# **FISCAL NOTE**

STATE OF	ALASKA				Fiscal Note Nur	nber:		
2010 LEGISLATIVE SESSION					Bill Version:		CSSB 305	
					() Publish Date:			
Identifier (file name): CS SB305-REV-TAX-03-16-10					Dept. Affected:		Revenue	
Title Separate Oil & Gas Production Tax					RDU	Taxation and Treasury		
					Component Tax Division			
Sponsor (S) Finance						0.170		
Requester	equester (S) Finance				Component Number 2476			
Expenditure	s/Revenues			(Th	ousands of Do	ollars)		
Note: Amounts	do not include infla	tion unless otherv	vise noted be	low.				
		Appropriation						
		Required				mation		
	EXPENDITURES	FY 2011	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Personal Servi	ces							
Travel		220.0						
Contractual Supplies		230.0						
Equipment								
Land & Structu	ires							
Grants & Claim								
Miscellaneous								
TOTAL	OPERATING	230.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CAPITAL EXP	ENDITURES					I		
CHANGE IN R	EVENUES (	\ **	0.0	**	**	**	**	**
OTIANOL IN IX	LVENOLO (	*** Significant			· See Analysis S	Section for Add	itional Inform	ation ***
FUND SOURC	Ε	Olgimiount	iiiipaot Boyo		housands of Dol		inonai iinoiii	alion
1002 Federal F				(1		1		
1003 GF Match	h							
1004 GF		230.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1005 GF/Progr								
1037 GF/Menta								
Other Interage		220.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	TOTAL	230.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Estimate of ar	ny current year (FY	'2010) cost:		0.0				
POSITIONS								
Full-time		0.0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time								
Temporary								
ANALYSIS:	/Attack a samerate m							
	(Attach a separate p	age if necessary)						
Bill Language This bill separa	; ates oil and natural g	as for purposes of	calculating th	e progressivity	portion of the pr	oduction tax und	er AS 43.55. Ur	nder this bill.
the progressivi	ity surcharge is calcu	lated on oil only in	stead of on oi	I and gas com	bined. The progr	essivity surcharge	e remains unch	anged at
	f production tax value				duction tax value	over \$92.50. Und	der this bill, natu	ıral gas is
always taxed a	at 25% of production	tax value with no p	progressivity s	urcnarge.				
Currently some	e companies have be	oth oil sales from th	he North Slope	e and gas sale	s from Cook Inle	t and elsewhere,	both of which a	re included in
	vity calculations that							
higher tax rate and therefore an increase in tax liability. This bill contains no provisions that would offset any increase in tax from removing gas from the progressivity calculation. (continued)								
from the progre	essivity calculation.	(continued)						
Prepared by:						Phone 907-465-3279		
Division	Tax Division					Date/Time 03-15-10; 8:52pm		
Approved by:	Ginger Blaisdell, Director					Date	03-16-10; 8:05	iam
	Administrative Ser	vices Division				•		

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#### FISCAL NOTE

# STATE OF ALASKA 2010 LEGISLATIVE SESSION

BILL NO. CSSB 305

## **ANALYSIS CONTINUATION**

#### Revenues

The revenue impact of this bill is indeterminate for the time horizon of this fiscal note. The removal of gas from the progressivity calculation could potentially raise tax rates and increase tax for companies that currently produce both oil and gas (from Cook Inlet or elsewhere). The impact will vary from year to year; based on analysis of recent years the impact could range from tens of millions of dollars to over \$100 million. Most likely there will be an increase in tax liability and therefore revenue ranging from \$40 million to \$100 million per year.

Once major gas sales begin, applying progressivity to oil only is generally expected to result in higher state revenues than a combined tax. This effect occurs for two reasons: first, oil has historically commanded a price premium to natural gas on an energy equivalency basis; and second, transportation costs are lower in percentage terms for oil than for natural gas, resulting in a higher wellhead value. The revenue impact will be a function of numerous variables including oil and gas prices and production, lease expenditures, and the method chosen for allocating lease expenditures between oil and natural gas.

There are some scenarios under which the state could see a reduction in revenues from this bill. Without a progressivity surcharge on natural gas, this bill could reduce state revenue if the price relationship between oil and natural gas normalized at a time when natural gas was selling at a relatively high price. Also, since this bill will generally increase taxes on the major producers, it is possible that the tax change could be viewed as a disincentive to oil and gas exploration and development.

## **Expenditures**

With the change in tax structure the Department will need to change its monthly reporting forms, annual tax returns, and databases. The contractual services costs for programming changes to the online tax information system and the monthly reporting system are estimated at \$230,000. Aside from one-time costs, the provisions of this bill can be implemented using existing staff and resources.

#### Other Issues

This bill provides for an immediate effective date. Since the production tax is levied on an annual basis (payable in monthly installments), the immediate effective date would create an additional burden with additional complexity for both the Department and the taxpayers for the 2010 tax year. An effective date retroactive to January 1, 2010 would be preferred from a tax administration standpoint.