# **Fiscal Note**

# State of Alaska 2016 Legislative Session

2016 Legislative Session		Bill Version: Fiscal Note Number: () Publish Date:	SB 91
Identifier:	SB091SS-ACS-TRC-02-16-16	Department: Judiciary	
Title:	OMNIBUS CRIM LAW & PROCEDURE;	Appropriation: Alaska Court Syster	m
	CORRECTIONS	Allocation: Trial Courts	
Sponsor:	COGHILL	OMB Component Number: 768	
Requester:	Senate State Affairs Committee		

## **Expenditures/Revenues**

Note: Amounts do not include in	flation unless of		below.			(Thousand	s of Dollars)	
		Included in						
	FY2017	Governor's						
	Appropriation	FY2017	Out-Year Cost Estimates					
	Requested	Request						
<b>OPERATING EXPENDITURES</b>	FY 2017	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	
Personal Services								
Travel								
Services								
Commodities								
Capital Outlay								
Grants & Benefits								
Miscellaneous								
Total Operating	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Fund Source (Operating Only)								
None								
Total	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Positions								
Full-time								
Part-time								
i art-une								
Temporary								
Temporary Change in Revenues								
Temporary		0.0	(separate supp	lemental appro	priation require	ed)		

Estimated CAPITAL (FY2017) cost: 0.0

(discuss reasons and fund source(s) in analysis section)

(separate capital appropriation required)

# **ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS**

Does the bill direct, or will the bill result in, regulation changes adopted by your agency? No If yes, by what date are the regulations to be adopted, amended or repealed?

## Why this fiscal note differs from previous version:

Initial version.

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Division:	Alaska Court System	Date:	02/16/2016 10:00 AM
Approved By:	Nancy Meade for Christine Johnson, Administrative Director	Date:	02/16/16
Agency:	Alaska Court System	_	
Approved By:	Nancy Meade for Christine Johnson, Administrative Director	_	

#### FISCAL NOTE ANALYSIS

### STATE OF ALASKA 2016 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

#### BILL NO. SB91

#### Analysis

The Sponsor Substitute for Senate Bill 91 (version N) makes changes to numerous areas of criminal law and procedure, including changes to bail decision-making, sentencing, probation practices, and driver license revocations and reinstatements. Many of the revisions in the bill stem from recommendations made by the Alaska Criminal Justice Commission, created in 2014 through SB 64. The majority of the changes made in SB 91 directly affect either the Department of Corrections (changes in probation supervision practices, risk assessments, and re-entry programs for prisoners) or another state agency.

The changes in SB 91 that do affect the court system's procedures or cases will be incorporated into the court's normal handling of cases and hearings with no fiscal impact. Some sections of the bill may increase the court's workload, while others may decrease it. Overall, the court system anticipates that the changes in the bill will balance, leading to this zero fiscal note.

For example, the court may see more bail review hearings because the standard for getting a hearing will include the inability to pay the bail amount that was set; we may see an increase in petitions to revoke probation since probation officers may be encouraged to file a petition for any and all violations of conditions; and the court may be conducting hearings on bail issues for parolees. The court system will need to develop new procedures in cooperation with the Department of Corrections to enable the Pretrial Services Officers to transmit needed risk assessment results and recommendations to the courts around the state, a project that will take time and coordination. The court system will also be required to establish a mechanism for sending additional reminder notices to defendants with information about their hearings (direct court rule amendment in section 134).

On the other hand, the bill may lead to some hearings being eliminated because some criminal misdemeanors will become violations, and some felonies will become misdemeanors. It is not fully clear whether the limited license provisions will result in additional hearings for individuals whose DUI cases are fully closed, and who wish to reinstate their driving licenses.

On balance, the court system anticipates that it can implement the changes called for in SB 91 without fiscal impact.

(Revised 9/9/15 OMB/LFD)

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