## Comparison of HB 194 CS N to Existing Alaska Securities Act (AS 45.55)

HB 194/CS-H	Alaska Securities Act	Comments	Page
Proposed AS 45.56	AS 45.55		number
Sections 1-14: Substantive Additions to Other Chapters		Only certain provisions are highlighted here; most	
in the Alaska Statutes		of the changes are numbering updates with the	
		Securities Act moving to 45.56.	
Sections 15-23 Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act		All provisions related to Alaska Native Claims	11
Corporations Proxy Solicitations		Settlement Act (ANCSA) corporations' proxy	
		solicitations from 45.55 are retained. A few of the	
<b>Sec. 15.</b> AS 45.55.138 is amended to read: <b>Sec. 45.55.138.</b>		provisions had to be modified to remove	
Application to Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act		references to general securities as these provisions	
<b>corporations.</b> The initial issue of stock of a corporation		now only relate to the ANCSA corporations'	
organized under Alaska law under [PURSUANT TO] 43		proxy solicitations. No substantive changes to	
U.S.C. 1601 et seq. (Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act) is		these provisions were made, and the ANCSA	
not a sale of a security under <b>AS 45.56.105</b> [AS 45.55.070]		corporate proxy solicitations will continue to be	
and <b>AS 45.56.900(27)</b> [45.55.990(28)].		regulated by the Division as they have been since	
		ANCSA's inception.	
<b>Sec. 16.</b> AS 45.55.139 is amended to read: <b>Sec. 45.55.139.</b>			
Reports of corporations. A copy of all annual reports,			
proxies, consents or authorizations, proxy statements, and			
other materials relating to proxy solicitations distributed,			
published, or made available by any person to at least 30			
Alaska resident shareholders of a corporation organized			
under Alaska law under 43 U.S.C. 1601 et. seq. (Alaska			
Native Claims Settlement Act) that has total assets			
exceeding \$1,000,000 and a class of equity security held of			
record by 500 or more 3 persons [AND WHICH IS			
EXEMPTED FROM THE REGISTRATION 4			
REQUIREMENTS OF AS 45.55.070 BY 45.55.138], shall be			
filed with the administrator concurrently with its distribution			
to shareholders.			
<b>Sec. 17.</b> AS 45.55.920(a) is amended to read: (a) If it appears			

to the administrator that a person has engaged or is about to engage in an act or practice in violation of a provision of this chapter or regulation or order under this chapter, the administrator may (1) in the public interest [OR FOR THE PROTECTION OF INVESTORS, issue an order (A) directing the person to cease and desist from continuing the act or practice; (B) directing the person, for a period not to exceed three years, to file the annual reports, proxies, consents or authorizations, proxy statements, or other materials relating to proxy solicitations required under AS 45.55.139 with the administrator for examination and review 10 working days before a distribution to shareholders; and (C) voiding the proxies obtained by a person required to file under AS 45.55.139, including their future exercise or actions resulting from their past exercise, if the proxies were solicited by means of an untrue or misleading statement prohibited under AS 45.55.160; or (2) bring an action in the superior court to enjoin the acts or practices and to enforce compliance with this chapter or regulation or order under this chapter, and upon a proper showing, the appropriate remedy must be granted and a receiver or conservator may be appointed for the defendant or the defendant's assets; the court may not require the administrator to post a bond. **Sec. 18.** AS 45.55.920(b) is amended to read: (b) The administrator may issue an order against a person [AN APPLICANT, REGISTERED PERSON, OR OTHER PERSON] who knowingly or intentionally violates this chapter or a regulation or order of the administrator under this chapter, imposing a civil penalty of not more than \$2,500 for a single violation, or not more than \$25,000 for multiple violations, in a single proceeding or a series of related proceedings.

<b>Sec. 19.</b> AS 45.55.920(c) is amended to read: (c) For	
violations not covered by (b) of this section, the	
administrator may issue an order against <b>a person</b> [AN	
APPLICANT, REGISTERED PERSON, OR OTHER	
PERSON] who violates this chapter or a regulation or order	
of the administrator under this chapter, imposing a civil	
penalty of not more than \$500 for a single violation, or not	
more than \$5,000 for multiple violations, in a single	
proceeding or a series of related proceedings.	
proceeding of a correct of removed proceedings.	
<b>Sec. 20.</b> AS 45.55.925(a) is amended to read: (a) In addition	
to the civil penalties assessed under AS 45.55.920, a person	
who wilfully violates a provision of this chapter except <b>AS</b>	
45.55.160 [AS 45.55.030(e), 45.55.040(h), 45.55.075, or	
45.55.160], or who wilfully violates a regulation or order	
under this chapter, or who wilfully violates AS 45.55.160	
knowing the statement made to be false or misleading in a	
material respect or the omission to be misleading by any	
material respect, upon conviction, is punishable by a fine of	
not more than \$5,000, or by imprisonment of not less than	
one year nor more than five years, or both. Upon conviction	
of an individual for a felony under this chapter,	
imprisonment for not less than one year is mandatory.	
However, an individual may not be imprisoned for the	
violation of a regulation or order if the individual proves that	
the individual had no knowledge of the regulation or order.	
An indictment or information may not be returned under this	
chapter more than five years after the alleged violation.	
Sec. 21. AS 45.55.935(a) is repealed and reenacted to read: (a)	
The administrator shall adopt regulations, consistent with the	
provisions of this chapter and with regulations adopted under	
AS 44.64.060, governing administrative hearings conducted	
by the office of administrative hearings (AS 44.64.010) for	

orders issued under AS 45.55.920.		
<b>Sec. 22.</b> AS 45.55.950(a) is amended to read: (a) The		
administrator may make, adopt, amend, and rescind the		
regulations, forms, and orders that are necessary to carry out		
this chapter [,INCLUDING REGULATIONS AND		
FORMS GOVERNING REGISTRATION		
STATEMENTS, APPLICATIONS, AND REPORTS, AND		
DEFINING TERMS, WHETHER OR NOT USED IN		
THIS CHAPTER INSOFAR AS THE DEFINITIONS		
ARE NOT INCONSISTENT WITH THIS CHAPTER.		
FOR THE PURPOSE OF REGULATIONS AND		
FORMS, THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY CLASSIFY		
SECURITIES, PERSONS, AND MATTERS WITHIN		
THE JURISDICTION OF THE ADMINISTRATOR,		
AND PRESCRIBE DIFFERENT REQURIEMENTS FOR		
DIFFERENT CLASSES].		
,		
<b>Sec. 23.</b> AS 45.55.950(b) is amended to read: (b) A		
regulation, form, or order may not be made, adopted,		
amended, or rescinded unless the administrator finds that the		
action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest [OR		
FOR THE PROTECTION OF INVESTORS AND		
CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES FAIRLY		
INTENDED BY THE POLICY AND PROVISIONS OF		
THIS CHAPTER. IN ADOPTING REGULATIONS AND		
FORMS THE ADMINISTRATOR MAY COOPERATE		
WITH THE SECURITIES ADMINISTRATORS OF THE		
OTHER STATES AND THE SECURITIES AND		
EXCHANGE COMMISSION WITH A VIEW TO		
EFFECTUATING THE POLICY OF THIS SECTION		
TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM UNIFORMITY IN THE		
FORM AND CONTENT OF REGISTRATION		
STATEMENTS, APPLICATIONS, AND REPORTS		

WHEREVER PRACTICABLE].			
Sec. 24. AS 45.55 is amended by adding a new section to			
read: <b>Sec. 45.55.985. Definitions.</b> In this chapter, unless the			
context otherwise requires, "administrator" means the			
commissioner of commerce, community, and economic			
development or a designee of the commissioner.	14 1 0 11 4		70
Section 25	Alaska Securities Act	Comments	Page
Proposed AS 45.56	AS 45.55	0 45.55	number
Article 1. General Provisions	45.55.070	Same as 45.55.	14-15
Sec. 45.56.105. Securities registration requirement. A person			
may not offer or sell a security in the state unless			
(1) the security is a federal covered security;			
<ul><li>(2) is registered under this chapter; or</li><li>(3) the security or transaction is exempted from registration</li></ul>			
under AS 45.56.205 – 45.56.250.			
	C11 <sub>xx</sub> 45 55 000		
Article 2. Exemptions from the Registration of Securities	See generally 45.55.900		
	C m o mo 11rx		1 [
<b>45.56.205.</b> Exempt securities. The following securities are	See generally		15
exempt from the requirements of AS 45.56.105, 45.56.305 - 45.56.360 and 45.56.550:	45.55.900(a)		
(1) a security, including a revenue obligation or a separate	45.55.900(a)(1)	Same as 45.55.	15
security, as defined in 17 C.F.R. Part 230.131 adopted under	45.55.900(a)(1)	Same as 45.55.	13
15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933), issued, insured,			
or guaranteed by the United States; by a state; by a political			
subdivision of a state; by a public authority, agency, or			
instrumentality of one or more states; by a political			
subdivision of one or more states; or by a person controlled			
or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the			
United States under authority granted by the United States			
Congress; or a certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing;			
(2) a security issued, insured, or guaranteed by a foreign	Similar to	Adopted from the Uniform Securities Act (USA);	15
government with which the United States maintains	45.55.900(a)(2)	removes redundant specific reference to Canada.	
diplomatic relations, or by any of its political subdivisions, if		Tr.	

the security is recognized as a valid obligation by the issuer,			
insurer, or guarantor;			
(3) a security issued by and representing, or that will	Similar to	The three exemptions from 45.55.900(a) (3), (6),	15
represent an interest in or a direct obligation of, or be	45.55.900(a)(3), (6) and	and (8) are combined into one.	
guaranteed by,	(8)		
(A) an international banking institution;			
(B) a banking institution organized under the laws of the			
United States; a member bank of the Federal Reserve System;			
or a depository institution a substantial portion of the			
business of which consists or will consist of receiving			
deposits or share accounts that are insured to the maximum			
amount authorized by statute by the Federal Deposit			
Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Share			
Insurance Fund, or a successor authorized by federal law or			
exercising fiduciary powers that are similar to those permitted			
for national banks under the authority of the United States			
Comptroller of Currency under 12 U.S.C. 92a; or			
(C) any other depository institution, unless, by a regulation			
or order, the administrator proceeds under AS 45.56.250;			
(4) a security issued by and representing an interest in, or a	Similar to		16
debt of, or insured or guaranteed by, an insurance company	45.55.900(a)(7)		
authorized to do business in this state;			
(5) a security issued or guaranteed by a railroad, other	45.55.900(a)(9)	Same as 45.55.	16
common carrier, public utility, or public utility holding			
company that is			
(A) regulated with respect to its rates and charges by the			
United States or a state;			
(B) regulated with respect to the issuance or guarantee of the			
security by the United States, a state, Canada, or a Canadian			
province or territory; or			
(C) a public utility holding company registered under 42			
U.S.C. 16451 et seq. (Energy Policy Act of 2005) or a			
subsidiary of the registered holding company within the			
meaning of that Act;			

(6) a federal covered security specified in 15 U.S.C. 77r(b)(1) or adopted by rule under that provision or a security listed or approved for listing on another securities market specified by regulation under this chapter; a put or a call option contract; a warrant; a subscription right on or with respect to the security; an option or similar derivative security on a security or an index of securities or foreign currencies issued by a clearing agency registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a - 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and listed or designated for trading on a national securities exchange, a facility of a national securities association registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a – 78pp	45.55.900(a)(10)	45.55 provides an exemption for securities listed on specific exchanges (NYSE, American Stock Exchange, Chicago Stock Exchange, Pacific Coast Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Options Exchange or other as designated by order of the Administrator). NSMIA expanded the definition of covered securities to additional exchanges, so the new language covers these as well.  This exemption addresses specified options, warrants, and rights that are not federal covered securities under the Securities Act of 1933, but	16
(Securities Exchange Act of 1934) or an offer or sale of the underlying security in connection with the offer, sale, or exercise of an option or other security that was exempt when the option or other security was written or issued; or an option or a derivative security designated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under 15 U.S.C. 78i(b);		have generally always been exempted under the uniform securities acts (both 1956 and 2002).  The provision also makes clear that any offer or sale of the underlying security that occurs as a result of the offer or sale of an option or other derivative security exempted under this provision or as the result of the exercise of the option or other derivative security, is covered by the exemption if the option met the terms of the exemption at the time such derivative security was written (that is, sold) or issued. Any transaction in an underlying security that results from the offer, sale, or exercise of any derivative security issued by a registered clearing agency and traded on a national securities exchange or association is exempt if the derivative security when written was exempt under 45.56. This language is consistent with federal case law (see, e.g. H. Kook & Co., Inc. v. Scheinman, Hochstin & Trotta, Inc., 414	
(7) a security issued by a person organized and operated	Similar to	F.2d 93 (2d Cir. 1969)).  This exemption does not mandate any filing, but	17

exclusively for religious, educational, benevolent, fraternal, charitable, social, athletic, or reformatory purposes, or as a chamber of commerce, and not for pecuniary profit, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of a private stockholder or other person, or a security of a company that is excluded from the definition of an investment company under 15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)(10)(B), except that, with respect to the offer or sale of a note, bond, debenture, or other evidence of indebtedness issued by the person, a regulation may be adopted under this chapter limiting the availability of this exemption by classifying securities, persons, and transactions, imposing different requirements for different classes, specifying, with respect to (B) of this paragraph, the scope of the exemption and the grounds for denial or suspension, and requiring an issuer  (A) to file a notice specifying the material terms of the proposed offer or sale and copies of any proposed sales and advertising literature to be used and provide that the exemption becomes effective if the administrator does not disallow the exemption within the period established by the regulation;  (B) to file a request for exemption authorization for which a regulation adopted under this chapter may specify the  (i) scope of the exemption;  (ii) requirement of an offering statement;  (iii) filing of sales and advertising literature;  (iv) filing of consent to service of process complying with AS 45.56.630, and  (v) grounds for denial or suspension of the exemption; or  (C) to register under AS 45.56.310;	45.55.900(a)(11)	adds statutory authority to allow the administrator to require either a notice filing, request for exemption, or registration by regulation or order if it deems necessary. The nonprofit exemption can be of concern due to its potential use by fraudsters and potential affinity fraud.	
(8) a member's or owner's interest in, or a retention certificate or like security given in lieu of a cash patronage dividend issued by, a cooperative organized and operated as a nonprofit membership cooperative under the cooperative	None.	This provision exempts securities issued by cooperatives from the registration requirement.  The exemption is not available if the securities are offered or sold to the public generally.	17

laws of a state, but not a member's or owner's interest, retention certificate, or like security sold to persons other than bona fide members of the cooperative;  (9) an equipment trust certificate with respect to equipment	None.	Provides an exception relating to equipment lease	18
leased or conditionally sold to a person if any security issued by the person would be exempt under this section or would be a federal covered security under 15 U.S.C. 77r(b)(1); and		financing through leveraged leases, conditional sales and other devices. The premise is that if the securities of the person using such a financing device would be exempt under some other paragraph, the security used to acquire the property in question is also exempt.	
(10) shares of membership stock in the Alaska Commercial Fishing and Agriculture Bank under AS 44.81.010, and other securities issued by that bank to members or in connection with loans to members.	45.55.900(a)(12)	Same as 45.55.	18
		Additional Comments on Exempt Securities 45.55.900(a)(10) is deleted and not carried over. These securities are exempt under federal law by virtue of the National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996 (NSMIA), Public Law 104-290, 1996.	
Sec. 45.56.210. Exempt transactions. The following transactions are exempt from the requirements of AS 45.56.105, 45.56.305 - 45.56.360 and 45.56.550:	See generally 45.55.900(b)		18
(1) an isolated nonissuer transaction, whether effected by or through a broker-dealer or not, if the seller is not a promoter or controlling person as the administrator may define by regulation or order;	45.55.900(b)(9)	45.56 removes the waiver process under 45.55 which allows for the seller to request a waiver for the requirement that the seller not be a promoter or controlling person. "Controlling person" is currently defined in regulation as a person who owns more than 50% of outstanding shares of a person. Formerly, a controlling person was one who owned 10%.	18
(2) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from registration under this chapter and a resale transaction by a sponsor of a unit investment trust	See generally 45.55.900(b)(17)	This section is an update of the "securities manual" exemption (45.55.900(b)(17)) that was present under 45.55. The update in the USA was	18

registered under 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 - 80a-64 (Investment Company Act of 1940) in a security of a class that has been outstanding in the hands of the public for at least 90 days if, at the date of the transaction,

- (A) the issuer of the security is engaged in business, the issuer is not in the organizational stage or in bankruptcy or receivership, and the issuer is not a blank check, blind pool, or shell company that does not have a specific business plan or purpose or has indicated that its primary business plan is to engage in a merger or combination of the business with or an acquisition of an unidentified person;
- (B) the security is sold at a price reasonably related to its current market price;
- (C) the security does not constitute the whole or part of an unsold allotment to or a subscription or participation by the broker-dealer as an underwriter of the security or a redistribution;
- (D) a nationally recognized securities manual or its electronic equivalent designated by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter or a record filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that is publicly available contains
- (i) a description of the business and operations of the issuer;
- (ii) the names of the issuer's executive officers and the names of the issuer's directors, if any;
- (iii) an audited balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within 18 months before the date of the transaction or, in the case of a reorganization or merger when the parties to the reorganization or merger each had an audited balance sheet, a pro forma balance sheet for the combined organization; and
- (iv) an audited income statement for each of the issuer's two immediately previous fiscal years or for the period of existence of the issuer, whichever is shorter, or, in the case of a reorganization or merger when each party to the reorganization or merger had audited income statements, a

proposed by the North American Securities Administrators Association (NASAA) and the section generally follows the NASAA amendment.

Note: Rule 419 issued under the Securities Act of 1933 defines a "blank check company" to be a company that "is a development stage company that has no specific business plan or purpose or has indicated that its business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an unidentified company or companies, or other entity or person." A "blind pool" is similar and would involve an investment in a blank check or other entity with no identified business plan or purpose. A "shell company" is also similar and would involve an entity, which, to date, has no significant business assets, plan, or purpose.

pro forma income statement; and (E) any one of the following requirements is met: (i) the issuer of the security has a class of equity securities listed on a national securities exchange registered under 15 U.S.C. 78f or designated for trading on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System; (ii) the issuer of the security is a unit investment trust registered under 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 - 80a-64 (Investment Company Act of 1940); (iii) the issuer of the security, including its predecessors, has been engaged in continuous business for at least three years; or (iv) the issuer of the security has total assets of at least \$2,000,000 based on an audited balance sheet as of a date within 18 months before the date of the transaction or, in the case of a reorganization or merger when the parties to the reorganization or merger each had an audited balance sheet, a pro forma balance sheet for the combined organization; (3) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer	None	This addition reflects a compromise between USA	20
registered or exempt from registration under this chapter in a security of a foreign issuer that is a margin security defined in regulations or rules adopted by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;	TVOILE	drafters and NASAA proposal (which would have required a manual exemption for specified foreign nonissuer transactions) by limiting the exemption to margin securities only, which are subject to heightened regulation by the Federal Reserve System.	20
(4) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from registration under this chapter in an outstanding security if the guarantor of the security files reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the reporting requirements of 15 U.S.C. 78m or 15 U.S.C. 78o (Securities Exchange Act of 1934);	None.	This provision allows nonissuer secondary trading in the securities of issuers subject to reporting requirements of the 1934 Act, which bars immediate secondary trading in nonregistered IPOs. This exemption is limited to guarantors only because if the issuer is a reporting company, the transaction is preempted from state regulation under NSMIA.	20

(5) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from registration under this chapter in a security that  (A) is rated at the time of the transaction by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization in one of its four highest rating categories; or  (B) has a fixed maturity or a fixed interest or dividend if  (i) a default has not occurred during the current fiscal year or within the three previous fiscal years or, if the issuer has been in business less than three fiscal years, during the existence of the issuer and any predecessor in the payment of principal, interest, or dividends on the security; and  (ii) the issuer is engaged in business, is not in the organizational stage or in bankruptcy or receivership, and is not and has not, within the previous 12 months, been a blank check, blind pool, or shell company that does not have a specific business plan or purpose or has indicated that its primary business plan is to engage in a merger or combination of the business with or an acquisition of an unidentified person;	See generally 45.55.900(b)(17)	Should be read with 45.56.210(2) in the bill (explains which securities transactions would be considered "exempt under this chapter")  Ratings organizations include Moody's and Standard and Poor's and covers ratings from AAA-BBB.  Section includes both debt securities with fixed maturity or a fixed interest rate and preferred stock with fixed dividend provisions.	20
(6) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from registration under this chapter effecting an unsolicited order or offer to purchase;	45.55.900(b)(10)	USA removes the language at the end of 45.55.900(b)(10) which stated: "however, the administrator may by regulation require that the customer acknowledge on a specified form that the sale was unsolicited, and that a signed copy of each form be preserved by the broker-dealer for a specified period." This requirement is preempted by NSMIA for federal covered securities.	20
(7) a nonissuer transaction executed by a bona fide pledgee without the purpose of evading this chapter;	45.55.900(11)	Same as 45.55.	21
(8) a nonissuer transaction by a federal covered investment adviser with investments under management in excess of \$100,000,000 acting in the exercise of discretionary authority in a signed record for the account of others;	None.	USA added because of a recognition that federal covered investment advisers are sophisticated financial professionals capable of determining the merits of a security and do not require the	21

		protections provided by requiring state	
	2.7	registration.	
(9) a transaction in a security, whether or not the security or transaction is otherwise exempt, in exchange for one or more bona fide outstanding securities, claims, or property interests, or partly in exchange for one or more bona fide outstanding securities, claims, or property interests and partly for cash if the terms and conditions of the issuance and exchange or the delivery and exchange and the fairness of the terms and conditions have been approved by the administrator after a hearing;	None.	From the USA. Provides a state counterpart to the specified exchange transaction exemption in section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Act of 1933. Commonly referred to as a "fairness hearing."	21
(10) a transaction between the issuer or other person on whose behalf the offering is made and an underwriter or among underwriters;	45.55.900(b)(1)	Same as 45.55.	21
(11) a transaction in a bond or other evidence of indebtedness secured by a real or chattel mortgage or deed of trust, or by an agreement for the sale of real estate or chattels, if the entire mortgage, deed of trust, or agreement, together with all the bonds or other evidence of indebtedness, secured under those documents, is offered and sold as a unit;	45.55.900(b)(2)	Same as 45.55.	21
(12) a transaction by an executor, administrator of an estate, sheriff, marshal, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian, or conservator;	45.55.900(b)(3)	Same as 45.55.	21
<ul> <li>(13) a sale or offer to sell to</li> <li>(A) an institutional investor;</li> <li>(B) a federal covered investment adviser; or</li> <li>(C) any other person exempted by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter;</li> </ul>	See generally 45.55.900(b)(4)	The USA language contains more inclusive language than 45.55. These are sophisticated investors which generally require less protection. Note: (B) is limited to transactions for the account of the adviser and not transactions on behalf of others by the adviser.	21
<ul><li>(14) a sale or offer to sell securities by or on behalf of an issuer if the transaction is part of a single issue in which</li><li>(A) not more than 25 purchasers in this state during any 12 consecutive months, other than a person designated in (13)</li></ul>	45.55.900(b)(5)(B)	Identical language to (b)(5)(B)  Note (b)(5)(A), which was limited to 10 purchasers and did not include the provision that prospective buyers receive information sufficient to make an	22

of this section regardless of whether the seller or any of the buyers is then present in this state;  (B) a general solicitation or general advertising is not made in connection with the sale of or offer to sell the securities;  (C) a commission or other remuneration is not paid or given, directly or indirectly, to a person other than a broker-dealer registered under this chapter or an agent registered under this chapter for soliciting a prospective purchaser in this state;  (D) the issuer reasonably believes that all the purchasers in this state, other than those designated in (13) of this section, are purchasing for investment and not with a view to distribution;  (E) a legend is placed on the certificate or other document evidencing ownership of the security, stating that the security is not registered under this chapter and cannot be resold without registration under this chapter or exemption from this chapter; and  (F) before a sale, each prospective buyer is furnished information that is sufficient to make an informed investment decision, which information shall be furnished to the administrator upon request; in this subparagraph, "information that is sufficient to make an informed investment decision" includes a business plan, an income and expense statement, a balance sheet, a statement of risks, and a disclosure of any significant negative factors that may affect the outcome of the investment.		informed investment decision (but otherwise had identical requirements), has been eliminated under 45.56.	
(15) a transaction under an offer to existing security holders of the issuer, including persons that, at the date of the transaction, are holders of convertible securities, options, or warrants if a commission or other remuneration, other than a standby commission, is not paid or given, directly or indirectly, for soliciting a security holder in this state;	45.55.900(b)(7)	45.55 required that a notice filing be made if there is a commission paid associated with these transactions. The new language simply prohibits the payment of commissions.	22
(16) an offer to sell, but not a sale of, a security not exempt	45.55.900(b)(8)	(b)(8) is split into two exemptions. (16) is for	23

(17) an offer to sell, but not a sale of, a security exempt from registration under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933) if  (A) a registration statement has been filed under this chapter but is not effective;  (B) a solicitation of interest is provided in a record to offerees in compliance with a regulation adopted by the administrator under this chapter; and (C) a stop order of which the offeror is aware has not been issued by the administrator under this chapter, and an audit, inspection, or proceeding that may culminate in a stop order is not known by the offeror to be pending;  (18) a transaction involving the distribution of the securities of an issuer to the security holders of another person in connection with a merger, consolidation, exchange of  45.55.900(b)(8)  (b)(8) is split into two exemptions. (16) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 34 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities not exempt under the 34 Act and (17) is	from registration under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933) if  (A) a registration, offering statement, or similar record as required under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933) has been filed but is not effective, or the offer is made in compliance with 17 C.F.R. Part 230.165, adopted under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933); and  (B) a stop order of which the offeror is aware has not been issued against the offeror by the administrator or the Securities and Exchange Commission, and an audit, inspection, or proceeding that is public and that may culminate in a stop order is not known by the offeror to be pending;		securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities that are exempt. Both only exempt offers, but not sales, and the registration statement must have been filed with the administrator. A stop order must not have been issued.	
of an issuer to the security holders of another person in connection with a merger, consolidation, exchange of shareholder approval and shareholders often have	(17) an offer to sell, but not a sale of, a security exempt from registration under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933) if  (A) a registration statement has been filed under this chapter but is not effective;  (B) a solicitation of interest is provided in a record to offerees in compliance with a regulation adopted by the administrator under this chapter; and  (C) a stop order of which the offeror is aware has not been issued by the administrator under this chapter, and an audit, inspection, or proceeding that may culminate in a stop order	45.55.900(b)(8)	securities not exempt under the 33 Act and (17) is for securities that are exempt. Both only exempt offers, but not sales, and the registration statement must have been filed with the administrator. A	23
issuer or its parent or subsidiary and the other person or its parent or subsidiary are parties;  potential for abuse is less than in an offering of securities for cash. When appropriate, the administrator can deny, condition, limit or revoke this exemption under 45.56.250.  (19) a rescission offer, sale, or purchase under AS 45.56.665  45.55.900(b)(19)  Same as 45.55.	of an issuer to the security holders of another person in connection with a merger, consolidation, exchange of securities, sale of assets, or other reorganization to which the issuer or its parent or subsidiary and the other person or its parent or subsidiary are parties;	45.55.900(b)(14)	merger and similar transactions require shareholder approval and shareholders often have appraisal rights if they choose to dissent, the potential for abuse is less than in an offering of securities for cash. When appropriate, the administrator can deny, condition, limit or revoke this exemption under 45.56.250.	

(20) an offer to sell or sale of a security to a person not a resident of this state and not present in the state if the offer or sale does not constitute a violation of the laws of the state or foreign jurisdiction in which the offeree or purchaser is present and is not part of an unlawful plan or scheme to evade this chapter;	None.	A 3 <sup>rd</sup> circuit court case, A.S. Goldmen & Co., Inc. v. New Jersey Bur. of Sec., 163 F.3d 780 (3d Cir. 1999), held that under the United States Constitution's Commerce Clause a State could authorize a securities administrator to prevent a broker-dealer from selling securities from a State to purchasers in other States where purchase of the securities was authorized. The concluding phrase "and is not part of an unlawful plan or scheme to evade this [Act]" is intended to preclude reliance on this exemption by boiler rooms and others engaged in illegal activities. This exemption also does not affect the administrator's ability to bring actions under the licensing or enforcement provisions of the Act.	23
(21) employees' stock purchase, savings, option, profitsharing, pension, or similar benefit plan, including any securities, plan interests, and guarantees issued under a compensatory benefit plan or compensation contract, contained in a record, established by the issuer, the issuer's parent, the issuer's majority-owned subsidiary, or the majority-owned subsidiary of the issuer's parent for the participation of their employees, including offers to sell or sales of the securities to  (A) directors, general partners, trustees, managers, and members if the issuer is a limited liability company, if the issuer is a business trust, officers, consultants, and advisors;  (B) family members who acquire the securities from those persons through gifts or domestic relations orders;  (C) former employees, directors, general partners, trustees, officers, consultants, limited liability managers or members, and advisors if those individuals were employed by or providing services to the issuer when the securities were offered; and	AS 45.55.900(a)(5)	These moved from exempt securities to exempt transactions. Employees' interests in plans subject to ERISA are not securities under the definitions (see 45.56.90(30)). For interests in benefit plans that are securities (non-ERISA), a transactional exemption is now provided.	24

(D) insurance agents who are exclusive insurance agents of the issuer or the issuer's subsidiary or parent or who derive more than 50 percent of their annual income from those organizations;			
(22) a transaction involving (A) a stock dividend or equivalent equity distribution, whether the corporation or other business organization distributing the dividend or equivalent equity distribution is the issuer or not, if nothing of value is given by stockholders or other equity holders for the dividend or equivalent equity distribution other than the surrender of a right to a cash or property dividend if each stockholder or other equity holder may elect to take the dividend or equivalent equity distribution in cash, property, or stock; (B) an act incident to a judicially approved reorganization in which a security is issued in exchange for one or more outstanding securities, claims, or property interests, or partly in exchange for one or more outstanding securities, claims, or property interests and partly for cash; or (C) the solicitation of tenders of securities by an offeror in a tender offer in compliance with 17 C.F.R. Part 230.162, adopted under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933);	(A) = 45.55.900(b)(13) (B) = 45.55.900 (b)(12) (C) = None.	(A) and (B) are carried over from 45.55. (C) is a new provision, corresponding to Rule 162 under the Securities Act of 1933, which allows the offeror in a stock exchange offer to solicit tenders of securities before a registration statement is effective as long as no securities are purchased until the registration statement is effective and the tender offer has expired.	24
(23) a nonissuer transaction in an outstanding security by or through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from registration under this chapter if the issuer is a reporting issuer in a foreign jurisdiction designated by this paragraph or by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter; the issuer has been subject to continuous reporting requirements in the foreign jurisdiction for not less than 180 days before the transaction; and the security is listed on the foreign jurisdiction's securities exchange that has been designated by this paragraph or by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter, or is a security of the same issuer that is of senior or substantially equal rank to the listed	None.	This exemption relates to nonissuer transactions involving specified foreign issuer securities traded on designated securities exchanges. The exemption expressly covers Toronto Stock Exchange issuers that are public reporting companies under Canadian securities law and meet the 180 day continuous reporting requirement. In conformance with the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) and General Agreement on Trade in Services (GATS), the exemption separately provides authority for the administrator to designate by rule or order other specific foreign	25

security or is a warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to any of the foregoing; for purposes of this paragraph, Canada, together with its provinces and territories, is a designated foreign jurisdiction, and TSX, Inc., formerly known as the Toronto Stock Exchange, Inc., is a designated securities exchange; after an administrative hearing in compliance with AS 45.56.650(c), the administrator, by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter, may revoke the designation of a securities exchange under this paragraph if the administrator finds that revocation is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors;		jurisdictions and their trading exchanges upon an adequate showing. The exemption also provides authority for an administrator to revoke any designation if necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors.	
<ul> <li>(24) sales by an issuer to the buyer of an enterprise or a business and the assets and liabilities of the enterprise or business if</li> <li>(A) the transfer of stock to the buyer is solely incidental to the sale of the enterprise or business and its assets and liabilities;</li> <li>(B) the seller provides full access to the buyer the books and records of the enterprise or business; and</li> <li>(C) a legend is placed on the certificate or other document evidencing ownership of the security, stating that the security is not registered under this chapter and cannot be resold without registration under this chapter or exemption from it;</li> </ul>	45.55.900(b)(5)(D)	Same as 45.55.	25
<ul> <li>(25) offers or sales of certificates of interest or participation in oil, gas, or mining rights, titles, or leases, or in payments out of production under the rights, titles, or leases, if the purchasers</li> <li>(A) are or have been during the preceding two years engaged primarily in the business of exploring for, mining, producing, refining oil, gas, or minerals; or</li> <li>(B) have been found by the administrator upon written application to be substantially engaged in the business of exploring for, mining, producing, or refining oil, gas, or</li> </ul>	45.55.900(b)(16)	Same as 45.55.	26

minerals so as not to require the protection provided by this			
chapter;	45 55 000 (L) (Q0)	0 45.55	26
(26) a transaction involving only family members who are	45.55.900(b)(20)	Same as 45.55.	26
related, including related by adoption, within the fourth			
degree of affinity or consanguinity, or involving only those			
family members and the corporations, partnerships, limited			
liability companies, limited partnerships, limited liability			
partnerships, associations, joint-stock companies, or trusts			
that are organized, formed, or created by those family			
members or at the direction of those family members; or	45.55.000(1) (04)	11 11 11 11 000 000 000 1	2.
(27) a transaction relating to a security that is not part of an	45.55.900(b)(21)	New exemption added by HB 308 in 2014.	26
initial issue of stock covered by AS 45.55.138, but that is		Clarifies that stock issued by ANCSA corporations	
issued by a corporation organized under state law in		in accordance with federal law is exempt.	
accordance with 43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq. (Alaska Native Claims			
Settlement Act), if the corporation qualifies for exempt status			
under 43 U.S.C.1625(a).			
Sec. 45.56.220. Small intrastate securities offerings. (a)	None	This is the "Crowdfunding Exemption."	26
An offer or sale of securities conducted solely in this state, to			
a person who has established residency in this state, by an		Highlights:	
issuer in a transaction that meets the requirements of this		(1) issuer must be AK business	
section is exempted from the requirements of AS 45.56.105,		(2) purchasers must be AK residents, and issuer	
45.56.305 - 45.56.360, and 45.56.550 and is subject to the		must have some evidence proving residency	
following limitations:		(3) total offering is capped at \$1 million	
(1) the issuer of the security shall be a for-profit corporation		(4) issuers can collect no more than \$5,000 per	
or other for-profit entity, or business cooperative with its		purchaser	
principal place of business in this state and licensed with the		(6) No commissions may be paid in connection	
administrator;		with the sale of these securities unless salespeople	
(2) the transaction shall meet the requirements of the federal		are licensed in AK	
exemption for intrastate offerings in 15 U.S.C. 77c(a)(11)		(8) Notice filing required (10 days before general	
(Securities Act of 1933) and 17 C.F.R. Part 230.147; the		solicitation or within 15 days of first sale if no	
securities must be offered to and sold only to persons who		general solicitation)	
have established residency in this state at the time of		(8) Notice filing must include information on the	
purchase; before any offer or sale pursuant to this		issuer, control persons, salespersons, and the bank	
exemption, the seller shall obtain documentary evidence		where the funds will be deposited	

from each prospective purchaser that provides the seller with a reasonable basis to believe such investor has established residency in this state;

- (3) the sum of all cash and other consideration to be received for all sales of the security in reliance upon this exemption shall not exceed \$1,000,000, less the aggregate amount received for all sales of securities by the issuer within the 12 months before the first offer or sale made in reliance upon this exemption;
- (4) the issuer shall not accept more than \$5,000 from any single purchaser unless the purchaser is an accredited investor as defined by 17 C.F.R. Part 230.501;
- (5) the issuer must reasonably believe that all purchasers of securities are purchasing for investment and not for sale in connection with a distribution of the security;
- (6) a commission or remuneration shall not be paid or given, directly or indirectly, for any person's participation in the offer or sale of securities for the issuer unless the person is registered as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser representative, or investment adviser under AS 45.56.405 45.56.440;
- (7) all funds received from investors shall be deposited into a bank or depository institution authorized to do business in Alaska, and all funds shall be used in accordance with representations made to investors;
- (8) not less than 10 days before the use of any general solicitation or within 15 days after the first sale of the security pursuant to this exemption, provided no general solicitation has been used prior to such sale, whichever occurs first, the issuer shall provide a notice to the administrator as prescribed in regulations for this section; the notice shall specify that the issuer is conducting an offering in reliance upon this exemption and shall contain the names and addresses of

- (10) Issuer must disclose that securities are not able to be resold unless exempt or registered (are illiquid)
- (11) Purchaser must acknowledge risk of investment

Bad actor disqualifier from 45.56.230 applies.

Disclosures required under 17 CFR 230.147(f):

- (1) The issuer shall, in connection with any securities sold by it pursuant to this rule:
- (i) Place a legend on the certificate or other document evidencing the security stating that the securities have not been registered under the Act and setting forth the limitations on resale contained in paragraph (e) of this section;
- (ii) Issue stop transfer instructions to the issuer's transfer agent, if any, with respect to the securities, or, if the issuer transfers its own securities make a notation in the appropriate records of the issuer; and
- (iii) Obtain a written representation from each purchaser as to his residence.
- (2) The issuer shall, in connection with the issuance of new certificates for any of the securities that are part of the same issue that are presented for transfer during the time period specified in paragraph (e), take the steps required by paragraphs (f)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section.
- (3) The issuer shall, in connection with any offers, offers to sell, offers for sale or sales by it pursuant to this rule, disclose, in writing, the limitations on resale contained in paragraph (e) and the provisions of paragraphs (f)(1)(i) and (ii) and

(A) the issuer;	paragraph (f)(2) of this section.
(B) officers, directors, and any control person of the issuer;	I
(C) all persons who will be involved in the offer or sale of	
securities on behalf of the issuer; and	
(D) the bank or other depository institution in which investor	
funds will be deposited.	
(9) the issuer shall not be, either before or as a result of the	
offering;	
(A) an investment company as defined by 15 U.S.C. 80a-1-	
80a-64 (Investment Company Act of 1940), or subject to the	
reporting requirements of 15 U.S.C. 78m or 15 U.S.C. 78o	
(Securities Exchange Act of 1934); or	
(B) a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser representative,	
or investment adviser as defined by AS 45.56.401 - 45.56.406;	
(10) the issuer shall inform all purchasers that the securities	
have not been registered under AS 45.56.105, 45.56.305 -	
45.56.360, and 45.56.550, and therefore, cannot be resold	
unless the securities are registered or qualify for an	
exemption from registration under AS 45.56.205, AS	
45.56.210, or 45.56.240. In addition, the issuer shall make the	
disclosures required by 17 C.F.R. Part 230.147(f);	
(11) the issuer shall require all purchasers to sign the	
following statement at the time of sale: "I acknowledge that I	
am investing in a high-risk, speculative business venture, that	
I may lose all of my investment, and that I can afford the loss	
of my investment."	
(12) this exemption shall not be used in conjunction with	
any other exemption under AS 45.56 except the exemption	
to institutional investors under AS 45.56.405 and 45.56.435	
and for offers and sales to controlling persons of the issuer.	
Sales to controlling persons shall not count toward the	
limitation in AS 45.56.220(a)(3).	
(13) nothing in this exemption shall be construed to	
alleviate any person from the anti-fraud provisions under AS	

45.56.505 – AS 45.56.560, nor shall such exemption be construed to provide relief from any other provisions of AS 45.56 other than as expressly stated; (14) in this section, "residency" has the meaning given in AS 01.10.055.  (b) The administrator may by order deny or revoke the exemption specified in this section with respect to a specific security if it finds that the sale of such security would work or tend to work a fraud upon the purchasers thereof. No order under this subsection may operate retroactively. No person may be considered to have violated this article by reason of any offer or sale effected after the entry of an order under this subsection if the person sustains the burden of proof that the person did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable care, could have not known of the order. In any proceeding under AS 45.56, the burden of proving an exemption from a definition is upon the person claiming the exemption.  (c) Any individual, corporation, partnership, or association			
exemption from full registration under AS 45.56.220 shall be assessed a filing fee as prescribed in regulations for this			
section.			
Sec. 45.56.230. Disqualifier. A security or transaction exempted from registration under AS 45.56.205 - 45.56.250 shall not be available if the issuer, or any of its officers, controlling people or promoters is subject to a disqualifier enumerated in 15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(39) (Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act) as of the date of the transaction or offer.	None, though bad actor provisions applied to notice filings under Reg D and exemptions under 45.55.900(b)(18)	Disqualifiers under Dodd Frank include: - Expulsion or suspension from self-regulatory organization (SRO) - Subject to SEC, CFTC, or similar regulatory authority (including foreign) order denying, suspending, or revoking registration as a broker-dealer (or similar) - association with a person subject to order described above - commission of certain crimes including securities	29
		fraud, dishonesty crimes (bribery, perjury, etc.), or	

		any felony within past 10 years - willful violation of the Securities Act of 1933, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, Investment Company Act of 1940 or related rules - subject to an order finding willful false or misleading filing with SRO - subject to order by state securities or banking commission barring a person from association with entity regulated by the state or from engaging in the business of securities, insurance, banking - subject to final order by state based on violations of law prohibiting fraudulent, manipulative or deceptive conduct.	
Sec. 45.56.240. Waiver and modification. For any security	See generally,	45.55.900(h) had the same language, but limited	29
or transaction or any type of security or transaction, the	45.55.900(h)	only to (b)(5) exemptions. The 45.55 language	
administrator may by order, waive, withdraw, or modify any		was retained and modified rather than adopting	
of the requirements or conditions of AS 45.56.205-45.56.250.	0 11	USA language.	20
Sec. 45.56.250. Denial, suspension, revocation,	See generally,	Prior language included the specific rights of	29
<b>condition, or limitation of exemptions.</b> (a) Except with respect to a federal covered security or a transaction	45.55.900(d)	appeal and hearing (even though identical to the appeal rights listed in enforcement provisions).	
involving a federal covered security of a transaction		The new language refers to the procedures	
chapter may deny, suspend application of, condition, limit, or		outlined in Article 6 rather than restating them.	
revoke an exemption created under AS 45.56.205(3)(C), (7),		Outlined in Article o father than restaining them.	
or (8) or 45.56.210 or 45.56.220, or an exemption or waiver			
created under AS 45.56.240 with respect to a specific			
security, transaction, or offer. An order under this subsection			
only may be issued under the procedures in AS 45.56.360(d)			
or 45.56.650 and only prospectively.			
(b) A person does not violate AS 45.56.105, 45.56.305,			
45.56.310, 45.56.320, 45.56.340, 45.56.360, 45.56.550, or			
45.56.665 by an offer to sell, offer to purchase, sale, or			
purchase effected after the entry of an order issued under			
this section if the person did not know, and in the exercise of			
reasonable care, could not have known, of the order.			

issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission is not in	
effect, and a proceeding is not pending against the issuer	
under AS 45.56.440; and	
(2) the registration statement has been on file for at least 20	
days or a shorter period provided by a regulation adopted or	
order issued under this chapter.	
(d) The registrant shall promptly notify the administrator in a	
record of the date when the federal registration statement	
becomes effective and the content of any price amendment	
and shall promptly file a record containing the price	
amendment. If the notice is not timely received, the	
administrator may issue a stop order, without prior notice or	
hearing, retroactively denying effectiveness to the registration	
statement or suspending its effectiveness until compliance	
with this section. The administrator shall promptly notify the	
registrant of an order by telephone or electronic means and	
promptly confirm this notice by a record. If the registrant	
subsequently complies with the notice requirements of this	
subsection, the stop order is void as of the date of its	
issuance.	
(e) If the federal registration statement becomes effective	
before each of the conditions in this section is satisfied or is	
waived by the administrator, the registration statement is	
automatically effective under this chapter when all the	
conditions are satisfied or waived. If the registrant notifies	
the administrator of the date when the federal registration	
statement is expected to become effective, the administrator	
shall promptly notify the registrant by telephone or electronic	
means and promptly confirm this notice by a record,	
indicating whether all the conditions are satisfied or waived	
and whether the administrator intends the institution of a	
proceeding under AS 45.56.360. The notice by the	
administrator does not preclude the institution of a	

proceeding under AS 45.56.360.

Rev. 3/25/16

Sec. 45.56.310. Securities registration by qualification. (a)	45.55.100	Identical provisions, except 45.56.310(12) adds a	31
A security may be registered by qualification under this		requirement that filers disclose pending litigation	
section.		that materially affects the issuer's business or	
(b) A registration statement under this section must contain		assets or any litigation, action or proceeding	
the information or records specified in AS 45.56.320, a		known to be contemplated.	
consent to service of process complying with AS 45.56.630,		1	
and the following information or records:			
(1) with respect to the issuer and any significant subsidiary,			
the name, address, and form of organization of the issuer and			
subsidiary; the state or foreign jurisdiction and date of			
organization of the issuer and subsidiary; the general			
character and location of the business of the issuer and			
subsidiary; a description of the physical properties and			
equipment of the issuer and subsidiary; and a statement of			
the general competitive conditions in the industry or business			
in which the issuer and subsidiary are or will be engaged;			
(2) with respect to each director and officer of the issuer and			
other person having a similar status or performing similar			
functions, the person's name, address, and principal			
occupation for the previous five years; the amount of			
securities of the issuer held by the person as of the 30th day			
before the filing of the registration statement; the amount of			
the securities covered by the registration statement to which			
the person has indicated an intention to subscribe; and a			
description of any material interest of the person in any			
material transaction with the issuer or a significant subsidiary			
effected within the previous three years or proposed to be			
effected;			
(3) with respect to persons covered by (2) of this subsection,			
the aggregate sum of the remuneration paid to those persons			
during the previous 12 months and estimated to be paid			
during the next 12 months, directly or indirectly, by the			
issuer, and all predecessors, parents, subsidiaries, and			
affiliates of the issuer;			

(4) with respect to a person owning of record or owning	
beneficially, if known, 10 percent or more of the outstanding	
shares of any class of equity security of the issuer, the	
information specified in (2) of this subsection, other than the	
person's occupation;	
(5) with respect to a promoter, if the issuer was organized	
within the previous three years, the information or records	
specified in (2) of this subsection, any amount paid to the	
promoter within that period or intended to be paid to the	
promoter, and the consideration for the payment;	
(6) with respect to a person on whose behalf any part of the	
offering is to be made in a nonissuer distribution, the	
person's name and address; the amount of securities of the	
issuer held by the person as of the date of the filing of the	
registration statement; a description of any material interest	
of the person in any material transaction with the issuer or	
any significant subsidiary effected within the previous three	
years or proposed to be effected; and a statement of the	
reasons for making the offering;	
(7) the capitalization and long-term debt, on both a current	
and pro forma basis, of the issuer and any significant	
subsidiary, including a description of each security	
outstanding or being registered or otherwise offered, and a	
statement of the amount and kind of consideration, whether	
in the form of cash, physical assets, services, patents,	
goodwill, or anything else of value, for which the issuer or	
any subsidiary has issued its securities within the previous	
two years or is obligated to issue its securities;	
(8) the kind and amount of securities to be offered; the	
proposed offering price or the method by which the offering	
price is to be computed; any variation at which a proportion	
of the offering is to be made to a person or class of persons	
other than the underwriters, with a specification of the	
person or class; the basis on which the offering is to be made	

if otherwise than for cash; the estimated aggregate	
underwriting and selling discounts or commissions and	
finders' fees, including separately cash, securities, contracts,	
or anything else of value to accrue to the underwriters or	
finders in connection with the offering or, if the selling	
discounts or commissions are variable, the basis of	
determining them and their maximum and minimum	
amounts; the estimated amounts of other selling expenses,	
including legal, engineering, and accounting charges; the	
name and address of each underwriter and each recipient of a	
finder's fee; a copy of any underwriting or selling group	
agreement under which the distribution is to be made, or the	
proposed form of an underwriting or selling group	
agreement whose terms have not yet been determined; and a	
description of the plan of distribution of any securities that	
are to be offered other than through an underwriter;	
(9) the estimated monetary proceeds to be received by the	
issuer from the offering; the purposes for which the proceeds	
are to be used by the issuer; the estimated amount to be used	
for each purpose; the order or priority in which the proceeds	
will be used for the purposes stated; the amounts of any	
funds to be raised from other sources to achieve the	
purposes stated; the sources of the funds; and, if a part of the	
proceeds is to be used to acquire property, including	
goodwill, other than in the ordinary course of business, the	
names and addresses of the vendors, the purchase price, the	
names of any persons that have received commissions in	
connection with the acquisition, and the amounts of the	
commissions and other expenses in connection with the	
acquisition, including the cost of borrowing money to	
finance the acquisition;	
(10) a description of any stock options or other security	
options outstanding or to be created in connection with the	
offering, and the amount of those options held or to be held	

	,	
by each person required to be named in (2), (4), (5), (6), or (8)		
of this subsection and by any person that holds or will hold		
10 percent or more in the aggregate of those options;		
(11) the dates of, parties to, and general effect, concisely		
stated, of each managerial or other material contract made or		
to be made other than in the ordinary course of business to		
be performed in whole or in part at or after the filing of the		
registration statement or that was made within the previous		
two years, and a copy of each contract;		
(12) a description of any pending litigation, action, or		
proceeding to which the issuer is a party and that materially		
affects the issuer's business or assets and any litigation,		
action, or proceeding known to be contemplated;		
(13) a copy of any prospectus, pamphlet, circular, form letter,		
advertisement, or other sales literature intended as of the		
effective date of the registration statement to be used in		
connection with the offering and any solicitation of interest		
used in compliance with AS 45.56.210(17)(B);		
(14) a specimen or copy of the security being registered,		
unless the security is uncertificated; a copy of the issuer's		
articles of incorporation and bylaws or their substantial		
equivalents, in effect; and a copy of any indenture or other		
instrument covering the security to be registered;		
(15) a signed or conformed copy of an opinion of counsel		
concerning the legality of the security being registered, with		
an English translation if it is in a language other than English,		
that states whether the security when sold will be validly		
issued, fully paid, nonassessable and, if a debt security, a		
binding obligation of the issuer;		
(16) a signed or conformed copy of a consent of any		
accountant, engineer, appraiser, or other person whose		
profession gives authority for a statement made by the		
person if the person is named as having prepared or certified		
a report or valuation, other than an official record, that is		

1		
See generally 45.55.110	Tracks fairly closely to 45.55.	35
	See generally 45.55.110	See generally 45.55.110 Tracks fairly closely to 45.55.

registration statement may be filed by the issuer, a person on whose behalf the offering is to be made, or a broker-dealer registered under this chapter.

- (b) A person filing a registration statement shall pay a filing fee established by a regulation adopted under this chapter and consent to service of process as described under AS 45.56.630.
- (c) A registration statement filed under AS 45.56.305 or 45.56.310 must specify
- (1) the amount of securities to be offered in the state;
- (2) the states in which a registration statement or similar record in connection with the offering has been or is to be filed; and
- (3) any adverse order, judgment, or decree issued in connection with the offering by a state securities regulator, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a court.
- (d) A record filed under this chapter or former AS 45.55 within five years preceding the filing of a registration statement may be incorporated by reference in the registration statement to the extent that the record is currently accurate.
- (e) In the case of a nonissuer distribution, information or a record may not be required under (i) of this section or AS 45.56.310 unless it is known to the person filing the registration statement or to the person on whose behalf the distribution is to be made or unless it can be furnished by those persons without unreasonable effort or expense.
- (f) A regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may require as a condition of registration that a security issued within the previous five years or to be issued to a promoter for a consideration substantially less than the public offering price or to a person for a consideration other than cash be deposited in escrow and that the proceeds from the sale of the registered security in the state be impounded

Moves provision allowing administrator to permit omission of a required document for a registration or notice filing to 45.56.350.

Securities issued to the promoter for consideration substantially less than public offering price issued within previous five years can be held in escrow per regulation or order (Change in USA; is three years in 45.55).

Signed or conformed copy of contracts may be required to be filed or preserved for up to five years per regulation or order (Change in USA; is three years in 45.55).

until the issuer receives a specified amount from the sale of		
the security, either in the state or elsewhere. The conditions		
of any escrow or impoundment required under this		
subsection may be established by a regulation adopted or		
order issued under this chapter, but the administrator may		
not reject a depository institution solely because of its		
location in another state.		
(g) A regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter		
may require as a condition of registration that a security		
registered under this chapter be sold only on a specified form		
of subscription or sale contract and that a signed or		
conformed copy of each contract be filed under this chapter		
or preserved for a period specified by the regulation or order,		
not to exceed five years.		
(h) Except while a stop order is in effect under AS 45.56.360,		
a registration statement is effective for one year after the		
effective date of the registration statement or for any longer		
period designated in an order under this chapter during		
which the security is being offered or distributed in a		
nonexempted transaction by or for the account of the issuer		
or other person on whose behalf the offering is being made		
or by an underwriter or broker-dealer that is still offering part		
of an unsold allotment or subscription taken as a participant		
in the distribution. For the purposes of a nonissuer		
transaction, all outstanding securities of the same class		
identified in the registration statement as a security registered		
under this chapter are considered to be registered while the		
registration statement is effective. If any securities of the		
same class are outstanding, a registration statement may not		
be withdrawn until one year after the effective date of the		
registration statement. A registration statement may be		
withdrawn only with the approval of the administrator.		
(i) While a registration statement is effective, a regulation		
adopted or order issued under this chapter may require the		

person that filed the registration statement to file reports, not			
more often than quarterly, to keep the information or other			
record in the registration statement reasonably current and to			
disclose the progress of the offering.			
(j) A registration statement may be amended after the			
effective date of the registration statement. The posteffective			
amendment becomes effective when the administrator so			
orders. If a posteffective amendment is made to increase the			
number of securities specified to be offered or sold, the			
person filing the amendment shall pay a registration fee			
established by a regulation adopted under this chapter. A			
posteffective amendment relates back to the date of the			
offering of the additional securities being registered if, within			
one year after the date of the sale, the amendment is filed and			
the additional registration fee is paid.			
Sec. 45.56.330. Notice filing of federal covered	45.55.075	Allows for late fees for reg D notice filings.	37
<b>securities.</b> (a) With respect to a federal covered security, as			
defined in 15 U.S.C. 77r(b), that is not otherwise exempt			
under AS 45.56.205 - 45.56.240, a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter may require the filing of any			
or all of the following records:			
(1) before the initial offer of a federal covered security in the			
state, all records that are part of a federal registration			
statement filed with the Securities and Exchange			
Commission under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of			
1933) and a consent to service of process complying with AS			
45.56.630 signed by the issuer and the payment of a fee			
established in a regulation adopted under this chapter;			
(2) after the initial offer of the federal covered security in the			
state, all records that are part of an amendment to a federal			
registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange			
Commission under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of			
1933); and			
(3) to the extent necessary or appropriate to compute fees, a			

report of the value of the federal covered securities sold or		
offered to persons present in the state if the sales data are not		
included in records filed with the Securities and Exchange		
Commission and payment of a fee established in a regulation		
adopted under this chapter.		
(b) A notice filing under (a) of this section is effective for one		
year commencing on the later of the notice filing or the		
effectiveness of the offering filed with the Securities and		
Exchange Commission. On or before expiration, the issuer		
may renew a notice filing by filing a copy of those records		
filed by the issuer with the Securities and Exchange		
Commission that are required by a regulation adopted or		
order issued under this chapter to be filed and by paying a		
renewal fee established in a regulation adopted under this		
chapter. A previously filed consent to service of process		
complying with AS 45.56.630 may be incorporated by		
reference in a renewal. A renewed notice filing becomes		
effective upon the expiration of the filing being renewed.		
(c) With respect to a security that is a federal covered security		
under 15 U.S.C. 77r(b)(4)(D) (Securities Act of 1933), a		
regulation adopted under this chapter may require a notice		
filing by or on behalf of an issuer to include a copy of Form		
D, including the Appendix, as adopted by the Securities and		
Exchange Commission, and a consent to service of process		
complying with AS 45.56.630 signed by the issuer not later		
than 15 days after the first sale of the federal covered security		
in the state and the payment of a fee established in a		
regulation adopted under this chapter; and the payment of a		
fee established in a regulation adopted under this chapter for		
any late filing.		
(d) Except with respect to a federal security under 15 U.S.C.		
77r(b)(1), if the administrator finds that there is a failure to		
comply with a notice or fee requirement of this section, the		
administrator may issue a stop order suspending the offer		

and sale of a federal covered security in the state. If the deficiency is corrected, the stop order is void as of the time of its issuance and a penalty may not be imposed by the			
administrator.			
Sec. 45.56.340. Viatical settlement interests. (a) Before the	45.55.155, 45.55.905(c)	Puts all of viatical provisions into one statute	39
sale of a viatical settlement interest, an issuer shall provide a		(separated into two under 45.55). (c) clarifies that	
prospective buyer with information that is sufficient to make		the administrator regulates transactions between	
an informed investment decision. The issuer shall also		viatical settlement providers and subsequent	
provide the information to the administrator upon request if		investors while the Division of Insurance regulates	
the issuer is not otherwise required to file the information		viatical settlement contracts under AS 21.89.110.	
with the administrator. In this subsection, "information that			
is sufficient to make an informed investment decision"			
includes state-mandated disclosure forms and a disclosure of			
any significant factors that may affect the outcome of the			
investment.			
(b) Except as may be required in the course of conduct of			
the responsibilities of the administrator, an issuer of a viatical			
settlement interest may not disclose to another person the			
identity of the viator or insured of the insurance policy that is			
the subject of the viatical settlement interest. The viator may			
waive this prohibition against disclosure if the waiver is in			
writing and signed by the viator.			
(c) The administrator shall regulate transactions between a			
viatical settlement provider or person acting as an agent of a			
viatical settlement provider and a subsequent investor, while			
the authority of the director of the division of insurance			
extends to the regulation of viatical settlement contracts			
under AS 21.96.110.			
(d) In this section,			
(1) "viatical settlement contract" has the meaning given in AS			
21.96.110(h);			
(2) "viatical settlement interest"			
(A) means the entire interest or any fractional interest in a life			
insurance policy or in the death benefit under a life insurance			

policy that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract; (B) does not include the initial purchase from the viator by a viatical settlement provider; (3) "viatical settlement provider" has the meaning given in AS 21.96.110(h); (4) "viator" has the meaning given in AS 21.96.110(h)  Sec. 45.56.350. Waiver and modification. The administrator may waive or modify, in whole or in part, any or all of the requirements of AS 45.56.305 and 45.56.320 or the requirement of any information or record in a registration statement or in a periodic report filed under AS 45.56.310(i).	See 45.55.110(e)	New provision gives the administrator authority to waive or modify the requirements for registrations. 45.55 allowed the Administrator to permit omission of certain documents otherwise required.	40
Sec. 45.56.360. Denial, suspension, and revocation of securities registration. (a) The administrator may issue a stop order denying effectiveness to, or suspending or revoking the effectiveness of, a registration statement if the administrator finds that the order is in the public interest and that  (1) the registration statement as of the effective date of the registration statement or before the effective date in the case of an order denying effectiveness, an amendment under AS 45.56.320(j) as of the effective date of the amendment, or a report under AS 45.56.320(i) is incomplete in a material respect or contains a statement that, in the light of the circumstances under which it was made, was false or misleading with respect to a material fact;  (2) this chapter or a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter or a condition imposed under this chapter has been willfully violated in connection with the offering by (A) the person filing the registration statement;  (B) the issuer, a partner, officer, or director of the issuer or a person having a similar status or performing a similar function;  (C) a promoter of the issuer;  (D) a person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by	45.55.120	Stop orders may be issued against promoters of the issuer in addition to the classes of people described in 45.55.  The administrator is required to adopt regulations explaining what type of conduct meets the requirements of (a)(7): (7) the offering (A) will work or tend to work a fraud upon purchasers or would operate; (B) has been or would be made with unreasonable amounts of underwriters' and sellers' discounts, commissions, or other compensation, or promoters' profits or participations, or unreasonable amounts or kinds of options; or (C) is being made on terms that are unfair, unjust, or inequitable.	40

the issuer, but only if the person filing the registration		
statement is directly or indirectly controlled by or acting for		
the issuer; or		
(E) an underwriter;		
(3) the security registered or sought to be registered is the		
subject of a permanent or temporary injunction of a court of		
competent jurisdiction or an administrative stop order or		
similar order issued under any federal, foreign, or state law		
other than this chapter applicable to the offering; the		
administrator may not institute a proceeding against an		
effective registration statement under this paragraph more		
than one year after the date of the order or injunction on		
which it is based, and the administrator may not issue an		
order under this paragraph on the basis of an order or		
injunction issued under the securities act of another state		
unless the order or injunction was based on conduct that		
would constitute, as of the date of the order, a ground for a		
stop order under this section;		
(4) the issuer's enterprise or method of business includes or		
would include activities that are unlawful where performed;		
(5) with respect to a security sought to be registered under		
AS 45.56.305, there has been a failure to comply with the		
undertaking required by AS 45.56.305(b)(4);		
(6) the applicant or registrant has not paid the filing fee; the		
administrator shall void the order if the deficiency is		
corrected and the order was based solely on the nonpayment		
of the filing fee; or		
(7) the offering		
(A) will work or tend to work a fraud upon purchasers or		
would operate;		
(B) has been or would be made with unreasonable amounts		
of underwriters' and sellers' discounts, commissions, or other		

compensation, or promoters' profits or participations, or unreasonable amounts or kinds of options; or

(C) is being made on terms that are unfair, unjust, or inequitable. (b) To the extent practicable, the administrator shall, by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter, publish standards that provide notice of conduct that violates (a)(7) of this section. (c) The administrator may not institute a stop order proceeding against an effective registration statement on the basis of conduct or a transaction known to the administrator when the registration statement became effective unless the proceeding is instituted within 30 days after the registration statement became effective. (d) The administrator may summarily revoke, deny, postpone, or suspend the effectiveness of a registration statement pending final determination of an administrative proceeding. Upon the issuance of the order, the administrator shall promptly notify each person specified in (e) of this section that the order has been issued, the reasons for the revocation, denial, postponement, or suspension, and that, within 15 days after the receipt of a request in a record from the person, the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a hearing is not requested and none is ordered by the administrator, within 30 days after the date of service of the order, the order becomes final. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the administrator, after notice of and opportunity for hearing for each person subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend the order until final determination. (e) A stop order may not be issued under this section without (1) appropriate notice to the applicant or registrant, the issuer, and the person on whose behalf the securities are to

(2) an opportunity for hearing conducted in the manner

be or have been offered;

provided in AS 45.56.650(c); and

(3) findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record. (f) The administrator may modify or vacate a stop order issued under this section if the administrator finds that the conditions that caused its issuance have changed or that it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.  Article 4. Broker-dealers, Agents, Investment Advisers, Investment Adviser Representatives, and Federal Covered Investment Advisers.  Sec. 45.56.405. Broker-dealer registration requirement and exemptions. (a) A person may not transact business in the state as a broker-dealer unless the person is registered under this chapter as a broker-dealer or is exempt from	Article 2: Registration of Broker-Dealers, Agents, and Investment Advisers	45.55 is not very user friendly when it comes to licensing provisions. While 45.55.030 generally discusses registration of broker-dealers, agents, and investment advisers, many, but not all, of the exemptions are located within the definitions in 45.55.990.  The proposed bill reorganizes all securities licensing provisions into one article which is laid out in a straightforward manner, making it much more user-friendly. The sections are organized by broker-dealers (including Canadian broker-dealers and mergers and acquisitions brokers), broker-dealer agents, investment advisers, investment adviser representatives, and federal covered investment advisers.  Language is the same as 030(a) but limited to broker-dealers only (not including agents)	42
registration as a broker-dealer under (b) of this section.  (b) The following persons are exempt from the registration	See generally	Current Alaska law explains what types of business	42
requirement of (a) of this section:  (1) a broker-dealer without a place of business in the state if the broker-dealer's only transactions effected in the state are with  (A) the issuer of the securities involved in the transactions;  (B) a broker-dealer registered as a broker-dealer under this	45.55.990(7)	activities are exempt in the definition of broker-dealer rather than including them in the registration statute. This provision moves the explanation of what conduct is exempt from registration up to the general registration statute, which is much more user friendly.	

chapter or not required to be registered as a broker-dealer under this chapter;

- (C) an institutional investor;
- (D) a nonaffiliated federal covered investment adviser with investments under management in excess of \$100,000,000 acting for the account of others under discretionary authority in a signed record;
- (E) a bona fide preexisting customer whose principal place of residence is not in the state and the person is registered as a broker-dealer under 15 U.S.C. 78a 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934) or not required to be registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a 78ll (Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and is registered under the securities act of the state in which the customer maintains a principal place of residence;
- (F) a bona fide preexisting customer whose principal place of residence is in the state but who was not present in the state when the customer relationship was established if
- (i) the broker-dealer is registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934) or not required to be registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and is registered under the securities laws of the state in which the customer relationship was established and where the customer had maintained a principal place of residence; and
- (ii) within 45 days after the customer's first transaction in the state, the person files an application for registration as a broker-dealer in the state and a further transaction is not effected more than 75 days after the date on which the application is filed, or, if earlier, the date on which the administrator notifies the person that the administrator has denied the application for registration or has stayed the pendency of the application for good cause;
- (G) not more than three customers in the state during the previous 12 months, in addition to those customers specified

The USA adds a new "snowbird exemption" at 45.56.405(b)(1)(E) and (F) in order to facilitate ongoing broker-customer relationships with customers who have established a second or other residence for such purposes as a winter home.

45.56.405(b)(G) changes the de minimis exemption to allow for an exemption from registration if the broker-dealer (firm, not agent) has less than three Alaskan customers in a 12 month period, aside from those listed in (A)-(F) and is properly registered in its home state or exempt from registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. 45.55 exempts a broker-dealer who effects no more than 15 transactions within a 12 month period at the initiation and direction of the customer (provided other conditions are met). 45.56 is much more straightforward and should result in less confusion for industry, as this is a topic of many of our inquiries.

in (A) - (F) of this paragraph and under (H) of this paragraph if the broker-dealer is registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a – 78pp			
(Securities Exchange Act of 1934) or not required to be			
registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a – 78pp (Securities Exchange			
Act of 1934) and is registered under the securities act of the			
state in which the broker-dealer has its principal place of			
business; and			
(H) any other person exempted by a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter; and			
(2) a person that deals solely in United States government			
securities and is supervised as a dealer in government			
securities by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve			
System, the United States Comptroller of the Currency, the			
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the Office of			
Thrift Supervision, United States Department of the			
Treasury.			
(c) A broker-dealer or an issuer engaged in offering, offering	None	(c) prohibits a broker-dealer or issuer from	44
to purchase, purchasing, or selling securities in the state may		employing or associating with an individual in a	
not, directly or indirectly, employ or associate with an		capacity for which that individual has been	
individual to engage in an activity related to securities		suspended by the administrator. Violation of this	
transactions in the state if the registration of the individual is		provision does not result in strict liability. In order	
suspended or revoked or the individual is barred from		for a broker-dealer or issuer to be liable, the	
employment or association with a broker-dealer, an issuer, an		broker-dealer or issuer must have known or	
investment adviser, or a federal covered investment adviser		should have known of the	
by an order of the administrator under this chapter, the		administrator's order to the individual suspended	
Securities and Exchange Commission, or a self-regulatory		or barred.	
organization. A broker-dealer or issuer does not violate this			
subsection if the broker-dealer or issuer did not know and, in			
the exercise of reasonable care, could not have known of the			
suspension, revocation, or bar. Upon request from a broker-			
dealer or issuer and for good cause, an order under this			
chapter may modify or waive, in whole or in part, the			
application of the prohibitions of this subsection to the			
broker-dealer.			

Sec. 45.56.410. Limited registration of Canadian broker-	45.55.035	Identical to existing provision except renewal date	44
dealers and agents. (a) If a broker-dealer is registered under	13.33.033	was moved from December 1 to December 31, to	' '
this section and its principal office is located in a province or		encourage better compliance by our licensees.	
territory of Canada that provides at least equivalent		(typical licensing renewal date is the end of the	
registration for a broker-dealer that is resident in the United		year, as with the U.S. broker-dealers)	
States, a broker-dealer that is resident in Canada and does not		year, as with the o.s. broker dealers)	
have an office or other physical presence in this state may			
effect transactions in securities with or for or induce or			
attempt to induce the purchase or sale of a security by a			
person from Canada who is			
(1) temporarily resident in this state and with whom the			
Canadian broker-dealer had a bona fide broker-dealer-client			
relationship before the person entered the United States; or			
(2) resident in this state and whose transactions are in a self-			
directed tax-advantaged retirement plan in Canada of which			
the person is the holder or contributor.			
(b) An agent who represents a Canadian broker-dealer			
registered under this section may, if the agent is registered			
under this section, effect transactions in securities in this state			
as permitted for the broker-dealer under (a) of this section.			
(c) Subject to the requirements of (a) of this section, a			
Canadian broker-dealer may register under this section if the			
broker-dealer			
(1) files an application in the form required by the jurisdiction			
in which the broker-dealer has its principal office;			
(2) files a written consent to service of process under AS			
45.56.630;			
(3) is registered as a broker or dealer in good standing in the			
jurisdiction from which the broker-dealer is effecting			
transactions into this state and files evidence of the			
registration; and			
(4) is a member of a self-regulating organization or stock			
exchange in Canada.			
(d) An agent may register under this section in order to effect			

transactions in securities in this state if the agent represents a	
Canadian broker-dealer that is registered under this section,	
and the agent	
(1) files an application in the form required by the jurisdiction	
in which the broker-dealer has its principal office;	
(2) files a written consent to service of process under AS	
45.56.630; and	
(3) is registered and files evidence of good standing in the	
jurisdiction from which the agent is effecting transactions	
into this state.	
(e) Registration under this section becomes effective on the	
30th day after an application is filed unless it is made	
effective earlier by the administrator or a denial order is in	
effect and a proceeding is pending under AS 45.56.480.	
(f) A Canadian broker-dealer registered under this section	
shall	
(1) maintain provincial or territorial registration and	
membership in good standing in a self-regulating	
organization or stock exchange;	
(2) provide the administrator on request with books and	
records relating to its business in the state as a broker-dealer;	
(3) inform the administrator promptly of any criminal action	
taken against the broker-dealer or of any finding or sanction	
imposed on the broker-dealer as a result of regulatory action,	
including that of a self-regulating organization, involving	
fraud, theft, deceit, misrepresentation, or similar conduct; and	
(4) disclose to its clients in this state that the broker-dealer	
and its agents are not subject to the full regulatory	
requirements of this chapter.	
(g) An agent of a Canadian broker-dealer registered under	
this section shall	
(1) maintain provincial or territorial registration in good	
standing; and	
(2) inform the administrator promptly of any criminal action	

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taken against the agent or of any finding or sanction imposed		
on the broker-dealer or agent as a result of regulatory action,		
including that of a self-regulating organization, involving		
fraud, theft, deceit, misrepresentation, or similar conduct.		
(h) Renewal applications for Canadian broker-dealers and		
agents under this section must be filed by midnight on		
December 31 of each year and may be made by filing the		
most recent renewal application, if any, filed in the		
jurisdiction in which the broker-dealer has its principal office		
or, if a renewal application is not required, the most recent		
application filed under (c)(1) or (d)(1) of this section.		
(i) An applicant for registration or renewal registration under		
this section shall pay the fee for broker-dealers and agents		
required by this chapter.		
(j) A Canadian broker-dealer or agent registered under this		
section may not effect transactions in this state except		
(1) as permitted under (a) or (b) of this section;		
(2) with or through		
(A) the issuers of the securities involved in the transactions;		
(B) other broker-dealers; or		
(C) banks, savings institutions, trust companies, insurance		
companies, investment companies as defined in 15 U.S.C.		
80a-3 (Investment Company Act of 1940), pension or profit-		
sharing trusts, or other financial institutions or institutional		
buyers, whether acting for themselves or as trustees; or		
(3) as otherwise permitted by this chapter.		
(k) A Canadian broker-dealer or agent registered under this		
section and acting in accordance with the limitations in (j) of		
this section is exempt from all of the requirements of this		
chapter except the anti-fraud provisions under AS 45.56.505		
and the requirements of this section. The registration of a		
Canadian broker-dealer or agent under this section may not		
be denied, suspended, or revoked except in accordance with		
the provisions of AS 45.56.480 for a breach of the anti-fraud		

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provisions under AS 45.56.505 or the requirements of this			
section.			
(l) In this section, "Canadian broker-dealer" means a broker-			
dealer that has its principal office in a province or territory of			
Canada.			
Sec. 45.56.420. Registration exemption for merger and	None.	Taken from NASAA proposed model rule on	47
acquisition broker. (a) In general, except as provided in (b)		mergers and acquisition (M&A) brokers based on	
and (d) of this section, a merger and acquisition broker shall		an SEC no action letter dated January 31, 2014	
be exempt from registration pursuant to AS 45.55.405.		stating that M&A brokers meeting specific	
(b) A merger and acquisition broker is not exempt from		requirements should not have to register with the	
registration pursuant to AS 45.55.405 if such broker does any		SEC. Advocates have also made multiple	
of the following:		attempts to have Congress pass legislation	
(1) directly or indirectly, in connection with the transfer of		exempting M&A brokers from registration under	
ownership of an eligible privately held company, receives,		the 1934 Act, but nothing has passed as of this	
holds, transmits, or has custody of the funds or securities to		date. It is appropriate to exempt these brokers in	
be exchanged by the parties to the transaction;		the specific circumstances outlined in the bill	
(2) engages on behalf of an issuer in a public offering of any		because these transactions are conducted under	
class of securities that is registered, or is required to be		significant scrutiny and all parties typically have	
registered, with the United States Securities and Exchange		adequate representation in these deals.	
Commission under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act			
of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78o(b) or with respect to which the issuer		Generally, M&A brokers are exempt from the	
files, or is required to file, periodic information, documents,		requirement that they register as broker-dealers	
and reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934		under the Act. An M&A broker is defined as a	
Section 15(b) subsection (d), 15 U.S.C. 78o(d); or		broker or agent who effects securities transactions	
(3) engages on behalf of any party in a transaction involving a		solely in connection with the transfer of	
public shell company.		ownership of an eligible privately held company as	
(c) A merger and acquisition broker is not exempt from		long as they believe that the purchaser will control	
registration under AS 45.55.405 if the broker is subject to		the company and before the purchaser engages in	
(1) Suspension or revocation of registration under Section		the transaction, they will have access to the	
15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C.		financials of the purchased company.	
78o(b)(4);			
(2) a statutory disqualification described in Section 3(a)(39) of		The exemption is NOT available if the broker	
the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(39);		- receives, holds, transmits or has custody of the	
(3) a disqualification under the rules adopted by the United		securities exchanged in the transaction,	

States Securities and Exchange Commission under Section 926 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 77d note); or

- (4) a final order described in paragraph (4)(H) of Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78o(b)(4)(H).
- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any other authority of the department to exempt any person, or any class of persons, from any provision of this title, or from any provision of any rule or regulation thereunder.
- (e) In this section,
- (1) "control" means the power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or policies of a company, whether through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. There is a presumption of control for any person who
- (A) is a director, general partner, member or manager of a limited liability company, or officer exercising executive responsibility, or has similar status or functions;
- (B) has the right to vote 20 percent or more of a class of voting securities or the power to sell or direct the sale of 20 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or
- (C) in the case of a partnership or limited liability company, has the right to receive upon dissolution, or has contributed, 20 percent or more of the capital;
- (2) "eligible privately held company" means a company meeting both of the following conditions:
- (A) the company does not have any class of securities registered, or required to be registered, with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 780(b), or with respect to which the company files, or is required to file, periodic information, documents, and reports under subsection (d), 15 U.S.C. 780(d); and
- (B) in the fiscal year ending immediately before the fiscal year

- engages on behalf of an issuer in a public offering of any class of securities that is registered with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934,
- engages on behalf of a public shell company (a company with a class of securities registered with the SEC but has no assets and only nominal operations),
- is subject to suspension or revocation of registration under the Exchange Act or other disqualifier.

in which the services of the merger and acquisition broker are	
initially engaged with respect to the securities transaction, the	
company meets either or both of the following conditions,	
determined in accordance with the historical financial	
accounting records of the company:	
(i) The earnings of the company before interest, taxes,	
depreciation, and amortization are less than \$25,000,000;	
(ii) The gross revenues of the company are less than	
\$250,000,000;	
(3) "merger and acquisition broker" means any broker and	
any person associated with a broker engaged in the business	
of effecting securities transactions solely in connection with	
the transfer of ownership of an eligible privately held	
company, regardless of whether that broker acts on behalf of	
a seller or buyer, through the purchase, sale, exchange,	
issuance, repurchase, or redemption of, or a business	
combination involving, securities or assets of the eligible	
privately held company, if the broker reasonably believes that	
(A) upon consummation of the transaction, any person	
acquiring securities or assets of the eligible privately held	
company, acting alone or in concert, will control and, directly	
or indirectly, will be active in the management of the eligible	
privately held company or the business conducted with the	
assets of the eligible privately held company; and	
(B) if any person is offered securities in exchange for	
securities or assets of the eligible privately held company, the	
person will, before becoming legally bound to consummate	
the transaction, receive or have reasonable access to the most	
recent fiscal year-end financial statements of the issuer of the	
securities as customarily prepared by its management in the	
normal course of operations and, if the financial statements	
of the issuer are audited, reviewed, or compiled, any related	
statement by the independent accountant; a balance sheet	
dated not more than 120 days before the date of the	

exchange offer; and information pertaining to the			
management, business, results of operations for the period			
covered by the foregoing financial statements, and any			
material loss contingencies of the issuer.			
(4) "public shell company" means a company that at the time			
of a transaction with an eligible privately held company			
(A) has any class of securities registered, or required to be			
registered, with the United States Securities and Exchange			
Commission under Section 12, 15 U.S.C. 78o(b), or with			
respect to which the company files, or is required to file,			
periodic information, documents, and reports under			
subsection (d), 15 U.S.C. 78o(d); and			
(B) has no or nominal operations; and			
(C) has			
(i) no or nominal assets;			
(ii) assets consisting solely of cash and cash equivalents; or			
(iii) assets consisting of any amount of cash and cash			
equivalents and nominal other assets.			
Sec. 45.56.430. Agent registration requirement and	45.55.030(a)	Language is the same as 45.55.030(a) but limited	50
<b>exemptions.</b> (a) An individual may not transact business in	`,	to agents only (not including firms)	
the state as an agent unless the individual is registered under			
this chapter as an agent or is exempt from registration as an			
agent under (b) of this section.			
(b) The following individuals are exempt from the	See generally	Current Alaska law explains what types of	50
registration requirement of (a) of this section:	45.55.990(5) (definition	business activities are exempt in the definition of	
(1) an individual who represents a broker-dealer in effecting	of "agent") and also	agent rather than including them in the	
transactions in the state limited to those described in 15	some provisions of	registration statute. This provision moves the	
U.S.C. 78o(i);	45.55.030	explanation of what conduct is exempt from	
(2) an individual who represents a broker-dealer that is		registration up to the general registration statute,	
exempt under AS 45.56.405(b) or AS 45.56.410;		which is much more user friendly.	
(3) an individual who represents an issuer with respect to an		ĺ	
offer or sale of the issuer's own securities or those of the		(1) 15 U.S.C. 780(i) refers to a limited federal	
issuer's parent or any of the issuer's subsidiaries, and who is		exemption from registration for broker-dealer	
not compensated in connection with the individual's		agents who are effecting certain types of	

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participation by the payment of commissions or other		transactions for preexisting customers on a limited	
remuneration based, directly or indirectly, on transactions in		basis while registered in another state, but not in	
those securities;		Alaska.	
(4) an individual who represents an issuer and who effects			
transactions in the issuer's securities exempted by AS		(2) If the broker-dealer is exempt, the agent is also	
45.56.210, other than AS 45.56.210(11) and (14);		exempt.	
(5) an individual who represents an issuer that effects			
transactions solely in federal covered securities of the issuer,		(3)-(5) same as 45.55.990(5)(A)	
but an individual who effects transactions in a federal			
covered security under 15 U.S.C. 77r(b)(3) or (b)(4)(D) is not		(6) similar to 45.55.030(c)(2)(A)	
exempt if the individual is compensated in connection with			
the agent's participation by the payment of commissions or		(7) security buy-back by the issuer.	
other remuneration based, directly or indirectly, on			
transactions in those securities;		(8) ministerial or clerical acts might include	
(6) an individual who represents a broker-dealer registered in		preparing written communications or responding	
the state under AS 45.56.405(a) or exempt from registration		to inquiries, per the USA comments.	
under AS 45.56.405(b) in the offer and sale of securities for			
an account of a nonaffiliated federal covered investment			
adviser with investments under management in excess of			
\$100,000,000 acting for the account of others under			
discretionary authority in a signed record;			
(7) an individual who represents an issuer in connection with			
the purchase of the issuer's own securities;			
(8) an individual who represents an issuer and who restricts			
participation to performing clerical or ministerial acts; or			
(9) any other individual exempted by a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter.			
(c) The registration of an agent is effective only while the	45.55.030(b)	Language directly from first part of 45.55.030(b).	51
agent is employed by or associated with a broker-dealer	( )		
registered under this chapter or an issuer that is offering,			
selling, or purchasing the issuer's securities in this state.			
(d) A broker-dealer or an issuer engaged in offering, selling,	45.55.030(b)	Language directly from second part of	51
or purchasing securities in the state may not employ or		45.55.030(b).	_
associate with an agent who transacts business in the state on		(4)	
and a series with the series with the series of the series			

behalf of broker-dealers or issuers unless the agent is registered under (a) of this section or exempt from registration under (b) of this section.  (e) An individual may not act as an agent for more than one broker-dealer or one issuer at a time, unless the broker-dealer or the issuer for which the agent acts is affiliated by direct or indirect common control or is authorized by a regulation or	45.55.030(f)	Under 45.55, agents wishing to be dual registered must receive a waiver from the administrator. This process will remain the same.	51
order issued under this chapter.  Sec. 45.56.435. Investment adviser registration	45.55.030(c)	Same as 45.55.	51
requirement and exemptions. (a) A person may not	45.55.050(C)	Same as 43.33.	31
transact business in the state as an investment adviser unless the person is registered under this chapter as an investment adviser or is exempt from registration as an investment adviser under (b) of this section.			
(b) The following persons are exempt from the registration requirement in (a) of this section:  (1) a person without a place of business in this state that is registered under the securities act of the state in which the person has the person's principal place of business if the person's only clients in this state are  (A) federal covered investment advisers, investment advisers registered under this chapter, or broker-dealers registered under this chapter;  (B) institutional investors;  (C) bona fide preexisting clients whose principal places of residence are not in the state if the investment adviser is registered under the securities act of the state in which the clients maintain principal places of residence; or  (D) exempt by regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter;  (2) a person without a place of business in the state if the person has had, during the preceding 12 months, not more than five clients that are resident in the state in addition to those specified under (1) of this subsection; or	See generally 45.55.030(c)(2)	The exemptions follow those found in 45.55.030(c)(2).  (C) provides a new "snowbird" exemption, matching the one for broker-dealers in 45.56.405, to facilitate ongoing relationships with customers who have established a second or other residence for such purposes as a winter home.	52

(3) any other person exempted by a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter.			
(c) An investment adviser may not, directly or indirectly, employ or associate with an individual to engage in an activity related to investment advice in the state if the registration of the individual is suspended or revoked or the individual is barred from employment or association with an investment adviser, federal covered investment adviser, or broker-dealer by an order under this chapter, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a self-regulatory organization, unless the investment adviser did not know, and, in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the suspension, revocation, or bar. Upon request from the investment adviser and for good cause, the administrator may by order, waive, in whole or in part, the application of the prohibitions of this subsection to the investment adviser.	None	Bad actor disqualifier for persons performing investment advisory activities; this provision prevents IA firms from employing or associating with individuals who have been barred from the industry by Alaska, the SEC, or FINRA (or other SRO). The Administrator may waive this prohibition upon a showing of good cause.	52
(d) An investment adviser may not employ or associate with an individual required to be registered under this chapter as an investment adviser representative who transacts business in the state on behalf of the investment adviser unless the individual is registered under AS 45.56.440(a) or is exempt from registration under AS 45.56.440(b).	45.55.030(g)	Same as 45.55.	53
Sec. 45.56.440. Investment adviser representative registration requirement and exemptions. (a) An individual may not transact business in the state as an investment adviser representative unless the individual is registered under this chapter as an investment adviser representative or is exempt from registration as an investment adviser representative under (b) of this section. (b) The following individuals are exempt from the registration requirement of (a) of this section: (1) an individual who is employed by or associated with an investment adviser that is exempt from registration under AS 45.56.435(b) or a federal covered investment adviser that is	None.	45.55 did not specifically address investment adviser representatives, only state investment advisers and federal covered investment advisers.  The new provisions generally mirror the requirements for broker-dealer agents.  (f) explains that an investment adviser that is already registered with the state receiving referral fees from another state-registered entity (broker-dealer or investment adviser) does not need to separately register as an investment adviser	53

excluded from the notice filing requirements of AS	representative of the entity paying referral fees.
45.56.445; and	
(2) any other individual exempted by a regulation adopted or	
order issued under this chapter.	
(c) The registration of an investment adviser representative is	
not effective while the investment adviser representative is	
not employed by or associated with an investment adviser	
registered under this chapter or a federal covered investment	
adviser that has made or is required to make a notice filing	
under AS 45.56.445.	
(d) An individual may transact business as an investment	
adviser representative for more than one investment adviser	
or federal covered investment adviser unless a regulation	
adopted or order issued under this chapter prohibits or limits	
an individual from acting as an investment adviser	
representative for more than one investment adviser or	
federal covered investment adviser.	
(e) An individual acting as an investment adviser	
representative may not, directly or indirectly, conduct	
business in the state on behalf of an investment adviser or a	
federal covered investment adviser if the registration of the	
individual as an investment adviser representative is	
suspended or revoked or the individual is barred from	
employment or association with an investment adviser or a	
federal covered investment adviser by an order under this	
chapter, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a self-	
regulatory organization. Upon request from a federal covered	
investment adviser and for good cause, the administrator may	
by order, waive, in whole or in part, the application of the	
requirements of this subsection to the federal covered	
investment adviser.	
(f) An investment adviser registered under this chapter, a	
federal covered investment adviser that has filed a notice	

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under AS 45.56.445, or a broker-dealer registered under this

chapter is not required to employ or associate with an individual as an investment adviser representative if the only compensation paid to the individual for a referral of investment advisory clients is paid to an investment adviser registered under this chapter, a federal covered investment adviser who has filed a notice under AS 45.56.445, or a broker-dealer registered under this chapter with which the individual is employed or associated as an investment adviser representative.			
Sec. 45.56.445. Federal covered investment adviser notice filing requirement. (a) Except with respect to a federal covered investment adviser described in (b) of this section, a federal covered investment adviser may not transact business in the state as a federal covered investment adviser complies with (c) of this section.  (b) The following federal covered investment advisers are not required to comply with (c) of this section:  (1) a federal covered investment adviser without a place of business in the state if the only clients of the federal covered investment adviser in the state are  (A) federal covered investment advisers, investment advisers registered under this chapter; and broker-dealers registered under this chapter;  (B) institutional investors;  (C) bona fide preexisting clients whose principal places of residence are not in the state; or  (D) other clients specified by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter;  (2) a federal covered investment adviser without a place of business in the state if the person has had, during the preceding 12 months, not more than five clients that are resident in the state in addition to those specified under (1) of this subsection; and	See generally 45.55.030	45.55 did not generally separate out notice-filed advisers.  In general, federal covered IAs do not need to be registered in the state unless they have more than five Alaska clients or a place of business in this state (de minimis exemption). This matches existing law.	54

(2) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1
(3) any other person excluded by a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter.			
(c) A person acting as a federal covered investment adviser			
not excluded under (b) of this section shall file a notice, a			
consent to service of process complying with AS 45.56.630,			
and the records that have been filed with the Securities and			
Exchange Commission under 15 U.S.C. 80b-1 - 80b-21			
(Investment Advisers Act of 1940) required by a regulation			
adopted or order issued under this chapter and shall pay the			
fees specified by regulation adopted under AS 45.56.470.			
(d) The notice under (c) of this section becomes effective			
upon filing.			
Sec. 45.56.450. Registration by broker-dealer, agent,	45.55.040, 45.55.050, 3	The registration statute combines provisions	55
investment adviser, and investment adviser	AAC 08.011, 3 AAC	found in 45.55 and in current regulations.	
representative. (a) A person shall register as a broker-dealer,	08.050		
agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser		Under current regulations, an application becomes	
representative by filing an application and a consent to		automatically effective 30 days after it is filed	
service of process complying with AS 45.56.630 and paying		unless the division initiates an investigation. (c)	
the fee specified in AS 45.56.430 and any reasonable fees		extends it to 45 days. In practice, decisions are	
charged by the designee of the administrator for processing		made, or investigations initiated, well before 30	
the filing. The application must contain		days after an application is filed.	
(1) the information or record required for the filing of a			
uniform application; and		(e) clarifies that the Administrator may impose	
(2) upon request by the administrator, any other financial or		other conditions upon licensing so long as they are	
other information or record that the administrator		consistent with NSMIA (i.e. not preempted by	
determines is appropriate.		federal law).	
(b) If the information or record contained in an application		,	
filed under (a) of this section is or becomes inaccurate or			
incomplete in a material respect, the registrant shall promptly			
file a correcting amendment.			
(c) If an order is not in effect, and a proceeding is not			
pending under AS 45.56.480, and the administrator has not			
initiated an investigation, registration becomes effective at			
noon on the 45th day after a completed application is filed,			

unless the registration is denied. A regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may set an earlier effective			
date or may defer the effective date until noon on the 45th			
day after the filing of any amendment completing the			
application.			
(d) A registration is effective until midnight on December 31			
of the year for which the application for registration is filed.			
Unless an order is in effect under AS 45.56.480, a registration			
may be automatically renewed each year by filing the records			
required by a regulation adopted or order issued under this			
chapter, by paying the fee specified in AS 45.56.470, and by			
paying costs charged by the designee of the administrator for			
processing the filings.			
(e) A regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter			
may impose other conditions, not inconsistent with 15 U.S.C.			
77b – 77c, 77e – 77f, 77r, 77z-3, 77ddd, 78a – 78d, 78g –			
78h, 78n – 78o, 78q, 78bb, 78ee, 78kk, 78mm, 80a-2- 80a-3,			
80a-6, 80a-12, 80a-24, 80a-26 — 80a-27, 80a-29-80a-30, 80a-			
34, 80a-51, 80a-54, 80a-60, 80a-63, 80b-2 – 80b-3a, 80b-5,			
80b-10, 80b-18a, 80b-20, and 29 U.S.C. 1002 (P.L. 104-290)			
(National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996). An			
order issued under this chapter may waive, in whole or in			
part, specific requirements in connection with registration			
that are in the public interest and for the protection of			
investors.			
Sec. 45.56.455. Succession and change in registration of	45.55.040(d), 3 AAC	Successor provisions are currently generally	56
<b>broker-dealer or investment adviser.</b> (a) A broker-dealer	08.018, and	referred to in 45.55.040 and then elaborated upon	
or investment adviser may succeed to the current registration	3 AAC 08.050	in the regulations.	
of another broker-dealer or investment adviser or a notice			
filing of a federal covered investment adviser, and a federal		(b) clarifies that a change in organization, so long	
covered investment adviser may succeed to the current		as there is not a material change in financial	
registration of an investment adviser or notice filing of		condition or management, can be completed	
another federal covered investment adviser, by filing as a		through an amendment, rather than filing a new	
successor an application for registration under AS 45.56.405		registration. An example would be an IA going	

	I	T	
or 45.56.435 or a notice under AS 45.56.445 for the		from a sole proprietorship to an LLC or	
unexpired portion of the current registration or notice filing.		corporation.	
(b) A broker-dealer or investment adviser that changes its			
form of organization or state of incorporation or			
organization may continue its registration by filing an			
amendment to its registration if the change does not involve			
a material change in its financial condition or management.			
The amendment becomes effective when filed or on a date			
designated by the registrant in its filing. The new organization			
is a successor to the original registrant for the purposes of			
this chapter. If there is a material change in financial			
condition or management, the broker-dealer or investment			
adviser shall file a new application for registration. A			
predecessor registered under this chapter shall stop			
conducting its securities business other than winding down			
transactions and shall file for withdrawal of broker-dealer or			
investment adviser registration within 45 days after filing its			
amendment to effect succession.			
(c) A broker-dealer or investment adviser that changes its			
name may continue its registration by filing an amendment to			
its registration. The amendment becomes effective when filed			
or on a date designated by the registrant.			
(d) A change of control of a broker-dealer or investment			
adviser may be made in accordance with a regulation adopted			
or order issued under this chapter.			
Sec. 45.56.460. Termination of employment or	45.55.030(b), (i)	45.55 separates the requirements for broker-	57
association of agent and investment adviser		dealers and investment advisers; they are	
representative and transfer of employment or		combined here, and a procedure for the	
<b>association.</b> (a) If an agent registered under this chapter		notification of termination is established.	
terminates employment by or association with a broker-			
dealer or issuer, or if an investment adviser representative			
registered under this chapter terminates employment by or			
association with an investment adviser or federal covered			
investment adviser, or if either registrant terminates activities			

that require registration as an agent or investment adviser representative, the broker-dealer, issuer, investment adviser, or federal covered investment adviser shall promptly file a notice of termination. The registrant may file the notice of termination if the registrant learns that the broker-dealer, issuer, investment adviser, or federal covered investment adviser has not filed the notice.			
(b) If an agent registered under this chapter terminates employment by or association with a broker-dealer registered under this chapter and begins employment by or association with another broker-dealer registered under this chapter, or if an investment adviser representative registered under this chapter terminates employment by or association with an investment adviser registered under this chapter or a federal covered investment adviser that has filed a notice under AS 45.56.445 and begins employment by or association with another investment adviser registered under this chapter or a federal covered investment adviser that has filed a notice under AS 45.56.445, then, within 30 days after the termination, upon the filing by or on behalf of the registrant of an application for registration that complies with the requirement of AS 45.56.450(a) and payment of the filing fee required under AS 45.56.470, the registration of the agent or investment adviser representative is  (1) immediately effective as of the date of the completed filing, if the agent's record or successor record in the Central Registration Depository operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority or the investment adviser representative's record or successor record in the Investment Adviser Registration Depository operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority does not contain a new or amended disciplinary disclosure within the previous 12 months; or  (2) temporarily effective as of the date of the completed	None	This outlines the procedure by which agents or investment adviser representative registration will be effective immediately as of the date of new employment when there is no new or added disciplinary disclosure in the relevant CRD or IARD records.  Also provides for temporary registration when an agent/rep succeeds to a new firm and there is a new disclosure within the past 12 months.	57

filing, if the agent's record or successor record in the Central Registration Depository operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority or the investment adviser representative's record or successor record in the Investment Adviser Registration Depository operated by the Financial			
Industry Regulatory Authority contains a new or amended			
disciplinary disclosure within the preceding 12 months.	<b>&gt;</b> 7		<b>E</b> 0
(c) The administrator may withdraw a temporary registration	None	A temporary registration becomes permanent if	58
if there are or were grounds for discipline as specified in AS		no action taken by the administrator within 30	
45.56.480 and the administrator does so within 30 days after		days. Note: in practice, action is typically taken	
the filing of the application. If the administrator does not		within a few days.	
withdraw the temporary registration within the 30-day period,			
registration becomes automatically effective on the 31st day			
after filing.			
(d) The administrator may prevent the effectiveness of a	None	The administrator may prevent immediate	58
transfer of an agent or investment adviser representative		effectiveness of agent/rep transfers in appropriate	
under (b)(1) or (2) of this section based on the public interest		cases.	
and the protection of investors.			
(e) If the administrator determines that a registrant or	45.55.060(f)	Same as 45.55.	58
applicant for registration is no longer in existence, has ceased			
to act as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, or			
investment adviser representative, is the subject of an			
adjudication of incapacity, is subject to the control of a			
committee, conservator, or guardian, or cannot reasonably be			
located, a regulation adopted or order issued under this			
chapter may require the registration be canceled or			
terminated or the application denied. The administrator may			
reinstate a canceled or terminated registration, with or			
without hearing, and may make the registration retroactive.			
Sec. 45.56.465. Withdrawal of registration of broker-	45.55.060(g)	Current 45.55 makes a withdrawal effective 30	58
dealer, agent, investment adviser, and investment		days after it is filed; new provision changes it to 60	
adviser representative. Withdrawal of registration by a		days. In general, this provision retains the	
broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment		Administrator's jurisdiction over a registrant for	
adviser representative becomes effective 60 days after the		enforcement purposes for a year after they	

filing of the application to withdraw or within any shorter		withdraw registration.	
period as provided by a regulation adopted or order issued			
under this chapter unless a revocation or suspension			
proceeding is pending when the application is filed. If a			
proceeding is pending, withdrawal becomes effective when			
and upon the conditions required by a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter. The administrator may			
institute a revocation or suspension proceeding under AS			
45.56.480 within one year after the withdrawal became			
effective automatically and issue a revocation or suspension			
order as of the last date on which registration was effective if			
a proceeding is not pending.			
Sec. 45.56.470. Filing fees. (a) The administrator shall	45.55.040(c)	Aside from the general fee requirement, this	59
establish fees by regulation for		clarifies that the fee should be paid through or to	
(1) an initial filing of an application as a broker-dealer and		a designee (FINRA) as provided in regulation.	
renewal of an application by a broker-dealer for registration;			
(2) an application for registration as an agent and renewal of			
registration as an agent;			
(3) an application for registration as an investment adviser			
and renewal of registration as an investment adviser;			
(4) an application for registration as an investment adviser			
representative, a renewal of registration as an investment			
adviser representative, and a change of registration as an			
investment adviser representative; and			
(5) an initial fee and annual notice fee for a federal covered			
investment adviser required to file a notice under AS			
45.56.445.			
(b) A person required to pay a filing or notice fee under this			
section may transmit the fee through or to a designee as			
provided by a regulation adopted or order issued under this			
chapter.			
Sec. 45.56.475. Postregistration requirements. (a) Subject	45.55.040, 45.55.050	NSMIA prohibits states from imposing specific	59
to 15 U.S.C. 78o(i) or 15 U.S.C. 80b-18a, a regulation		capital, custody, margin, financial responsibility,	
adopted or order issued under this chapter may establish		making and keeping records, bonding, or financial	

minimum financial requirements for broker-dealers registered or required to be registered under this chapter and investment advisers registered or required to be registered under this chapter.

- (b) Subject to 15 U.S.C. 78o(i) or 80b-18a, a broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under this chapter and an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this chapter shall file the financial reports required by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter. If the information contained in a record filed under this subsection is or becomes inaccurate or incomplete in a material respect, the registrant shall promptly file a correcting amendment. (c) Subject to 15 U.S.C. 78o(i) or 80b-18a,
- (1) a broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under this chapter and an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this chapter shall make and maintain the accounts, correspondence, memoranda, papers, books, and other records required by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter;
- (2) broker-dealer records required to be maintained under (1) of this subsection may be maintained in any form of data storage acceptable under 15 U.S.C. 78q(a) if they are readily accessible to the administrator; and
- (3) investment adviser records required to be maintained under (1) of this subsection may be maintained in any form of data storage required by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter.
- (d) The records of a broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under this chapter and of an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this chapter are subject to the reasonable periodic, special, or other audits or inspections by a representative of the administrator, in or outside the state, that the administrator considers necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of

or operational reporting requirements except for those specifically allowed by the Securities Act of 1933. This provision only includes those specific requirements, and generally mirrors 45.55.050.

- (d) fees for examinations or inspection were in 45.55.915 previously.
- (h) is new and allows the Administrator to require a registrant to complete continuing education requirements.

investors. An audit or inspection may be made at any time	
and without prior notice. The administrator may copy and	
remove for audit or inspection copies of all records the	
administrator reasonably considers necessary or appropriate	
to conduct the audit or inspection. The administrator may	
assess a reasonable charge for conducting an audit or	
inspection under this subsection.	
(e) Subject to 15 U.S.C. 780(i) or 80b-18a, a regulation	
adopted or order issued under this chapter may require a	
broker-dealer or investment adviser that has custody of or	
discretionary authority over funds or securities of a customer	
or client to obtain insurance or post a bond or other	
satisfactory form of security in an amount established by a	
regulation adopted under this chapter. The administrator may	
determine the requirements of the insurance, bond, or other	
satisfactory form of security. Insurance or a bond or other	
satisfactory form of security may not be required of a broker-	
dealer registered under this chapter whose net capital	
exceeds, or of an investment adviser registered under this	
chapter whose minimum financial requirements exceed, the	
amounts required by a regulation adopted or order issued	
under this chapter. The insurance, bond, or other satisfactory	
form of security must permit an action by a person to	
enforce any liability on the insurance, bond, or other	
satisfactory form of security if instituted within the time	
limitations in AS 45.56.660(j)(2).	
(f) Subject to 15 U.S.C. 78o(i) or 15 U.S.C. 80b-18a, an agent	
may not have custody of funds or securities of a customer	
except under the supervision of a broker-dealer and an	
investment adviser representative may not have custody of	
funds or securities of a client except under the supervision of	
an investment adviser or a federal covered investment	
adviser. A regulation adopted or order issued under this	
chapter may prohibit, limit, or impose conditions on a	

broker-dealer regarding custody of funds or securities of a customer and on an investment adviser regarding custody of securities or funds of a client.  (g) With respect to an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under this chapter, a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may require that information or other records be furnished or disseminated to clients or prospective clients in the state as necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors and advisory clients.  (h) A regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may require an individual registered under AS 45.56.430 or 45.56.440 to participate in a continuing education program approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission and administered by a self-regulatory organization, or, in the absence of a continuing education program, a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may require continuing education for an individual registered under AS 45.56.440.  Sec. 45.56.480. Denial, revocation, suspension, withdrawal, restriction, condition, or limitation of registration. (a) If the administrator finds that the order is in	45.55.060	This is the enforcement provision for registrants. The sections are generally already covered in 45.55.060 but are expanded upon here for clarity.	61
<b>registration.</b> (a) If the administrator finds that the order is in the public interest and (d) of this section authorizes the action, an order issued under this chapter may deny an		45.55.060 but are expanded upon here for clarity, and some specific provisions are changed as noted below.	
application, or may condition or limit registration of an applicant to be a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative, and, if the applicant is a broker-dealer or investment adviser, of a partner, officer, director, or person having a similar status or performing similar functions, or a person directly or indirectly in control, of the broker dealer or investment adviser.		(a) relates to denial, condition or limitation of a registration not already approved.	
of the broker-dealer or investment adviser.  (b) If the administrator finds that the order is in the public interest and (d) of this section authorizes the action, an order issued under this chapter may revoke, suspend, condition, or		(b) allows the Administrator to revoke, suspend, condition or limit the registration of approved registrants based on actions taken in another state	61

limit the registration of a registrant, and, if the registrant is a broker-dealer or investment adviser, of a partner, officer, director, or person having a similar status or performing similar functions, or a person directly or indirectly in control, of the broker-dealer or investment adviser. However, the administrator may not  (1) institute a revocation or suspension proceeding under this subsection based on an order issued under a law of another state that is reported to the administrator or a designee of the administrator more than three years after the date of the order on which it is based; or  (2) under (d)(5)(A) and (B) of this section, issue an order on the basis of an order issued under the securities act of another state unless the other order was based on conduct for which (d) of this section would authorize the action had the conduct occurred in this state.  (c) If the administrator finds that the order is in the public	45.55.920	(similar to 45.55.060(a)(6)(A) and (B)), but only within three years of the action being taken in another state. Current law limits it to one year, and because many of these matters are self-reported, the Administrator may not learn of them for some time. Three years provides added flexibility while still having a limit in place.  This provision allows the Administrator to impose	61
interest and (d)(1) - (6), (8) - (10), (12), or (13) of this section authorize the action, an order under this chapter may censure, impose a bar, or impose a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000 for a single violation, on a registrant, and, if the registrant is a broker-dealer or investment adviser, a partner, officer, director, or person having a similar status or performing similar functions, or a person directly or indirectly in control, of the broker-dealer or investment adviser.		a bar, which is not permitted under current law, and also increases potential civil penalties from \$2,500 to \$10,000 for a single violation to up to \$100,000 for a single violation.	
(d) A person may be disciplined under (a) - (c) of this section if the person (1) has filed an application for registration in the state under this chapter or former AS 45.55, as of the effective date of registration or as of any date after filing in the case of an order denying effectiveness, was incomplete in any material respect or contained a statement that, in light of the circumstances under which it was made, was false or	45.55.060	(d) explains when action may be taken against a registrant, and generally tracks provisions already in place in 45.55.060, except for as noted below:  (d)(4) expands on current (a)(4) which referred to conduct involving an aspect of "the securities business"	61

misleading with respect to a material fact;

- (2) willfully violated or willfully failed to comply with this chapter or former AS 45.55 or a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter or former AS 45.55;
- (3) has been convicted of a felony or within the previous 10 years has been convicted of a misdemeanor involving a security, a commodity future or option contract, or an aspect of a business involving securities, commodities, investments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance;
- (4) is enjoined or restrained by a court of competent jurisdiction in an action instituted by the administrator under this chapter or former AS 45.55, a state, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the United States from engaging in or continuing an act, practice, or course of business involving an aspect of a business involving securities, commodities, investments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance;
- (5) is the subject of an order, issued after notice and opportunity for hearing by
- (A) the securities or other financial services regulator of a state or the Securities and Exchange Commission or other federal agency denying, revoking, barring, or suspending registration as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered investment adviser, or investment adviser representative;
- (B) the securities regulator of a state or the Securities and Exchange Commission against a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, investment adviser representative, or federal covered investment adviser;
- (C) the Securities and Exchange Commission or a self-regulatory organization suspending or expelling the registrant from membership in the self-regulatory organization;
- (D) a court adjudicating a United States Postal Service fraud order;

- (d)(5)(E) is new, and allows for the Administrator to conduct enforcement based on action taken by a state insurance administrator
- (d)(5)(F) is new, and allows for the Administrator to conduct enforcement based on action taken by a state banking/financial services administrator.
- (d)(6) is similar to 45.55.060(a)(6), but is broadened significantly to include actions taken by the SEC, CFTC, FTC, federal depository institution regulator, or state depository or financial services regulator when a finding is made that the respondent violated the Securities Act of 1933, Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Commodity Exchange Age, the securities or commodities laws of a state, or a federal or state law involving investments, franchises, insurance, banking or finance.

Under (d)(5) and (6), the administrator is not required to prove the validity of the ground which led to the earlier disciplinary order because the subject of the order was already given notice and an opportunity for hearing.

(d)(8) relates to refusal to cooperate with a reasonable audit or inspection and can include withholding or concealing records, refusing to furnish required records, or refusing the administrator reasonable access to any office or location within an office to conduct an audit or inspection under the Act.

- (E) the insurance regulator of a state denying, suspending, or revoking registration as an insurance agent; or
- (F) a depository institution or financial services regulator suspending or barring the person from the depository institution or other financial services business;
- (6) is the subject of an adjudication or determination, after notice and opportunity for hearing, by the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, a federal depository institution regulator, or a depository institution, insurance, or other financial services regulator of a state that the person willfully violated 15 U.S.C. 77a 77aa (Securities Act of 1933), 15 U.S.C. 78a 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934), 15 U.S.C. 80b-1 80b-21 (Investment Advisers Act of 1940), 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 80a-64 (Investment Company Act of 1940), or 7 U.S.C. 1 27 (Commodity Exchange Act), the securities or commodities law of a state, or a federal or state law under which a business involving investments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance is regulated;
- (7) is insolvent, either because the person's liabilities exceed the person's assets or because the person cannot meet the person's obligations as they mature, but the administrator may not enter an order against an applicant or registrant under this paragraph without a finding of insolvency as to the applicant or registrant;
- (8) refuses to allow or otherwise impedes the administrator from conducting an audit or inspection under AS 45.56.475(d) or refuses access to a registrant's office to conduct an audit or inspection under AS 45.56.475(d);
- (9) has failed to reasonably supervise an agent, investment adviser representative, or other individual, if the agent, investment adviser representative, or other individual was subject to the person's supervision and committed a violation of this chapter or former AS 45.55 or a regulation adopted or

- (d)(11) is similar to earlier provisions, but relates to actions taken outside of the U.S.
- (d)(12) is new and specifically relates to cease and desist orders.
- (d)(14) is new and would allow for discipline for failure to fulfill continuing education requirements or other evidence of lack of knowledge or experience.
- (d)(15) is new and relates to denial of license renewal under the Education Loan Program (AS 14.43.091 et seq.) and nonissuance/nonrenewal of occupational license for failure to pay child support (AS 25.24 et seq.). Under these other state laws, a licensing authority may not renew a license if a person is in default on a loan made pursuant to the Educational Loan Program or if they are not in substantial compliance with a support order or child support payment schedule.

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order issued under this chapter or former AS 45.55;		
(10) has not paid the proper filing fee within 30 days after		
having been notified by the administrator of a deficiency, but		
the administrator shall vacate an order under this paragraph		
when the deficiency is corrected;		
(11) after notice and opportunity for a hearing, has been		
found		
(A) by a court of competent jurisdiction to have willfully		
violated the laws of a foreign jurisdiction under which the		
business of securities, commodities, investment, franchises,		
insurance, banking, or finance is regulated;		
(B) to have been the subject of an order of a securities		
regulator of a foreign jurisdiction denying, revoking, or		
suspending the right to engage in the business of securities as		
a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, investment adviser		
representative, or similar person; or		
(C) to have been suspended or expelled from membership by		
or participation in a securities exchange or securities		
association operating under the securities laws of a foreign		
jurisdiction;		
(12) is the subject of a cease and desist order issued by the		
Securities and Exchange Commission or issued under the		
securities, commodities, investment, franchise, banking,		
finance, or insurance laws of a state;		
(13) has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the		
securities, commodities, investment, franchise, banking,		
finance, or insurance business;		
(14) is not qualified on the basis of factors that may include		
training, experience, and knowledge of the securities		
business; however, in the case of an application by an agent		
for a broker-dealer that is a member of a self-regulatory		
organization or by an individual for registration as an		
investment adviser representative, a denial order may not be		
based on this paragraph if the individual has successfully		

completed all examinations required by (e) of this section; the administrator may require an applicant for registration under AS 45.56.430 or 45.56.440 who has not been registered in a state within the two years preceding the filing of an application in this state to successfully complete an examination; or (15) is a person whose license renewal is denied under AS 14.43.148 or whose license issuance or renewal is denied under AS 25.27.244.			
(e) A regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may require that an examination, including an examination developed or approved by an organization of securities regulators, be successfully completed by a class of individuals or all individuals. An order issued under this chapter may waive, in whole or in part, an examination as to an individual and a regulation adopted under this chapter may waive, in whole or in part, an examination as to a class of individuals if the administrator determines that the examination is not necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors.	45.55.060(d)(6)	Same as 45.55.	65
(f) The administrator may suspend or deny an application summarily; restrict, condition, limit, or suspend a registration; or censure, bar, or impose a civil penalty on a registrant before final determination of an administrative proceeding. Upon the issuance of an order, the administrator shall promptly notify each person subject to the order that the order has been issued, the reasons for the action, and that, within 15 days after the receipt of a request in a record from the person, the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a hearing is not requested and none is ordered by the administrator within 30 days after the date of service of the order, the order becomes final by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the administrator, after notice of and opportunity for hearing to each person subject	45.55.060(e)	Same as 45.55, but with the additional option of a bar.	66

to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend the order until final determination.			
(g) An order may not be issued under this section, except under (f) of this section, without appropriate notice to the applicant or registrant, and an opportunity for hearing under AS 45.56.650(c).	45.55.060(h)	Same as 45.55.	66
(h) A person that controls, directly or indirectly, a person not in compliance with this section may be disciplined by order of the administrator under (a) - (c) of this section to the same extent as the noncomplying person, unless the controlling person did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the existence of conduct that is a ground for discipline under this section.	45.55.060(a)	Taken from 45.55.060(a); clarifies applicability to control persons, who are excused from liability if they did not know and could not have known of the conduct that is the basis for discipline under the Act.	66
(i) The administrator may not institute a proceeding under (a) - (c) of this section based solely on material facts actually known by the administrator unless an investigation or the proceeding is instituted within one year after the administrator actually acquires knowledge of the material facts.	45.55.060(c)	This provision is the same as 45.55.060(c) except that the time limit is expanded from 30 days to one year. "Actually known" according to the USA comments, is used to signify that the mere filing of facts in the CRD or IARD system does not constitute actual knowledge on the part of the Administrator.	66
Article 5. Fraud and Liabilities.			
Sec. 45.56.505. General fraud. A person may not, in connection with the offer, sale, or purchase of a security, directly or indirectly,  (1) employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;  (2) make an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or  (3) engage in an act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon another person.	45.55.010	Same as 45.55.	66
Sec. 45.56.510. Prohibited conduct in providing	45.55.020(a)	The proposed statute allows the Administrator to	67

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<b>investment advice.</b> (a) A person that advises others for		define by regulation the type of conduct that can	
compensation, either directly or indirectly or through		be considered fraudulent, deceptive or	
publications or writings, as to the value of securities or the		manipulative. Many of these examples are	
advisability of investing in, purchasing, or selling securities or		currently listed in 45.55.023/.025 which are not	
that, for compensation and as part of a regular business,		carried over into the proposed language, but	
issues or adopts analyses or reports relating to securities may		would likely be incorporated into regulations.	
not		/ 11 /1 CEC 101 F :: )	
(1) employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud another		(generally the same as SEC 10b-5 provisions)	
person; or			
(2) engage in an act, practice, or course of business that			
operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon another			
person.			
(b) A regulation adopted under this chapter may define an			
act, practice, or course of business of an investment adviser			
or an investment adviser representative, other than a			
supervised person of a federal covered investment adviser, as			
fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative and may prescribe			
means reasonably designed to prevent investment advisers			
and investment adviser representatives, other than supervised			
persons of a federal covered investment adviser, from			
engaging in acts, practices, and courses of business defined as			
fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative.			
(c) A regulation adopted under this chapter may specify the			
contents of an investment advisory contract entered into,			
extended, or renewed by an investment adviser.			
Sec. 45.56.520. Misleading filings. A person may not, in a	45.55.160	Same as 45.55.	67
document filed with the administrator or in a proceeding			
under this chapter, make or cause to be made an untrue			
statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact			
necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light			
of the circumstances under which they are made, not			
misleading.			
Sec. 45.56.530. Misrepresentations concerning	See generally 45.55.170	Same content as 45.55.170, just rewritten for	67
registration or exemption. The filing of an application for	,	clarity. In essence, the mere fact that something is	

11 11 11 11	registration, a registration statement, a notice filing under this chapter, the registration of a person, the notice filing by a person, or the registration of a security under this chapter does not constitute a finding by the administrator that a record filed under this chapter is true, complete, and not misleading. The filing or registration or the availability of an exemption, exception, preemption, or exclusion for a security or a transaction does not mean that the administrator has passed upon the merits or qualifications of, or recommended or given approval to, a person, security, or transaction. A person may not make, or cause to be made, to a purchaser,		filed does not mean that the administrator has judged the filing to be true, complete, or not misleading, and the existence of an exemption, etc. does not mean the administrator has given approval to the security or transaction.	
(	customer, client, or prospective customer or client a representation inconsistent with this section.			
2 2 3 1 1 4 4 6 6 7	Sec. 45.56.540. Evidentiary burden. (a) In a civil action or administrative proceeding under this chapter, a person claiming an exemption, exception, preemption, or exclusion has the burden to prove the applicability of the claim. (b) In a criminal proceeding under this chapter, a person claiming an exemption, exception, preemption, or exclusion has the burden of going forward with evidence of the claim.	Generally 45.55.900(c)	This is in 45.55 for exemptions specifically, but this provision extends across the entire Act.	68
	Sec. 45.56.550. Filing of sales and advertising literature.  (a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this section, a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may require the filing of a prospectus, pamphlet, circular, form etter, advertisement, sales literature, or other advertising record relating to a security or investment advice, addressed or intended for distribution to prospective investors, including clients or prospective clients of a person registered for required to be registered as an investment adviser under this chapter.  (b) This section does not apply to sales and advertising literature specified in (a) of this section that relates to a federal covered security, a federal covered investment adviser, or a security or transaction exempted by AS	45.55.150	Same as 45.55.	68

45.56.205, 45.56.210, 45.56.220, or 45.56.240 except as required under AS 45.56.205(7).  (c) The administrator may by regulation or order prohibit the publication, circulation, or use of any advertising deemed false or misleading.  Sec. 45.56.560. Qualified immunity. A broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered investment adviser, or investment adviser representative is not liable to another broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered investment adviser, or investment adviser representative for defamation relating to a statement that is contained in a record required by the administrator, or designee of the administrator, the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a self-regulatory organization, unless the person knew, or should have known at the time the statement was made, that it was false in a material respect or the person acted in reckless disregard of the statement's truth or falsity.	None.	Per the USA Comments: In 1994 The Securities and Exchange Commission Division of Market Regulation published The Large Firm Project: A Review of Hiring, Retention, and Supervisory Practices (1994), which found that a small number of "rogue brokers" were responsible for a significant proportion of customer disciplinary complaints. These brokers in some instances moved from one broker-dealer firm to another, it was explained, without full and complete disclosure of disciplinary problems by the broker-dealer, because of broker-dealer firms' fear of state law defamation claims. In 1998, the NASD	68
		proposed qualified immunity for statements made in Forms U-4 and U-5 to address this problem. The rule went out for comment but was ultimately not adopted.	
		New York and California have adopted absolute immunity by court decision.	
		The following states have adopted qualified immunity under the USA: GA, HI, ID, IN, IA, KS, ME, MN, MS, MO, ND, OK, SC, SD, WI, and VT.	
Article 6. Administration and Judicial Review.			
Sec. 45.56.605. Administration. (a) The Department of	45.55.905	(a)-(c) are in existing 45.55.905(a)-(b)	69
Commerce, Community, and Economic Development shall administer this chapter.		(d) is a new provision allowing the administrator	

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(b) The administrator or an officer, employee, or designee of		to develop investor education programs and	
the administrator may not use for personal benefit or the		permits the use of grant or donation funds from	
benefit of others records or other information obtained by or		outside organizations to fund those programs.	
filed with the administrator that is not public under AS			
45.56.615(b). This chapter does not authorize the			
administrator or an officer, employee, or designee of the			
administrator to disclose the record or information, except in			
accordance with AS 45.56.615(c), 45.56.620, 45.56.645.			
(c) This chapter does not create or diminish a privilege or			
exemption that exists at common law, by statute or			
regulation, or otherwise.			
(d) The administrator may develop and implement investor			
education initiatives to inform the public about investing in			
securities, with particular emphasis on the prevention and			
detection of securities fraud. In developing and implementing			
these initiatives, the administrator may collaborate with			
public and nonprofit organizations with an interest in			
investor education. The administrator may accept a grant or			
donation from a person that is not affiliated with the			
securities industry or from a nonprofit organization,			
regardless of whether the organization is affiliated with the			
securities industry, to develop and implement investor			
education initiatives. This subsection does not authorize the			
administrator to require participation or monetary			
contributions of a registrant in an investor education			
program.			
Sec. 45.56.610. Administrative files and opinions. (a) The	See generally 45.55.970	(a) the administrator is required to keep records	69
administrator shall maintain, or designate a person to	· · · · · ·	according to its retention schedule (45.55.970 says	
maintain, a register of applications for registration of		the administrator must keep a record of all	
securities; registration statements; notice filings; applications		applications, notice filings, etc. that "have ever	
for registration of broker-dealers, agents, investment		been" effective, essentially requiring permanent	
advisors, and investment adviser representatives; notice		retention of all securities filings.)	
filings by federal covered investment advisors that are or			
have been effective under this chapter or former AS 45.55;		(b) regulations, forms, opinions and orders are	

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notices of claims of exemption from registration or notice		publicly disclosable documents.	
filing requirements contained in a record; orders issued under			
this chapter or former AS 45.55; and interpretative opinions			
or no action determinations issued under this chapter. The			
register will be kept according to the existing retention			
schedule mandated by the department.			
(b) The administrator shall make all regulations, forms,			
interpretative opinions, and orders available to the public.			
(c) The administrator shall furnish a copy of a record that is a			
public record or a certification that the public record does			
not exist to a person upon request. A copy of the record			
certified or a certificate by the administrator of a record's			
nonexistence is prima facie evidence of a record or its			
nonexistence.			
Sec. 45.56.615. Public records; confidentiality. (a) Except	See generally 45.55.910	This provision expands upon the confidentiality	70
as otherwise provided in (b) of this section, records obtained		provision in 45.55.910 relating to investigations.	
by the administrator or filed under this chapter, including a		Currently, other information is confidential if	
record contained in or filed with a registration statement,		designated by the administrator. This is much	
application, notice filing, or report, are public records and are		more clear. Examples of confidential information	
available for public examination under AS 40.25.100 -		include exam materials, registration documents	
40.25.120.		containing trade secrets, records containing	
(b) The following records are not public records under AS		information such as social security numbers, etc.	
40.25.100 – 40.25.120 and are not available for public			
examination under (a) of this section:		Records may be disclosed as necessary in a civil,	
(1) a record obtained by the administrator in connection with		administrative, or criminal investigation, or action	
an audit, examination or inspection under AS 45.56.475(d) or		or proceeding.	
an investigation under AS 45.56.645;			
(2) a part of a record filed in connection with a registration		AS 40.25 is the Public Records Act.	
statement under AS 45.56.105 and 45.56.305 - 45.56.320 or a			
record under AS 45.56.475(d) that contains trade secrets or			
confidential information if the person filing the registration			
statement or report has asserted a claim of confidentiality or			
privilege that is authorized by law;			
(3) a record that is not required to be provided to the			

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administrator or filed under this chapter and is provided to			
the administrator only on the condition that the record may			
not be subject to public examination or disclosure;			
(4) a nonpublic record received from a person specified in AS			
45.56.620(a); and			
(5) any social security number, residential address unless used			
as a business address, and residential telephone number			
unless used as a business telephone number, contained in a			
record that is filed.			
(c) If disclosure is for the purpose of a civil, administrative,			
or criminal investigation, action, or proceeding or to a person			
specified in AS 45.56.620(a), the administrator may disclose a			
record obtained in connection with an audit or inspection			
under AS 45.56.475(d) or a record obtained in connection			
with an investigation under AS 45.56.645.			
Sec. 45.56.620. Uniformity and cooperation with other	See generally	45.56 expands upon some provisions already in	71
agencies. (a) The administrator may cooperate, coordinate,	45.55.050(d),	place referring to cooperation with other agencies	
consult, and, subject to AS 45.56.615, share records and	45.55.950(b)	for examination purposes and a statement of	
information with the securities regulator of another state,		policy that regulations, forms, orders, etc. should	
Canada, a Canadian province or territory, a foreign		generally be uniform with those of other states	
jurisdiction, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the		where practicable.	
United States Department of Justice, the Commodity Futures			
Trading Commission, the Federal Trade Commission, the		Considerations when cooperating include	
Securities Investor Protection Corporation, a self-regulatory		maximizing effective regulation for protection of	
organization, a national or international organization of		consumers, maximizing uniformity among	
securities regulators, a federal or state banking and insurance		states/federal regulators, minimizing burdens on	
regulator, and a governmental law enforcement agency to		capital formation, and cost savings while	
bring about greater uniformity in securities matters among		protecting investors.	
the federal government, self-regulatory organizations, states,			
and foreign governments.			
(b) In cooperating, coordinating, consulting, and sharing			
records and information under this section and in acting by			
regulation, order, or waiver under this chapter, the			
administrator may take into consideration in carrying out the			

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public interest the following general policies:	
(1) maximizing effectiveness of regulation for the protection	
of investors;	
(2) maximizing uniformity in federal and state regulatory	
standards; and	
(3) minimizing burdens on the business of capital formation,	
without adversely affecting essentials of investor protection.	
(c) The cooperation, coordination, consultation, and sharing	
of records and information authorized by this section	
includes	
(1) establishing or employing one or more designees as a	
central depository for registration and notice filings under	
this chapter and for records required or allowed to be	
maintained under this chapter;	
(2) developing and maintaining uniform forms;	
(3) conducting a joint examination or investigation;	
(4) holding a joint administrative hearing;	
(5) instituting and prosecuting a joint civil or administrative	
proceeding;	
(6) sharing and exchanging personnel;	
(7) coordinating registrations under AS 45.56.105 and	
45.56.405 - 45.56.440 and exemptions under AS 45.56.240;	
(8) sharing and exchanging records, subject to AS 45.56.615;	
(9) formulating regulations, statements of policy, guidelines,	
forms, and interpretative opinions and releases;	
(10) formulating common systems and procedures;	
(11) notifying the public of proposed regulations, forms,	
statements of policy, and guidelines;	
(12) attending conferences and other meetings among	
securities regulators, that may include representatives of	
governmental and private sector organizations involved in	
capital formation, considered necessary or appropriate to	
promote or achieve uniformity; and	
(13) developing and maintaining a uniform exemption from	

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registration for small issuers and taking other steps to reduce			
the burden of raising investment capital by small businesses.			
Sec. 45.56.625. Securities investor education and training	None	Creates a securities and investor education and	72
<b>fund.</b> The securities investor education and training fund is		training fund within the general fund to provide	
created as a special fund in the general fund to provide funds		funds for investor education. 33% of the money	
for the purposes specified in 45.56.605(d). The legislature		received in civil penalties may go into such a fund	
may appropriate 33 percent of the money received by this		if appropriated by the legislature.	
state from civil penalties under this chapter into the fund for			
securities investor education and training. Nothing in this			
section exempts money deposited into the fund from the			
requirements of AS 37.07 (Executive Budget Act) or			
dedicates money for a specific purpose.			
Sec. 45.56.630. Service of process. (a) A consent to service	45.55.980(g)-(i)	Same as 45.55.	73
of process complying with this section required by this			
chapter shall be signed and filed in the form required by a			
regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter. A			
consent appointing the administrator the person's agent for			
service of process in a noncriminal action or proceeding			
against the person or the person's successor or personal			
representative under this chapter or a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter after the consent is filed has			
the same force and validity as if the service were made			
personally on the person filing the consent. A person that has			
filed a consent under this subsection in connection with a			
previous application for registration or notice filing need not			
file an additional consent.			
(b) If a person, including a nonresident of the state, engages			
in an act, practice, or course of business prohibited or made			
actionable by this chapter or a regulation adopted or order			
issued under this chapter and the person has not filed a			
consent to service of process under (a) of this section, the			
act, practice, or course of business constitutes the			
appointment of the administrator as the person's agent for			
service of process in a noncriminal action or proceeding			

against the person or the person's successor or personal representative.			
(c) Service under (a) or (b) of this section may be made by			
providing a copy of the process to the office of the			
administrator, but the service is not effective unless			
(1) the plaintiff, which may be the administrator, promptly			
sends notice of the service and a copy of the process, return			
receipt requested, to the defendant or respondent at the			
address set out in the consent to service of process or, if a			
consent to service of process has not been filed, at the last			
known address, or takes other reasonable steps to give notice;			
and			
(2) the plaintiff files an affidavit of compliance with this			
subsection in the action or proceeding on or before the			
return day of the process, if any, or within the time that the			
court, or the administrator in a proceeding before the			
administrator, allows.			
(d) Service under (c) of this section may be used in a			
proceeding before the administrator or by the administrator			
in a civil action in which the administrator is the moving			
party.			
(e) If process is served under (c) of this section, the court, or			
the administrator in a proceeding before the administrator,			
shall order continuances as are necessary or appropriate to			
afford the defendant or respondent reasonable opportunity			
to defend.			
(f) Unless the persons are exempt elsewhere in this chapter,			
AS 45.56 applies to person who sell or offer to sell when an			
offer to			
(1) sell is made in this state; or			
(2) buy is made and accepted in this state.	45.55.000() (0	15.55	
Sec. 45.56.635. Applicability of the chapter. (a) Unless the	45.55.980(a)-(f)	Same as 45.55.	74
persons are exempt elsewhere in this chapter, AS 45.56			
applies to persons who buy or offer to buy when an offer to			

(1) buy is made in this state; or (2) sell is made and accepted in this state. (b) Unless the person is exempt elsewhere in this chapter, this chapter applies to a person who sells or offers to sell when an offer to (1) sell is made in this state; or (2) buy is made and accepted in this state. (c) For the purposes of this section, an offer to sell or to buy is made in this state, whether or not either party is then present in this state, when the offer (1) originates from this state; (2) is directed by the offeror to this state and received at the place to which it is directed, or at a post office in this state in the case of a mailed offer; (3) is for an interest or participation in an oil, gas, or mining right, title, or lease on land in the state, including submerged land, regardless of where the offer is made; (4) is for an interest or participation in payments out of production under an oil, gas, or mining right, title, or lease on land in the state, including submerged land, regardless of where the offer is made; (5) is for an interest or participation in real property located in the state, or in a corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, a limited partnership, a limited liability partnership, an association, a joint-stock company; jurisdiction under this paragraph may be exercised only when the exercise is not inconsistent with the constitution of this state or of the United States. (d) For the purpose of this section, an offer to buy or to sell is accepted in this state when acceptance is communicated to

the offeror in this state and has not previously been

communicated to the offeror, orally or in writing, outside this state. Acceptance is communicated to the offeror in this state, whether or not either party is then present in this state,

when the offeree directs it to the offeror in this state reasonably believing the offeror to be in this state and it is received at the place to which it is directed or, in the case of a mailed acceptance, a post office in this state.  (e) AS 45.56 applies to investment advisers, federal covered advisers, and investment adviser representatives when any act instrumental in effecting prohibited conduct is done in this state, regardless of whether either party is then present in this state.			
Sec. 45.56.640. Regulations, forms, orders, interpretative opinions, and hearings. (a) The administrator may (1) issue forms and orders; after notice and comment, adopt and amend regulations necessary or appropriate to carry out this chapter; and repeal regulations, including regulations and forms governing registration statements, applications, notice filings, reports, and other records; (2) by regulation, define terms, whether or not used in this chapter, but those definitions may not be inconsistent with this chapter; and (3) by regulation, classify securities, persons, and transactions and adopt different requirements for different classes. (b) Under this chapter, a regulation or form may not be adopted or amended, or an order issued or amended, unless the administrator finds that the regulation, form, order, or amendment is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors and is consistent with the purposes intended by this chapter. In adopting, amending, and repealing regulations and forms, AS 45.56.620 applies in order to achieve uniformity among the states and coordination with federal laws in the form and content of registration statements, applications, reports, and other records, including the adoption of uniform rules, forms, and procedures. (c) Subject to 15 U.S.C. 78o(i) and 80b-18a, the administrator	45.55.950 and 45.55.970	This provision combines regulations, forms, orders, interpretative opinions, and hearings into one statute, whereas in 45.55 it is divided into two.  Language is updated to clarify that the administrator may require financial statements filed to be GAAP compliant only where permitted by federal law due to NSMIA (National Securities Market Improvement Act).	75

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may require that a financial statement filed under this chapter			
be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting			
principles in the United States and comply with other			
requirements specified by regulation adopted or order issued			
under this chapter. A regulation adopted or order issued			
under this chapter may establish			
(1) subject to 15 U.S.C. 780(i) and 80b-18a, the form and			
content of financial statements required under this chapter;			
(2) whether unconsolidated financial statements must be			
filed; and			
(3) whether required financial statements must be audited by			
an independent certified public accountant.			
(d) The administrator may provide interpretative opinions or			
issue determinations that the administrator will not institute a			
proceeding or an action under this chapter against a specified			
person for engaging in a specified act, practice, or course of			
business if the determination is consistent with this chapter.			
A regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter may			
establish a reasonable charge for interpretative opinions or			
determinations that the administrator will not institute an			
action or a proceeding under this chapter.			
(e) A hearing in an administrative proceeding under this			
chapter must be conducted in public unless the			
administrative law judge or the administrator for good cause			
consistent with this chapter determines that the hearing may			
not be conducted in public.			
(f) AS 44.62 (Administrative Procedures Act) applies to all			
regulations adopted or authorized under this chapter.			
Sec. 45.56.645. Investigations and subpoenas. (a) The	45.55.910	Mostly the same language as is currently in	76
administrator may		45.55.910, but (e) has been moved to 45.56.603	
(1) conduct public or private investigations within or outside		(confidentiality).	
of the state that the administrator considers necessary or			
appropriate to determine whether a person has violated, is		(f) is a new provision that more explicitly permits	
violating, or is about to violate this chapter or a regulation		and encourages cooperation with other states'	

adopted or order issued under this chapter, or to aid in the enforcement of this chapter or in the adoption of regulations and forms under this chapter;

- (2) require or permit a person to testify, file a statement, or produce a record, under oath or otherwise as the administrator determines, as to all the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated or about which an action or proceeding is to be instituted; and (3) publish a record concerning an action, proceeding, or an investigation under, or a violation of, this chapter or a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter if the administrator determines it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors.
- (b) For the purpose of an investigation under this chapter, the administrator or the designated officer of the administrator may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, seek compulsion of attendance, take evidence, require the filing of statements, and require the production of any records that the administrator considers relevant or material to the investigation.
- (c) If a person does not appear or refuses to testify, file a statement, produce records, or otherwise obey a subpoena as required by the administrator under this chapter, the administrator may refer the matter to the attorney general, who may bring an action in the superior court or a court of another state to enforce compliance. The court may
- (1) hold the person in contempt;
- (2) order the person to appear before the administrator;
- (3) order the person to testify about the matter under investigation or in question;
- (4) order the production of records;
- (5) grant injunctive relief, including restricting or prohibiting the offer or sale of securities or the providing of investment advice;

securities administrators in their investigations as to violations or potential violations of those states' securities laws, even if the conduct would not necessarily be a violation of Alaska's securities laws. Cooperation with other jurisdictions already takes place in practice, and we are always happy to share resources if we can be of some assistance. Under this provision, the statute also makes clear that the administrator may choose to not cooperate with another jurisdiction for public policy considerations or if resources are not available.

(6) impose a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000 for a single violation; and (7) grant any other necessary or appropriate relief. (d) This section does not preclude a person from applying to the superior court or a court of another state for relief from a request to appear, testify, file a statement, produce records, or obey a subpoena. (e) A person is not excused from attending, testifying, filing a statement, producing a record or other evidence, or obeying a subpoena of the administrator under this chapter or in an action or proceeding instituted by the administrator under this chapter on the ground that the required testimony, statement, record, or other evidence, directly or indirectly, may tend to incriminate the individual or subject the individual to a criminal fine, penalty, or forfeiture. If the person refuses to testify, file a statement, or produce a record or other evidence on the basis of the individual's privilege against self-incrimination, the administrator may apply to the superior court to compel the testimony, the filing of the statement, the production of the record, or the giving of other evidence. The testimony, record, or other evidence compelled under an order of the superior court may not be used, directly or indirectly, against the individual in a criminal case, except in a prosecution for perjury or contempt or otherwise failing to comply with the order. (f) At the request of the securities regulator of another state or a foreign jurisdiction, the administrator may provide assistance if the requesting regulator states that it is conducting an investigation to determine whether a person has violated, is violating, or is about to violate a law or regulation of the other state or foreign jurisdiction relating to securities matters that the requesting regulator administers or

enforces. The administrator may provide the assistance by using the authority to investigate and the powers conferred

by this section as the administrator determines is necessary or			
appropriate. The assistance may be provided without regard			
to whether the conduct described in the request would also			
constitute a violation of this chapter or other law of this state			
if occurring in this state. In deciding whether to provide the			
assistance, the administrator may consider whether the			
requesting regulator is permitted and has agreed to provide			
assistance reciprocally within its state or foreign jurisdiction			
to the administrator on securities matters when requested,			
whether compliance with the request would violate or			
prejudice the public policy of this state, and the availability of			
resources and employees of the administrator to carry out the			
request for assistance.			
Sec. 45.56.650. Administrative enforcement. (a) If the	See generally 45.55.920,	The enforcement provisions have been	78
administrator determines that a person has engaged, is	and 45.55.935	significantly reorganized under the proposed bill,	
engaging, or is about to engage in an act, practice, or course		and are now divided into administrative, civil, and	
of business constituting a violation of this chapter or a		criminal sections, though the basic provisions are	
regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter or that		carried over, with some additions.	
a person has materially aided, is materially aiding, or is about			
to materially aid an act, practice, or course of business		Administratively, the administrator can issue an	
constituting a violation of this chapter or a regulation		order to cease and desist (or take other action),	
adopted or order issued under this chapter, the administrator		impact a license under Article 4 of the Act, or	
may issue an order		limit or deny use of exemptions under Article 2 of	
(1) directing the person to cease and desist from engaging in		the Act. (All permitted under current law in	
the act, practice, or course of business or to take other action		45.55.920, 45.55.060, and 45.55.990, respectively).	
necessary or appropriate to comply with this chapter;			
(2) denying, suspending, revoking, or conditioning the		Orders are effective upon service and respondents	
exemptions for a broker-dealer under AS 45.56.405(b)(1)(D)		have 30 days to request a hearing. This is a	
or (F) or an investment adviser under AS 45.56.435(b)(1)(C);		change from 15 days under current law. Note: the	
or		Securities Act is exempted from the Alaska	
(3) denying, suspending, conditioning, or limiting an		Administrative Procedures Act under 44.62.330.	
exemption as provided under AS 45.56.250.			
(b) An order under (a) of this section is effective on the date		Civil penalties are increased from \$2,500 for a	
of issuance. Upon issuance of the order, the administrator		single violation and \$25,000 maximum for	

shall promptly serve each person subject to the order with a copy of the order and a notice that the order has been entered. The order must include a statement of any civil penalty, restitution, or costs of investigation the administrator will seek, a statement of the reasons for the order, and notice that, within 15 days after receipt of a request in a record from the person, the matter will be scheduled for a hearing. If a person subject to the order does not request a hearing and none is ordered by the administrator within 30 days after the date of service of the order, the order, including the imposition of a civil penalty, the imposition of restitution, or requirement for payment of the costs of investigation sought in a statement in the order, becomes final as to that person by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the administrator, after notice of and opportunity for hearing to each person subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.

- (c) If a hearing is requested or ordered under (b) of this section, a hearing must be conducted by the office of administrative hearings (AS 44.64.010) and AS 44.64.040 44.64.200 shall apply and govern.
- (d) In a final order under (b) of this section, the administrator may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000 for a single violation, unless the violation of this chapter is against an older person.
- (1) In addition to a civil penalty imposed pursuant to AS 45.56.650, a person or entity who engages in any conduct prohibited by the provisions of this chapter against an older person, may be liable for an additional civil penalty of treble statutory damages.
- (A) In determining whether to impose a supplemental civil penalty under (d)(1) of this section, the administrator shall consider, in addition to other appropriate factors, the extent to which the following factors are present:

multiple violations to \$100,000 maximum for a single violation with no limit for multiple violations. There is no longer a differentiation between knowing/intentional violations and other types. However, whether something is committed knowingly or intentionally would be a factor in determining where to set the penalty.

New: If the victim is an "older person" (defined as a natural person over 60 years old), the respondent is subject to treble damages.

New: Under (e)(1), restitution may now be ordered.

Under (e)(2), actual costs of investigation may be ordered. Currently in 3 AAC 08.015(b).

Under (e)(3), the administrator may deny the use of exemptions. The administrator may do this currently under 45.55.900(d), but only relating to specific securities transactions. This blanket provision prevents those who violate the securities act from benefitting from the use of exemptions. Currently, the administrator negotiates the denial of exemptions as may be appropriate.

The administrator may petition a court to enter a final judgment to collect a civil penalty. Such a petition does not reopen the merits of the case to be decided in Superior Court. (Same as 45.55.920(e)).

(g) is similar to current 45.55.920(e). The

- (1) whether the respondent knew that the respondent's conduct was directed to an older person;
- (2) whether the respondent's conduct caused an older person to suffer severe loss or encumbrance of a primary residence, principal employment or source of income, substantial loss of property set aside for retirement or for personal and family care and maintenance, or
- (3) whether the respondent's conduct caused substantial loss of payments received under a pension or retirement plan or a government benefits program;
- (e) In a final order under (b) of this section, the administrator may
- (1) impose restitution to any person in interest for any monies or property, real or personal, that may have been acquired or transferred in violation of this chapter;
- (2) charge the actual cost of an investigation or proceeding for a violation of this chapter or a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter; or
- (3) deny the violator of the use of any exemptions listed under this chapter.
- (f) The administrator may petition the superior court to enter a judgment against a person who is a respondent in the order for the amount of the civil penalty levied against the person. Subject to AS 44.62.570, the filing of the petition for a judgment does not reopen the final order to further substantive review. A judgment entered under this subsection may be executed on and levied under in the manner provided in AS 09.35.
- (g) If a person does not comply with an order under this section, the administrator may petition a court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the order. The court may not require the administrator to post a bond in an action or proceeding under this section. If the court finds, after service and opportunity for hearing, that the person was not in

administrator may petition a court to enforce a final order. The bill adds new language explaining that the court can hold a person who violates a final order in civil contempt and impose a further civil penalty of \$100,000 for each violation in addition to what was ordered administratively.

compliance with the order, the court may adjudge the person			
in civil contempt of the order. The court may impose a			
further civil penalty against the person for contempt in an			
amount not greater than \$100,000 for each violation and may			
grant any other relief the court determines is just and proper			
in the circumstances.	47.77.020()(a)		
Sec. 45.56.655. Civil enforcement. (a) If the administrator	45.55.920(a)(2)	45.55 does not have very clear language explaining	81
believes that a person has engaged, is engaging, or is about to		civil enforcement of the Securities Act, containing	
engage in an act, practice, or course of business constituting a		only one brief statement within AS 45.55.920 that	
violation of this chapter or a regulation adopted or order		gives the administrator the option of enforcing the	
issued under this chapter or that a person has, is, or is about		Act in court rather than administratively. The	
to engage in an act, practice, or course of business that		proposed bill provides more guidance on the types	
materially aids a violation of this chapter or a regulation		of remedies available in civil court and the	
adopted or order issued under this chapter, the administrator		procedure to follow.	
may maintain an action in the superior court to enjoin the			
act, practice, or course of business and to enforce compliance		(a) same as 45.55.920(a)(2). Gives the	
with this chapter or a regulation adopted or order issued		administrator the option of going to Superior	
under this chapter.		Court to enforce the Securities Act rather than	
(b) In an action under this section and on a proper showing,		taking administrative action	
the court may			
(1) issue a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining		(b) New. Provides more specific guidelines to the	
order, or declaratory judgment;		possible actions that may take place in civil court	
(2) order other appropriate or ancillary relief, which may		including:	
include		(1) injunctions,	
(A) an asset freeze, accounting, writ of attachment, writ of		(2)(A) asset freezes, including appointing the	
general or specific execution, and appointment of a receiver		administrator as receiver,	
or conservator that may be the administrator for the		(2)(B) ordering the administrator to take charge	
defendant or the defendant's assets;		and control of a defendant's property, including	
(B) ordering the administrator to take charge and control of a		the ability to acquire and dispose of property,	
defendant's property, including investment accounts and		(2)(C) imposing a civil penalty of up to \$100,000	
accounts in a depository institution, rents, and profits; to		per violation, which may be higher if against an	
collect debts; and to acquire and dispose of property;		"older person." In determining whether to	
(C) imposing a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000 for a		increase penalties, the court may consider factors	
single violation unless the violation of this chapter is against		such as whether the person knew that the victim	

an older person; in determining whether to impose a supplemental civil penalty for a violation of this chapter against an older person, the court shall consider, in addition to other appropriate factors, the extent to which the following factors are present:

- (i) whether the respondent knew that the respondent's conduct was directed to an older person;
- (ii) whether the respondent's conduct caused an older person to suffer severe loss or encumbrance of a primary residence, principal employment or source of income, substantial loss of property set aside for retirement or for personal and family care and maintenance, or
- (iii) whether the respondent's conduct caused substantial loss of payments received under a pension or retirement plan or a government benefits program;
- (D) imposing an order of rescission, or disgorgement directed to a person that has engaged in an act, practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this chapter or former AS 45.55 or a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter or former AS 45.55;
- (E) imposing an order restitution to any person in interest for any monies or property, real or personal, that may have been acquired or transferred in violation of this chapter; and
- (F) ordering the payment of prejudgment and postjudgment interest; or
- (3) order other relief that the court considers appropriate.
- (c) The administrator may not be required to post a bond in an action or proceeding under this chapter.
- (d) After an order issued by the court under (b) of this section becomes final and all rights of appeal are exhausted, the administrator may petition the superior court to enter a judgment against a person who is a respondent in the order for the amount of the civil penalty levied against the person. Subject to AS 44.62.570, the filing of the petition for a

was an older person, whether the conduct caused severe loss or encumbrance of primary residence, employment or source of income, or substantial loss of property or loss of pension, retirement or government benefits. An older person is defined as a person over 60 years old.

- (2)(D) imposing an order of rescission or disgorgement
- (2)(E) imposing restitution
- (2)(F) ordering repayment of prejudgment or post judgment interest
- (c) New. Provides that the administrator is not required to post a bond in a civil proceeding.
- (d) New. Allows the administrator to petition for post-decision judgment if the judge ordered civil penalties.

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judgment does not reopen the final order to further			
substantive review. A judgment entered under this subsection			
may be executed on and levied under in the manner provided			
in AS 09.35.	2 11 45 55 020	D : :	0.0
Sec. 45.56.660. Civil liability. (a) Enforcement of civil	See generally 45.55.930	Rescission offers and general civil liability to	82
liability under this section is subject to P.L. 105-353		buyers, formerly within the same provision at	
(Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act of 1998).		45.55.930, are now separate.	
(b) A person is liable to the purchaser if the person sells a			
security in violation of AS 45.56.105, or by means of an		(a) New. Enforcement of a civil liability is subject	
untrue statement of a material fact or an omission to state a		to the Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act	
material fact necessary in order to make the statement made,		(SLUSA) of 1998. As the SLUSA is federal law, it	
in light of the circumstances under which it is made, not		already applied, but this makes its application clear	
misleading, the purchaser not knowing the untruth or		in the statutes.	
omission and the seller not sustaining the burden of proof			
that the seller did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable		(b) is the same in content as 45.55.930(a);	
care, could not have known of the untruth or omission. An		rewritten for clarity.	
action under this subsection is governed by the following:			
(1) the purchaser may maintain an action to recover the		(b)(1)-(3) New. (b) covers instances where a	
consideration paid for the security, less the amount of any		SELLER is liable to a PURCHASER. The	
income received on the security, and interest at the legal rate		purchaser may sue to recover consideration for	
of interest under AS 09.30.070 or eight percent, whichever is		the security, minus the income received; interest	
greater, from the date of the purchase, costs, and reasonable		from the date of purchase; and costs and attorney	
attorney fees determined by the court, upon the tender of the		fees upon the tender of security. Or, the	
security, or for actual damages as provided in (3) of this		purchaser may choose actual damages under (3).	
subsection;		The rate of interest is updated from a flat eight	
(2) the tender referred to in (1) of this subsection may be		percent to the rate calculated in 09.30.070, which	
made any time before entry of judgment; tender requires only		sets the interest rate at three points above the 12th	
notice in a record of ownership of the security and		Federal Reserve District discount rate in effect on	
willingness to exchange the security for the amount specified;		January 2 of that year, OR eight percent,	
a purchaser that no longer owns the security may recover		whichever is greater.	
actual damages as provided in (3) of this subsection;		O	
(3) actual damages in an action arising under this subsection		(2) same as 45.55.930(d).	
are the amount that would be recoverable upon a tender less		( )	
the value of the security when the purchaser disposed of it		(3) New. Calculation of actual damages is: the	

- and interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, from the date of the purchase, costs, and reasonable attorney fees determined by the court.
- (c) A person is liable to the seller if the person buys a security by means of an untrue statement of a material fact or omission to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which it is made, not misleading, the seller not knowing of the untruth or omission, and the purchaser not sustaining the burden of proof that the purchaser did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable care, could not have known of the untruth or omission. An action under this subsection is governed by the following:
- (1) the seller may maintain an action to recover the security and any income received on the security, costs, and reasonable attorney fees determined by the court, upon the tender of the purchase price, or for actual damages as provided in (3) of this subsection;
- (2) the tender referred to in (1) of this subsection may be made any time before entry of judgment; tender requires only notice in a record of the present ability to pay the amount tendered and willingness to take delivery of the security for the amount specified; if the purchaser no longer owns the security, the seller may recover actual damages as provided in (3) of this subsection;
- (3) actual damages in an action arising under this subsection are the difference between the price at which the security was sold and the value the security would have had at the time of the sale in the absence of the purchaser's conduct causing liability, and interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater from the date of the sale of the security, costs, and reasonable attorney fees determined by the court.

- consideration paid plus interest at the rate calculated in AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, less any income received from the security.
- (c) New. This section applies to situations where a PURCHASER is liable to a SELLER. This would occur when a purchaser buys a security through misrepresentation.
- (c)(1)-(3) New. Mirrors the remedies available in (b)(1)-(3), but is regarding damages recoverable by the seller. The seller may recover the security and any income received, plus costs, attorney fees or actual damages.
- (d) New. A person acting as a broker-dealer or agent that sells a security in violation of the Act is liable to the customer, and they may recover actual damages under (b) or (c).
- (e) New. A person acting as an investment adviser or investment adviser representative providing advice in violation of the Act is liable to the client, who may recover consideration paid for the cost of the advice plus interest, costs and attorney fees.
- (f) New. A person that engages in fraudulent conduct is liable to the other person. The victim may recover consideration paid for advice plus actual damages, interest and attorney fees, minus any income received as a result of the fraudulent conduct.

(d) A person acting as a broker-dealer or agent that sells or buys a security in violation of AS 45.56.405(a), 45.56.435(a), or 45.56.530 is liable to the customer. The customer, if a purchaser, may maintain an action for recovery of actual damages as specified in (b)(1) - (3) of this section or, if a seller, for a remedy as specified in (c)(1) - (3) of this section. (e) A person acting as an investment adviser or investment adviser representative that provides investment advice for compensation in violation of AS 45.56.405(a), 45.56.406(a), or 45.56.504 is liable to the client. The client may maintain an action to recover the consideration paid for the advice, interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, from the date of payment, costs, and reasonable attorney fees determined by the court. (f) A person that receives, directly or indirectly, any consideration for providing investment advice to another person and that employs a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud the other person or engages in an act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit on the other person is liable to the other person. An action under this subsection is governed by the following: (1) the person defrauded may maintain an action to recover the consideration paid for the advice and the amount of any actual damages caused by the fraudulent conduct, interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, from the date of the fraudulent conduct, costs, and reasonable attorney fees determined by the court, less the amount of any income received as a result of the fraudulent conduct; (2) this subsection does not apply to a broker-dealer or its agents if the investment advice provided is solely incidental to transacting business as a broker-dealer and special

compensation is not received for the investment advice.
(g) The following persons are liable jointly and severally with

- (g) is same as 45.55.930(c). Subsection (h) NEW A person liable under this section has a right of contribution against any other person liable under this section.
- (i) same as 45.55.930(e).
- (j) similar to 45.55.930(f) regarding the statutory limit for bringing an action under this section. For violations under subsection (d) or (e), the action must be instituted within three years after the violation occurred. For violations under subsection (c) or (f), the action must be instituted within the earlier of two years after discovery of the facts constituting the violation or five years after the violation. The statute of limitations in 45.55 is three years from the sale or, if based on fraud, two years from the date of discovery, whichever is later.
- (k) same as 45.55.930(g).
- (l) same as 45.55.930(h).
- (m) same as 45.55.930(i).

Note: attorney fees would only be recoverable by the plaintiff in all cases where it is allowed. This statute does not provide for "prevailing party" attorney fees.

and to the same extent as persons liable under (b) - (f) of this	
section:	
(1) a person that directly or indirectly controls a person liable	
under (b) - (f) of this section, unless the controlling person	
sustains the burden of proof that the person did not know	
and, in the exercise of reasonable care, could not have known	
of the existence of conduct by reason of which the liability is	
alleged to exist;	
(2) an individual who is a managing partner, executive officer,	
or director of a person liable under (b) - (f) of this section,	
including an individual having a similar status or performing	
similar functions, unless the individual sustains the burden of	
proof that the individual did not know and, in the exercise of	
reasonable care, could not have known of the existence of	
conduct by reason of which the liability is alleged to exist;	
(3) an individual who is an employee of or associated with a	
person liable under (b) - (f) of this section and who materially	
aids the conduct giving rise to the liability, unless the	
individual sustains the burden of proof that the individual did	
not know and, in the exercise of reasonable care, could not	
have known of the existence of conduct by reason of which	
the liability is alleged to exist; and	
(4) a person that is a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser,	
or investment adviser representative that materially aids the	
conduct giving rise to the liability under (b) - (f) of this	
section, unless the person sustains the burden of proof that	
the person did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable	
care, could not have known of the existence of conduct by	
reason of which liability is alleged to exist.	
(h) A person liable under this section has a right of	
contribution as in cases of contract against any other person	
liable under this section for the same conduct.	
(i) A cause of action under this section survives the death of	
an individual who might have been a plaintiff or defendant.	

(i) A person may not obtain relief under (b) of this section for a violation of AS 45.56.105, or under (d) or (e) of this section, unless the action is instituted within three years after the violation occurred; or other than for violation of AS 45.56.103, or under (c) or (f) of this section, unless the action is instituted within the earlier of two years after discovery of the facts constituting the violation or five years after the violation (k) A person that has made, or has engaged in the performance of, a contract in violation of this chapter or a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter or that has acquired a purported right under the contract with knowledge of conduct by reason of which its making or performance was in violation of this chapter may not base an action on the contract.  (b) A condition, stipulation, or provision binding a person purchasing or selling a security or receiving investment advice to waive compliance with this chapter or a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter to void.  (m) The rights and remedies provided by this chapter are in addition to any other rights or remedies that may exist, but this chapter does not create a cause of action not specified in this section or AS 45.56.60 if.  See egenerally 45.55.930, a Rescission offers and general civil liability to buyers, formerly within the same provision at AS 45.55.930, are now separate.  (1) the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice receives, in a record, before the action is instituted  (A) an offer stating the respect in which liability under AS 45.56.600 if.  (I) the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights in a civil case).	(2) A	T		
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or order issued under this chapter is void.  (m) The rights and remedies provided by this chapter are in addition to any other rights or remedies that may exist, but this chapter does not create a cause of action not specified in this section or AS 45.56.475(e).  Sec. 45.56.665. Rescission offers. (a) A purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice may not maintain an action under AS 45.56.660 if  (1) the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice receives, in a record, before the action is instituted (A) an offer stating the respect in which liability under AS 45.56.660 may have arisen and fairly advising the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights  See generally 45.55.930, Rescission offers and general civil liability to buyers, formerly within the same provision at AS 45.55.930, are now separate.  Rescission is not concurrently available with the civil liability provisions in AS 45.56.660 (i.e. you must choose one or the other if you are a plaintiff in a civil case).	to waive compliance with this chapter or a regulation adopted			
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recipient of investment advice may not maintain an action under AS 45.56.660 if  (1) the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice receives, in a record, before the action is instituted  (A) an offer stating the respect in which liability under AS 45.56.660 may have arisen and fairly advising the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights  45.55.900(b)(19)  buyers, formerly within the same provision at AS 45.55.930, are now separate.  Rescission is not concurrently available with the civil liability provisions in AS 45.56.660 (i.e. you must choose one or the other if you are a plaintiff in a civil case).	this section or AS 45.56.475(e).			
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under AS 45.56.660 if  (1) the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice receives, in a record, before the action is instituted  (A) an offer stating the respect in which liability under AS  (A) any have arisen and fairly advising the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights  (B) 45.55.930, are now separate.  (B) Rescission is not concurrently available with the civil liability provisions in AS 45.56.660 (i.e. you must choose one or the other if you are a plaintiff in a civil case).				
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(A) an offer stating the respect in which liability under AS 45.56.660 may have arisen and fairly advising the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights  civil liability provisions in AS 45.56.660 (i.e. you must choose one or the other if you are a plaintiff in a civil case).			Rescission is not concurrently available with the	
45.56.660 may have arisen and fairly advising the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights must choose one or the other if you are a plaintiff in a civil case).				
seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights in a civil case).			\ ` '	
in connection with the orier and any infancial of other	in connection with the offer and any financial or other		,	
information necessary to correct all material  Subsection (a)(1) is the same as 45.55.930(f)			Subsection (a)(1) is the same as 45.55.930(f)	
misrepresentations or omissions in the information that was  (A)-(F) is new and explains what type of offer	l '			

required by this chapter to be furnished to that person at the time of the purchase, sale, or investment advice;

- (B) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of AS 45.56.660(b), an offer to repurchase the security for cash, payable on delivery of the security, equal to the consideration paid, and interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, from the date of the purchase, less the amount of any income received on the security, or, if the purchaser no longer owns the security, an offer to pay the purchaser, upon acceptance of the offer, damages in an amount that would be recoverable upon a tender, less the value of the security when the purchaser disposed of it, and interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, from the date of the purchase in cash equal to the damages computed in the manner provided in this subparagraph;
- (C) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of AS 45.56.660(c), an offer to tender the security, on payment by the seller of an amount equal to the purchase price paid, less income received on the security by the purchaser and interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, from the date of the sale, or, if the purchaser no longer owns the security, an offer to pay the seller, upon acceptance of the offer, in cash, damages in the amount of the difference between the price at which the security was purchased and the value the security would have had at the time of the purchase in the absence of the purchaser's conduct that may have caused liability and interest at the legal rate of interest in AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, from the date of the sale;
- (D) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of AS 45.56.660(d); and if the customer is a

would constitute a valid rescission based upon the type of violation. This tracks the violation types in 45.56.660(b)-(f).

Subsection (a)(2) New. The aggrieved party has 30 days to accept the recession offer made under (a)(1). 45.55.930 refers to a 30 day time frame in a few places but did not clearly state that offers must be accepted or rejected within 30 days.

Subsection (a)(3) New. The offeror must demonstrate his or her ability to pay.

Subsection (a)(4) New. The rescission offer must be delivered in a way that ensures receipt by the other party.

Subsection (a)(5) New. The offeror must actually pay as promised.

Subsection (b) Same as 45.55.930(k).

The rescission amount is calculated the same as actual damages in a civil case: the consideration paid plus interest at the rate calculated in 09.30.070, or eight percent, whichever is greater, less any income received from the security.

09.30.070 sets the interest rate at three points above the 12<sup>th</sup> Federal Reserve District discount rate in effect on January 2 of the year the judgment is entered.

The offeror must have the capacity to pay; this is

purchaser, an offer to pay as specified in (B) of this currently found in our regulations at 3 AAC paragraph; or, if the customer is a seller, an offer to tender or 08.915. to pay as specified in (C) of this paragraph; (E) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a The offer must be filed with the administrator 10 violation of AS 45.56.660(e), an offer to reimburse in cash business days before the offering is made. The the consideration paid for the advice and interest at the legal offer is an exempt securities transaction under rate of interest under AS 09.30.070, or eight percent, 45.56.210(19). whichever is greater, from the date of payment; or (F) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation of AS 45.56.660(f), an offer to reimburse in cash the consideration paid for the advice, the amount of any actual damages that may have been caused by the conduct, and interest at the legal rate of interest under AS 09.30.070 from the date of the violation causing the loss; (2) the offer under (1) of this section states that it must be accepted by the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice within 30 days after the date of its receipt by the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice or any shorter period of not less than three days that the administrator, by order, specifies; (3) the offeror has the present ability to pay the amount offered or to tender the security under (1) of this section; (4) the offer under (1) of this section is delivered to the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice or sent in a manner that ensures receipt by the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice; and (5) the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice that accepts the offer under (1) of this section, in a record, within the period specified under (2) of this section, is paid in accordance with the terms of the offer. (b) The offer under this section must be filed with the administrator 10 business days before the offering and conform in form and content with a regulation adopted under this chapter.

Sec. 45.56.670. Criminal enforcement. (a) A person who
knowingly violates this chapter, a regulation adopted under
this chapter, or an order issued under this chapter, except AS
45.56.550 or the notice filing requirements of AS 45.56.330
or 45.56.445, or that willfully violates AS 45.56.520 knowing
the statement made to be false or misleading in a material
respect is guilty of a class C felony punishable by
imprisonment under AS 12.55.125(e) or punishable by a fine
of not more than \$100,000, or both. A person convicted of
violating a regulation or order issued under this chapter may
be fined, but may not be imprisoned, if the person did not
know of the regulation or order.

- (b) A person who violates a regulation under this chapter or an order issued under this chapter without knowledge of the regulation or order commits a class A misdemeanor.
- (c) A person who knowingly alters, destroys, shreds, mutilates, or conceals a record, document, or other object, or attempts to do so, with the intent to alter or impair the record, document, or object for use in an official proceeding under this chapter, is guilty of a class C felony. A person convicted of violating (a) of this section is punishable by imprisonment as provided in AS 12.55.125(e).
- (d) The attorney general, with or without a reference from the administrator, may institute criminal proceedings under this chapter.
- (e) This chapter does not limit the power of the state to punish a person for conduct that constitutes a crime under other laws of the state.

45.55.925 (a): Similar to 45.55.925(a) with important changes:

Willfully was changed to knowingly; individuals who violate the chapter, or a regulation under the chapter, are guilty of a class C felony under 12.55.125. (Previously, it was unclear if it was a misdemeanor or felony or even what class it was)

The criminal penalty is increased from \$5,000 to \$100,000. Imprisonment of 1-5 years in the current statute is changed in the new statute to the requirements under 12.55.125(e) that states:

- "(e) Except as provided in (i) of this section, a defendant convicted of a class C felony may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than five years, and shall be sentenced to a definite term within the following presumptive ranges, subject to adjustment as provided in 12.55.155 12.55.175:
- (1) if the offense is a first felony conviction and does not involve circumstances described in (4) of this subsection, zero to two years; a defendant sentenced under this paragraph may, if the court finds it appropriate, be granted a suspended imposition of sentence under AS 12.55.085, and the court may, as a condition of probation under AS 12.55.086, require the defendant to serve an active term of imprisonment within the range specified in this paragraph;
- (2) if the offense is a second felony conviction, two to four years;
- (3) if the offense is a third felony conviction, three

Sec. 45.56.675. Judicial review. (a) Judicial review by the superior court of a final order issued by the administrator under this chapter may be had by filing a notice of appeal in accordance with the applicable rules of court governing appeals in civil matters. The notice of appeal shall be filed within 30 days after the order becomes final under AS 44.64.060.  (b) A regulation adopted under this chapter is subject to judicial review under AS 44.62.300.	45.55.940	to five years; (4) if the offense is a first felony conviction, and the defendant violated AS 08.54.720(a)(15), one to two years."  Individuals can't be imprisoned if they had no knowledge of the violation or order. (This is the same as in 45.55). (b): New. Individuals who violate regulations or orders under the chapter without knowledge that they have violated them commits a class A misdemeanor. The fine is not more than \$100,000.  (c): New. Individuals who alter or destroy evidence are guilty of a class C felony under 12.55.125. Violators under this provision are subject to imprisonment under 12.55 and a fine of not more than \$500,000, or both.  (d): Same as 45.55.925(b).  Same as existing law, with language updated. Appellants have 30 days to obtain judicial review of a final order.	89
Article 7. Miscellaneous and Additional General			
Provisions.	45.55.045	15.55	
Sec. 45.56.710. Reimbursement of expenses incident to	45.55.915	Same as 45.55.	89
<b>examination or investigation.</b> (a) The administrator may require an issuer, broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser			

			1
representative, federal covered adviser, or investment adviser			
to reimburse the administrator for actual travel expenses and			
per diem incurred in connection with an examination or			
investigation under this chapter.			
(b) The administrator may by regulation or order adopt a			
schedule of charges for annual examination and investigation			
of issuers, broker-dealers, agents, investment adviser			
representatives, federal covered advisers, and investment			
advisers.			
(c) If an issuer, broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser			
representative, federal covered adviser, or investment adviser			
fails to pay the fees and expenses provided for in this section,			
the fees and expenses shall be paid out of funds of the			
administrator in the same manner as other disbursements			
made by the administrator. The amounts paid from the funds			
of the administrator are a lien on all of the assets and			
property in this state of the an issuer, broker-dealer, agent,			
investment adviser representative, federal covered adviser, or			
investment adviser, and the amount may be recovered by the			
attorney general on behalf of the state.			
(d) Failure of the an issuer, broker-dealer, agent, investment			
adviser representative, federal covered adviser, or investment			
adviser to pay fees and expenses under this section is a willful			
violation of this chapter, and the violation falls within the			
provisions of AS 45.56.350, AS 45.56.440, and AS 45.56.615.			
Sec. 45.56.720. Electronic records and signatures. This	None	Facilitates the filing of electronic records and	90
chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes 15 U.S.C. 7001 -		signatures as permitted by regulation or order and	
7031 (Electronic Signatures in Global and National		consistent with federal law. The law cited, the	
Commerce Act), but does not modify, limit, or supersede 15		Electronic Signatures in Global and National	
U.S.C. 7001(c) or authorize electronic delivery of any of the		Commerce Act, encourages the use of electronic	
notices described in 15 U.S.C. 7003(b). This chapter		records, but for the purposes of consumer	
authorizes the filing of records and signatures, when specified		disclosures the consumer must consent to the use	
by provisions of this chapter or by a regulation adopted or		of electronic records and have the option to	
order issued under this chapter, in a manner consistent with		withdraw such consent. Further, certain notices	

15 U.S.C. 7004(a).		listed in the act (none of which are related to securities, but include things like notice of utility cancellation) cannot be delivered to consumers electronically. 45.56.720 does not modify those basic requirements.	
Sec. 45.56.730. References to federal statutes. In this chapter, a reference to the following federal statutes, including a statute within a spanned reference, means those statutes and the rules and regulations adopted under those statutes, as in effect on the date of enactment of this chapter, or as later amended:  (1) 7 U.S.C. 1 - 27 (Commodity Exchange Act);  (2) 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933);  (3) 15 U.S.C. 77b, 77k, 77m, 77p, 77r, 77v, 77z-1 - 77z-3, 77aa, 77ccc - 77ddd, 77mmm, 77sss, 78a, 78c - 78d, 78g, 78n, 78o, 78o-4 - 78o-5, 78s, 78t - 78u, 78u-4, 78z, 78bb, 78ee, 78kk, 78ll, 80a-2 - 80a-3, 80a-12, 80a-18, 80a-29 - 80a-30, 80b-3, 80b-18a, (Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act of 1998);  (4) 15 U.S.C. 78a - 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934);  (5) 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 - 80a-64 (Investment Company Act of 1940);  (6) 15 U.S.C. 80b-1 - 80b-21 (Investment Advisers Act of 1940);  (7) 15 U.S.C. 661 - 697g (Small Business Investment Act of 1958);  (8) 15 U.S.C. 7001 - 7031 (Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act);  (9) 26 U.S.C. (Internal Revenue Code);  (10) 29 U.S.C. 1001 - 1461 (Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974);	None	This is a list of all federal statutes referred to in the Act.	90
(11) 42 U.S.C. 16451 et seq. (Energy Policy Act of 2005).  Sec. 45.56.740. References to federal agencies. A reference in this chapter to an agency or department of the	None		91

United States is also a reference to a successor agency or			
department.			
Sec. 45.56.900. Definitions. In this chapter, unless the	See generally 45.55.990	Note: a number of definitions are not carried over	
context otherwise requires,		simply because they are not used in the Act.	
(1) "administrator" means the commissioner of commerce,	45.55.990(1)	Same as 45.55.	91
community, and economic development or a designee of the			
commissioner;			
(2) "agent" means an individual, other than a broker-dealer,	45.55.990(5)	Same lead-in language as current definition of	91
who represents a broker-dealer in effecting or attempting to		agent. 45.55 contains a list of what is excluded	
effect purchases or sales of securities or represents an issuer		from the definition of agent. This is now covered	
in effecting or attempting to effect purchases or sales of the		in 45.56.404.	
issuer's securities; however, a partner, officer, or director of a			
broker-dealer or issuer, or an individual having a similar			
status or performing similar functions is an agent only if the			
individual otherwise comes within the term; "agent" does not			
include an individual excluded by regulation adopted or order			
issued under this chapter;			
(3) "bank" means	None	Taken from Subsection 3(a)(6) of the Securities	91
(A) a banking institution organized under the laws of the		Exchange Act of 1934.	
United States;			
(B) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System;			
(C) any other banking institution, whether incorporated or			
not, doing business under the laws of a state or of the United			
States, a substantial portion of the business of which consists			
of receiving deposits or exercising fiduciary powers similar to			
those permitted to be exercised by national banks under the			
authority of the United States Comptroller of the Currency			
under 12 U.S.C. 92a, that is supervised and examined by a			
state or federal agency having supervision over banks, and			
that is not operated for the purpose of evading this chapter;			
and			
(D) a receiver, conservator, or other liquidating agent of any			
institution or firm included in (A), (B), or (C) of this			
paragraph;			

(4) "broker-dealer" means a person engaged in the business of effecting transactions in securities for the accounts of others or for the person's own account; the term does not include  (A) an agent; (B) an issuer; (C) a bank, trust company organized or chartered under the laws of the state, or savings institution if its activities as a broker-dealer are limited to those specified in 15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4)(B)(i) - (vi), (viii) - (x), and (xi) if limited to unsolicited transactions, or 15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(5)(B) and (C), or a bank that satisfies the conditions described in 15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(4); (D) an international banking institution; or (E) a person excluded by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter;	45.55.990(7)	Generally similar to the definition in 45.55, except that 45.55 included the de minimis exemption for broker-dealers, which has been moved to 45.56.401.	92
(5) "defraud" includes engaging in common law deceit;	45.55.990(12)	Definition separated out at the suggestion of legislative legal – in 45.55, definition covers "fraud," "deceit" and "defraud"	92
(6) "department " means the Department of Commerce, Community, and Economic Development;	None		92
(7) "depository institution" means (A) a bank; or (B) a savings institution, trust company, credit union, or similar institution that is organized or chartered under the laws of a state or of the United States, authorized to receive deposits and supervised and examined by an official or agency of a state or the United States if its deposits or share accounts are insured to the maximum amount authorized by statute by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund, or a successor authorized by federal law; the term does not include (i) an insurance company or other organization primarily engaged in the business of insurance;	None	This definition is more inclusive than the definition of bank, and includes credit unions, trust companies, and insurance companies.  A Morris Plan Bank is a type of bank first established in 1910 to lend money to individuals who couldn't obtain loans from mainstream banks. Morris Plan banks had a unique lending strategy. They did not require collateral for loans, but instead considered the character and community standing of applicants by requiring two endorsers. All three were required to fill out an application covering character, financial history,	92

(ii) a Morris Plan bank; or (iii) an industrial loan company that is not an "insured		employment and wages. If the loan was granted, the borrower ended up paying a relatively high	
depository institution" as defined in 12 U.S.C. 1813(c)(2), or any successor federal statute;		rate of interest.	
(8) "federal covered investment adviser" means a person registered under 15 U.S.C. 80b-1 - 80b-21 (Investment Advisers Act of 1940);	45.55.990(9)	Previously: "federal covered adviser"	93
(9) "federal covered security" means a security that is, or upon completion of a transaction will be, a covered security under 15 U.S.C. 77r(b) or rules or regulations adopted under that provision;	45.55.990(10)	Same as 45.55.	93
(10) "filing" means the receipt under this chapter of a record by the administrator or a designee of the administrator;	None	The definition recognizes that records may be filed in paper form or electronically with the administrator, or CRD, IARD, or EDGAR.	93
(11) "former AS 45.55" means AS 45.55 as it existed immediately before July 1, 2016;	None		93
(12) "fraud" and "deceit" include common law deceit;	45.55.990(12)	Definition separated out at the suggestion of legislative legal – in 45.55, definition covers "fraud," "deceit" and "defraud"	93
(13) "guaranteed" means guaranteed as to payment of all principal and all interest;	45.55.990(13)	Same as 45.55	93
(14) "institutional investor" means any of the following, whether acting for itself or for others in a fiduciary capacity: (A) a depository institution, a trust company organized or chartered under the laws of this state, or international banking institution; (B) an insurance company; (C) a separate account of an insurance company; (D) an investment company as defined in 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 - 80a-64 (Investment Company Act of 1940); (E) a broker-dealer registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a – 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934); (F) an employee pension, profit-sharing, or benefit plan if the plan has total assets in excess of \$10,000,000 or its	None		93

investment decisions are made by a named fiduciary, as	
defined in 29 U.S.C. 1102(a)(2) (Employee Retirement	
Income Security Act of 1974), that is a broker-dealer	
registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a – 78pp (Securities Exchange	
Act of 1934), an investment adviser registered or exempt	
from registration under 15 U.S.C. 80b-1 - 80b-21	
(Investment Advisers Act of 1940), an investment adviser	
registered under this chapter, a depository institution, or an	
insurance company;	
(G) a plan established and maintained by a state, a political	
subdivision of a state, or an agency or instrumentality of a	
state or a political subdivision of a state for the benefit of its	
employees if the plan has total assets in excess of \$10,000,000	
or its investment decisions are made by a legally designated	
public official or by a named fiduciary, as defined in 29	
U.S.C. 1102(a)(2), that is a broker-dealer registered under 15	
U.S.C. 78a – 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934), an	
investment adviser registered or exempt from registration	
under 15 U.S.C. 80b-1 - 80b-21 (Investment Advisers Act of	
1940), an investment adviser registered under this chapter, a	
depository institution, or an insurance company;	
(H) a trust if that trust has total assets in excess of	
\$10,000,000, the trustee of the trust is a depository	
institution, and the participants in the trust are exclusively	
plans of the types identified in (F) or (G) of this paragraph,	
regardless of the size of their assets, except a trust that	
includes as participants self-directed individual retirement	
accounts or similar self-directed plans;	
(I) an organization described in 26 U.S.C. 501(c)(3),	
corporation, Massachusetts trust or similar business trust,	
limited liability company, or partnership, not formed for the	
specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, with total	
assets in excess of \$10,000,000;	
(J) a small business investment company licensed by the	

United States Small Business Administration under 15 U.S.C.			
681(c) with total assets in excess of \$10,000,000;			
(K) a private business development company as defined in 15			
U.S.C. 80b-2(a)(22) with total assets in excess of \$10,000,000;			
(L) a federal covered investment adviser acting for its own			
account;			
(M) a qualified institutional buyer, as defined in 17 C.F.R.			
230.144A, other than 17 C.F.R. 230.144A(a)(1)(i)(H), adopted			
under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933);			
(N) a major United States institutional investor, as defined in			
17 C.F.R. 240.15a-6(b)(4)(i), adopted under 15 U.S.C. 78a -			
78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934);			
(O) any other person, other than an individual, of			
institutional character with total assets in excess of			
\$10,000,000 not organized for the specific purpose of			
evading this chapter; or			
(P) any other person specified by regulation adopted or order			
issued under this chapter;			
(15) "insurance company" means a company organized as an	None	Based on Section 2(a)(13) of the Securities Act of	95
insurance company whose primary business is writing		1933.	
insurance or reinsuring risks underwritten by insurance			
companies and that is subject to supervision by the insurance			
commissioner or a similar official or agency of a state;			
(16) "insured" means insured as to payment of all principal	None		95
and all interest;			
(17) "international banking institution" means an	None	Per USA: Securities issued or guaranteed by the	95
international financial institution of which the United States		International Bank for Reconstruction and	
is a member and whose securities are exempt from		Development, 22 U.S.C. 286k-1(a); the Inter-	
registration under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of		American Development Bank, 22 U.S.C. 283h(a);	
1933);		the Asian Development Bank, 22 U.S.C. 285h(a);	
		the African Development Bank, 22 U.S.C. 290i-9;	
		and the International Finance Corporation, see 22	
		U.S.C. 282k; are treated as exempt securities under	
		Section 3(a)(2) of the 33 Act, and are within this	

		term.	
(18) "investment adviser" means a person that, for	45.55.990(34)	Similar to definition of state investment adviser in	95
compensation, engages in the business of advising others,		45.55 (note: "state investment adviser" is not used	
either directly or through publications or writings, as to the		in 45.56), this definition generally follows the	
value of securities or the advisability of investing in,		definition of investment adviser in section	
purchasing, or selling securities or that, for compensation and		202(a)(11) of the Investment Advisers Act of	
as a part of a regular business, issues or produces analyses or		1940, but has been updated to account for new	
reports concerning securities; the term includes a financial		media such as the internet.	
planner or other person that, as an integral component of			
other financially related services, provides investment advice			
to others for compensation as part of a business or that holds			
itself out as providing investment advice to others for			
compensation; the term does not include			
(A) an investment adviser representative;			
(B) a lawyer, accountant, engineer, or teacher whose			
performance of investment advice is solely incidental to the			
practice of the person's profession;			
(C) a broker-dealer or its agents whose performance of			
investment advice is solely incidental to the conduct of			
business as a broker-dealer and that does not receive special			
compensation for the investment advice;			
(D) a publisher of a bona fide newspaper, news magazine, or			
business or financial publication of general and regular			
circulation;			
(E) a federal covered investment adviser;			
(F) a bank, a trust company organized or chartered under the			
laws of this state, or savings institution;			
(G) any other person that is excluded by 15 U.S.C. 80b-1 -			
80b-21 (Investment Advisers Act of 1940) from the			
definition of investment adviser; or			
(H) any other person excluded by a regulation adopted or			
order issued under this chapter;			
(19) "investment adviser representative" means an individual	45.55.990(15)	Reworded for clarity, covers the same people and	95
employed by or associated with an investment adviser or		conduct as 45.55.	

for selling investment advice, or supervises employees who perform any of the foregoing; the term does not include an individual who  (A) performs only clerical or ministerial acts; (B) is an agent whose performance of investment advice is solely incidental to the individual's acting as an agent and who does not receive special compensation for investment advisory services; (C) is employed by or associated with a federal covered investment adviser, unless the individual has a place of business in this state, as that term is defined by rule adopted under 15 U.S.C. 80b-3a and is (i) an investment adviser representative, as that term is defined by rule adopted under 15 U.S.C. 80b-3a, or (ii) not a supervised person, as that term is defined in 15 U.S.C. 80b-2(a) (25); or (D) is excluded by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter;  (94) "issuer" means a person that issues or proposes to issue a security, subject to the following: (A) the issuer of a voting trust certificate, collateral trust certificate, certificate of deposit for a security, or share in an investment company without a board of directors or individuals performing similar functions is the person performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument	federal covered investment adviser and who makes any recommendations or otherwise gives investment advice regarding securities, manages accounts or portfolios of clients, determines which recommendation or advice regarding securities should be given, provides investment advice or offers to provide investment advice, receives compensation to solicit, offer, or negotiate for the sale of or			
individual who  (A) performs only clerical or ministerial acts;  (B) is an agent whose performance of investment advice is solely incidental to the individual's acting as an agent and who does not receive special compensation for investment advisory services;  (C) is employed by or associated with a federal covered investment advisor, unless the individual has a place of business in this state, as that term is defined by rule adopted under 15 U.S.C. 80b-3a and is  (i) an investment adviser representative, as that term is defined by rule adopted under 15 U.S.C. 80b-3a; or  (ii) not a supervised person, as that term is defined in 15  U.S.C. 80b-2(a) (25); or  (D) is excluded by a regulation adopted or order issued under this chapter;  (94) "issuer" means a person that issues or proposes to issue a security, subject to the following:  (94) "issuer" means a person that issues or proposes to issue a security, subject to the following:  (94) "issuer of a voting trust certificate, collateral trust certificate of deposit for a security, or share in an investment company without a board of directors or individuals performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument				
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(A) the issuer of a voting trust certificate, collateral trust certificate, certificate of deposit for a security, or share in an investment company without a board of directors or individuals performing similar functions is the person performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument creates fractional interest in oil, gas or other mineral leases, is the issuer of those interests.		43.33.990(20)		9/
certificate, certificate of deposit for a security, or share in an investment company without a board of directors or individuals performing similar functions is the person performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument				
investment company without a board of directors or individuals performing similar functions is the person performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument	( )		, 0	
individuals performing similar functions is the person performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument	<u> </u>		inniciai icases, is the issuel of those interests.	
performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor or manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument				
manager under the trust or other agreement or instrument				
	under which the security is issued;			

		T	-
(B) the issuer of an equipment trust certificate or similar			
security serving the same purpose is the person by which the			
property is or will be used or to which the property or			
equipment is or will be leased or conditionally sold or that is			
otherwise contractually responsible for ensuring payment of			
the certificate;			
(C) the issuer of a fractional undivided interest in an oil, gas,			
or other mineral lease or in payments out of production			
under a lease, right, or royalty is the owner of an interest in			
the lease or in payments out of production under a lease,			
right, or royalty, whether whole or fractional, that creates			
fractional interests for the purpose of sale;			
(21) "nonissuer transaction" or "nonissuer distribution"	45.55.990(23)	Same as 45.55.	97
means a transaction or distribution not directly or indirectly			
for the benefit of the issuer;			
(22) "offer to purchase" includes an attempt or offer to	None	A rescission offer under 45.56.665 would be an	97
obtain, or solicitation of an offer to sell, a security or interest		offer to purchase with respect to a security that	
in a security for value; the term does not include a tender		earlier had been sold.	
offer that is subject to 15 U.S.C. 78n(d);			
(23) "older person" means a natural person who is 60 years	None		97
of age or older;			
(24) "person" means an individual, a corporation, a	45.55.990(25)	Same as 45.55.	98
partnership, a limited liability company, a limited partnership,	` ,		
a limited liability partnership, an association, a joint-stock			
company, a trust in which the interests of the beneficiaries			
are evidenced by a security, an unincorporated organization, a			
government, or a political subdivision of a government;			
(25) "place of business" of a broker-dealer, an investment	45.55.990(26)	Same as 45.55.	98
adviser, or a federal covered investment adviser means	,		
(A) an office at which the broker-dealer, investment adviser,			
or federal covered investment adviser regularly provides			
brokerage or investment advice or solicits, meets with, or			
otherwise communicates with customers or clients; or			
(B) any other location that is held out to the general public as			

a location at which the broker-dealer, investment adviser, or federal covered investment adviser provides brokerage or investment advice or solicits, meets with, or otherwise communicates with customers or clients;			
(26) "price amendment" means the amendment to a registration statement filed under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933) or, if an amendment is not filed, the prospectus or prospectus supplement filed under 15 U.S.C. 77a - 77aa (Securities Act of 1933) that includes a statement of the offering price, underwriting and selling discounts or commissions, amount of proceeds, conversion rates, call prices, and other matters dependent upon the offering price;	None	A price amendment may be used in a registration coordinated with the SEC procedure in Section 303(d). In the case of noncash offerings, required information concerning such matters as the offering price and underwriting arrangements is normally filed in a "price" amendment after the rest of the registration statement has been reviewed by the SEC staff.	98
(27) "principal place of business" of a broker-dealer or an investment adviser means the executive office of the broker-dealer or investment adviser from which the officers, partners, or managers of the broker-dealer or investment adviser direct, control, and coordinate the activities of the broker-dealer or investment adviser;	45.55.990(27)	Same as 45.55.	98
(28) "record," except in the phrases "of record," "official record," and "public record," means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form;	None	Taken from Uniform Electronic Transaction Act Section 2(13). From the USA comments: This is a standard definition designed to embrace all means of communicating or storing information except human memory. It includes any method for storing or communicating information, including "writings." A record need not be indestructible or permanent, but the term does not include oral or other communications which are not stored or preserved by some means.	98
(29) "sale" includes every contract of sale, contract to sell, or disposition of a security or interest in a security for value, and "offer to sell" includes every attempt or offer to dispose of, or solicitation of an offer to purchase, a security or interest in a security for value; both terms include  (A) a security given or delivered with, or as a bonus on	45.55.990(28)	Very similar to 45.55; modeled after Section 2(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933.	98

None		99
45.55.990(30)	Same as 45.55.	99
,		
45.55.990(32)	The definition is substantially similar to 45.55.	99
	None 45.55.990(30) 45.55.990(32)	45.55.990(30) Same as 45.55.

certificate for, receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the foregoing; the term  (A) includes both a certificated and an uncertificated security; (B) does not include a participation agreement entered under AS 14.40.802 or an insurance policy subject to AS 21; (C) does not include an interest in a contributory or noncontributory pension or welfare plan subject to 29 U.S.C. 1001 - 1461 (Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974); (D) includes an investment in a common enterprise with the expectation of profits to be derived primarily from the efforts of a person other than the investor; in this subparagraph, "common enterprise" means an enterprise in which the fortunes of the investor are interwoven with those of either the person offering the investment, a third party, or other investors; (E) includes as an investment contract, among other contracts, an interest in a limited partnership and a limited liability company, and an investment in a viatical settlement or similar agreement; and (F) includes a viatical settlement interest;			
(33) "self-regulatory organization" means a national securities exchange registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a - 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934), a national securities association of broker-dealers registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a - 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934), a clearing agency registered under 15 U.S.C. 78a - 78pp (Securities Exchange Act of 1934), or the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board established under 15 U.S.C. 78o-4;	None		100
<ul> <li>(34) "sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record,</li> <li>(A) to execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or</li> <li>(B) to attach or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process;</li> </ul>	None	Intended to facilitate the use of electronic signatures.	100

(35) "state" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction	45.55.990(33)	Same as 45.55.	100
of the United States;	45 55 005	Same as 45.55.	100
<b>Sec. 45.56.995 Short title.</b> This chapter may be cited as the Alaska Securities Act.	45.55.995	Same as 45.55.	100
		Most of the sharess are symboling and deter with	101
Sections 26-28: Substantive Additions to Other Chapters in the Alaska Statutes		Most of the changes are numbering updates with the Securities Act moving to 45.56.	101
Sec. 29: Repeal of statutes that are not needed in AS		These statutes referred to securities and not to the	105
45.55.		ANCSA related statutes remaining in AS 45.55.	103
Sec. 30. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is		Select Alaska court rules are amended as a result	105
		of the bill.	105
amended by adding a new section to read: INDIRECT			
COURT RULE AMENDMENTS. (a) The provisions of AS		(a)-(d) relate to the Rules of Civil Procedure which are amended to allow service on the administrator	
45.56.630(c)-(e), enacted by sec. 25 of this Act, have the			
effect of changing Rules 4 and 5, Alaska Rules of Civil		in some cases, expand the definition of judgments	
Procedure, by allowing service on the administrator in certain		to include final judgments of the administrator,	
cases.		change the contempt procedure in limited	
(b) The provisions of AS 45.56.650(f), enacted by sec. 25 of		circumstances, and prohibiting requiring the	
this Act, have the effect of changing Rule 54, Alaska Rules of		administrator to post a bond in certain injunction	
Civil Procedure, by expanding the definition of judgments to		cases.	
include final judgments of the administrator issued under AS		(a) -1	
45.56.650, enacted by sec. 25 of this Act.		(e) changes Rule 602 of the Rules of Appellate	
(c) The provisions of AS 45.56.650(g), enacted by sec. 25 of		Procedure by changing the time for filing a notice	
this Act, have the effect of changing Rule 90, Alaska Rules of		of appeal in cases covered by the Securities Act.	
Civil Procedure, by changing the contempt procedure in			
certain cases.			
(d) The provisions of AS 45.56.655(c), enacted by sec. 25 of			
this Act, have the effect of changing Rule 65, Alaska Rules of			
Civil Procedure, by changing the procedure for injunctions in			
certain cases by prohibiting requiring the administrator to post a bond.			
(e) The provisions of AS 45.56.675(a), enacted by sec. 25 of this Act, have the effect of changing Rule 602, Alaska Rules			
of Appellate Procedure, by changing the time for filing a			

notice of appeal.		

Sections 31-34 Transitional provisions	The bill provides for a transitional period during	106
	which AS 45.55 continues to apply, primarily for	
	enforcement of actions pending as of the effective	
	date of the act and relating to conduct occurring	
	before the effective date. All previously-issued	
	registrations, regulations, statements of policy,	
	opinions, etc. that were issued under 45.55. remain	
	in effect until officially replaced or rescinded by	
	the administrator.	
Sec. 35. This Act takes effect July 1, 2016	Effective date	107