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HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 9

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

THIRTIETH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY REPRESENTATIVES ORTIZ, Kreiss-Tomkins, Tuck, Tarr

Introduced: 1/30/17 Referred: House Special Committee on Fisheries, Resources

Sponsor(s): REPRESENTATIVES ORTIZ, Kreiss-Tomkins, Tuck, Tarr, Parish

A RESOLUTION

1	Urging the United States government to continue to work with the government of
2	Canada to investigate the long-term, region-wide downstream effects of proposed and
3	existing industrial development and to develop measures to ensure that state resources
4	are not harmed by upstream development in British Columbia.
5	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:
6	WHEREAS the transboundary rivers of Northwest British Columbia and Southeast
7	Alaska have tremendous unique economic, ecological, subsistence, cultural, and recreational
8	value; and
9	WHEREAS protecting productive, pristine waters and intact habitats throughout
10	those transboundary river systems is necessary to ensure healthy wild salmon populations and
11	abundant fisheries; and
12	WHEREAS large-scale mining in British Columbia is experiencing unprecedented
13	and rapid expansion within the Taku, Stikine, and Unuk watersheds; and
14	WHEREAS proposed mines in the transboundary area include Tulsequah Chief, New
15	Polaris, and Big Bull in the Taku watershed; Galore Creek, Red Chris, and Schaft Creek in the

Stikine watershed; and the Kerr-Sulphurets-Mitchell project in the headwaters of the Unuk
 River; and

- WHEREAS large-scale mining and energy development could have significant
 adverse effects on the environment and fisheries within the transboundary region; and
- 5 WHEREAS the proposed mines would generate billions of tons of acid-generating 6 tailings, which would be held behind huge dams and could pose the threat of acid rock 7 drainage for centuries, if not in perpetuity; and
- 8 **WHEREAS** the tailings would need monitoring, maintenance, water treatment, and 9 possible remediation for centuries, if not in perpetuity; and
- WHEREAS ongoing acid rock drainage at the Tulsequah Chief mine and the tailings
 dam failure at the Mount Polley mine demonstrate weaknesses in current monitoring and
 enforcement efforts in British Columbia; and
- WHEREAS the federal-provincial environmental assessment process does not address the long-term, cumulative effects of industrial development in the transboundary region; and
- WHEREAS commercial fishermen, subsistence and recreational users, elected leaders, local communities, and Alaska Native and First Nation tribes on both sides of the Alaska-Canada border have raised concerns about the pace and scope of the proposed industrial development in the headwaters of the transboundary river systems and the potential for harm to water quality, fish and wildlife, and the socio-economic sustainability of local communities in the region;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature strongly urges the United States government to continue to work with the government of Canada to investigate the long-term, region-wide downstream effects of proposed and existing industrial development and to develop measures to ensure that state resources are not harmed by upstream development in British Columbia.

COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to the United States Secretary of State; and
 the Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable Dan Sullivan, U.S. Senators, and the
 Honorable Don Young, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.