### **HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 10**

# IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE - SECOND SESSION

#### **BY REPRESENTATIVE KELLER**

Introduced: 1/17/12 Referred:

## A RESOLUTION

# **1** Supporting the Electoral College and opposing the Agreement Among the States to Elect

2 the President by National Popular Vote interstate compact.

## **3 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:**

WHEREAS the Constitutional Convention of 1787 established the United States of
America founded as a union of states and bound by republican principles of government; and

6 WHEREAS the Constitution of the United States protects the rights of the individual
7 states by providing numerous checks and balances to thwart the vertical concentration of
8 political power in the federal government; and

9 WHEREAS the Electoral College established in art. II, sec. 1, Constitution of the 10 United States, as well as the Twelfth and Twentieth Amendments to the Constitution of the 11 United States, provides an orderly presidential election process that protects the rights and 12 interests of the United States Congress, the individual states of the union, and the people of 13 the United States; and

WHEREAS AS 15.30, which governs Alaska's process for selecting electors to the
 Electoral College, represents the collective interests of the citizens of the state; and

16 WHEREAS the founding fathers of the United States considered a purely democratic

government as hostile to liberty, discriminatory against minorities, and governed by a
 licentious tyranny of the majority; and

WHEREAS the Electoral College reflects the founding fathers' strong belief that the
states should play a pivotal role in electing the President of the United States; and

5 WHEREAS, by requiring candidates to secure a broad coalition of electoral votes, the 6 Electoral College discourages candidates from campaigning solely in high population states; 7 and

8 **WHEREAS** the Electoral College protects and increases the ability of minorities to 9 participate in and influence presidential elections through state elections; and

WHEREAS the Electoral College encourages voter turnout by increasing the power
 of an individual citizen's vote by encouraging participation in state presidential primaries; and

WHEREAS the Electoral College confines voter fraud to individual states rather thanthe nation as a whole; and

WHEREAS the Electoral College encourages moderation and compromise while
minimizing the rise of divisive and illiberal factions; and

WHEREAS the United States Congress has rejected more than 700 proposed
 constitutional amendments related to the Electoral College, including amendments favoring a
 national popular vote; and

WHEREAS the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote interstate compact proposes to elect the President of the United States by awarding all electoral votes to the winner of the popular vote; and

WHEREAS the nationalization of the presidential election fundamentally rejects our
 nation's founding principles of federalism and republicanism; and

WHEREAS the proponents of the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote interstate compact have expressed their intent to enter into that compact without the consent of the United States Congress; and

WHEREAS entering into a compact without the consent of the Congress would clearly violate art. I, sec. 10, Constitution of the United States, and Congress' constitutional authority and would, therefore, precipitate a constitutional debate that would not be in the best interest of the people of the United States or the individual states; and

31 WHEREAS the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National

Popular Vote interstate compact bypasses the proper means of amending the Constitution of
 the United States under art. V, Constitution of the United States, and violates the legitimacy
 of the presidential election process; and

WHEREAS, by encouraging presidential candidates to focus on large population centers rather than nurturing a broad coalition of large and small state interests, the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote interstate compact would diminish the interests of the 50 states during the presidential campaign process; and

9 WHEREAS the Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National 10 Popular Vote interstate compact would subject the electoral system to a series of potentially 11 destabilizing legal challenges because of concerns about the constitutionality of the compact, 12 the handling of disputed votes, the enforceability among the states in and outside of the 13 compact, voter eligibility, and uncertainty regarding what constitutes a winning majority of 14 voters; and

15 **WHEREAS** the Electoral College has successfully resolved prior contested 16 presidential elections without diminishing the representation of the people of the United 17 States or the individual states;

18 **BE IT RESOLVED** that the House of Representatives asserts its belief that the 19 Agreement Among the States to Elect the President by National Popular Vote interstate 20 compact would detrimentally reduce Alaska's voice in electing the President of the United 21 States; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that the House of Representatives affirms its support of republican principles and the Electoral College as the most prudent means of preserving and protecting the rights of all Americans.

COPIES of this resolution shall be sent to the Honorable Joseph R. Biden, Jr., VicePresident of the United States and President of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable John Boehner,
Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives; the Honorable Harry Reid, Majority Leader of
the U.S. Senate; the Honorable Mitch McConnell, Minority Leader of the U.S. Senate; the
Honorable Nancy Pelosi, Minority Leader of the U.S. House of Representatives; and the
Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable Mark Begich, U.S. Senators, and the
Honorable Don Young, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.