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2	STATE OF ALASKA
3	REGULATORY COMMISSION OF ALASKA
4	Before Commissioners: Robert M. Pickett, Chairman
5	Paul F. Lisankie T.W. Patch
6	Norman Rokeberg Janis W. Wilson
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9	REGULATORY COMMISSION OF ALASKA
10	701 West Eighth Avenue, Suite 300 Anchorage, Alaska
11	Anchorage, Araska
12	PUBLIC MEETING EXCERPT Discussion: House Bill 78 (ENE) An Act Bearing the
13 14	short title of the 'Alaska Competitive Energy Act of 2015'; and Relating to the Regulatory Commission of Alaska
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16	February 25, 2014 9:40 a.m.
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1	EXCERPT
2	(On record - 9:40 a.m.)
3	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: Agenda Item No.
4	5 is a discussion on House Bill 78 an Act
5	Bearing the Short Title of the 'Alaska
6	Competitive Energy Act of 2015; and relating
7	to the regulatory Commission of Alaska.
8	In your public meeting packet you
9	do have a number of items relating to HB 78:
10	The Bill itself, the statement by the sponsor
11	of the bill, Representative Tammie Wilson, an
12	e-mail from Duff Mitchell to myself dated
13	Thursday, February 19th, and then a flyer
14	brochure from AIPPA, a letter from the Alaska
15	Power Association to Representative Wilson, and
16	then some documents from our Attorney General
17	with the initial going through the Bill and
18	some items that have been identified.
19	So with that I will first open it
20	up to any thoughts or comments individual
21	Commissioners may have. It's a difficult thing
22	for the Commission when it comes to the
23	legislative process to oppose or support a
24	particular bill, and we are put in a position
25	many times where we're asked to sort of weigh

Τ.	in. This happened on the development of the
2	regulation for common carrier instate
3	pipelines, which led to the creation of 42.08.
4	I personally was involved with the
5	development of the regulatory regime for
6	natural gas storage and evaluation of gas
7	supply contracts, probably five years ago, and
8	it's a very delicate balancing act, because we
9	are not legislators, we are regulators. And I,
10	personally, speaking for myself, find it to be
11	a bit of an anathema when regulators attempt to
12	legislate. Having said that, however, I do
13	think it's important for the Commission to
14	identify areas, perhaps of concern, or how a
15	particular bill will affect what we do at the
16	Regulatory Commission.
17	I've heard a couple of comments. I
18	did listen in to part of the hearing yesterday
19	in the House Special Committee on Energy and
20	unfortunately had a very poor connection so I
21	may not have been able to hear everything put
22	in context, but what I did hear was this bill
23	is an effort to give more direction to the
24	Commission; and it's based on statements that a
25	number of Commissioners have made at either

1	legislative hearings or in separate in
2	separate, concurring and/or dissenting
3	statements with particular dockets that more
4	clarity and direction from the legislature
5	would be desirable.
6	Just speaking for myself, on a
7	particular docket as it relates to the State
8	Energy Policy Act 2010, the challenges I had
9	were how do you take something that is not a
10	renewable portfolio standard and a fairly
11	aggressive one at that, 50 percent by 2025, and
12	at no specific reference to 42.05, but the
13	intent of the legislature is something is going
14	to happen amongst all the State agencies that
15	will start moving the ball in that general
16	direction. Then the other part with just
17	energy efficiency. I did not see in the bill
18	itself and I can't say that I've spent hours
19	and hours analyzing it that I personally
20	would have more direction or clarity because,
21	in effect, what I see is an expansion to other
22	utilities that previously are not under the
23	economic regulation of the RCA. We have 123,
24	plus or minus, certificated electric utilities
25	in the state of Alaska that outside of the 32

Τ	we economically regulate, our role is much more
2	limited. We have dealings with the power cost
3	equalization program, and if I'm reading the
4	language of this bill it kind of raises some
5	questions. Does the bill intend for all of
6	these utilities in FERC land and PURPA
7	there's a very clear above the line, below the
8	line type of thing and does that bill have
9	that type of mechanism here or are we going to
10	expect very tiny electric utilities to be
11	responsible for providing incremental avoided
12	cost data and quite frankly, they have a
13	challenge filling out a very simple PCE forms
14	for the PCE subsidy. Is the RCA supposed to
15	use the PCE subsidy as a hammer to get this
16	avoided cost data? I mean, I don't know.
17	Perhaps I missed it in the bill but I didn't
18	see it.
19	I also didn't see that it moved it
20	towards a bonafide RPS. It still seems to be a
21	rather aspirational desire, policy goal, that
22	type of thing. But in terms of where we're at
23	today, you know, what percent are we using for
24	the baseline data today, and what specifically
25	you expect the RCA to do as future rate cases

1	come in.
2	At this point in time the
3	presumption of 2010 was Watana was going to be
4	the bulk of the 50 percent aspirational goal.
5	As we all know that's a highly, highly
6	optimistic, if not unrealistic assumption in
7	view of the realities today. So just my
8	initial thoughts.
9	There's a number of other things in
10	terms of application of the bill to nonelectric
11	utilities and shortening of the timeline to
12	cutting rulemaking dockets timelines
13	essentially in half for all sectors, whether it
14	be telecommunications, all the other areas of
15	the economy that we do have a role in
16	regulating. So with that I will shut up and
17	turn to other Commissioners.
18	Commissioner Patch.
19	COMMISSIONER PATCH: Thank you very
20	much, Mr. Chairman. I think it is I think
21	we can many of us can agree that we do
22	not live in a perfect world. That said, I
23	appreciate the fact that Ms. Wilson has at
24	least attempted to open the discussion. I

appreciate that Mr. Mitchell has participated

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1	in the drafting of some regulation or some
2	proposed legislation and I would suggest that a
3	fulsome discussion, which in my opinion has not
4	yet taken place, should be the protocol for
5	moving forward with this legislation.
6	There are two maxims which come to
7	mind. One is a medical maxim and that is not
8	"Physician heal thyself," but "First do no
9	harm." Secondarily the parallel to that,
10	perhaps made popular in garages is "If it ain't
11	broke, don't fix it."
12	I would suggest that, as you
13	observed, that the shortening of the timeline,
14	just to pick one specific instance within the
15	context of the bill, shortening it by half
16	the timeline for the Regulatory Commission of
17	Alaska to issue a final order in a regulations
18	docket manifests a complete lack of
19	understanding of the nature of the workload,
20	the nature of the staffing that is available to
21	us and would, by its nature, impose upon us a
22	horrendous burden, which, in fact, then belies
23	the observation that there is no fiscal impact
24	to this particular bill. I

CHAIRMAN PICKETT: Now,

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1	Commissioner Patch, just for the record, on the
2	fiscal note, it's an indeterminate fiscal note
3	at this point. We had started the process to
4	see what the impact additional staffing were
5	going to be, but until this bill is fully
6	vetted, I don't think it's fair to the bill to
7	put a number on it.
8	COMMISSIONER PATCH: I'm certainly
9	aware thank you. I appreciate the note of
10	caution. I am aware that the fiscal the
11	note is indeterminate but the fiscal impact on
12	the agency, I think, indicates to me that to do
13	our work twice as fast without additional staff
14	has an impact.
15	Now, it might not be an impact on
16	staff financially, but it could well be an
17	impact on qualitative evaluation. I'm just not
18	prepared to concede that that even at in
19	that one instance that there is not a risk of
20	adverse impact.
21	Because my whole point in opening
22	my mouth and addressing this is that this bill,
23	in my opinion, requires a much more fulsome
24	discussion than I have seen thus far and I hope
25	that our legislature, as they continue to

1	consider it, engages in that and that the
2	affected industries participate fully and
3	meaningfully. Thank you very much for the
4	opportunity to speak. I conclude my remarks.
5	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: Further
6	Commissioner comments?
7	Commissioner Rokeberg, since you've
8	been on both sides of the fence, I'm curious
9	about your perspective.
10	COMMISSIONER ROKEBERG: Thank you,
11	Mr. Chairman, I'll do my best to restrain
12	myself. The because I find this legislation
13	particularly alarming in many respects.
14	Let me just open by saying that in
15	my experience in the legislature I had the
16	honor of serving with Senator Bert Sharp, and I
17	think in the period of about 1998 to 1999
18	subject to a review of my chronology as
19	co-chairs of a special committee, a joint
20	committee established by the Alaska State
21	Senate and the House of Representatives, the
22	study over a period of two years the
23	potentiality of implementing any type of
24	electrical restructuring on the State of Alaska
25	with particular emphasis on the Railbelt.

1	This was not taken lightly. There
2	was numerous hearings, there was it was
3	as a special joint committee conducting two
4	years of hearings.
5	And, incidentally, concurrent with
6	that, the Alaska Public Utility Commission also
7	had commissioned a major study, I believe by
8	Black & Veatch to review the same types of
9	issues to see if these issues which were in the
10	common political sphere and discussion at the
11	time nationally were to see if they were
12	also applicable to Alaska.
13	I think that's an important
14	assertion, as I take, on House Bill 78 is to
15	open up Alaska for more private competition in
16	supplying of electrical energy. And at the
17	conclusion of that special committee was, I
18	think, summed up in one paragraph and it said
19	that Alaska was too small to be able to accept
20	any type of wholesale or retail restructuring
21	as it was then contemplated and it has been
22	incidentally implemented in a number of states,
23	about half the states of the country and in
24	some nature adopted the some forms,
25	particularly in the bulk electrical sales

1	systems which are implemented primarily by RTOs
2	and ISOs or other organizations in the western
3	part of the United States to provide a more
4	competitive atmosphere for and have, I
5	think, an opportunity to lower some of the
6	costs, because with the larger interconnected
7	grids the fact that you can use economic
8	dispatch and on a bid system now, which is
9	actually down into minutes, if not seconds,
10	anymore about it's rather extraordinary what
11	can be done.
12	So Alaska, we certainly remain in
13	some point of the 20th century, and the
14	difficulty of trying to implement this type of
15	thing is extremely costly and difficult.
16	The Black & Veatch study also
17	concluded much the same as the legislative
18	committee so implementation was not undertaken
19	at that time in any way.
20	The question then becomes is in the
21	intervening 15-some year period have
22	circumstances changed to the degree that we
23	should be more opened because of newer
24	technologies and newer forms of generation to
25	accepting more private generation. I think to

Τ	a degree we have, but the last has proven to be
2	difficult because of certain constraints on our
3	own physical system. In the whole Railbelt we
4	have a baseload of some 800 to 850 megawatt
5	nameplate with a now we have an inventory of
6	about almost 1,700 megawatts. With everything
7	that's been built a number of units will be
8	retiring of that and we've gone through a new
9	cycle so almost every utility in the state
10	excuse me in the Railbelt has new major
11	generation facilities. They also have with
12	that a concurrent billion dollar plus debt that
13	goes along with this.
14	We found such things
15	particularly when we were studying the Federal
16	Government's Clean Power Plan that an area like
17	Fairbanks with the purchase of the Healy 2
18	plant and the renovation of that particular
19	plant to provide lower-cost service that's much
20	needed in the Interior of the State of Alaska
21	we'll be putting hundreds of millions of
22	dollars in the rehabilitation of that
23	particular plant and it has a cost figure if
24	that plant were shut down in terms of that
25	service commitments, of activity in the rate

1	results of providing for substitute power of
2	\$459 million just in one plant.
3	The impact. We are seeing budgets
4	in the range of \$300-million plus for the EGS
5	system being constructed and being commissioned
6	by Matanuska Electric now. We've seen the SPP.
7	We've seen the developments in Homer Electric
8	system. All of these things have come about
9	because of the complete change and shifting of
10	the power and, if you will, the distributed
11	energy creation of our new Railbelt system.
12	And what's happening right now is that this
13	Commission and the utilities of the state are
14	engaged in a complete evolutionary change how
15	they're delivering electricity to the people
16	when they turn their light switch on and it's a
17	great concern right now. Right now this
18	Commission has cases of first impression that
19	we're undertaking to develop transmission
20	tariffs. We're in the federal the Superior
21	Court on these same cases. We're juggling a
22	lot of things with our entire workload. We've
23	just issued initial comments on the 111(d)
24	clean air requirements for the federal
25	administration which are going to be issuing

1	final goals that we need to achieve for
2	greenhouse gas sometime at the end of next year
3	or perhaps in the middle of the year, I
4	should say. The amount of the effort that
5	we're trying to put forward to do these many
6	things is extremely difficult.
7	I guess one of the things that
8	so there's a I think there's a possibly
9	we're dealing with ISO, USO issues which are
10	extremely important. It's something I've been
11	particularly interested in for a number of
12	years. So the totality and other things I
13	think I probably missed is putting a great deal
14	of pressure on the Commission to be able to
15	perform and perform to the level we all know we
16	can and want to perform to meet our duties, but
17	I think that this particular bill right now
18	just adds something I'd call almost an
19	existential threat to our ability to operate
20	and I'm concerned about that, because it does
21	change the almost universally adopted in
22	North America concept of an obligatory compact
23	allowing utility systems to operate in a
24	monopoly sense under a fully economically
25	regulated baging. And leaving to the regulators

1	framework of each state and the federal
2	government to set the rates and be able to make
3	sure the lights are on and the people are
4	getting reliable, affordable power. And so
5	there's certain issues.
6	I haven't done a complete analysis
7	of the newer version of the bill and I will be
8	doing so, but our hands are full right now.
9	We've got a 90-day session and we've got
10	hearings underway right now, so it's hard for
11	us to respond to this.
12	And I would just say one other
13	thing. Commissioner Patch mentioned that he
14	was concerned about the timelines of delivering
15	and I'm sure that when we are able to testify
16	before the legislature that we will remind the
17	legislature of the fact that when they
18	introduce bills they're good for two years. So
19	even the legislature gets two years to do their
20	work and we want the same amount at the minimum
21	when we're talking about regulatory dockets.
22	They're very analogous in many respects. So
23	with that I'll cease and desist and I hope I
24	having broken my rule of not using
25	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: No I was

1	wondering what the Commission's filibuster
2	rules are, but we'll
3	COMMISSIONER ROKEBERG: Right.
4	Yeah.
5	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: Commissioner
6	Wilson, did you have anything?
7	COMMISSIONER WILSON: Yes. Many of
8	the things that I intended to say have already
9	been said by Commissioner Rokeberg and some by
10	Commissioner Patch.
11	I brought a copy of the Black &
12	Veatch report from 1999 with me to illustrate
13	that it was a relatively comprehensive study of
14	the situation at the time and I have not had
15	the opportunity to listen into any of the
16	legislative hearings to determine whether the
17	work that is reflected in this report has been
18	talked about or brought forward in any of the
19	hearings but I think we should and let me
20	just ask a question first: Is it our intent to
21	make some kind of written comment on House Bill
22	78; have we been asked to do that?
23	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: I think the
24	expectation is for the Commission to report the
25	nature of our discussions this morning on the

1	agenda. I intend to get the relevant parts of
2	the transcript and all of the discussions we've
3	had from the dais as soon as it's available and
4	we'll request some expedited treatment of that
5	to the extent possible I know you don't have
6	anything else going on right now and if the
7	committee that it is currently in does request
8	our participation at a future hearing I intend
9	to participate and reflect the things that were
10	said from the dais this morning. As far as an
11	up or down vote on this bill I could not make
12	one today one way or the other.
13	COMMISSIONER WILSON: Thank you for
14	that. The date on this report is April 1,
15	1999, so almost 16 years have passed since this
16	report was done and many things have changed.
17	I'm just not sure how much has changed in
18	Alaska in terms of the conclusions of this
19	report, but a lot of effort went into it and I
20	just want to make sure everyone takes advantage
21	of the effort that went into this report at the
22	time.
23	I do see this as a restructuring
24	bill. It isn't called restructuring but I
25	think it is a restructuring and that it ought

1	to be that we ought to comment that it is of
2	that magnitude and that careful consideration
3	should be made. We are creatures of the
4	legislature. We talk about that all the time.
5	We are here to implement the statutes that the
6	legislature passes, but in so implementing
7	those statutes we come across knowledge that is
8	not generally available to legislators or
9	anyone else.
10	So I think in that guise we do have
11	some duty to use our special expertise to make
12	comment on things that others may not be aware
13	of and I think a lot of the comments so far
14	reflected that we do have a special expertise.
15	And as I understand it normally the Attorney
16	General in the form of the Regulatory Affairs
17	and Public Advocacy section doesn't comment on
18	bills so that ratepayer and other public
19	interest considerations are not represented
20	from that forum. So we do have some duty to
21	represent ratepayers and other public interest
22	considerations.
23	I am a strong supporter of
24	renewable energy and this bill does promote
25	renewable energy but it also brings into the

1	picture nonrenewable energy considerations. I
2	think that's what makes it fundamental
3	restructuring bill.
4	As far as our timelines, I just
5	want to make my own timelines and that is that
6	I think that it might be reasonable if someone
7	gave us a set of regulations fully formed and
8	we go yay or nay on those regulations within
9	the 365-day time period. I don't think that's
10	unreasonable, but to go through the normal
11	process that we go through to get comments and
12	issue a notice of inquiry, go through all the
13	APA requirements I do not think that it's
14	reasonable to do that within the 365 days
15	provided for in this bill. And it does
16	separate out petitions from others to when we
17	initiate a rulemaking docket. So that's my
18	comment on that area.
19	I do have concerns about as the
20	Chairman stated about the smaller electric
21	utilities complying with this or whether
22	there's any reason why we should why the
23	legislature should require them to comply with
24	this and competitively procure their energy
25	have a requirement that they competitively

1	procure their energy. I'll stop there for the
2	moment.
3	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: Commissioner
4	Lisankie, would you care to say anything?
5	COMMISSIONER LISANKIE: Well, since
6	I have two days before any opinion I express
7	becomes a mile to circle fact I probably won't
8	give everybody my collective wit and wisdom.
9	I will say, though, that having
10	spent 30-some years in and out of
11	administrative jobs for the state that it's not
12	unusual to see time constraints being imposed
13	from the outside in and I don't necessarily
14	think that that's the best way to do it, so if
15	I was to make any suggestion at all about some
16	kind of a comment that we might be willing to
17	make I would certainly express that and say
18	that, you know, if some shorted timeline is
19	particularly justified for some reason that the
20	agency be able to address the implications of
21	changing that timeline and then the legislature
22	could make an informed decision about what the
23	implications those implications are.
24	I'd like to say that that happens
25	more often than not, but in my limited

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1	experience it doesn't, but I am an optimist so
2	I would certainly suggest that if the
3	particular bill in front of us has any changes
4	to our timelines that the proponents would
5	probably be willing to discuss that in order to
6	deal with it in an adult kind of way and make
7	sure that there isn't any untoward impacts
8	whether it's financial work product or anything
9	else that comes with imposing a timeline.
10	There's always there's always implications
11	for every timeline and I think the unjustified
12	belief is that you can always do everything
13	faster and I tend to echo some of the comments
14	of my colleagues here that there probably isn't
15	any one thing that I've seen come before us in
16	my nearly six years that couldn't be done in a
17	year or less if there was nothing else going
18	on. Since that presumption doesn't hold any
19	water whatsoever, nobody could make that
20	suggestion with a straight face, I stand by my
21	earlier comment that any shortening or
22	lengthening has potential implications then it
23	would behoove everybody involved to explore
24	them fully. Thank you. And it's been a
25	pleasure having this conversation.

1	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: Oh, sure. And I
2	would just echo that last comment of
3	Commissioner Lisankie. I can think of a recent
4	telecommunications R docket that we would not
5	have been able to complete it in 365 days and
6	the telecommunications industry today would
7	look very different than it does, and not in a
8	positive way, if we were not able to do that.
9	I would like to close my comments
10	and I'll turn it back to one last round for any
11	of the Commissioner thoughts. One thing I did
12	hear at the hearing yesterday a couple of the
13	legislators on the special committee did allude
14	to the fact the RCA has a rulemaking process
15	going on that's going to deal with avoided
16	costs. We also have the transmission report to
17	the legislature and doesn't don't these
18	items sort of mitigate against the need to do
19	anything in this bill. I guess I keep coming
20	back to the fact that one of the big questions
21	and it hasn't been teed up quite this way
22	is: Does the State of Alaska need a binding
23	renewable portfolio standard? I mean, this
24	reference back to 2010 we'll keep chasing our
25	tails. So that's a policy thing. That's a

1	legislative policy thing. If the legislature
2	makes that determination, are there any
3	boundaries on what it takes to get to that
4	point given the nature of our electric
5	generation and transmission system in the State
6	of Alaska today or do we take the German
7	approach and we have de facto feed in tariffs
8	we may not call them that so whatever it
9	costs to get to whatever point, you set as the
LO	set point for the RPS, anything goes.
11	So I think that's a question that
12	needs to honestly be put out there and
L3	addressed yay or nay. And I don't see that
14	this bill does that does that.
15	Commissioner Wilson, I'll defer
16	again, you know, you're the but I didn't see
17	it, I could have missed it but it absolutely
18	does not do that.
19	And the combining of FERC QF status
20	with IPP status seems to sort of be blended
21	together in a way. And trust me I've learned a
22	lot more about how ISOs in California and ERCOT
23	and MISO in the western interconnect work and
24	I'm also very aware in the California Public
25	Utilities Commission, you know, some of these

1	issues have come to the forefront in terms of
2	long-term contracting with IPPs and sort of how
3	the pricing mechanism works and it's kind of
4	astounding and I would suggest that in view of
5	filling out the record that we don't have to
6	make the same mistakes that have been made
7	Outside.
8	Having said that, I think the
9	intent of the bill promoting competition,
10	getting the rules of the road and pricing for
11	transmission are entirely legitimate and we are
12	trying to do that in other venues.
13	But the systems Outside are so much
14	bigger and much more complicated than what we
15	have going on in the State of Alaska, it is
16	mind-boggling. I've spent hours on ERCOT site,
17	I've done the training in Texas and I'm going
18	to be going again here in June, I think there
19	are things you can kind of learn from it but
20	some of it's it's overkill, it really is.
21	And when you get into, say, even merchant
22	generators or IPPs of a particular type that
23	are used for peaking, the Texas PUC right now
24	is if they haven't already considering
25	peaking charges almost \$10,000 a megawatt hour.

1	So these assets that sort of sit there and then
2	all of a sudden in a short period of time
3	and I would bet money that no IPP in the State
4	of Alaska contemplates anything of that nature.
5	They're looking for long-term PPAs with
6	utilities to be used as a mechanism to get
7	long-term financing. And we have approved such
8	long-term PPAs, but the challenge is we're a
9	cost of service regulatory body and when you
10	get into a 20- or 25-year PPA with all kinds of
11	modeling and assumptions built in you can get
12	off into the boundaries and it's a challenge
13	for the utilities to evaluate this stuff, it's
14	certainly a challenge for the Commission. So
15	if the intent is to promote an RPS, do it. But
16	that's a legislative function not an RCA
17	function.
18	Commissioner Rokeberg?
19	COMMISSIONER ROKEBERG: Mr.
20	Chairman, just a couple of things. I take to
21	heart Commissioner Wilson's reminder that the
22	our functions and responsibilities to speak,
23	in this instance, for the ratepayers of the
24	state because of RAPA's inability to comment.
25	I think we need to keep that in mind. Because

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1	to me, looking at the greater picture, it seems
2	to me, particularly with the work that I've put
3	in on the 111(d) situation where the EPA is,
4	even in their rulemaking language has
5	unabashedly used the term "environment
6	dispatch" as a goal within their own thousands
7	of pages of rulemaking.
8	I think there may be a portion of
9	the thrust of this legislation to give that
10	greater weight when, in fact, the policy of the
11	State right now should be to try to find
12	economic dispatch, because this is truly the
13	only way we're going to have lower utility or
14	electric rates in the State of Alaska is
15	through economic dispatch.
16	You could add incremental renewable
17	wind in such a way that it may be able to
18	compete against other thermal generation, but
19	it's going to be really incremental and very
20	marginal, I think, to a large degree. So the
21	real true savings and now we're in a period
22	we're going to extremely high individual retail
23	rates to customers and the reason for that is
24	the breakup of the Railbelt system. And we're
25	going to get this rate shock all throughout the

1	Railbelt. It starts with Homer. It's hitting
2	the Matanuska Valley and I'm getting letters
3	and comments daily now and the next shoe that's
4	going to drop is here in Anchorage. So the
5	whole Railbelt is going to get hammered by this
6	and it's for things that you can point
7	fingers and a lot of them don't belong don't
8	rightly be should not be pointed toward this
9	direction because of the nature of what this
10	Commission can or cannot do. but I think that
11	should be the policy goal of the State right
12	now. It should be lowering the rates that are
13	going up because of higher fuel costs. Keep in
14	mind 18 months or two years ago we were fearful
15	of not having sufficient natural gas to spin
16	our steam turbines and I'm concerned about
17	that. We should keep that in mind. But those
18	contracts that we enter into are incrementally
19	pushing costs up and all the new hardware is
20	pushing costs up. Now we have the transmission
21	tariff. And that transmission tariff is being
22	applied to all electrical generators and all
23	electric utilities. We're not being we're
24	not carving out anything special because of the
25	circumstances we find ourselves in. It's very

1	unfortunate. But thank you, Mr. Chairman.
2	CHAIRMAN PICKETT: Any further
3	Commissioner comments on this matter? Seeing
4	none, we will close out Agenda Item No. 5. We
5	will take a short ten-minute break.
6	(END OF EXCERPT - 10:20 a.m.)
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2	I, Christine P. Talley, hereby
3	certify that the foregoing pages numbered 2
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6	Meeting, held before the Regulatory Commission
7	of Alaska on February 25th, 2015, transcribed
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