)
- 3% annual rate used in the cost estimate
- Directly influenced by funding availability

3. Design requirements

- Seismic design criteria
- 75-year Design Life
- Tenant Requests







ANCHORAGE PORT MODERNIZATION PROGRAM

100% Designed Issued for Construction



49 12 M



<30% Designed; Vast Majority of the Cost—but Design Assumptions Likely Will Change





IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS



TES

ANCHORAGE, A MUNICIPAL CORPORATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Defendant.

Case No. 14-166C

(Judge Damich)

Hope for Resolution Late This Year; Will Not Pay for Entire Project

PORT OF ALASKA MODERNIZATION PROGRAM (PAMP)

	Port Intermodal Expansion Project (PIEP)	Proposed Replacement Docks	Resiliency Premium	Department of Defense Department Strategic Port Premium	Total PAMP
Details	 U.S. Maritime Administration-led project to replace and expand port was cancelled in 2012 Necessary PIEP- caused damage repairs 	 Petroleum-Cement Terminal Petroleum Terminal Two commercial-level container terminals (approximately 1,700 feet of cargo dock face) 	Cost to construct facilities designed to survive extreme seismic events and Cook Inlet's harsh marine environment for at least 75 years	To comply with commercial strategic seaport requirements (approximately 500 additional feet of container dock face)	
Projected Cost	\$253 million	\$1,210 J million	\$162 million	\$303 million	\$1,928 million
Percentage Of Total PAMP	13 percent	63 percent	8 percent	16 percent	100 percent



PORTOF ALASKA