# FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA					
2012	LEGISLATIVE	SESSION			

Bill Version Fiscal Note Number

() Publish Date

Dept. Affected

Appropriation

Allocation

CSHB 298

Identifier (file name)	HB298CS(FIN)-DOR-TAX-02-07-12
Title	Exemptions From Mining Tax

Sponsor	Representatives Seaton and Kawasaki
Requester	(H) FIN

OMB Component Number

2476

Revenue

Taxation and Treasury

Тах

Expenditures/Revenues

(Thousands of Dollars)

Note:	Amounts do not include inflation	unless otherwise	e noted below.					
		FY13 Appropriation Requested	Included in Governor's FY13 Request					
OPER	ATING EXPENDITURES	FY13	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18
Perso	nal Services							
Trave								
Servic								
	nodities							
	al Outlay							
	s, Benefits							
Misce								
	TOTAL OPERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
FUND	SOURCE			(Thou	usands of Dollar	s)		
1002	Federal Receipts							
1003	GF Match							
1004	GF							
1005	GF/Prgm (DGF)							
1037	GF/MH (UGF)							
1178	temp code (UGF)							
	TOTAL	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DOGI	LIONS							
Full-tir		<del></del>				I		
Part-time Temporary								
remp	olary						1	
CHAN	IGE IN REVENUES		(300.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)
	ated SUPPLEMENTAL (FY12) iss reasons and fund source(s) i		-		(separate sup	plemental appr	opriation requ	uired)
	ated CAPITAL (FY13) costs iss reasons and fund source(s) in	n analysis sectioi	n)		(separate cap	ital appropriatic	on required)	
	his fiscal note differs from pre							
	ersion excludes quarry rock fron we date of January 1, 2012 whic					etable earth. T	his version a	lso has an
•	red by Johanna Bales,	Deputy Director					269-6628	
Divisio	on Tax					Date/Time 2	2/7/2012 8:30	a.m.

Tax	Date/Time 2/7/2012 8:30 a.m.
Alicia Egan, Legislative Liaison	Date 2/7/2012
Department of Revenue	

(Revised 1/17/2012 OMB)

Approved by

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# STATE OF ALASKA 2012 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

## BILL NO. CSHB 298

## Analysis

#### **Bill Language:**

This bill would exempt sand and gravel, quarry rock, and marketable earth from the mining license tax. During FY 2011, the Department received 182 mining license tax returns from sand and gravel operators. Included in those tax returns was activity from the extraction of other marketable earth such as peat, top soil, and the like and the extraction of quarry rock. Only 17 of those 182 taxpayers paid tax. Under the current mining license tax structure, taxpayers do not pay tax if their current year net mining license taxable income is less than \$40,000. Most sand and gravel taxpayers do not have more than \$40,000 in net income annually and, therefore, do not pay tax. They are, however, required to obtain a mining license and file a mining license tax return each year.

#### **Revenues:**

During the past five years, the state has received the following amount of mining license tax revenue from sand and gravel operations:

	# of			Sand & Gravel Tax
Fiscal Year	<u>Licensees</u>	Sand & Gravel Tax	Total Mining Tax Revenue	(Percent of Total)
2007	11	\$267,592	\$79,141,526	.3%
2008	38	\$285,314	\$54,408,228	.5%
2009	140	\$260,355	\$16,044,139	1.6%
2010	131	\$206,830	\$29,725,100	.7%
2011	189	\$320,360	\$43,338,119	.7%

Based on previous filings, the Department expects that total mining license tax revenues will decrease each year by approximately \$300,000. This bill has an effective date of January 1, 2012, which would result in decreased revenue in FY 2013 of approximately \$300,000 as taxpayers, which file on a calendar year basis, would not be required to file a return for calendar year 2012.

Sand and gravel operators that currently use their mining license in lieu of a business license will be required to obtain a business license each year. The state could see a small increase in business license revenue as a result of this bill.

#### **Expenditures:**

During the past five years, the Department has expended approximately \$150,000 each fiscal year on the examination and audit of sand and gravel tax returns. Staff used to conduct those examinations were diverted from other excise tax programs to focus on sand and gravel taxpayers as the Department was aware that there was a significant number of non-filers in this tax type. As you can see from the above data, compliance efforts by the Department which started in FY 2007 resulted in the number of licensees increasing dramatically from only 11 in FY 2007 to 189 in FY 2011. However, there was not a dramatic increase in revenues as most taxpayers brought into compliance had less than \$40,000 in mining license net income and, therefore, paid no tax. The Department does not expect to reduce staff as a result of this legislation as most resources that currently focus on sand and gravel mining have been re-assigned to compliance activities and audits of other excise taxes.