AN ACT

Relating to the Alaska Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

THE ACT FOLLOWS ON PAGE 1
AN ACT

Relating to the Alaska Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association; and providing for an effective date.

* Section 1. AS 21.79.010 is amended to read:

Sec. 21.79.010. Purpose. The purpose of this chapter is to protect, subject to certain limitations, the persons specified in AS 21.79.020(a) against failure in the performance of contractual obligations under life [INSURANCE AND] health [INSURANCE POLICIES] and annuity policies, plans, or contracts specified in AS 21.79.020(b) because of the impairment or insolvency of the member insurer that issued the policies, plans, or contracts. To provide this protection, an association of member insurers is created under AS 21.79.040 to pay benefits and continue coverages as limited by this chapter, and members of the association are subject to assessment to provide funds to carry out the purpose of this chapter.

* Sec. 2. AS 21.79.020(a) is amended to read:
(a) This chapter applies to a policy and contract specified in (b) of this section and to a person who

(1) except for a nonresident certificate holder under a group policy or contract, is the beneficiary, assignee, or payee, including health care providers rendering services covered under health insurance policies or certificates, of a person described in (2) of this subsection; and

(2) except in the case of an unallocated annuity contract or a structured settlement annuity, is the owner of, or a certificate holder or enrollee under, the policy or contract, and who

(A) is a resident; or
(B) is not a resident, if the following conditions are satisfied:

(i) the member insurer that issued the policy or contract is domiciled in this state;
(ii) the state in which the person resides has an association similar to the association created by this chapter; and
(iii) the person is not eligible for coverage by an association in any other state due to the fact that the insurer, hospital or medical service corporation, or health maintenance organization was not licensed at the time specified in the guaranty association [AS REQUIRED BY] law of [IN] that state.

* Sec. 3. AS 21.79.020(b) is amended to read:

(b) This chapter applies to a person specified in (a) of this section for a policy or contract of [AND TO A] direct, nongroup life insurance, health insurance, annuity, and supplemental policy or contract, to a certificate under a direct group life, health, annuity, or supplemental policy or contract, to a subscriber's contract issued by a hospital or medical service corporation under AS 21.87, to a subscriber's contract issued by a health maintenance organization under AS 21.86, and to an unallocated annuity contract issued by a member insurer, except as otherwise limited by this chapter. In this subsection, "annuity policy or contract" or "certificate under a direct group life, health, annuity, or supplemental policy or contract" includes a guaranteed investment contract, a deposit administration contract, an unallocated funding agreement, an allocated funding agreement, a structured
settlement annuity, an annuity issued to or in connection with a government lottery, and an immediate or deferred annuity contract.

* Sec. 4. AS 21.79.020(c) is amended to read:

(c) This chapter does not apply to

(1) that part of a policy or contract that is not guaranteed by the member insurer;

(2) that part of the risk borne by the policy or contract owner [HOLDER];

(3) a policy or contract of reinsurance, unless an assumption certificate has been issued;

(4) that part of a policy or contract, except for part of a policy or contract, including a rider, that provides long-term care or other health insurance benefits, to the extent that the rate of interest on which it is based, or the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor determined by use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract employed in calculating returns or changes in value,

(A) averaged over the period of four years before the date on which the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever occurs first, exceeds the rate of interest determined by subtracting two percentage points from the published monthly average for that same four-year period or for a lesser period if the policy or contract was issued less than four years before the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever occurs first; and

(B) on and after the date on which the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever occurs first, exceeds the rate of interest determined by subtracting three percentage points from the most recent published monthly average;

(5) a portion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer, association, or similar entity to provide life, health, or an annuity benefit to an employee, [OR] member, or other person, to the extent that the plan or program is self-funded or uninsured, including a benefit payable by the employer, association,
or similar entity under

(A) a multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in 29
U.S.C. 1002 (Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974);
(B) a minimum premium group insurance plan;
(C) a stop-loss group insurance plan; or
(D) an administrative services only contract;
(6) that part of a policy or contract that provides a dividend or
experience rating credit or voting rights, or provides that a fee or allowance be paid to
a person, including the policy or contract owner [HOLDER], in connection with the
service to or administration of the policy or contract;
(7) a policy or contract issued in this state by a member insurer at a
time when it was not licensed or did not have a certificate of authority to issue the
policy or contract in this state;
(8) a person who is a payee or beneficiary of a contract owner
HOLDER who is a resident of this state if the payee or beneficiary is provided
coverage by the association of another state;
(9) a person covered under (d) [(e)] of this section if any coverage is
provided by the association of another state to that person;
(10) an unallocated annuity contract issued to or in connection with a
benefit plan protected under the United States Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation,
regardless of whether the United States Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation has
become liable to make any payments with respect to the benefit plan;
(11) that part of an unallocated annuity contract that is not issued to or
in connection with a specific employee, union, or association of natural persons
benefit plan or a government lottery;
(12) that part of a policy or contract to the extent that assessments
required by AS 21.79.070 with respect to the policy or contract are preempted by law;
(13) an obligation that does not arise under the express written terms of
the policy or contract issued by the member insurer to the enrollee, certificate
holder, contract owner, or policy owner, including, without limitation,
(A) a claim based on marketing materials;
(B) a claim based on a side letter or other document that was
issued by the member insurer without meeting applicable policy or contract
form filing or approval requirements;

(C) a misrepresentation of or regarding policy or contract
benefits;

(D) an extra contractual claim; or

(E) a claim for penalties or consequential or incidental
damages;

(14) a contractual agreement that establishes the member insurer's
obligations to provide a book value accounting guaranty for defined contribution
benefit plan participants by reference to a portfolio of assets that is owned by the
benefit plan or its trustee, which, in each case, is not an affiliate of the member
insurer; [OR]

(15) that part of a policy or contract to the extent the part of the policy
or contract provides for interest or other changes in value to be determined by the use
of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract, but that have
not been credited to the policy or contract, or as to which the policy or contract
owner's rights are subject to forfeiture, as of the date the member insurer becomes an
impaired or insolvent insurer under this chapter, whichever is earlier; if a policy's or
contract's interest or changes in value are credited less frequently than annually, then,
for purposes of determining the values that have been credited and are not subject to
forfeiture under this paragraph, the interest or change in value determined by using the
procedures defined in the policy or contract shall be credited as if the contractual date
of crediting interest or changing values was the date of impairment or insolvency,
whichever is earlier, and will not be subject to forfeiture;

(16) a policy or contract providing a hospital, medical,
prescription drug, or other health care benefit in accordance with 42 U.S.C.
1395w-21 - 1395w-154 or federal regulations adopted under those sections;

(17) a person who acquires rights to receive payments through a
structured settlement factoring transaction as defined in 26 U.S.C. 5891(c)(3)(A),
regardless of whether the transaction occurred before, on, or after 26 U.S.C.
5891(c)(3)(A) became effective; or

(18) structured settlement annuity benefits to which a payee or beneficiary has transferred the payee's or beneficiary's rights in a structured settlement factoring transaction as defined in 26 U.S.C. 5891(c)(3)(A), regardless of whether the transaction occurred before, on, or after 26 U.S.C. 5891(c)(3)(A) became effective.

* Sec. 5. AS 21.79.020(d) is amended to read:

(d) This chapter, except for (a) of this section, applies to an unallocated annuity contract [SPECIFIED UNDER (b) OF THIS SECTION.] and shall provide coverage to a person who is the owner of

(1) the unallocated annuity contract if the contract is issued to or in connection with a specific benefit plan whose plan sponsor has its principal place of business in this state; and

(2) an unallocated annuity contract issued to or in connection with a government lottery if the owner is a resident.

* Sec. 6. AS 21.79.020(e) is amended to read:

(e) This chapter, except for (a) of this section, applies to a structured settlement annuity [SPECIFIED UNDER (b) OF THIS SECTION.] and shall provide coverage to a person who is a payee under a structured settlement annuity, or the beneficiary of a payee if the payee is deceased, if the payee is

(1) a resident, regardless of where the contract owner resides; or

(2) not a resident, but only if both of the following conditions exist [EXISTS]:

(A) the contract owner of the structured settlement annuity is

(i) a resident; or

(ii) not a resident, but the insurer that issued the structured settlement annuity is domiciled in this state, and the state in which the contract owner resides has an association similar to the association created by this chapter; and

(B) the payee, or the payee's beneficiary, and the contract owner are not eligible for coverage by the association of the state in which the
payee or contract owner resides.

* Sec. 7. AS 21.79.025(a) is amended to read:

(a) The benefits for which the association may become liable may not exceed the lesser of

(1) the contractual obligations for which the member insurer is liable or would have been liable if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer;

(2) with respect to any one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts,

(A) $300,000 in life insurance death benefits, but not more than $100,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance;

(B) for [IN] health insurance benefits,

(i) $100,000 for coverage not defined as disability income insurance, health benefit plans, or long-term care insurance, [OR BASIC HOSPITAL, MEDICAL, AND SURGICAL INSURANCE OR MAJOR MEDICAL INSURANCE,] including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;

(ii) $300,000 for disability income insurance as defined in AS 21.12.052 and $300,000 for long-term care insurance as defined in AS 21.53.200;

(iii) $500,000 for health benefit plans [BASIC HOSPITAL, MEDICAL, AND SURGICAL INSURANCE OR MAJOR MEDICAL INSURANCE];

(C) $250,000 in the present value of annuity benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;

(3) with respect to either [ANY] one contract owner provided coverage under AS 21.79.020(d)(2) [HOLDER] or one plan sponsor whose plan owns directly or in trust one or more unallocated annuity contracts not included in (4) of this subsection, $5,000,000 in unallocated annuity contract benefits, irrespective of the number of contracts held by that contract owner [HOLDER] or plan sponsor except that, in the case of one or more unallocated annuity contracts that are covered
under this chapter and that are owned by a trust or other entity for the benefit of two or
more plan sponsors, coverage shall be provided by the association if the largest
interest in the trust or entity owning the contract is held by a plan sponsor whose
principal place of business is in this state; however, the association is not liable to
cover more than $5,000,000 in benefits, regardless of the number of policies and
contracts held by the owner [WITH RESPECT TO AN UNALLOCATED
ANNUITY CONTRACT NOT INCLUDED IN (4) OF THIS SUBSECTION];

(4) with respect to an individual participating in a governmental
retirement benefit plan established under 26 U.S.C. 401, 26 U.S.C. 403(b), or 26
U.S.C. 457 and covered by an unallocated annuity contract, or to a beneficiary of the
individual if the individual is deceased, in the aggregate, $250,000 [$100,000] in
present-value annuity benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal
values; or

(5) with respect to each payee of a structured settlement annuity, or
beneficiary of the payee if the payee is deceased, $250,000 [$100,000] in present-
value annuity benefits in the aggregate, including net cash surrender and net cash
withdrawal values, if any.

* Sec. 8. AS 21.79.025(c) is amended to read:

  (c) In providing coverage required under AS 21.79.060, the association may
not be required to guarantee, assume, reissue, reinsure, or perform, or cause to be
guaranteed, assumed, reissued, reinsured, or performed, the contractual obligations of
an insolvent or impaired insurer under a covered policy or contract when the
obligations do not materially affect the economic values or economic benefits of the
covered policy or contract.

* Sec. 9. AS 21.79.025(d) is amended to read:

  (d) The association may not be required to cover more than

  (1) an aggregate of $300,000 in benefits with respect to any one life
under (a)(2), (4), and (5) of this section, except that, with respect to benefits for health
benefit plans [BASIC HOSPITAL, MEDICAL, AND SURGICAL INSURANCE OR
MAJOR MEDICAL INSURANCE] under (a)(2)(B) of this section, the aggregate
liability of the association may not exceed $500,000 for any one individual; or
(2) $5,000,000 in benefits with respect to one owner of multiple nongroup policies of life insurance, whether the policy or contract owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees, or other persons, regardless of the number of policies and contracts held by the owner.

* Sec. 10. AS 21.79.025 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(e) For purposes of this chapter, benefits provided by a long-term care rider to a life insurance policy or annuity contract will be considered the same type of benefits as the base life insurance policy or annuity contract to which the rider relates.

* Sec. 11. AS 21.79.040(a) is amended to read:

(a) There is established as a nonprofit legal entity the Alaska Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association. Each member insurer shall be a member of the association as a condition of the insurer's authority to transact insurance, a hospital or medical service corporation business, or a health maintenance organization business in this state. The association shall perform its functions under a plan of operation established and approved under AS 21.79.080 and shall exercise its powers through the Board of Governors established under AS 21.79.050. For purposes of administration and assessment, the association shall maintain the following accounts:

(1) the health [INSURANCE] account; and

(2) the life insurance and annuity account, including the following subaccounts:

(A) life insurance account;

(B) annuity account that must include annuity contracts owned by a governmental retirement benefit plan, or its trustee, qualified under 26 U.S.C. 401, 26 U.S.C. 403(b), or 26 U.S.C. 457 (Internal Revenue Code), but that otherwise excludes unallocated annuities; and

(C) unallocated annuity account that must exclude contracts owned by a governmental retirement benefit plan, or its trustee, qualified under 26 U.S.C. 401, 26 U.S.C. 403(b), or 26 U.S.C. 457 (Internal Revenue Code).

* Sec. 12. AS 21.79.050(a) is amended to read:

(a) The Board of Governors of the association consists of not less than seven
[FIVE] nor more than 11 [NINE] representatives of member insurers. The director may appoint two individuals as members of the board to represent the public. Terms of office for board members shall be established in the plan of operation submitted under AS 21.79.080. Member insurers shall select the insurer board members, subject to the approval of the director. A vacancy in a board membership held by an insurer member shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining board members, subject to the approval of the director. A vacancy in a board membership held by a representative of the public shall be filled by the director. A board member who represents the public may not be an officer, director, or employee of an insurer, hospital or medical service corporation, or health maintenance organization and may not be engaged in the business of insurance.

* Sec. 13. AS 21.79.060(a) is amended to read:

(a) If a member insurer becomes impaired, the association may, with the approval of the director and subject to any conditions imposed by the association that do not impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer,

   (1) guarantee, assume, reissue, reinsure, or provide for the guarantee, assumption, reissuance, or reinsurance of the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer; and [OR]

   (2) provide money, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees, or other means that are necessary to act under (1) of this subsection and to assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer until those obligations are guaranteed, reinsured, or assumed.

* Sec. 14. AS 21.79.060(d) is amended to read:

(d) If a member insurer becomes insolvent, the association shall, in its discretion and with the approval of the director,

   (1) guarantee, assume, reissue, reinsure, or provide for the guarantee, assumption, reissuance, or reinsurance of the covered policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer, or otherwise assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer; and provide money, pledges, loans, notes, guarantees, or other means that are necessary to discharge the association's duties under this section; or
(2) provide benefits and coverage in accordance with the following provisions:

(A) with respect to policies and contracts, assure payment of benefits that would have been payable under a policy or contract of the insolvent insurer for claims incurred with respect to

   (i) a group policy or contract, not later than the earlier of the next renewal date under the policy or contract or 45 days, but in no event less than 30 days, after the date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to the policy or contract;

   (ii) an individual policy, contract, or annuity, not later than the earlier of the next renewal date, if any, under the policy or contract or one year, but in no event less than 30 days, after the date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to the policy or contract;

(B) with respect to an individual or group policy or contract, make a diligent effort to provide a known insured, an enrollee, an annuitant, or a group policy owner or group contract owner 30 days' notice of the termination of the benefits provided;

(C) with respect to an individual policy or contract, make available to each known insured, enrollee, or annuitant, or owner if other than an insured, enrollee, or annuitant, and with respect to an individual who was formerly an insured, enrollee, or annuitant under a group policy or contract who is not eligible for replacement group coverage, make available substitute coverage on an individual basis under (D) of this paragraph, if the insured, enrollee, or annuitant had a right under law or under the terminated policy or contract to convert coverage to individual coverage or to continue an individual policy or contract in force until a specified age, or for a specific time during which the insurer, hospital or medical service corporation, or health maintenance organization did not have the unilateral right to make changes in any provision of the policy or contract.
contract or had a right only to make changes in premium by class;

(D) in providing the substitute coverage under (C) of this paragraph, the association

(i) shall offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue an alternate policy or contract at actuarially justified rates;

(ii) shall offer an alternative or reissued policy or contract without requiring evidence of insurability and may not provide for a waiting period or exclusion that would not have applied under the terminated policy or contract; and

(iii) may reinsure an alternative or reissued policy or contract;

(E) an alternative policy or contract must

(i) if adopted by the association, be subject to the approval of the director; the association may adopt alternative policies or contracts of various types for future issuance without regard to a particular impairment or insolvency;

(ii) contain at least the minimum statutory provisions required in the state and provide benefits that may not be unreasonable in relation to the premium charged; the association shall set the premium under a table of rates that it shall adopt; the premium must reflect the amount of insurance to be provided and the age and class of risk of each insured, but may not reflect changes in the health of the insured after the original policy or contract was last underwritten;

(iii) if issued by the association, provide coverage of a type similar to that of the policy or contract issued by the impaired or insolvent insurer, as determined by the association;

(F) if the association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate different from that charged under the terminated policy or contract, the premium shall be actuarially justified and set by
the association according to the amount of insurance or coverage provided
and the age and class of risk;

(G) the association's obligations with respect to coverage
under a policy or contract of an impaired or insolvent insurer or under a
reissued or alternative policy or contract stop on the date the coverage,
policy, or contract is replaced by another similar policy or contract by the
policy or contract owner, the insured, the enrollee, or the association;

(H) when proceeding under this subsection with respect to a
policy or contract carrying guaranteed minimum interest rates, the
association shall assure the payment or crediting of a rate of interest
consistent with AS 21.79.020(c)(4) [HELD BY RESIDENTS;

(2) ASSURE PAYMENT TO RESIDENTS OF THE
CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE INSOLVENT INSURER;

(3) PROVIDE MONEY, PLEDGES, NOTES, GUARANTEES, OR
OTHER MEANS NECESSARY TO DISCHARGE THE ASSOCIATION'S DUTIES
UNDER THIS SUBSECTION; OR

(4) WITH RESPECT ONLY TO LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE
POLICIES AND ANNUITIES, PROVIDE BENEFITS AND COVERAGES
REQUIRED UNDER (e) OF THIS SECTION].

* Sec. 15. AS 21.79.060(k) is amended to read:

(k) Nonpayment of a premium within 31 days after the date required under the
terms of a guaranteed, assumed, alternative or reissued policy or contract or substitute
coverage terminates the obligations of the association under the policy, contract, or
coverage except with respect to the claims incurred or the net cash surrender value that
may be due under the provisions of this chapter.

* Sec. 16. AS 21.79.060(l) is amended to read:

(l) A premium due for coverage after entry of an order of liquidation of an
insolvent insurer belongs to and is payable at the direction of the association. Upon
request of a liquidator of an insolvent insurer, the association shall provide a
report to the liquidator regarding the premium collected by the association. The
[, AND THE] association is liable for unearned premiums due to a policy or contract
owner arising after the entry of the order.

* Sec. 17. AS 21.79.060(n) is amended to read:

(n) In carrying out its duties under [(a), (c), AND] (d) of this section, the
association may impose a permanent policy or contract lien under a guarantee,
assumption, or reinsurance agreement if the policy or contract lien is approved by a
court and the association finds that

(1) the amount that may be assessed under this chapter is less than the
amount needed to assure full and prompt performance of the association's duties
under this chapter [INSOLVENT INSURER'S CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS];
or

(2) the economic or financial condition that affects member insurers is
sufficiently adverse that the imposition of a policy or contract lien is in the public
interest.

* Sec. 18. AS 21.79.060(o) is amended to read:

(o) In carrying out its duties [BEFORE TAKING ACTION] under (d) [(a) -
(e)] of this section, the association may request the superior court to impose an
injunction against the payment of a cash value and policy loan, or the exercise of
another right to withdraw funds held in connection with a policy or contract, in
addition to a contractual provision for deferral of a cash or policy loan value. In
addition, if the receivership court imposes an injunction on payment of cash values or
policy loans or on any other right to withdraw funds of an impaired or insolvent
insurer held in conjunction with a policy or contract, the association may defer
payment of cash values, policy loans, or other rights for the period of the injunction,
except for claims covered by the association to be paid as required by a hardship
procedure established by the liquidator or rehabilitator and approved by the
receivership court.

* Sec. 19. AS 21.79.060(p) is amended to read:

(p) If the association fails to take action under (d) [(a) - (e)] of this section
within a reasonable period of time after a member insurer becomes insolvent, the
director shall assume the powers of the association under (d) [(a) - (e)] of this section.

* Sec. 20. AS 21.79.060(s) is amended to read:
(s) A person who receives benefits under this chapter is considered to have assigned the rights under, and any cause of action against a person for losses arising under, resulting from, or otherwise relating to, the covered policy to the association to the extent of the benefits received under this chapter, whether the benefits are payment of or on account of contractual obligations, continuations of coverage, or provisions of substitute or alternative policies, contracts, or coverages [COVERAGE]. The association may require an assignment to the association of those rights by the enrollee, payee [PAYEES], policy or contract owner, beneficiary, insured, or annuitant before a person receives the rights or benefits conferred by this chapter. The priority of the association's subrogation right to the assets of the insolvent insurer is the same as the priority of the person entitled to benefits under this chapter. In addition to the rights described in this subsection, the association has common law rights of subrogation and any other equitable or legal remedy that would have been available to the impaired or insolvent insurer or owner, beneficiary, enrollee, or payee of a policy or contract with respect to the policy or contract. These rights include, in the case of a structured settlement annuity, the rights of the enrollee, owner, beneficiary, or payee of the annuity, to the extent of benefits received under this chapter, against a person originally or by succession responsible for the losses arising from the personal injury relating to the annuity or annuity payment, except for a person responsible solely by reason of being an assignee in respect to a qualified assignment under 26 U.S.C. 130 (Internal Revenue Code). If the provisions of this subsection are invalid with respect to a person or claim, the amount payable by the association with respect to the related coverage obligation shall be reduced by the amount realized by another person from the person or claim covered by the association. If the association has provided benefits with respect to a covered obligation and a person recovers amounts to which the association has rights as described in this subsection, the person recovering the amounts shall pay to the association the portion of the recovery attributable to the policies or contracts [POLICY] covered by the association.

* Sec. 21. AS 21.79.060(t) is amended to read:

(t) In addition to the rights and powers otherwise established in this chapter, the association may
(1) enter into contracts that are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of this chapter;

(2) sue or be sued, and take legal action necessary or proper for recovery of an unpaid assessment under AS 21.79.070 or settlement of a claim or potential claim;

(3) borrow money to carry out the purposes of this chapter; notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the association not in default are legal investments for domestic member insurers and may be carried as admitted assets;

(4) employ or retain those persons necessary to handle the financial transactions of the association and other functions under this chapter;

(5) negotiate and contract with a liquidator, rehabilitator, conservator, or ancillary receiver to carry out the powers and duties of the association;

(6) exercise, for the purposes of this chapter and to the extent approved by the director, the powers of a domestic life insurer, [OR] health insurer, hospital or medical service corporation, or health maintenance organization; however, the association may not issue [INSURANCE] policies or [ANNUITY] contracts other than those issued to perform its obligations under this chapter [THE CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS OF AN IMPAIRED OR INSOLVENT INSURER];

(7) take legal action to prevent or recover the payment of improper claims;

(8) join an organization of one or more other state associations with similar purposes;

(9) determine, using reasonable business judgment, the means by which the association is to provide the benefits of this chapter in an economical and efficient manner;

(10) request information from a person seeking coverage from the association in order to determine the obligations of the association under this chapter; a person receiving a request under this paragraph shall promptly comply with the request;

(11) request information from a member insurer in order to aid in the
exercise of a power under this section; a member insurer receiving a request under this paragraph shall promptly comply with the request; [AND]

(12) unless prohibited by law, in accordance with the terms of the policy or contract, file for actuarially justified rates or premium increases for a policy or contract for which it provides coverage under this chapter; and

(13) perform all other acts necessary or proper to implement this chapter.

* Sec. 22. AS 21.79.060 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

(aa) The rights and obligations of the association, reinsurers of an insolvent insurer, and the receiver of an insolvent insurer are governed by the following provisions:

(1) not later than 180 days after the date of the order of liquidation, the association may elect to succeed to the rights and obligations of the ceding member insurer that relate to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association, in each case under any one or more reinsurance contracts entered into by the insolvent insurer and its reinsurers and selected by the association; an assumption is effective as of the date of the order of liquidation; the election shall be effected by the association or the National Organization of Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Associations on the association's behalf by written notice, return receipt requested, to the affected reinsurers; to facilitate the earliest practicable decision about whether to assume any of the contracts of reinsurance and to protect the financial position of the estate, as soon as possible after commencement of formal delinquency proceedings, the receiver and each reinsurer of the ceding member insurer shall make available, upon request, to the association or the National Organization of Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Associations on the association's behalf:

(A) copies of in-force contracts of reinsurance and all related files and records relevant to the determination of whether those contracts should be assumed; and

(B) notices of any defaults under the reinsurance contracts or any known event or condition that, with the passage of time, could become a default under the reinsurance contracts;
(2) as to reinsurance contracts assumed by the association under this subsection,

(A) the association is responsible for all unpaid premiums due under the reinsurance contracts for periods before, on, and after the date of the order of liquidation and is responsible for the performance of all other obligations to be performed on and after the date of the order of liquidation in each case that relates to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association; the association may charge policies, contracts, or annuities covered in part by the association, through reasonable allocation methods, the costs for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the association and shall provide notice and an accounting of those charges to the liquidator;

(B) the association is entitled to any amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance contracts with respect to losses or events that occur in periods on and after the date of the order of liquidation and that relate to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association, if, upon receiving those amounts, the association is obliged to pay to the beneficiary, under the policy, contract, or annuity for which the amounts were paid, a portion of the amount equal to the lesser of the amount

(i) received by the association; and

(ii) by which the amount received by the association exceeds the amount equal to the benefits paid by the association under the policy, contract, or annuity, less the amount retained by the insurer applicable to the loss or event;

(C) not later than 30 days after the association's election, the association and each reinsurer under contracts assumed by the association shall calculate the net balance due to or from the association under each reinsurance contract as of the election date with respect to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association; in making the calculation, the association and reinsurer shall give full credit to all items paid by either the member insurer or its receiver or the reinsurer before the election date; the
reinsurer shall pay the receiver any amounts due for losses or events before the
date of the order of liquidation, subject to any set-off for premiums unpaid for
periods before the date, and the association or reinsurer shall pay any
remaining balance due the other, in each case, not later than five days after the
completion of the calculation; a dispute over the amount due to the association
or reinsurer shall be resolved by arbitration under the terms of the affected
reinsurance contract or, if the contract does not contain an arbitration clause, as
otherwise provided by law; if the receiver has received an amount due to the
association under (B) of this paragraph, the receiver shall remit the amount to
the association as promptly as practicable;

(D) if the association or receiver on the association's behalf, not
later than 60 days after the election date, pays the unpaid premiums due for
periods both before and after the election date that relate to policies, contracts,
or annuities covered, in whole or in part, by the association, the reinsurer may
not terminate the reinsurance contracts for failure to pay premium insofar as
the reinsurance contracts relate to policies, contracts, or annuities covered, in
whole or in part, by the association, and may not set off an unpaid amount due
under another contract or an unpaid amount due from a party other than the
association against amounts due to the association;

(3) during the period from the date of the order of liquidation until the
election date, or, if the election date does not occur, until 180 days after the date of the
order of liquidation,

(A) neither the association nor the reinsurer shall have any
rights or obligations under reinsurance contracts that the association has the
right to assume, whether for periods before, on, or after the date of the order of
liquidation; and

(B) the reinsurer, the receiver, and the association shall, to the
extent practicable, provide to each other data and records reasonably requested,
if, once the association has elected to assume a reinsurance contract, the
parties' rights and obligations are governed by this subsection;

(4) if the association does not elect to assume a reinsurance contract by
the election date, the association does not have rights or obligations, in each case for
periods before, on, and after the date of the order of liquidation, with respect to the
reinsurance contract;

(5) when policies, contracts, annuities, or covered obligations with
respect to policies or annuities are transferred to an assuming insurer, the association
may also transfer reinsurance on the policies, contracts, or annuities, in the case of
contracts assumed by the association, subject to the following:

(A) unless the reinsurer and the assuming insurer agree
otherwise, the reinsurance contract transferred may not cover any new policies
or insurance, contracts, or annuities in addition to those transferred;

(B) the obligations described in (1) of this subsection do not
apply with respect to matters arising on and after the effective date of the
transfer; and

(C) notice shall be given in writing, return receipt requested, by
the transferring party to the affected reinsurer not less than 30 days before the
effective date of the transfer;

(6) the provisions of this subsection supersede the provisions of any
state law or of any affected reinsurance contract that provides for or requires any
payment of reinsurance proceeds, on account of losses or events that occur in periods
on and after the date of the order of liquidation, to the receiver of the insolvent insurer
or another person; the receiver shall remain entitled to any amounts payable by the
reinsurer under the reinsurance contracts with respect to losses or events that occur in
periods before the date of the liquidation, subject to applicable set-off provisions;

(7) except as otherwise provided in this section, nothing in this
subsection

(A) alters or modifies the terms and conditions of a reinsurance
contract;

(B) abrogates or limits the right of a reinsurer to claim that the
reinsurer is entitled to rescind a reinsurance contract;

(C) gives a policy or contract owner, enrollee, certificate
holder, or beneficiary an independent cause of action against a reinsurer that is
not otherwise set out in the reinsurance contract;

(D) limits or affects the association's rights as a creditor of the 
estate against the assets of the estate; and

(E) applies to a reinsurance agreement covering property or 
casualty risks.

* Sec. 23. AS 21.79.070(a) is amended to read:

(a) For the purpose of providing funds necessary to carry out the powers and 
duties of the association, the Board of Governors shall by resolution assess the 
member insurers, separately for each account, at a time and for an amount that the 
board finds necessary. Assessments are authorized when a resolution is passed and 
are due not less than 30 days after prior written notice to the member insurers and 
accrue interest at 10 percent a year from the date payment is due. Authorized 
assessments become called when notice is mailed by the association to member 
insurers.

* Sec. 24. AS 21.79.070(c) is amended to read:

(c) The amount of a class A assessment shall be determined by the board and 
may be made on a pro rata or non pro rata basis. If a pro rata assessment is made, the 
board may provide that it be credited against future class B assessments. [A NON 
PRO RATA ASSESSMENT MAY NOT EXCEED $250 PER MEMBER INSURER 
IN A CALENDAR YEAR.] The amount of a class B assessment, except for 
assessments related to long-term care insurance, shall be allocated for assessment 
purposes between [AMONG] the accounts and among the subaccounts of the life 
insurance and annuity account under an allocation formula that may be based on the 
premiums or reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer or by another standard 
determined by the board in its sole discretion as being fair and reasonable under the 
circumstances. The amount of the class B assessment for long-term care insurance 
written by the impaired or insolvent insurer shall be allocated according to a 
methodology included in the association's plan of operation approved by the 
director. The methodology must provide for 50 percent of the assessment to be 
allocated to accident and health member insurers and 50 percent to be allocated 
to life and annuity member insurers.
* Sec. 25. AS 21.79.070(f) is amended to read:

(f) Except as provided in this subsection, the total of all assessments on a member insurer for each subaccount of the life and annuity account and for the health account may not in any one calendar year exceed two percent of the member insurer's average annual premiums received in this state on policies or contracts covered by the account or subaccount during the three calendar years preceding the year in which the member insurer became an impaired or insolvent insurer. If two or more assessments are authorized in one calendar year with respect to member insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, the average annual premiums for purposes of the aggregate assessment percentage limitation imposed under this subsection shall be limited to the highest of the average annual premiums during the preceding three calendar years for the applicable subaccount or account as calculated under this section. If the maximum assessment, together with the other assets of the association in an account, does not provide in any one year in either account an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the necessary additional funds shall be assessed as soon as permitted by this chapter.

* Sec. 26. AS 21.79.070(j) is amended to read:

(j) The board may, by an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each member insurer to that account, the amount by which the assets of the account exceed the amount the board finds is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the association with regard to that account, including assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net realized gains, and income from investments. A reasonable amount may be retained in any account to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the association and for future losses claims.

* Sec. 27. AS 21.79.070(k) is amended to read:

(k) A member insurer may, in determining its premium rates and policy owner dividends as to any kind of insurance, hospital or medical service corporation business, or health maintenance organization business within the scope of this chapter, consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under this chapter.
* Sec. 28. AS 21.79.070(l) is amended to read:

(l) A member insurer that wishes to protest all or part of an assessment shall pay when due the full amount of the assessment as set out in the notice provided by the association. The payment shall be available to meet association obligations during the pendency of the protest or any subsequent appeal. If a payment is made under protest, payment must be accompanied by a statement in writing that the payment is made under protest and setting out a brief statement of the grounds for the protest. Within 60 days following the payment of an assessment under protest by a member insurer, the association shall notify the member insurer in writing of its determination with respect to the protest unless the association notifies the member insurer that additional time is required to resolve the issues raised by the protest. Within 30 days after a final decision has been made, the association shall notify the protesting member insurer in writing of that final decision. Within 60 days after receipt of notice of the final decision, the protesting member insurer may appeal that final action to the director. In the alternative to rendering a final decision with respect to a protest based on a question regarding the assessment base, the association may refer protests to the director for a final decision with or without recommendation from the association. If a protest or appeal on an assessment is upheld, the amount paid in error or excess shall be returned to the member insurer. Interest on a refund due a protesting insurer shall be paid at the rate actually earned by the association.

* Sec. 29. AS 21.79.080(c) is amended to read:

(c) A member insurer shall comply with the plan of operation. The plan of operation must

(1) establish procedures for handling assets of the association;

(2) establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board under AS 21.79.050(c);

(3) establish regular places and times for meetings of the board in the state; the board may conduct meetings telephonically;

(4) establish procedures for keeping records of all financial transactions of the association, its agents, and the board;

(5) establish terms of office for members of the board, and establish
procedures for the selection of the members of the board and for the director's approval of the members selected;

(6) establish additional procedures for assessments under AS 21.79.070; [AND]

(7) **establish procedures for removing a member of the board for cause, including procedures for removing a member of the board who becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer;**

(8) **establish policy and procedures for addressing conflicts of interest; and**

(9) contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the association to exercise its powers and duties.

* **Sec. 30.** AS 21.79.090(b) is amended to read:

(b) The director may

(1) after notice and hearing as provided in AS 21.06.180 - 21.06.230, suspend or revoke the certificate of authority to transact business [INSURANCE] in this state of a member insurer that fails to pay an assessment when due or fails to comply with the plan of operation;

(2) levy a penalty on a member insurer that fails to comply with the plan of operation;

(3) levy a penalty on a member insurer that fails to pay an assessment when due; if the unpaid assessment is more than $2,000, the penalty may not exceed five percent of the unpaid assessment a [PER] month or be less than $100 a [PER] month; if the unpaid assessment is $2,000 or less, the penalty is $100 a [PER] month.

* **Sec. 31.** AS 21.79.090(c) is amended to read:

(c) A final [AN] action of the board or the association may be appealed to the director by a member insurer if the appeal is taken not later than 60 [WITHIN 30] days after the date the notice of the action is mailed. Final action or order of the director may be reviewed by the superior court.

* **Sec. 32.** AS 21.79.090(d) is amended to read:

(d) The liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of an impaired or insolvent insurer may notify all interested persons of the effect of this chapter.
* Sec. 33. AS 21.79.100(a) is amended to read:

(a) The director shall notify, by mail, the commissioner, director, or superintendent of insurance of the other states, territories of the United States, and the District of Columbia within 30 days after the date on which the following actions are taken against a member insurer:

1. revocation of a license;
2. suspension of a license; or
3. a formal order that a member insurer restrict its premium writing, obtain additional contributions to surplus, withdraw from the state, reinsure all or any part of its business, or increase capital, surplus, or any other account for the security of policyholders, contract owners, certificate holders, or creditors.

* Sec. 34. AS 21.79.100(e) is amended to read:

(e) The director may seek the board's advice and recommendations concerning the financial condition of member insurers, hospital and medical service corporations, and health maintenance organizations who apply for admission to transact insurance business in the state.

* Sec. 35. AS 21.79.100(f) is amended to read:

(f) The board may

1. make reports and recommendations to the director relating to the solvency, liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation of a member insurer or the solvency of an insurer, hospital or medical service corporation, or health maintenance organization that applies [INSURERS WHO APPLY] to transact insurance business in the state; the director and the board shall keep the reports and recommendations confidential;
2. notify the director of any information that indicates that a member insurer may be impaired or insolvent.

* Sec. 36. AS 21.79.100(h) is amended to read:

(h) The board may make recommendations to the director for detecting and preventing member insurer insolvencies.

* Sec. 37. AS 21.79.110(c) is amended to read:

(c) The association is considered to be a creditor of the impaired or insolvent
insurer to the extent of assets attributable to covered policies that are reduced by an amount to which the association is entitled under AS 21.79.060(s). Assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer that are attributable to covered policies shall be used to continue all covered policies and pay all contractual obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by this chapter. Assets attributable to covered policies or contracts include those assets that should have been established as reserves for the covered policies or contracts. These assets are determined by multiplying the total assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount that should have been established as reserves for the covered policies or contracts of the impaired or insolvent insurer, and the denominator of which is the amount that should have been established as reserves for all policies or contracts of insurance issued in all states by that insurer. As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer, the association and other similar entities in other states are entitled to receive a disbursement of assets out of the marshaled assets as a credit against contractual obligations under this chapter from time to time as the assets become available. If the liquidator has not, within 120 days after the date of a final determination of insolvency of a member insurer by the court, made an application to the court for the approval of a proposal to disburse assets, the association may make application to the court for the approval of the association's proposal to disburse assets.

* Sec. 38. AS 21.79.110(d) is amended to read:

(d) Before the termination of a liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation proceeding, the court may consider the contributions of the respective parties, including the association, [THE] shareholders, contract owners, certificate holders, enrollees, and policyholders of the impaired or insolvent insurer, and any other party with a bona fide interest, in distributing the ownership rights of the impaired or insolvent insurer. The court shall consider the welfare of policyholders, contract owners, certificate holders, and enrollees of the continuing or successor member insurer [INSURERS]. A distribution to stockholders of an impaired or insolvent insurer may not be made until the total amount of valid claims of the association for money spent in carrying out its powers and duties under AS 21.79.060, with respect to the impaired or insolvent insurer, has been fully recovered by the association.
*Sec. 39.* AS 21.79.110(f) is amended to read:

(f) A deposit in this state, held by law or required by the director for the benefit of creditors, including policy or contract owners, not turned over to the domiciliary liquidator upon the entry of a final order of liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation plan of a member [AN] insurer domiciled in this state or in a reciprocal state shall be promptly paid to the association. The association

(1) is entitled to retain a portion of any amount paid to it equal to the percentage determined by dividing the aggregate amount of policy or contract owners' claims related to that insolvency for which the association has provided statutory benefits by the aggregate amount of all policy or contract owners' claims in this state related to that insolvency; and

(2) shall remit to the domiciliary receiver the amount paid to the association and retained under (1) of this subsection; any amount paid to the association not retained by it under (1) of this subsection shall be treated as a distribution of state assets under AS 21.78.294 or a similar provision of the state of domicile of the impaired or insolvent insurer.

*Sec. 40.* AS 21.79.140 is amended to read:

Sec. 21.79.140. Civil immunity. The association and its agents and employees, members of the Board of Governors, member insurers, and agents and employees of member insurers, and the director and the director's representatives are not civilly liable, and a cause of action of any nature may not arise, for an action or omission in performing duties under this chapter. The immunity extends to the participation in an organization of one or more other state associations of similar purposes and to that organization and its agents or employees [IN THIS SECTION, "DUTIES" INCLUDES PARTICIPATION IN AN ORGANIZATION OF ONE OR MORE STATE ASSOCIATIONS OF LIFE OR HEALTH INSURERS].

*Sec. 41.* AS 21.79.150 is amended to read:

Sec. 21.79.150. Stay of proceedings; default judgment. Proceedings involving an insolvent insurer shall be stayed at least 180 [60] days after the date of a final order of liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation in order to allow the association to exercise a power or duty authorized under this chapter. If a default
judgment is entered against an insolvent insurer, the association may apply to have the judgment set aside or may defend against the action on its merits.

* Sec. 42. AS 21.79.160(a) is amended to read:

(a) A person, including a member [AN] insurer, agent, or affiliate of a member [AN] insurer, may not make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or cause, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in any newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement, written or oral, that uses the existence of the association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance or other coverage covered by the association. However, this section does not apply to the association or any other entity that does not sell or solicit insurance, coverage by a hospital or medical service corporation, or coverage by a health maintenance organization.

* Sec. 43. AS 21.79.160(b) is amended to read:

(b) The association shall prepare a summary document describing the general purposes and current limitations of this chapter and complying with (c) of this section. This document shall be submitted to the director for approval. Beginning 60 days after the date on which the director approves the document, a member [AN] insurer may not deliver a policy or contract to a policy or contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee [POLICY OR CONTRACT OWNER] unless the summary document is delivered to the policy or contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee [POLICY OR CONTRACT OWNER] at the time of delivery of the policy or contract. The document shall also be available upon request by a policy or contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee [OWNER]. The distribution, delivery, contents, or interpretation of this document does not guarantee that either the policy or the contract, or the policy or contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee [OWNER OF THE POLICY OR CONTRACT] is covered in the event of the impairment or insolvency of a member insurer. The description document shall be revised by the association as amendments to this chapter may require. Failure to receive this
document does not give the policy or [OWNER,] contract owner, certificate holder, enrollee, or insured any greater rights than those stated in this chapter.

* Sec. 44. AS 21.79.160(c) is amended to read:

   (c) The document prepared under (b) of this section must contain a clear and conspicuous disclaimer on its face. The director shall establish the form and content of the disclaimer. The disclaimer must

   (1) state the name and address of the association and the division of insurance;

   (2) prominently warn the policy or contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee that the association may not cover the policy or, if coverage is available, that the policy will be subject to substantial limitations and exclusions and conditioned on continued residence in this state;

   (3) state the types of policies or contracts for which guaranty funds will provide coverage;

   (4) state that the member insurer and its agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of the association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance, hospital or medical service corporation coverage, or health maintenance organization coverage;

   (5) state that the policy or contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee should not rely on coverage under the association when selecting an [AND] insurer;

   (6) explain rights available and procedures for filing a complaint to allege a violation of a provision of this chapter; and

   (7) provide other information as required by the director, including sources for information about the financial condition of insurers if the information is not proprietary and is subject by law to disclosure.

* Sec. 45. AS 21.79.900(5) is amended to read:

   (5) "called" means that a notice has been mailed [ISSUED] by the association to member insurers requiring that an authorized assessment be paid within the time set out in the notice;

* Sec. 46. AS 21.79.900(6) is amended to read:
(6) "contractual obligation" means an obligation under a policy, contract, or certificate under a group policy or contract, or a portion of one for which coverage is provided under AS 21.79.020(a), (b), (d), or (e):

* Sec. 47. AS 21.79.900(7) is amended to read:

(7) "covered contract" or "covered policy" means a policy or contract or a portion of a policy or contract for which coverage is provided under [DESCRIBED IN] AS 21.79.020(a) [ AND] (b), (d), or (e):

* Sec. 48. AS 21.79.900(10) is amended to read:

(10) "member insurer" means an insurer licensed to transact insurance in the state, a hospital or medical service corporation licensed under AS 21.87, or a health maintenance organization licensed under AS 21.86, for which coverage is provided in AS 21.79.020 [, OR A SUBSCRIBER CONTRACT PROVIDING BENEFITS DESCRIBED IN AS 21.87.120(a)(2) - (4) OR 21.87.130(a)(2) AND (3),] and includes an insurer, a hospital or medical service corporation licensed under AS 21.87, or a health maintenance organization licensed under AS 21.86, whose license or certificate of authority in this state may have been suspended, revoked, not renewed, or voluntarily withdrawn; "member insurer" does not include

(A) [A HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LICENSED UNDER AS 21.86;
(B) [a fraternal benefit society licensed under AS 21.84;
(B) [ (C)] a mandatory state pooling plan;
(C) [(D)] a mutual assessment company or an entity that operates on an assessment basis;
(D) [(E)] an insurance exchange licensed under AS 21.75;
(E) [(F)] A HOSPITAL OR MEDICAL SERVICE ORGANIZATION LICENSED UNDER AS 21.87;
(G) [an organization that has a license or certificate limited to the issuance of charitable gift annuities; or
(F) [(H)] an entity similar to one described under (A) - (E) [(A)
- (G)] of this paragraph;

* Sec. 49. AS 21.79.900(12) is amended to read:
(12) "owner," when used with respect to a policy or contract, "policyholder," "policy owner," and "contract owner"

(A) mean [MEANS] the person who is identified as the legal owner under the terms of the policy or contract, or who is otherwise vested with legal title to the policy or contract through a valid assignment completed under the terms of the policy or contract and who is properly recorded as the owner on the records of the member insurer;

(B) do [DOES] not include a person with a mere beneficial interest in a policy or contract;

* Sec. 50. AS 21.79.900(13) is amended to read:

(13) "plan sponsor" means, in the case of a benefit plan established or maintained by

(A) a single employer, the employer;

(B) an employee organization, the employee organization; or

(C) two or more employers or jointly by one or more employers and one or more employee organizations, the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or maintain the benefit plan;

* Sec. 51. AS 21.79.900(14) is amended to read:

(14) "premium" means the amounts or considerations, by whichever name called, [AMOUNT] received on a covered policy or contract less a premium, consideration, and deposit returned, and less a dividend and experience credit;

"premium" does not include

(A) amounts or considerations [AN AMOUNT] charged for an assessment or an amount received for a policy or contract or for the portions of a policy or contract for which coverage is not provided under AS 21.79.020(b) and (c), except that assessable premium may not be reduced on account of AS 21.79.020(c)(4) relating to interest limitations and AS 21.79.025(a)(2) - (5), (b), and (d) relating to limitations with respect to one individual, one participant, and one policy or contract owner.
(B) premiums in excess of $5,000,000 on an unallocated annuity contract not issued under a governmental retirement benefit plan or its trustee established under 26 U.S.C. 401, 26 U.S.C. 403(b), or 26 U.S.C. 457; or
(C) with respect to multiple nongroup policies of life insurance owned by one owner, whether the policy or contract owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees, or other persons, premiums in excess of $5,000,000 with respect to those policies or contracts, regardless of the number of policies or contracts held by the owner;

* Sec. 52. AS 21.79.900(15) is amended to read:

(15) "receivership court" means the court in the insolvent or impaired insurer's state having jurisdiction over the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of the member insurer;

* Sec. 53. AS 21.79.900(16) is amended to read:

(16) "resident" means a person to whom a contractual obligation is owed under this chapter and who resides in this state on the date of entry of a court order that determines a member insurer to be an impaired or insolvent insurer [, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST]; a person may be a resident of only one state, which, in the case of a person other than a natural person, shall be the principal place of business;

* Sec. 54. AS 21.79.900(19) is amended to read:

(19) "supplemental contract" means a written [AN] agreement entered into for the distribution of proceeds under life, health, or annuity policy or contract benefits;

* Sec. 55. AS 21.79.900 is amended by adding new paragraphs to read:

(21) "benefit plan" means a specific employee, union, or association of natural persons benefit plan;

(22) "election date" means the date of the association's election under AS 21.79.060(aa);

(23) "extra contractual claim" includes a claim related to bad faith in
payment of a claim, punitive or exemplary damages, and attorney fees and costs;

(24) "health benefit plan" means a hospital or medical expense policy or certificate, a hospital or medical service corporation subscriber contract, or a health maintenance organization subscriber contract or any other similar health contract; "health benefit plan" does not include

(A) accident only insurance;
(B) credit insurance;
(C) dental only insurance;
(D) vision only insurance;
(E) Medicare supplement insurance;
(F) benefits for long-term care, home health care, community-based care, or any combination thereof;
(G) disability income insurance;
(H) coverage for on-site medical clinics; or
(I) specified disease, hospital confinement indemnity, or limited benefit health insurance if the types of coverage do not provide coordination of benefits and are provided under separate policies or certificates;

(25) "published monthly average" means the monthly average of corporate bond yields, as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or its successor or, if Moody's average of corporate bond yields is not published, a substantially similar average established by regulation adopted by the director.

* Sec. 56. AS 21.86.260(a) is amended to read:

(a) Except as provided in AS 21.36, AS 21.42, AS 21.54, AS 21.56, AS 21.79, and in this chapter, this title does not apply to a health maintenance organization that obtains a certificate of authority under this chapter. This subsection does not apply to an insurer licensed under AS 21.09 or a hospital or medical service corporation licensed under AS 21.87 except with respect to its health maintenance organization activities authorized by and regulated under this chapter.

* Sec. 57. AS 21.87.340 is amended to read:

Sec. 21.87.340. Other provisions applicable. In addition to the provisions
contained or referred to previously in this chapter, the following chapters and provisions of this title also apply with respect to service corporations to the extent applicable and not in conflict with the express provisions of this chapter and the reasonable implications of the express provisions, and, for the purposes of the application, the corporations shall be considered to be mutual "insurers":

1. AS 21.03;
2. AS 21.06;
3. AS 21.07;
4. AS 21.09, except AS 21.09.090;
5. AS 21.18.010;
6. AS 21.18.030;
7. AS 21.18.040;
8. AS 21.18.080 - 21.18.086;
9. AS 21.36;
10. AS 21.42.110, 21.42.345 - 21.42.395;
11. AS 21.51.120 and 21.51.400;
12. AS 21.51.405;
13. AS 21.53;
14. AS 21.54;
15. AS 21.56;
16. AS 21.69.400;
17. AS 21.69.520;
18. AS 21.69.600, 21.69.620, and 21.69.630;
19. AS 21.78;
20. AS 21.79;

* Sec. 58. AS 21.79.020(f), 21.79.060(c), 21.79.060(e), 21.79.060(f), 21.79.060(g), 21.79.060(h), 21.79.060(i), 21.79.060(j), 21.79.060(u), 21.79.060(v), 21.79.060(w), 21.79.060(x), 21.79.110(b)(2), and 21.79.110(e) are repealed.

* Sec. 59. The uncodified law of the State of Alaska is amended by adding a new section to...
read:

TRANSITION: REGULATIONS. The director of the division of insurance may adopt regulations necessary to implement the changes made by this Act. The regulations take effect under AS 44.62 (Administrative Procedure Act), but not before the effective date of the law implemented by the regulation.

* Sec. 60. Section 59 of this Act takes effect immediately under AS 01.10.070(c).

* Sec. 61. Except as provided in sec. 60 of this Act, this Act takes effect July 1, 2018.