Sec. 11.61.140. Cruelty to animals.

- (a) A person commits cruelty to animals if the person
- (1) knowingly inflicts severe and prolonged physical pain or suffering on an animal;
- (2) with criminal negligence, fails to care for an animal and, as a result, causes the death of the animal or causes severe physical pain or prolonged suffering to the animal;
 - (3) kills or injures an animal by the use of a decompression chamber;
 - (4) intentionally kills or injures a pet or livestock by the use of poison; or
 - (5) knowingly kills or injures an animal, other than as provided in (1) or
- (3) of this subsection, with the intent to intimidate, threaten, or terrorize another person.
- (b) Each animal that is subject to cruelty to animals under (a) of this section shall constitute a separate offense.
- (c) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that the conduct of the defendant
 - (1) was part of scientific research governed by accepted standards;
 - (2) constituted the humane destruction of an animal;
 - (3) conformed to accepted veterinary or animal husbandry practices;
 - (4) was necessarily incidental to lawful fishing, hunting or trapping

activities;

- (5) conformed to professionally accepted training and discipline standards.
- (d) In (a)(2) of this section, failure to provide the minimum standards of care for an animal under AS 03.55.100 is prima facie evidence of failure to care for an animal.
- (e) This section does not apply to generally accepted dog mushing or pulling contests or practices or rodeos or stock contests.
- (f) Except as provided in (g) of this section, cruelty to animals is a class A misdemeanor. The court may also
 - (1) require forfeiture of any animal affected to the state or to a custodian that supplies shelter, care, or medical treatment for the animal;
 - (2) require the defendant to reimburse the state or a custodian for all reasonable costs incurred in providing necessary shelter, care, veterinary attention, or medical treatment for any animal affected;
 - (3) prohibit or limit the defendant's ownership, possession, or custody of animals for up to 10 years.
- (g) Cruelty to animals is a class C felony if the person has been previously convicted on two or more separate occasions within 10 years of the date of the present offense of a crime under this section, AS 11.61.145(a)(1) or (2), or a law or ordinance of another jurisdiction having elements similar to those offenses. The court may also
 - (1) require forfeiture of any animal affected to the state or to a custodian that supplies shelter, care, or medical treatment for the animal;
 - (2) require the defendant to reimburse the state or a custodian for all reasonable costs incurred in providing necessary shelter, care, veterinary attention, or medical treatment for any animal affected;
 - (3) prohibit or limit the defendant's ownership, possession, or custody of animals for up to 10 years.

- (a) A person commits the crime or offense, as applicable, of promoting an exhibition of fighting animals if the person
 - (1) owns, possesses, keeps, or trains an animal with intent that it be engaged in an exhibition of fighting animals;
 - (2) instigates, promotes, or has a pecuniary interest in an exhibition of fighting animals; or
 - (3) attends an exhibition of fighting animals.
- (b) The animals, equipment, vehicles, money, and other personal property used by a person in a violation of (a)(1) or (2) of this section shall be forfeited to the state if the person is convicted of an offense under this section.
- (c) In this section, "animal" means a vertebrate living creature not a human being, but does not include fish.
 - (d) Promoting an exhibition of fighting animals
 - (1) under (a)(1) or (2) of this section is a class C felony;
 - (2) under (a)(3) of this section is a violation for the first offense, a class B misdemeanor for the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor for the third and each subsequent offense.