Alaska Judicial Council Constitutional Duties

Alaska Const. Article IV, Section 8. Judicial Council

The judicial council shall consist of seven members. Three attorney members shall be appointed for six-year terms by the governing body of the organized state bar. Three non-attorney members shall be appointed for six-year terms by the governor subject to confirmation by a majority of the members of the legislature in joint session. Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term in like manner. Appointments shall be made with due consideration to area representation and without regard to political affiliation. The chief justice of the supreme court shall be ex-officio the seventh member and chairman of the judicial council. No member of the judicial council, except the chief justice, may hold any other office or position of profit under the United States or the State. The judicial council shall act by concurrence of four or more members and according to rules which it adopts.

Alaska Const. Article IV, Section 5. Nomination and Appointment

The governor shall fill any vacancy in an office of supreme court justice or superior court judge by appointing one of two or more persons nominated by the judicial council.

Excerpts from Constitutional Convention discussion of Article IV:

"What we are trying to prevent are some of the travesties which have existed in some of the states where our judges are picked and plucked directly from the ward political office."

"The whole theory of the Missouri Plan is that in substance, a select and professional group, licensed by the state, can best determine the qualifications of their brothers."

"The intent of the Missouri Plan was in substance to give a predominance of the vote to professional men who knew the foibles, the defects and the qualifications of their brothers. It is unquestionably true that in every trade and every profession the men who know their brother careerists the best are the men engaged in the same type of occupation."

"The theory on the lay members on the confirmation, they represent the public and they represent the predominant political thought. The theory on the lawyer members of the council, they represent the profession,.... they represent a desire to have the best judges on the benches."

Delegate McLaughlin

Alaska Const. Article IV, Section 9. Additional Duties

The judicial council shall conduct studies for improvement of the administration of justice, and make reports and recommendations to the supreme court and to the legislature at intervals of not more than two years. The judicial council shall perform other duties assigned by law.

Alaska Judicial Council Feb. 2014

Selected Alaska Judicial Council Statutory Duties

AS 15.58.050. Information and recommendations on judicial officers

No later than August 7 of the year in which the state general election will be held, the judicial council shall file with the lieutenant governor a statement including information about each supreme court justice, court of appeals judge, superior court judge, and district court judge who will be subject to a retention election. The statement shall reflect the evaluation of each justice or judge conducted by the judicial council according to law and shall contain a brief statement describing each public reprimand, public censure, or suspension received by the judge under AS 22.30.011(d) during the period covered in the evaluation. A statement may not exceed 600 words.

AS 22.05.100. Approval or rejection

Each supreme court justice is subject to approval or rejection as provided in AS 15. The judicial council shall conduct an evaluation of each justice before the retention election and shall provide to the public information about that justice and may provide a recommendation regarding retention or rejection. The information and any recommendation shall be made public at least 60 days before the retention election....

AS 22.07.060. Approval or rejection

Each judge of the court of appeals is subject to approval or rejection as provided in AS 15. The judicial council shall conduct an evaluation of each judge before the retention election and shall provide information to the public about the judge and may provide a recommendation regarding retention or rejection. The information and any recommendation shall be made public at least 60 days before the election....

AS 22.10.150. Approval or rejection

Each superior court judge is subject to approval or rejection as provided in AS 15. The judicial council shall conduct an evaluation of each judge before the retention election and shall provide to the public information about the judge and may provide a recommendation regarding retention or rejection. The information and any recommendation shall be made public at least 60 days before the retention election....

AS 22.15.195. Approval or rejection

Each district court judge is subject to approval or rejection as provided in AS 15. The judicial council shall conduct an evaluation of each judge before the retention election and shall provide to the public information about the judge and may provide a recommendation regarding retention or rejection. The information and the recommendation shall be made public at least 60 days before the election....