# **FISCAL NOTE**

	E OF ALA LEGISLA	SKA FIVE SESSION	N	Bill Version Fiscal Note Number () Publish Date		HB 298				
Identifier (file name) HB298-DOR-TAX-01-27-12						Dept. Affected		Revenue		
Title						Appropriation Taxation and Treasury				
Sponso	or	Repre	esentatives Seato	n and Kawasal	ki	Allocation		Tax		
Requester Representation Representat			(H) RES			OMB Compone	nt Number	2476		
Exper	nditures/Re	venues		(The			ousands of Dollars)			
		ot include inflation	unless otherwise	noted below.	(11100	dodnido or Done	<i>x</i> 10 <i>j</i>			
			FY13 Appropriation Requested	Included in Governor's FY13 Request		Out-Year Cost Estimates				
	ATING EXPE	NDITURES	FY13	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	
Personal Services Travel Services Commodities Capital Outlay Grants, Benefits										
Miscell	aneous	DEDATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	- 00		
	TOTAL OP	ERATING	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
<b>FUND</b> 1002	SOURCE	• •	(Thousands of Dollars)							
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CHAN	GE IN REVE	NUES		(150.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)	(300.0)	
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Why the Initial v		e differs from pre	evious version (i	f initial version	n, please no	ote as such)			<del></del> 1	
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Prepar	ed by	by Johanna Bales, Deputy Director Phone 269-6628								
Division	-	Tax				Date/Time 1/27/12 9:30 AM				
Approv	ed by	Jerry Burnett, Di	rector Administra	tive Services			Date	1/30/2012		

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## STATE OF ALASKA 2012 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. HB 298

## **Analysis**

### **Bill Language:**

This bill would exempt sand and gravel and marketable earth from the mining license tax. During FY 2011, the Department received 182 mining license tax returns from sand and gravel operators. Included in those tax returns was activity from the extraction of other marketable earth such as peat, top soil, and the like. Only 17 of those 182 taxpayers paid tax. Under the current mining license tax structure, taxpayers do not pay tax if their current year net mining license taxable income is less than \$40,000. Most sand and gravel taxpayers do not have more than \$40,000 in net income annually and, therefore, do not pay tax. They are, however, required to obtain a mining license and file a mining license tax return each year.

#### Revenues:

During the past five years, the state has received the following amount of mining license tax revenue from sand and gravel operations:

	# of			Sand & Gravel Tax
Fiscal Year	<u>Licensees</u>	Sand & Gravel Tax	<b>Total Mining Tax Revenue</b>	(Percent of Total)
2007	11	\$267,592	\$79,141,526	.3%
2008	38	\$285,314	\$54,408,228	.5%
2009	140	\$260,355	\$16,044,139	1.6%
2010	131	\$206,830	\$29,725,100	.7%
2011	189	\$320,360	\$43,338,119	.7%

Based on previous filings, the Department expects that total mining license tax revenues will decrease each year by approximately \$300,000. This bill has an effective date of July 1, 2012, which would result in decreased revenue in FY 2013 of approximately \$150,000 as taxpayers, which file on a calendar year basis, would report and pay tax on 6 months of activity (January 1, 2012 through June 30, 2012).

Sand and gravel operators that currently use their mining license in lieu of a business license will be required to obtain a business license each year. The state could see a small increase in business license revenue as a result of this bill.

### **Expenditures:**

During the past five years, the Department has expended approximately \$150,000 each fiscal year on the examination and audit of sand and gravel tax returns. Staff used to conduct those examinations were diverted from other excise tax programs to focus on sand and gravel taxpayers as the Department was aware that there was a significant number of non-filers in this tax type. As you can see from the above data, compliance efforts by the Department which started in FY 2007 resulted in the number of licensees increasing dramatically from only 11 in FY 2007 to 189 in FY 2011. However, there was not a dramatic increase in revenues as most taxpayers brought into compliance had less than \$40,000 in mining license net income and, therefore, paid no tax. The Department does not expect to reduce staff as a result of this legislation as most resources that currently focus on sand and gravel mining have been re-assigned to compliance activities and audits of other excise taxes.

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