

The Alaska International Airport System – An Economic Engine

Deputy Commissioner John Binder January 24, 2017

Keep Alaska Moving through service and infrastructure

Aviation Mission Statements

Department of Transportation & Public Facilities:

"Keep Alaska Moving through service and infrastructure

Alaska International Airport System (AIAS):

"Keep Alaska flying and thriving"

Statewide Aviation (SWA):

"Sustain and improve the quality of life throughout Alaska"

AIAS - Vision and Core Values

Our Vision:

By 2030, AIAS is a global nexus for aviation-related commerce

- We will be a model government-owned enterprise, adaptive and agile
- We will proactively address global changes and world markets
- We will operate safely while striving for efficiency
- We will optimize our contribution to Alaska's economy and quality of life
- We will involve, value, and balance the interests of stakeholders
- We will be a coveted place to work

Our Core Values:

Integrity: Honesty, dependability, unity, and a high ethical standard

Enterprising: Innovative, proactive, pioneering, business-centric airport system

Excellence: Commitment to improve and a passion to provide superior service and infrastructure

Respect: Professional regard for colleagues and customers

AIAS Structure

Created over 50 years ago by Ch88 SLA 1961 - (AS 37.15.410-550)











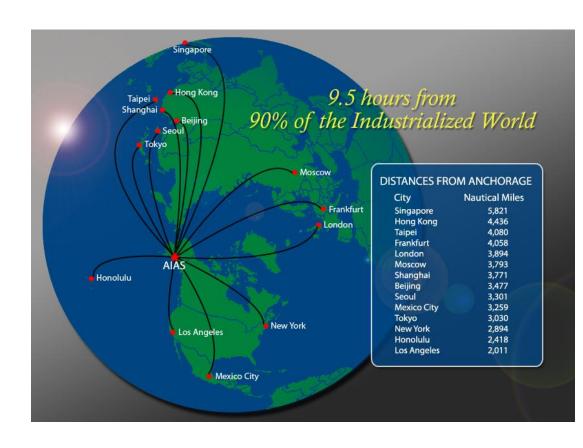




Location and Two Airports

- 9.5 hours from 90% of Industrialized World
- Never a same day closure (except 9/11)





AIAS - Alaskan Economic Engine

Ted Stevens Anchorage Int'l Airport

- 15,577 Jobs one in ten jobs
- About \$724 million in direct annual payroll
- Another \$303 million in annual payroll for jobs in the community

Fairbanks International Airport

- 1,900 Jobs one in twenty jobs
- \$225 million in economic output
- Ranked 85th in the nation in weight of total mail and freight (2010)

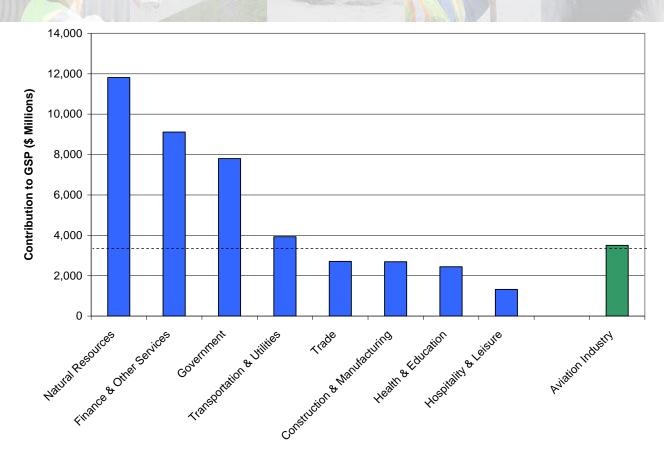
Source: 2011 ANC Economic Impact Report

Source: 2011 Economic and Community Contributions of Selected Alaska Airports: 12 Case Studies

Regional Impact

- Only 2% of Alaska's land area is accessible by road
- 82% of Alaska communities are not connected to the road system
- Year-round transport of people, freight and mail is primarily by air
- CY2015 intra-Alaska movements (USDOT T100 Data)
 - ANC origin 890,000 passengers, 89 million lbs freight, 97 million lbs mail
 - FAI origin 301,000 passengers, 13 million lbs freight, 4.5 million lbs mail
 - Population of Alaska in 2016 740,000 people

Economic Contribution



- Alaska aviation industry impacts FY2007 (includes non-DOT&PF airports)
 - Over 47,000 jobs, almost 10% of the statewide annual average employment
 - \$3.5 billion dollars, ~8% of Alaska's gross state product

- Three 10,500 foot runways
- 60 Wide-Body Parking Positions
- CAT IIIb ILS
- 24-7-365 Immigration, Air Traffic, U.S. Customs
- Multiple Fuel Suppliers / Ample Supply and Storage
- Fuel Hydrant System



#2 Airport in North America for landed cargo weight

#1 Airport for Excellence, Air Cargo World 2015 – 5th year in a row!

#4 Airport in World for cargo throughput

Five-time recipient of the Balchen Post Award for excellence in snow and ice control.





- Passengers: 5 million
- Cargo throughput: 2.4 million tons
- Widebody freighter movements: 49,400
 - An average of 136 landings and takeoffs per day
- Major gateway for FedEx and UPS
- Freighters operated for various business models
 - Integrators, scheduled, charter, single shipper, cargo transfer, ...



Rank	City
1	Memphis
2	Anchorage
3	Louisville
4	Miami
5	Los Angeles
6	Chicago
7	New York
8	Indianapolis
9	Newark
10	Atlanta

Rank	City
1	Hong Kong
2	Memphis
3	Shanghai
4	Anchorage
5	Incheon
6	Dubai
7	Louisville
8	Tokyo
9	Paris
10	Frankfurt

Data from Airports Council International for CY2015 metric tons cargo

Fairbanks International Airport

- One 11,800 foot runway
- CAT IIIb ILS
- 33 plus aircraft parking positions
- 97% VFR
- 24-7-365 Immigration, Air Traffic, Customs
- Ground service, deicing, catering for all size aircraft
- A convenient 1,065,800square-foot Cargo Apron
- 5 Heavy Cargo Parking Positions



Fairbanks International Airport

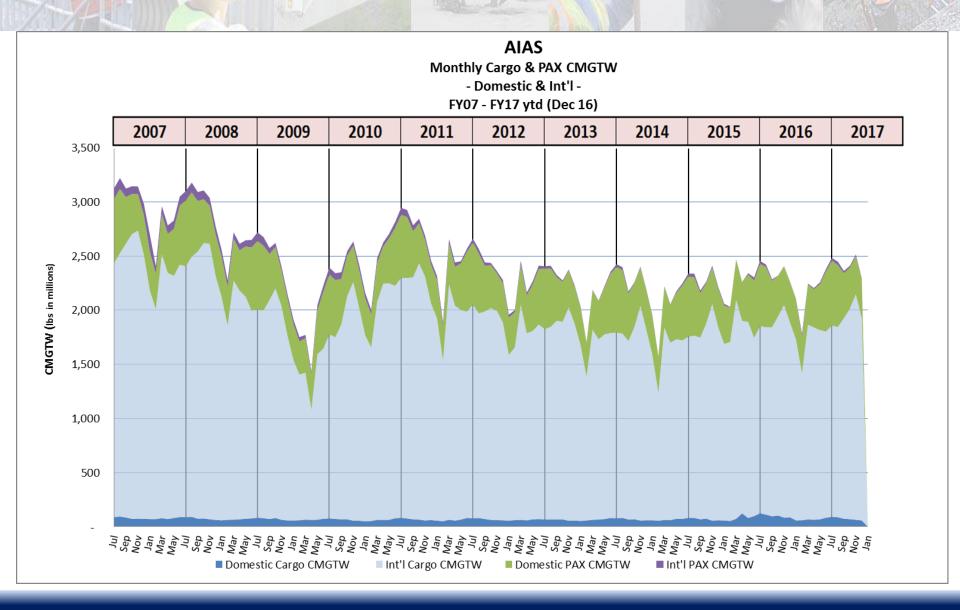
- Passengers: over 1 million
- Vital Connection to rural Alaska
- Popular winter tourism destination and the gateway to Denali Park
- Premier cold weather testing location
- Active GA area of the airport with multiple surfaces including a 6,000 ft. runway, a ski strip in the winter, a gravel strip in the summer, and a float pond water strip



Operating Agreement with Carriers

- Ten-year Operating Agreement commenced July 1, 2013
 - 29 Airlines are Signatory
 - Signatory Carriers
 - Share financial risk in exchange for capital and operating input
 - Discounted fees
- Signatory Carriers organize and engage AIAS as Airline Airport Affairs Committee (AAAC)
 - Co-chairs are representatives from UPS and Alaska Airlines
- AIAS has authority to issue revenue bonds

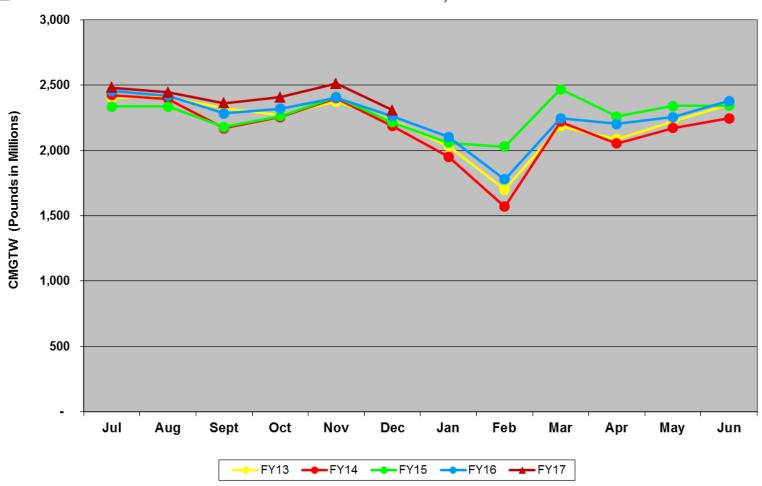
Cargo/Passenger Activity



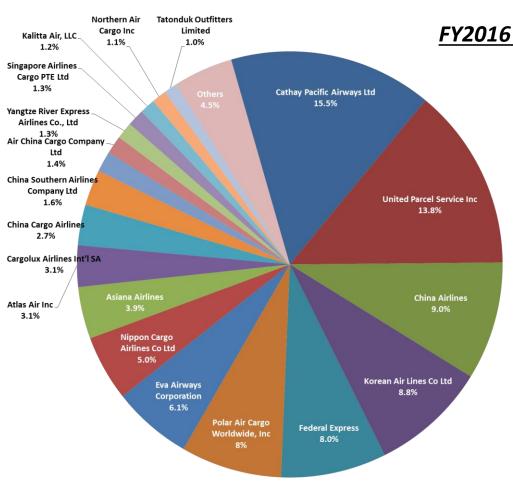
Primary Revenue Driver - Airfield Activity (CMGTW): Down 0.5% FY16 / Up 2.6% FY17 ytd



AIAS FY13- FY17 YTD Monthly Reported Combined Cargo - Pax CMGTW As of December 31, 2016



Cargo Airline Customers



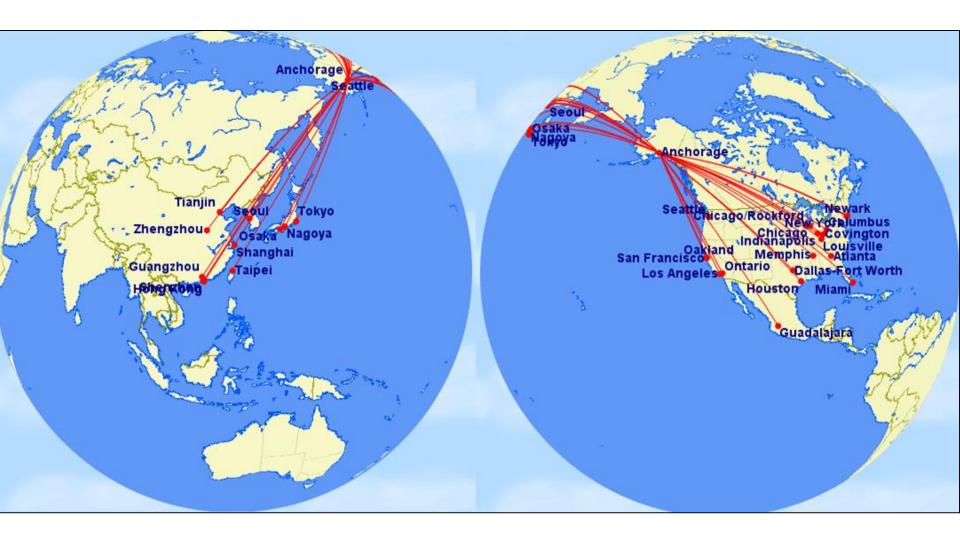
1/24/17

FY2016 Carrier Market Share by CMGTW

- International cargo hub for FedEx, UPS, Korean Air, Nippon, China Airlines, Polar Air Cargo and Atlas Air
- Cargo-related revenues account for nearly two-thirds of AIAS revenues

AIAS airline reported FY16 records. Totals may not add due to rounding.

Int'l Cargo Markets*



^{*} CY2015 ANC Cargo City Pairs w/frequency > 140 flights/year

Asia Centric Cargo Market

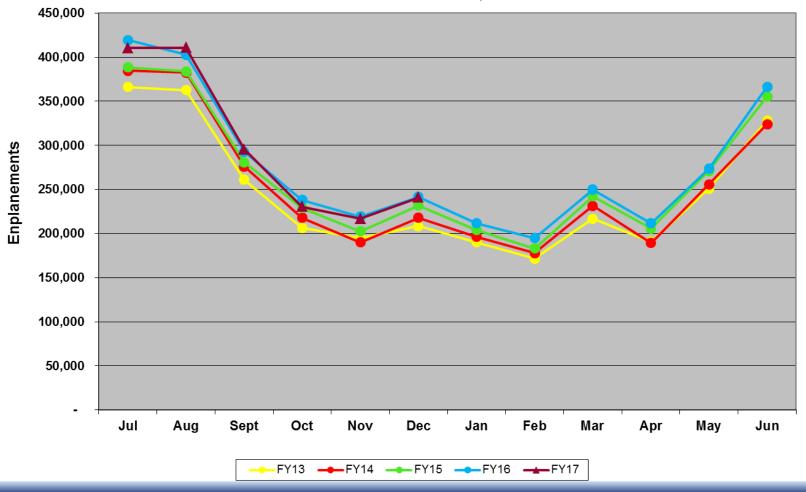
- Over 99% of cargo through AIAS -- five Asian origins (Mainland China, Taiwan & Hong Kong, Korea, Japan)
- N. America Asia cargo through AIAS expected to grow ~ 2-3%
- 71% of all Asia-bound air cargo from U.S. goes through AIAS
- 82% of all U.S.-bound air cargo from Asia goes through AIAS
- All Asia-North America cargo carriers have flights through AIAS
- Approx 80% of AIAS carrier generated revenue is cargo
- 30% of China air cargo exports is carried by Chinese carriers (70% is carried by others)

Passenger Activity

Up 4.5% FY16 / Down 0.5% FY17 ytd

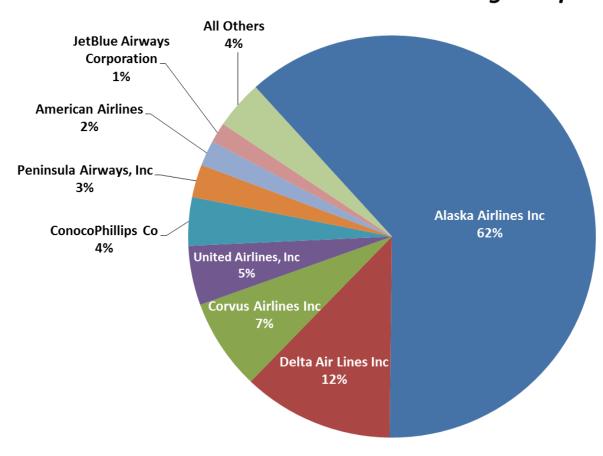


AIAS FY13 - FY17 YTD Monthly Enplanements As of December 31, 2016



Passenger Airline Customers

AIAS FY16 Passenger Enplanements: +4.5%

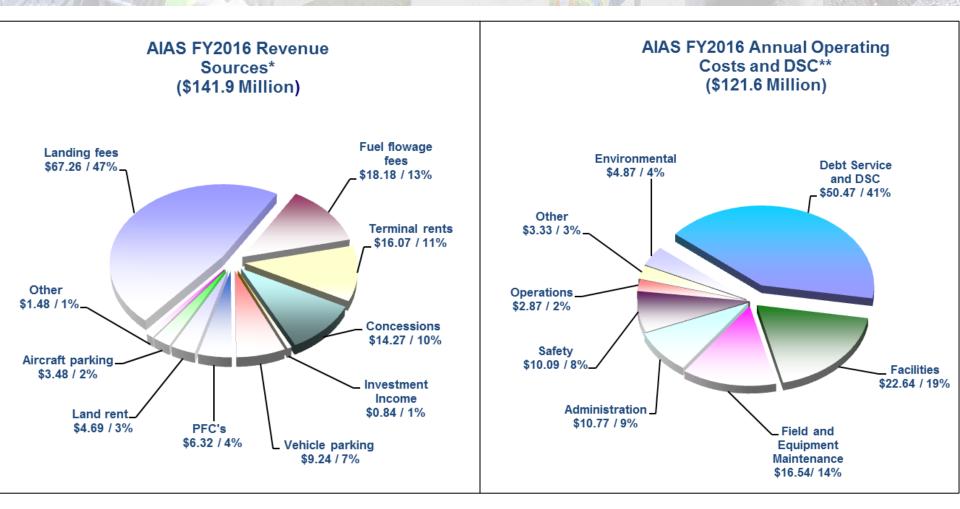


Direct Passenger Service



^{*} CY2016 Scheduled and Charter Service

Annual Operating Revenues and Operations, Maintenance and Debt Costs - Funded from Customer Charges -



^{*} Revenues from Airline & Tenant Customers

** Expense does not include rates & fees funded capital costs

Unaudited

Capital Funding

Airport Improvement Program (AIP)

FFY2016

	Discretionary	Entitlements	<u>Total</u>
ANC	\$11.7M	\$15.7M	\$27.4M
FAI	\$0.0	\$4.1M	\$4.1M

Anticipated FFY2017

	Discretionary	Entitlements	<u>Total</u>
ANC	\$24.5M	\$18.2M	\$42.7M
FAI	\$4.5M	\$3.0M	\$7.5M

Airport Improvement Program (AIP) for DOT&PF Airports in FFY'16

FAA airport capital improvement project funding program (~\$169.8M)

- Cargo Entitlement (\$12.7M)
 - Earned by airports with more than 100 million pounds landed weight
- Primary Passenger Entitlement (\$29.2M)
 - Earned by airports with more than 10,000 passengers (enplanements) and scheduled commercial service
- Non-Primary Passenger Entitlement (\$11.7M)
 - Earned by airports with less than 10,000 passengers annually
- State Apportionment (\$22.3M total less Muni Sponsors = \$17M)
 - An area/pop. formula used after cargo/passenger entitlements calculated
- Alaska Supplemental (\$21.3M total less Muni Sponsors = \$17.8M)
 - Legislative amount based on 1980 amounts
- Discretionary (\$109.2M less Muni Sponsors = \$80.7M)
 - What remains divided among 50 states

Economic Development Study

- Strategic assessment of the market potential for attracting air cargo oriented investment
- Supply Chain Analysis potential opportunities
 - Pharmaceutical reverse logistics and clinical trial component distribution
 - Aerospace distribution of production materials and spare parts
 - Automotive forward deployment of component customization and final inspection
 - Electronics forward deployment of final assembly, customization, inventory control
 - Toys and fashion considered, but assessed as very low opportunity
- Competitive analysis for ANC
 - Advantages reliability, transport time, air service availability
 - Challenges available property, labor readiness, certain operational costs

Business Development

- Moving forward
 - Develop a competitive Alaska business proposition
 - A forward looking supply chain solution
 - Describe a tangibly lower-cost "all-in" operation
 - Potential aircraft maintenance facility
 - Market our solution(s) to target companies
 - Challenge what agency or body develops and moves this forward?

Report on AIAS website at:

http://dot.alaska.gov/aias/assets/AirCargo-Economic_Development_Opportunity.pdf

Strategic Planning / Engagement

- System planning/responses to previous Management reviews
 - Strategic Plan (2017)
 - Business Plan (2016-17)
 - Marketing Plans / System Branding (Ongoing)
- Proactive communications
 - Work with sister State agencies; Convention and Visitors Bureaus and Economic Development Corporations to strategize opportunities
 - Attend passenger and cargo conferences to promote AIAS
 - Pursue Asian market & air carriers

Master Plans

AIAS Strategic Plan (AIAS Team)

- Progress on Results Based Alignment, market indicators, revenueexpense and system optimization
- Annual review scheduled for Feb 2017
- 2016 Plan located at http://dot.alaska.gov/aias/news
- Lake Hood Master Plan (DOWL Team)
 - Public comment period for draft plan completed Jan 16, 2017
 - Final plan early spring 2017
 - Draft report located at http://www.lhdmasterplan.com

Aviation Challenges - Future

- Fleet Changes
 - International wide-body aircraft
 - In-state changes (SAAB 2000, 737 freighter, Q-400)
- Climate Change
 - Increasing number of freezing rain/ice events
 - Rural runway subsurface maintenance
 - Coastal erosion
- Ever-increasing federal compliance requirements
 - Access controls/ID management
 - Obstruction criteria
 - Friction requirements
 - NEPA determination requirements for non-AIP development



Thank you!

Questions?