HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 30

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

BY REPRESENTATIVES HERRON, Tuck, Millett

Introduced: 2/19/16

Referred: House Special Committee on Military and Veterans' Affairs, State Affairs

A RESOLUTION

- 1 Urging the American Psychiatric Association to change the term "post-traumatic stress
- 2 disorder" or "PTSD" to "post-traumatic stress injury" or "PTSI"; and urging the
- 3 governor to support usage of the term "post-traumatic stress injury."

4 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

- 5 **WHEREAS** the brave men and women of the armed forces of the United States who
- 6 proudly serve the nation and risk their lives to protect the freedom of its citizens deserve
- 7 empathy for and attention to their physical, mental, and emotional well-being; and
- 8 WHEREAS hundreds of thousands of American service members have been
- 9 clinically diagnosed with post-traumatic stress disorder, and the injury affects an estimated
- total of 7,700,000 Americans; and
- WHEREAS it is estimated that thousands of Alaskans suffer from combat-related
- 12 post-traumatic stress injury; and
- WHEREAS, during the American Revolutionary War, a post-traumatic stress injury
- was called "nostalgia"; during the American Civil War it was known as "soldier's heart";
- during World War I, it was called "shell shock"; during World War II, it was called "battle

1	fatigue"; during the Korean War, it was called "gross stress reaction"; and during the Vietnam
2	War, it was called "Vietnam combat reaction"; and
3	WHEREAS a post-traumatic stress injury occurs after a person has experienced a
4	trauma and can result from the stress of combat, as well as rape, sexual assault, battery,
5	torture, confinement, child abuse, car accidents, train wrecks, plane crashes, bombings, or
6	natural disasters, and is characterized by numerous symptoms, including flashbacks,
7	avoidance, hypervigilance, nightmares, re-experiencing, anxiety, emotional numbness,
8	alienation, cognitive deficits, irritability, insomnia, fatigue, and thoughts of suicide; and
9	WHEREAS post-traumatic stress can occur at any age, including in childhood; and
10	WHEREAS post-traumatic stress has historically been viewed as a mental illness
11	caused by a preexisting flaw in the person's brain or character; and
12	WHEREAS many people still believe post-traumatic stress injury is incurable; and
13	WHEREAS, in fact, post-traumatic stress is a very common injury to the brain that is
14	treatable and repairable; and
15	WHEREAS the United States Department of Defense, the United States Department
16	of Veterans Affairs, and the National Institute of Mental Health have made significant
17	advances in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of post-traumatic stress injury and its
18	symptoms; and
19	WHEREAS the term "post-traumatic stress disorder" carries a stigma of
20	misconceptions that the injury is a disorder that is not repairable or treatable; and
21	WHEREAS that stigma discourages people who suffer from post-traumatic stress
22	from seeking proper medical treatment; and
23	WHEREAS service members, veterans, first responders, and victims of abuse, crime,
24	and disaster, as well as their family members, see that the negative associations of having a
25	psychological disorder keep some people from seeking treatment; and
26	WHEREAS efforts should continue to be made to make the condition less
27	stigmatizing and more honorable to increase the number of those affected voluntarily to seek
28	help and assistance; and
29	WHEREAS proper and timely treatment can reduce suicide rates among all citizens,
30	particularly veterans; and

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WHEREAS all citizens who suffer from post-traumatic stress injury deserve

- 1 recognition, and those who have received those wounds while serving to defend the right to
- 2 freedom deserve respect and special honor; and
- 3 WHEREAS the American Psychiatric Association uses the term "post-traumatic
- 4 stress disorder" in the latest edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
- 5 Disorders;
- 6 **BE IT RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature believes that the term "post-
- 7 traumatic stress disorder" should be universally changed to "post-traumatic stress injury"; and
- 8 be it
- 9 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the American
- 10 Psychiatric Association to change the term "post-traumatic stress disorder" to "post-traumatic
- stress injury" in the next revision of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
- 12 Disorders; and be it
- 13 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Alaska State Legislature urges the Governor to
- support usage of the term "post-traumatic stress injury."
- 15 **COPIES** of this resolution shall be sent to the Honorable Barack Obama, President of
- the United States; the Honorable Ashton B. Carter, United States Secretary of Defense; the
- 17 Honorable Robert A. McDonald, United States Secretary of Veterans Affairs; General Joseph
- 18 F. Dunford, Jr., Chair, United States Joint Chiefs of Staff; the Honorable Bill Walker,
- 19 Governor of Alaska; Brigadier General Laurel J. Hummel, Commissioner, Department of
- 20 Military and Veterans' Affairs; the Honorable Valerie Davidson, Commissioner, Department
- of Health and Social Services; the Honorable Craig Stowers, Chief Justice of the Alaska
- 22 Supreme Court; Renée Binder, M.D., President, American Psychiatric Association; and the
- 23 Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable Dan Sullivan, U.S. Senators, and the
- 24 Honorable Don Young, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.