

Fiscal Note

State of Alaska
2017 Legislative Session

Bill Version:	SB 79
Fiscal Note Number:	2
(S) Publish Date:	3/6/2017

Identifier: DHSS-PHAS-2-24-17
 Title: OPIOIDS;PRESCRIPTIONS;DATABASE;LICENSE
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 Sponsor: RLS BY REQUEST OF THE GOVERNOR
 Requester: Governor

Department: Department of Health and Social Services
 Appropriation: Public Health
 Allocation: Public Health Administrative Services
 OMB Component Number: 292

Expenditures/Revenues

Note: Amounts do not include inflation unless otherwise noted below. (Thousands of Dollars)

	FY2018 Appropriation Requested	Included in Governor's FY2018 Request	Out-Year Cost Estimates				
	FY 2018	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
OPERATING EXPENDITURES							
Personal Services							
Travel							
Services							
Commodities							
Capital Outlay							
Grants & Benefits							
Miscellaneous							
Total Operating	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Fund Source (Operating Only)

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Positions

Full-time							
Part-time							
Temporary							

Change in Revenues

None							
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Estimated SUPPLEMENTAL (FY2017) cost: 0.0 *(separate supplemental appropriation required)*
(discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

Estimated CAPITAL (FY2018) cost: 0.0 *(separate capital appropriation required)*
(discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS

Does the bill direct, or will the bill result in, regulation changes adopted by your agency? Yes
 If yes, by what date are the regulations to be adopted, amended or repealed? 01/01/19

Why this fiscal note differs from previous version:

Not applicable; initial version.

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Division:	Public Health	Date:	02/23/2017 12:00 PM
Approved By:	Shawnda O'Brien, Asst. Commissioner	Date:	02/24/17
Agency:	Health and Social Services		

FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

STATE OF ALASKA
2017 LEGISLATIVE SESSION**Analysis**

This bill addresses the opioid epidemic by improving effective use of the prescription drug monitoring database. The bill influences judicious prescribing of opioids by limiting initial prescriptions and requiring providers to receive minimum training in substance abuse and pain management. This bill also creates a revocable, confidential Voluntary Nonopioid Directive that allows someone in recovery to make clear the person's wishes not to be administered an opioid.

The Department of Health and Social Services would be tasked with implementing the Voluntary Nonopioid Directive Act, establishing regulations, and creating the directive form. A person would provide this confidential information to a health care provider or hospital on a form posted on the Department of Health and Social Services website. No additional appropriation would be required; therefore a zero fiscal note is submitted.