GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL ON DISABILITIES & SPECIAL EDUCATION

The ABLE Act: Achieving a Better Life Experience

Patrick Reinhart Executive Director Governor's Council on Disabilities & Special Education

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ABLE Accounts:

• Achieving a Better Life Experience Act



What does it Mean?





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What is an ABLE Account?

Tax-exempt savings account:

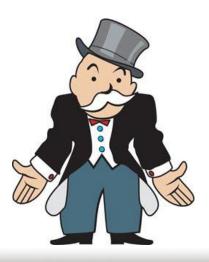
- Similar to 529 college savings account
- Recognizes the high cost of living with a disability
- Will increase opportunities for financial independence and greater self-sufficiency



SSI Payments 2016

"Maximum Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payment amounts increase with the cost-of-living increases that apply to Social Security benefits. This year there is <u>no COLA</u>, so there will be no increase in SSI payment amounts in 2016. The monthly maximum Federal amounts for 2016 are <u>\$733</u> for an eligible individual and <u>\$1,100</u> for an eligible individual with an eligible spouse." (Social Security Administration)





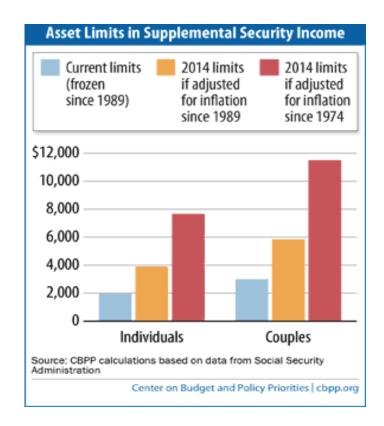
Alaska Poverty Levels

PERSONS IN FAMILY/HOUSEHOLD	POVERTY GUIDELINE
For families/households with more than 8 persons, add \$5,200 for each additional person.	
1	\$14,720
2	\$19,920
3	\$25,120
4	\$30,320
5	\$35,520
6	\$40,720
7	\$45,920
8	\$51,120

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The ABLE Act is an *Empowerment* Tool:

- The ABLE Act is a critical new tool to facilitate employment possibilities:
 - Allows saving above the Medicaid and Social Security (SSI) Resource Limits!!!
 - Save money earned without risking necessary public benefits that enable employment in the first place
 - Reduced reliance on government by allowing a better opportunity for personal saving





1) What is an ABLE account?

- Tax-advantaged savings accounts for individuals with disabilities and their families
- Income earned by the accounts = not taxed
- Contributions to the account = not tax deductible

2) Why is there a need for ABLE accounts?

- Previously, public benefit eligibility required an individual to remain at or below poverty levels
 - ABLE savings accounts will <u>not</u> affect eligibility for SSI, Medicaid/other federal public benefit programs!
- There are extra costs of living with a disability





3) Am I eligible for an ABLE account?

Eligibility = individuals with significant disabilities

Age of onset before turning 26

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#3 Continued...

- **SSI and/or SSDI** = *automatically eligible*
- No SSI and/or SSDI = eligible if you meet SSI criteria
 Significant functional limitations
- Can be under 26 or over 26
 - If over 26, documentation of onset needed
- Proof of eligibility is on the individual and the IRS, <u>not</u> the state
 - E.g. Taxes you lie on your taxes it's perjury
 - Saves states administrative burden of collecting medical information
 - No HIPAA concerns



4) Are there limits to how much money can be put in an ABLE account?

– Total annual contributions = \$14,000

- Amount will be adjusted annually for inflation
- Gift Tax Exclusion: \$14,000

 maximum amount individuals can give & not pay taxes



#4 Continued...

- –Total limit over time = determined by state:
 - SSI/Medicaid recipients = exempt from resource limit up to \$100,000
 - -Exceeding \$100,000 = loss of SSI
 eligibility/benefits

» Medicaid eligibility continues, however

5)

What can ABLE account funds be used for?

- Qualified disability expenses, related to individual's disability and made for his/her benefit, including:
 - Education
 - Housing
 - Transportation
 - Legal fees
 - Employment training and support
 - Assistive technology and personal support services
 - Health, prevention, and wellness

- Financial management and administrative services
- Expenses for oversight and monitoring
- Funeral and burial expenses
- Any other expenses approved by Secretary of the Treasury under regulations consistent with purpose of the program
- Expenditures for non-qualified expenditures will be penalized (tax and potential SSI penalties).

6) Where do I go to open an ABLE account?

- Each State will decide (U.S. Dept. of Treasury will guide)
 - Information required to open account
 - Documentation needed for account eligibility
 - Definition of "qualified disability expenses"





qual-i-fied 'kwälə fīd/ *adjective*

#6 Continued...

Once Regulations are in place:

- ✓ States are responsible for establishing/operating ABLE program
 - States may choose to contract with another state
- ✓ No accounts can be established until regulations are finalized

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 IRS interim guidance recently released

7) Can I have more than one ABLE account?

-No.

 The ABLE Act limits the opportunity to one ABLE account per eligible individual.



8) Will states offer options to invest the savings contributed to an ABLE account?

- Most likely:

- Similar to state 529 college savings plans
- Investment changes = two opportunities per year.



9) How many eligible individuals and families might benefit from establishing an ABLE account?

- U.S.A. = 58 million individuals with disabilities
 - Eligible for ABLE account = significant disability
 - Estimated at approx. 10% of 58 million
 - » Approximately 5.8 million individuals & families nationwide



#9 Continued...

How many eligible individuals and families might benefit from establishing an ABLE account in Alaska?

- There are approximately 137,700 individuals with disabilities in AK
 - Based on 2013 state population estimates

As many as 13,770* Alaskans with disabilities and their families could be impacted by ABLE

- Same calculation concept (10% of total number) used as the National Disability Institute regarding achieving the national approximate number
- *Further analysis is needed to fully understand the size of this market, their needs for new savings accounts, and the overall impact to Alaskans with significant disabilities.

10) How is an ABLE Account different than a special needs or pooled trust account?

- More choice and control
- Low startup costs
- Account owner ability to control funds





State Legislative/Regulatory Action

New law only alters federal rules to allow for ABLE accounts...

- Each state must put regulations in place following the regulation development and guidance by the Treasury
 - Similar to other types of 529
 plans
 - This enables financial institutions to make such accounts available in the given state



Recent Updates

- 2015 35 states have passed ABLE Act related legislation or executive orders
- Alaska (effective date to be set by legislature)
 - HB 188 & SB 104 introduced last session



Recent Updates

- November 20, 2015
 IRS Guidance
 - Categorization of distributions not required
 - Contributor Taxpayer
 ID's not required
 - Disability diagnosis certification permitted



Recent Updates

- December 17, 2015 State residency requirement eliminated
 - Quicker access to ABLE accounts
 - Increased competition = more investment options
 - First states to implement will likely get a large initial flurry of investors
 - May lead to additional incentives to stay in-state
 - Potential positives to Permanent Fund impact on benefits



Partners in Implementation

"National ABLE Resource Center"



crodriguez@ndi-inc.org





Questions?



Patrick Reinhart, Executive Director

3601 C Street, Suite 740 Anchorage, Alaska 99503

Toll Free: 1 (888) 269-8990 From Anchorage: (907) 269-8990 Fax: (907) 269-8995 <u>http://dhss.alaska.gov/gcdse/</u>



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