FISCAL NOTE

STATE OF ALASKA 2010 LEGISLATIVE SESSION				Fiscal Note Number: Bill Version:		6		
						CSSB 220(RES)		
				(S) Publish Dat	e:	3/10/10		
Identifier (file name): SB220CS(RES)-DHSS-EA-03-05-10				Dept. Affected:	Health & Social Services			
Title	tle Energy Efficiency/Alternative Energy			RDU	Public Assistance			
			Component Energy Assistance Program					
Sponsor	Senate Resources			_				
Requester	uester Senate Resources			Component Number 226				
/_							_	
Expenditures/Revenue		wise noted below	,	nousands of Do	lars)			
Note. Amounts do not incit	Appropriation							
	Required	Required			Information			
OPERATING EXPENDITU	IRES FY 2011	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
Personal Services								
Travel							<u> </u>	
Contractual								
Supplies Equipment								
Land & Structures							1	
Grants & Claims								
Miscellaneous								
TOTAL OPERATIN	G 0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	s I							
		•		•		•	•	
CHANGE IN REVENUES	(
FUND SOURCE			(housands of Doll	ars)			
1002 Federal Receipts			,					
1003 GF Match								
1004 GF								
1005 GF/Program Receipt	S							
1037 GF/Mental Health								
Other Interagency Receipt	0.0	0.0	*	*	*	*	*	
TOTAL	0.0	0.0						
Estimate of any current y	ear (FY2010) cost:	_						
				_				
POSITIONS Full-time								
Part-time								
Temporary								
. ,	•	•		•	•	•		
ANALYSIS: (Attach a sepa	arate page if necessary)							
CSSB220 changes the n	ame of the Alaska hea	ting assistance	program (Al	(HAP) to the Ala	ska affordab	ole heating progra	am (AAHP)	
and allows for an incon	ne eligibility limit of up	to 250% of the	e federal pov	erty guidelines	(FPG) when	the average price	of a barrel	
of North Slope Crude (N								
the dollar value of a Co			-					
payments and, under tl					-	_		
allows payments for ho		_					_	
to lowest income house	_							
heating program. It also establishes the Alaska affordable heating fund (AAHF) in the Department of Revenue (DOR) to be used by the Department of Health and Social Services (DHSS) to provide heating assistance payments to eligible households.								
continued on next page		(D1133) to prov	ride fiedting	assistance payin	ichts to chgi	bic flouscrioius.		
continued on next page	-							
Prepared by: Ellie Fitzjarra	ald, Director				Pho	ne 465-5847		
Division Public Assistance					Date/Time 3/3/10 10:51 AM			
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Approved by: Alison Elgee, Assistant Commissioner DHSS Finance & Management Services					_ Da	ate <u>3/5/2010</u>		
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(Revised 11/6/2009 OMB) Page 1 of 2

2010 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

ANALYSIS CONTINUATION

Assumptions

The \$5,000.0 in the governor's FY11 proposed budget for the Alaska heating assistance program is adequate to cover the initial benefit and administrative costs for the new Alaska affordable heating program. This would require an average price of a barrel of North Slope Crude oil (NSC) in the preceding year (Feb. - Sept. 2010) below \$75, which triggers a CHP value of \$130.

In general, AAHP will be administered and operated in the same manner as AKHAP.

A fair and equitable share of the appropriation for the Alaska affordable heating fund will be distributed to tribal organizations operating a regional affordable heating program.

Eligible households with incomes at or below 150% FPG may have their LIHEAP payment augmented with funds from the Alaska affordable heating fund.

For FY10, the state's share of the federal LIHEAP block grant only allows the state to provide awards based on a Community Heating Point (CHP) value of \$115 per point to eligible households. It is assumed federal funding for FY11 and the per-point value assigned to a CHP will remain the same.

In FY11, it is estimated that the state and tribal affordable heating programs will serve 21,600 households. Approximately 19,000 will be recipient households of the LIHEAP program and 2,600 will only be beneficiaries of the affordable heating program. It is assumed that the average number of points for which a household below 150% FPG is eligible is 10. The average number of points for a household between 151% and 225% FPG is 5.

Benefit costs will increase in FY12 due to a projected caseload growth of 3%, with costs remaining relatively stable in out years if the average price of a barrel of NSC remains below \$75. However, assessing program impacts is complicated by the uncertainty in estimating program participation. The cost of heating fuel for consumers increases as the value of NSC increases. Increased consumer costs are likely to increase demand for the program's services and benefits. This is expected to be most pronounced when the value of NSC exceeds \$150 per barrel and the higher income limit is triggered. It is estimated that as many as 5,000 more households may be eligible when the income limit reaches 250% FPG.

<u>Projections of Total Benefit Costs</u>: The \$5,000.0 currently in the governor's FY11 approved budget for the Alaska Heating Assistance Program will be used to cover benefit and administrative costs of the initial year of the Alaska Affordable Heating Program.

The total costs for benefits in FY11 are estimated to be \$4,540.0 in state general funds as shown below.

LIHEAP (State and Tribal) households: \$130-\$115 = \$15 x 10 CHP x 19,000 households = \$2,850.0 For AAHP (State and Tribal) households: \$130 x 5 CHP x 2,600 households = \$1,690.0 \$4,540.0

Changing only the NSC sale price, the annual costs for benefits would be: \$6,570.0 when a barrel of NSC sells for \$75 to \$100 per barrel (\$140 per CHP); and \$8,600.0 when a barrel of NSC sells for \$100 to \$150 per barrel (\$150 per CHP).

When NSC exceeds \$150 per barrel, the 250% income limit and the highest \$/CHP value is triggered and as many as 5,000 additional households may become eligible for a total cost of \$15,770.0 (\$165 per CHP).