ALASKA STATE LEGISLATURE

Sponsor



Statement

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Representative David Guttenberg

"An Act creating a postsecondary scholarship program for Alaska residents based on high achievement and financial need."

The rising cost of an education is changing the perception of affordability among our middle and high school students and their parents, as well as adults who are interested in continuing their education. For students approaching their high school graduation, the cost of a postsecondary education is the most important topic discussed by the student and the family. For nontraditional or continuing students, it can be the primary factor in the decision to further their education. It is unacceptable that Alaskans who show promise do not move on to higher learning simply because of the cost.

A 2007 report from the State Higher Education Executive Officers found that a \$1,000 difference in the price of college may impact college enrollment for the most financially needy students by as much as nine percent. A 2007 Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education report determined that for every \$160 in increased tuition, low income enrollments dropped by .5 percent in four year, public institutions and by 2.3 percent in community colleges. Perhaps most alarming, a recent internal University survey found that the number two reason why students dropped out was because of financial reasons.

Alaska's high school graduation rates are among the lowest in the country. The 2008 report from Editorial Projects in Education Research Center showed Alaska's graduation rate at 67.6 percent. There is no doubt that more students will be encouraged to graduate by providing the promise of a postsecondary education. Action is desperately needed. HB 94 will establish a program within the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education. This program will help reduce the costs of a postsecondary education for those students who demonstrate academic success as well as financial need. By so doing, this program will increase educational opportunities for more bright, hardworking, and capable Alaskans so they may be ready to fill Alaskan jobs.

I urge your support of HB 94.

HOUSE BILL NO. 94

IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA

TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

BY REPRESENTATIVES GUTTENBERG, Kawasaki, Gara, Tuck, Gardner

Introduced: 1/28/09

Referred: Education, Finance

A BILL

FOR AN ACT ENTITLED

- 1 "An Act creating a postsecondary scholarship program for Alaska residents based on
- 2 high achievement and financial need."
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:
- * **Section 1.** The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to read:
- 6 LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is the intent of the legislature to
- 7 (1) reward eligible students who are admitted to a qualifying postsecondary 8 institution located in the state;
- 9 (2) recognize that existing scholarship programs in the state do not provide the funding needed to support all students who are in financial need;
- 11 (3) establish the Alaska achievers' incentive scholarship program to provide an
- 12 additional source of financial assistance to defray the costs of attending a qualifying
- 13 postsecondary institution for academically successful students who also demonstrate financial
- 14 need and who wish to seek further education.

1	* Sec. 2. AS 14.43 is amended by adding new sections to read:	
2	Article 6A. Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program.	
3	Sec. 14.43.190. Alaska achievers' incentive scholarship program; creation.	
4	(a) There is created the Alaska achievers' incentive scholarship program to be	
5	administered by the commission for the benefit of eligible students who have been	
6	admitted to a qualifying postsecondary institution. A scholarship awarded under	
7	AS 14.43.190 - 14.43.199 may be used to defray the costs of attending a qualifying	
8	postsecondary institution.	
9	(b) The amount of a scholarship shall be not less than \$1,000, determined	
10	annually by dividing the amount identified under AS 14.43.195(c) by the number of	
11	eligible applicants for the year.	
12	(c) If the amount of money appropriated by the legislature for scholarships	
13	under this section is insufficient to award scholarships of at least \$1,000 to al	
14	applicants eligible under (b) of this section, the commission shall give priority to	
15	awards for applicants who demonstrate the greatest amount of unmet financial need.	
16	(d) The commission shall adopt regulations needed to administer the program.	
17	Sec. 14.43.193. Eligibility. A person may apply on a form provided by the	
18	commission for a scholarship award under AS 14.43.190. The commission shall	
19	approve an applicant under this section if the applicant is a resident of the state who	
20	(1) demonstrates financial need on a Free Application for Federal	
21	Student Aid (20 U.S.C. 1090);	
22	(2) demonstrates academic merit by submitting acceptable proof that	
23	the student has achieved a grade point average of 3.0 or higher on a scale of 4.0, or the	
24	equivalent at the school in which the applicant is currently enrolled;	
25	(3) has an unmet financial need that is not less than \$4,000;	
26	(4) is a	
27	(A) student who has been accepted to a degree or certificate	
28	program at a qualifying postsecondary institution; or	
29	(B) continuing postsecondary student who is attending a	
30	qualifying postsecondary institution for not less than half time and who is	
31	making satisfactory progress toward completion of a degree or certificate	

1	program.		
2	Sec. 14.43.195. Alaska achievers' scholarship fund. (a) The Alaska		
3	achievers' scholarship fund is established as a separate endowment fund of the state.		
4	The fund consists of		
5	(1) appropriations to the fund;		
6	(2) donations to the fund; and		
7	(3) income earned on investments of fund assets.		
8	(b) The commissioner of revenue shall manage the fund as an endowment,		
9	with the goal that the purchasing power of the fund will not diminish over time		
10	without regard to additional contributions that may be made to the fund. The		
11	commissioner shall invest the assets of the fund in a manner likely to yield at least a		
12	five percent annual real rate of return over time. In carrying out the investment duties		
13	under this section, the commissioner of revenue has the powers and duties set out in		
14	AS 37.10.071. The commissioner shall provide reports to the commission on the		
15	condition and investment performance of the fund.		
16	(c) As soon as practicable after July 1 of each year, the commissioner of		
17	revenue shall determine the average month-end market value of the fund for the		
18	immediately preceding three fiscal years. The commissioner shall identify five percent		
19	of that amount as available for appropriation by the legislature for scholarships under		
20	AS 14.43.190 for the following fiscal year.		
21	(d) Money in the fund may be appropriated for scholarships under		
22	AS 14.43.190 or for any other public purpose. Nothing in this section creates a		
23	dedicated fund.		
24	Sec. 14.43.199. Definitions. In AS 14.43.190 - 14.43.197,		
25	(1) "commission" means the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary		
26	Education;		
27	(2) "qualifying postsecondary institution" means a postsecondary		
28	school located in the state that is accredited by a national or regional accrediting body		
29	recognized by the Council for Higher Education Accreditation;		
30	(3) "unmet financial need" means the amount of need demonstrated		
31	under federal standards for determining financial need under 20 U.S.C. 1070c-2, as		

1 amended.

LEGAL SERVICES

DIVISION OF LEGAL AND RESEARCH SERVICES LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS AGENCY STATE OF ALASKA

(907) 465-3867 or 465-2450 FAX (907) 465-2029 Mail Stop 3101

State Capitol Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182 Deliveries to: 129 6th St., Rm. 329

<u>MEMORANDUM</u>

February 9, 2009

SUBJECT: Sectional summary for HB 94, creation of Alaska achievers'

incentive scholarship program (Work Order No. 26-LS0433\A)

TO: Representative David Guttenberg

Attn: Christian Gou-Leonhardt

FROM: Jean M. Mischel

Legislative Counsel

You have requested a sectional summary of the above-described bill.

As a preliminary matter, note that a sectional summary of a bill should not be considered an authoritative interpretation of the bill and the bill itself is the best statement of its contents. If you would like an interpretation of the bill as it may apply to a particular set of circumstances, please advise.

<u>Section 1.</u> States the intent of the legislature for establishing the Alaska achiever's incentive scholarship program.

<u>Section 2.</u> Adds a new article to AS 14.43 that creates the Alaska achiever's incentive scholarship program. The article includes the following sections:

Sec. 14.43.190. Creates the Alaska achievers' incentive scholarship program, to be administered by the Alaska Commission on Postsecondary Education. Sets the minimum amount for a scholarship. Authorizes the adoption of regulations to administer the program.

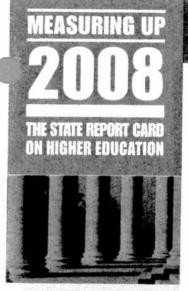
Sec. 14.43.193. Provides eligibility requirements for a scholarship award that include residency, a certain grade point average, an unmet financial need, and acceptance or attendance at a postsecondary institution.

Sec. 14.43.195. Establishes the Alaska achievers' scholarship fund as an endowment fund. Provides that the fund consists of appropriations, donations to the fund, and income earned on investment of fund assets. Requires the commissioner of revenue to manage the fund and to invest the assets to yield at least a five percent annual rate of return over time. Requires the commissioner of revenue to identify five percent of the average month-end market value of the fund for appropriation to scholarships or for any other public purposes.

Sec. 14.43.199. Defines the terms "commission," "qualifying postsecondary institution," and "unmet financial need."

Alaska





What is Measuring Up?

The purpose of a state report card is to provide the general public and policymakers with information they can use to assess and improve postsecondary education in each state.

Measuring Up 2008 is the fifth in a series of biennial report cards.

The report card grades states in six overall performance categories: Preparation: How adequately does the state repare students for education and training beyond high school? Participation: Do state residents have sufficient opportunities to enroll in education and training beyond high school? Affordability: How affordable is higher education for students and their families? Completion: Do students make progress toward and complete their certificates or degrees in a timely manner? Benefits: What benefits does the state receive from having a highly educated

Grades compare the current performance of each state with the best-performing states, but do not compare with past performance. Key indicators (back page) allow states to compare current performance with past performance.

population? Learning: What is

known about student learning as

a result of education and training

beyond high school?



PREPARATION





2008 Grade Change Over Time

Alaska's fairly low performance in educating its young population could limit the state's access to a competitive workforce and weaken its economy.

- Eighth graders perform fairly poorly in math, science, and reading.
- There is a 13% gap between whites and all minorities in the percentage of young adults with a high school credential.

PARTICIPATION





2008 Grade Change Over Time

College opportunities for young and working-age adults are very poor.

- The percentage of working-age adults enrolled in higher education has declined by 39% since the early 1990s.
- Among young adults, 11% of Alaska Natives are enrolled in college, compared with 33% of whites.

REPORT CARD

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Preparation	C+	
Participation	F	
Affordability	F	
Completion	F	
Benefits	C+	
Learning	I	

WHAT DO THE ARROWS MEAN?





State has increased or remained stable on the key indicator in the category.

State has declined on the key indicator in the category.

See back page for key indicator by category.

AFFORDABILITY





2008 Grade Change Over Time

Higher education has become less affordable for students and their families.

- Poor and working-class families must devote 37% of their income, even after aid, to pay for costs at public four-year colleges.
- Financial aid to low-income students is low. For every dollar in Pell Grant aid to students, the state spends only six cents

BENEFITS





2008 Grade Change Over Time

Only a fair proportion of residents have a bachelor's degree, and this weakens the state economy.

- Eight percent of Alaska Natives have a bachelor's degree, compared with 32% of whites.
- If all racial/ethnic groups had the same educational attainment and earnings as whites, total annual personal income in the state would be about \$2 billion higher.

COMPLETION





2008 Grade

Change Over Time

Despite some improvement, Alaska is one of the lowest-performing states in awarding certificates and degrees relative to the number of students enrolled.

- Twenty-two percent of college students complete a bachelor's degree within six years.
- Ten percent of Alaska Natives graduate within six years, compared with 25% of whites.

LEARNING



2008 Grade

Like all states, Alaska receives an "Incomplete" in Learning because there is not sufficient data to allow meaningful state-by-state comparisons.

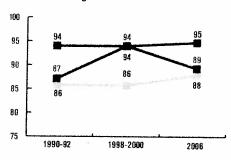
CHANGE OVER TIME: KEY INDICATORS

This page reflects Alaska's performance and progress since the early 1990s on several key indicators.

PREPARATION

The percentage of young adults in Alaska who earn a high school diploma has increased slightly since the early 1990s. High school completion is slightly above the U.S. average but below the top-performing states.

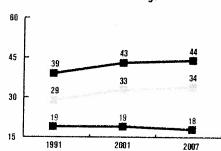
Percentage of 18-24 Year-Olds with a High School Credential*



PARTICIPATION

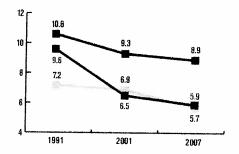
College enrollment of young adults in Alaska has declined slightly since the early 1990s. Compared with the national average and the top states, substantially fewer young adults are enrolled in Alaska (in percentages).

Percentage of 18-24 Year-Olds Enrolled in College*



The enrollment of working-age adults, relative to the number of residents without a bachelor's degree, has declined in Alaska-as it has nationally and in the best-performing states. The percentage attending college in Alaska is slightly higher than the U.S. average but below the top states.

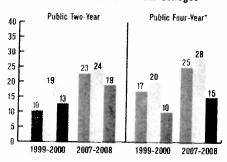
Percentage of 25-49 Year-Olds Without a Bachelor's Degree Enrolled in College



AFFORDABILITY

The share of family income, even after financial aid, needed to pay for college has risen substantially. To attend public two- and four-year colleges in Alaska, students and families pay less than the U.S. average but more than those in the best-performing states.

Percentage of Income Needed to Pay for Public Two- and Four-Year Colleges

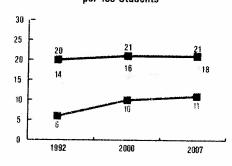


'Key indicator for the category.

COMPLETION

The number of undergraduate credentials and degrees awarded in Alaska, relative to the number of students enrolled, has increased since the early 1990s. However, Alaska is considerably below the U.S. average and the top states on this measure.

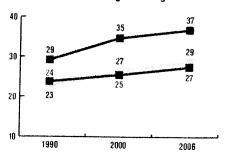
All Degree Completions per 100 Students*



BENEFITS

The percentage of residents who have a bachelor's degree has increased slightly in Alaska, but is below the U.S. average and the top states.

Percentage of 25-64 Year-Olds with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher*



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= United States

= Median of Top Five States



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February 10, 2009

Juneau Legislative Information Office The Honorable Johnny Ellis State Capitol Juneau, Alaska 99801-1182

VIA FAX

Dear Senator Ellis:

This letter serves as the Patrick F. Taylor Foundation official endorsement of Alaska's Achiever's Incentive Scholarship Program, based on high achievement and financial need, House Bill No. 94. This Bill is a first step in establishing a comprehensive scholarship program for Alaska young people to pursue a postsecondary education. There is no greater investment of the state financial resources then that of educating the young people who will be the future leaders of the great State of Alaska.

House Bill No. 94 should be enacted now, with the understanding that, like all legislation, that the Bill will be improved with further legislation over time to create a more comprehensive program, which will be open to all students who meet certain established criteria. The goal is to encourage all students to take a more rigorous curriculum in order to be adequately prepared to pursue their postsecondary education. The objective of preparing students is, not only to enroll, but to graduate in their chosen fields.

We, at the Patrick F. Taylor Foundation, are ready to assist you in the passage, implementation, and monitoring of this legislation at our own expense.

Please feel free to contact the Patrick F. Taylor Foundation if we can assist with this most important endeavor!

Sincerely

ames A. Caillier

Executive Director

JAC/glw

Distributed by Rep. Guttenber,

Submitted by: ASSEMBLY MEMBERS GRAY-

JACKSON AND JOHNSTON

Reviewed by: Assembly Counsel For reading: February 3, 2009

CLERK'S OFFICE

AMENDED AND APPROVED ANCHORAGE, ALASKA

AR NO. 2009-20

A RESOLUTION OF THE ANCHORAGE MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY IN SUPPORT OF ACTION BY THE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA TO CREATE THE POSTSECONDARY SCHOLARSHIP GRANT PROGRAM INTRODUCED IN SENATE BILL NO. 33 TO ENHANCE ACCESS TO THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA BY ALASKA ACHIEVERS.

WHEREAS, legislation to create the Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program, with both merit and needs-based components, has been pre-filed for the 26th Legislature - First Session as Senate Bill No. 33 and House Bill No. 94, as attached; and

WHEREAS legislation supporting the Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program was introduced in the 25th Legislature as HB 397 and HB 403; and

WHEREAS, the Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program will provide a state-funded scholarship program with both merit and needs-based components to enhance access to the University of Alaska postsecondary school system by academically successful students who also demonstrate financial need and wish to seek further education; and

WHEREAS, the Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program was designed through efforts of the Coalition of Student Leaders, a statewide organization of collegiate student governments, serving and representing over 30,000 students in the University of Alaska postsecondary school system; and

WHEREAS, SB No. 33 implementing the Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program has the support of the University of Alaska Administration; and

WHEREAS, education is a core value to share throughout the state.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Anchorage Assembly resolves as follows:

Section 1. The Anchorage Assembly applauds the program design and advocacy efforts of the Coalition of Student Leaders which have lead to the introduction of state legislation to create the Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program.

Section 2. The Anchorage Assembly supports creation of the Alaska Achievers' Incentive Scholarship Program and the Alaska Achievers' Scholarship Fund to

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enhance access to the University of Alaska, with both merit and needs-based components.

<u>Section 3.</u> The Anchorage Assembly encourages the 26th Alaska State Legislature to create the postsecondary scholarship grant program introduced in Senate Bill No. 33 to enhance access to the University of Alaska by Alaska Achievers.

PASSED AND APPROVED by the Anchorage Assembly this 3rd day of Manual Chair

ATTEST:

Municipal Clerk